Timed pushdown automata and branching vector addition systems

Lorenzo Clemente 1 , Sławomir Lasota 1 , Ranko Lazić 2 , and Filip Mazowiecki 3

¹University of Warsaw

 $^2\mbox{University of Warwick}$

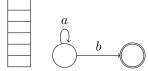
 $^3\mbox{University of Oxford}$

LICS 2017 Reykjavik

1. Three models

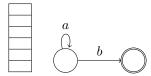
1. Three models

trPDA



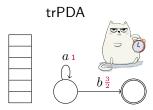
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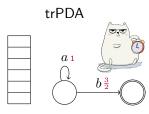
time registers x, y, z

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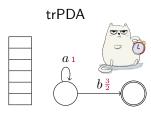


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Systems of equations

 $X_i \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$

1. Three models



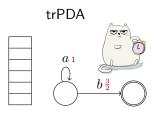
time registers x, y, z

Systems of equations

$$X_{i} \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\begin{cases}
X_{1} \supseteq X_{2} \cup X_{3} \\
X_{2} \supseteq X_{1} + X_{3} \\
X_{3} \supseteq \{-1, 1\} \\
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\end{cases}$$

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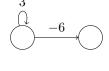


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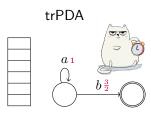
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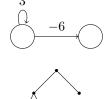


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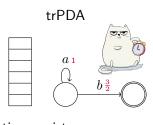
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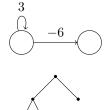


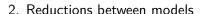
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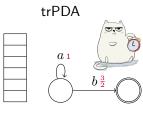
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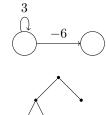


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- 2. Reductions between models
- 3. Decidability

What is time?

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$$(\mathbb{Q},\leq,+1)$$
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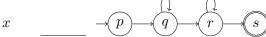
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 "Palindromes such that $\#_a(w)=\#_b(w)$ "

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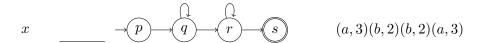


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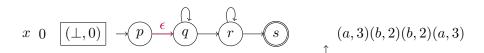


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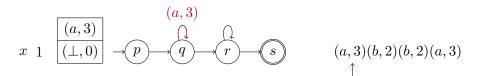


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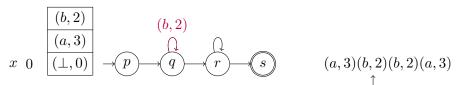


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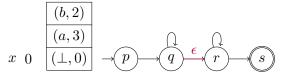


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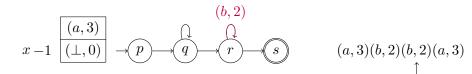


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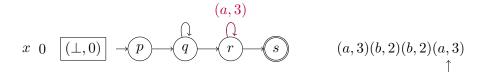


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Example



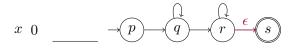
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(a,3)(b,2)(b,2)(a,3)

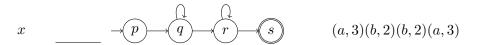
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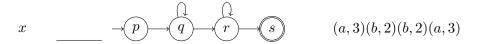
- Non-monotonic time

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- Non-monotonic time
- Only one register (or orbit-finiteness)

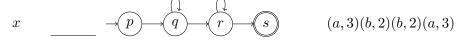
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Example

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Strictly subsumes other models:

- Non-monotonic time

- [Bouajjani, Echahed, Robbana]
- Only one register (or orbit-finiteness) [Abdulla, Atig, Stenman]

Input: trPDA ${\cal A}$

Problem: non-emptiness of $L(\mathcal{A})$

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Unrestricted – undecidable [Bojańczyk and Lasota, 2012] (no stack, 3 registers)

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Restrict to orbit-finite/one register

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Orbit-finite time stack – in NExpTime [Clemente and Lasota, 2015]

trPDA state of the art

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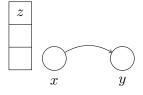
Time stack – this paper

- Push and pop

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- Only ϵ -transitions (no input to test non-emptiness)

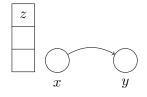
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3 time variables:



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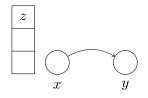


Example constraint:

$$(x = y + 1) \land (y \le z + 1 + 1 + 1) \land (z \le y + 1) \land (x \le z)$$

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Example constraint:

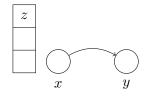
$$(x=y+1) \ \land \ (y \leq z+1+1+1) \ \land \ (z \leq