

Illumina vs. AVITI

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We performed two sequencing experiments on a library prepared from a pool of samples. In one experiment, Illumina sequencing was used; in the other, AVITI. To compare results, we restrict our analysis to *E. coli* samples from a single donor (Baby 2, B002).

1 Number of reads

We used `fastp` to trim, filter, and tally reads with pseudocode:

```
$ fastp {input FASTQs} \  
  --cut_front \  
  --cut_tail \  
  --trim_poly_x \  
  --cut_mean_quality 30 \  
  --qualified_quality_phred 30 \  
  --unqualified_percent_limit 10 \  
  --length_required 50
```

Results were collected using MultiQC and parsed using custom code.

Results

- AVITI has $\sim 10^9$ reads, even after filtering (figure 1)

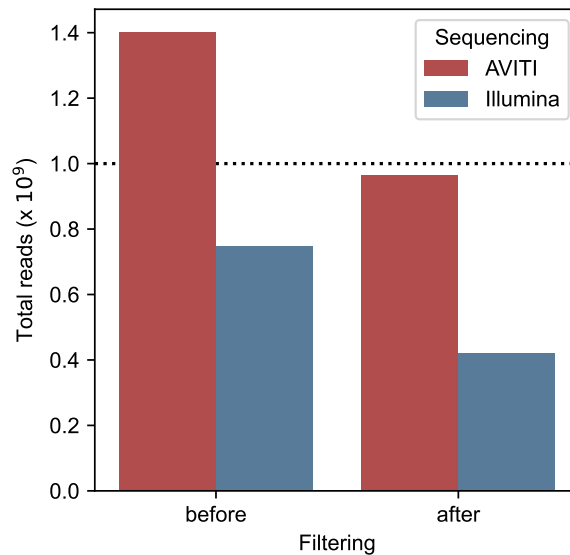


Figure 1: **Total number of reads** for AVITI or Illumina, before and after filtering with `fastp`.

2 Variant quality scores

We used bcftools to generate pile-ups and bcftools stats to extract variant quality scores with pseudocode:

```
$ bcftools mpileup --fasta-ref {reference} --min-BQ 20 {bam} \  
  | bcftools call --output-type v --ploidy 1 --multiallelic-caller \  
  | bcftools reheader --samples sample_name.list \  
  | bcftools view --output-file {prefix}.vcf.gz --output-type z  
$ tabix -p vcf -f {prefix}.vcf.gz  
$ bcftools stats {prefix}.vcf.gz > {prefix}.bcftools_stats.txt
```

Results were collected using MultiQC and parsed using custom code.

Results

- **AVITI** has slightly higher, though comparable, variant quality scores compared with **Illumina** (figure 2)

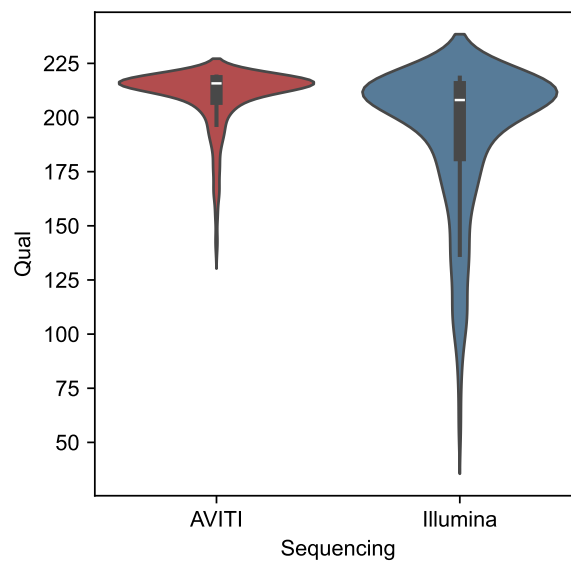


Figure 2: **Variant quality scores** for **AVITI** or **Illumina**.

3 Sequence typing

We used srst2 to perform sequence typing for E. coli (MLST database name Escherichia coli#1) with pseudocode:

```
$ srst2 --input_pe {trimmed reads} --mlst_* '{Escherichia_coli#1}'
```

Results

- $\frac{250}{256} \approx 98\%$ agreement between **AVITI** and **Illumina** (table 1)
- **AVITI** (◇) has higher seq. depth at core genes used for sequence typing than **Illumina** (●) (figure 3)
- (ST)73 is the dominant sequence type (figure 3)

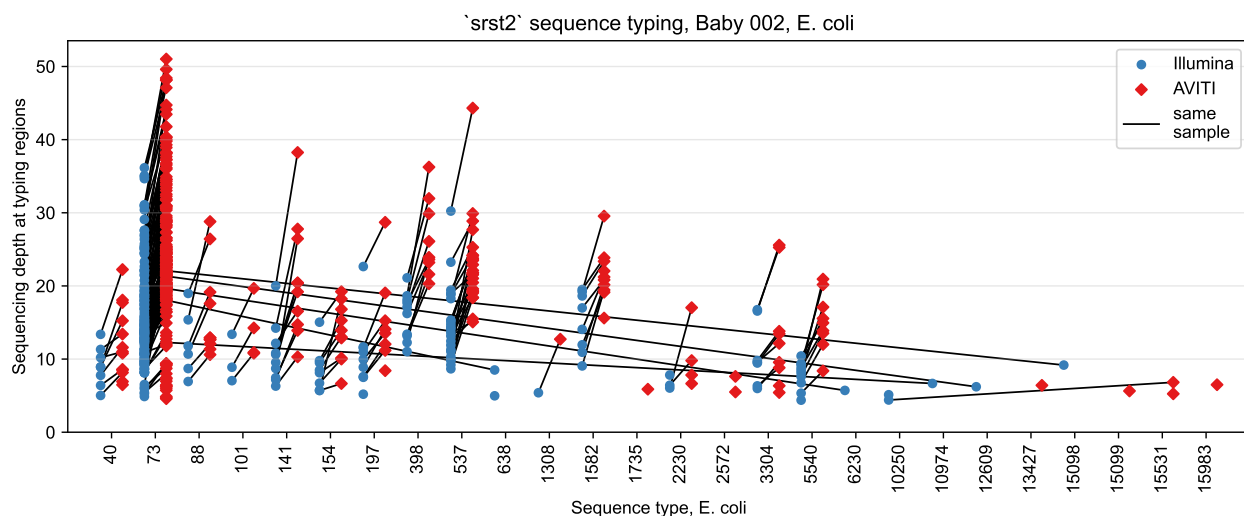


Figure 3: **Sequence typing results** for successful `srst2` sequence typing of identical samples (—) prepared using AVITI (◇) or Illumina (●).

	Count
AVITI & Illumina (total)	317
AVITI, typed (total)	309
Illumina, typed (total)	264
AVITI & Illumina, typed (total)	256
AVITI & Illumina, typed (agree)	250

Table 1: **Summary of sequence typing results**, tallying the number of samples for different criteria. The top row provides the total number of samples; the bottom row provides the number of samples *successfully* sequence typed for *both* AVITI *and* Illumina *and* agree in the designated sequence type.

4 Reconstructing phylogenies of dominant STs

5 Appendix

Code to reproduce is available on GitHub at [t-silvers/sequencing-comparison-aviti-illumina](https://github.com/t-silvers/sequencing-comparison-aviti-illumina).