

#### 7 November 2019

## **CALL FOR CONTRIBUTIONS**

Summer 2019-2020 sea ice prediction experiment Submission deadline: Sunday December 8<sup>th</sup>, 2019

#### Overview and objectives

The Sea Ice Prediction Network South (SIPN South) is pleased to invite contributors to participate to the **third coordinated sea ice prediction experiment in the Southern Ocean**. SIPN South is an international project endorsed by the Year of Polar Prediction (YOPP). Its goal is to make an initial assessment of the ability of forecasting systems to predict circumpolar-average, regional-average, and local Antarctic sea ice conditions, with a focus on the summer season. More information can be found under the section "To go further" at the end of this document.

Over the past two years, we have received 358 forecasts from 16 unique contributors (institutions or individuals). **We warmly thank all contributors for their interests, efforts and feedbacks**. An evaluation of the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 forecasts is available in two technical reports (Massonnet et al. (2018) and Massonnet et al., (2019)). While a few forecasts did have skill in forecasting the total Antarctic sea ice area, the skill was lower at the regional level. In particular, sea ice in the Ross Sea appeared to be very difficult to predict. It was also found that statistical models appeared to be superior to dynamical models for last year's prediction, but the robustness of this finding has to be confirmed.

SIPN South has now entered its "consolidation phase", following the timeline of YOPP. We hereby invite a third round of contributions for summer 2019-2020, with the objective to establish the robustness of conclusions drawn from the two first exercises. It is indeed the accumulation of forecasts, year after year, that will eventually guide the developments needed to improve these forecasts, as seen in the case of seasonal Arctic sea ice prediction.

This document outlines the protocol for contributing to the summer 2019-2020 experiment. The protocol is similar in many aspects to the one of last year, except that the deadline for submission has been shifted to December 8<sup>th</sup> (not December 1<sup>st</sup> as last year) in order to give groups the time to post-process the forecasts initialized on December 1<sup>st</sup>.

Note finally that despite 2020 being a leap year, we only ask forecasts covering the 90 days between December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2019 and February **28<sup>th</sup>**, 2020 (same as last year).

All groups are invited to participate regardless of the approach they follow.

## **Diagnostics requested**

Participants are asked to issue one, two or three of the following diagnostics, ordered by descending priority. The submission process is described at the end of this document. The diagnostics are:

# 1. High priority

<u>Diagnostic:</u> Antarctic (circumpolar) daily mean sea ice area<sup>1</sup> from December 1<sup>st</sup> 2019 to

February 28<sup>th</sup> 2020 included (90 days).

Format: One text file with one row and 90 comma-separated values, each

expressing daily sea ice area for the 31 + 31 + 28 days of the December-February period. Units must be  $10^6\ km^2$ . Numbers must be rounded to four

decimal digits and trailing zeroes must be included.

<u>File name:</u> <group-name>\_<forecast-id>\_total-area.txt

- <group-name> is the name of the participating group (University,

Research Center, Institution)

- <forecast-id> is a 3-digit identifier for the forecast (001, 002, ...)

Remarks: Ensemble forecasts are welcome. Please keep one file per forecast and

increment each time the <forecast-id> by one unit: 001 for the first forecast, 002 for the second, etc. If only one forecast is submitted, set

<forecast-id>to 001.

<u>Example:</u> A fictitious example is given here for a group named "ucl" contributing

three forecasts: <a href="https://goo.gl/LLfQaD">https://goo.gl/LLfQaD</a>.

#### 2. Medium priority

<u>Diagnostic:</u> February Antarctic daily mean sea ice area per 10° longitude bin, from

December 1st 2019 to February 28th 2020 included (90 days).

Format: A text file with 36 rows each displaying 90 comma-separated values

following the same requirements as diagnostic 1. Each row corresponds to a 10° longitude bin. First row:  $0^{\circ} \le \text{longitude} < 10^{\circ}$ , second row,  $10^{\circ} \le \text{longitude} < 10^{\circ}$ 

longitude < 20°, ..., 36<sup>th</sup> row: 350° ≤ longitude < 360°.

<u>File name</u>: <group-name>\_<forecast-id>\_regional-area.txt

<u>Example:</u> A fictitious example is given here for a group named "ucl" contributing

three forecasts: <a href="https://goo.gl/LLfQaD">https://goo.gl/LLfQaD</a>

3. Low priority

<u>Diagnostic:</u> February Antarctic daily mean sea ice concentration

Format: A NetCDF file with 90 time steps (one per day in the December 1st 2019-

February 28<sup>th</sup> 2020 period). Each time step displays the spatial field of sea ice concentration. The file format must follow the CMIP6 conventions:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sea ice area is defined as the oceanic surface covered by sea ice.

- Sea ice concentration is defined as the fraction of the grid cell covered by sea ice, is named siconc, and is expressed in %.
- Longitude and latitude are reported under variables longitude and latitude.
- A land-sea mask is provided through a variable named sftof that expresses the percentage of the grid cell covered by ocean (units %).
- Areas of grid cells are provided through a variable named areacello that expresses the area of the grid cell in m<sup>2</sup>.

<u>File name:</u> <group-name>\_<forecast-id>\_concentration.nc

Example: A fictitious example is given here for a group named "ucl" contributing

three forecasts: <a href="https://goo.gl/LLfQaD">https://goo.gl/LLfQaD</a>

## **Verification products**

The forecasts will be assessed against two observational references:

- The Near-Real-Time DMSP SSMIS Daily Polar Gridded Sea Ice Concentrations, Version 1 (Data Set ID: NSIDC-0081; <a href="http://nsidc.org/data/nsidc-0081">http://nsidc.org/data/nsidc-0081</a>).
- The OSI SAF SSMIS Sea Ice Concentration Maps on 10 km Polar Stereographic Grid (Data Set ID: OSI-401-b; <a href="http://osisaf.met.no/p/ice/index.html#conc-ssmis">http://osisaf.met.no/p/ice/index.html#conc-ssmis</a>).

Both data sets are publicly available. Sea ice areas will be computed directly from the sea ice concentration fields.

#### **Submission process**

The submission of a forecast by a group is done in two steps.

- 1. First, the contributing group gathers the diagnostics (see "Diagnostics Requested" above) in an online archive of its choice. The archive must be accessible with a simple URL, so that the SIPN South leadership team can easily retrieve the information. A Google Drive, a Dropbox archive, WeTransfer or a public FTP are all fine.
- 2. Then, the groups fill in an online form (<a href="https://forms.gle/8h8vQaxWWMyPoKxW6">https://forms.gle/8h8vQaxWWMyPoKxW6</a>) where they provide meta-data such as forecasting method, contact information but also the link where their data can be retrieved from.

Groups are invited to send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:francois.massonnet@uclouvain.be">francois.massonnet@uclouvain.be</a> upon completion of the submission process to ensure that the data and meta-data have been received well.

The deadline for submitting the online form (containing the link pointing towards the data) is the **Sunday 8<sup>st</sup> of December 2019**.

#### **Outcomes**

The SIPN Leadership Team will process the forecasts that are available by December 8<sup>th</sup> and publish a summary note by the 15<sup>th</sup> of December. This note will describe how sea ice is

predicted to evolve over the summer period around Antarctica, according to the contributions that will have been received. Once the summer period is over, a full report will be published and made publicly available, in which forecasts will be inter-compared and assessed against observational references.

Note that all forecast and verification data will be made publicly available, as for the first two exercises.

#### **Contact and questions**

Any question, comment or feedback should be addressed to François Massonnet (<a href="mailto:francois.massonnet@uclouvain.be">françois.massonnet@uclouvain.be</a>).

# Good luck, and enjoy!

The SIPN South Leadership team F. Massonnet, P. Reid, J. L. Lieser, C. M. Bitz, J. Fyfe, W. Hobbs

## To go further

EGU Cryosphere blog article on SIPN South:

https://blogs.egu.eu/divisions/cr/tag/sipn/

Video summarizing SIPN South's first experiment:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MUeWapsdSwQ

Post-season reports of the first experiments:

Massonnet, F., Reid, P., Bitz, C.M., Fyfe, J.C., Hobbs, W.R., 2019. Assessment of summer 2018-2019 sea-ice forecasts for the Southern Ocean.

Massonnet, F., Reid, P., Bitz, C.M., Fyfe, J.C., Hobbs, W.R., 2018. Assessment of February 2018 sea-ice forecasts for the Southern Ocean.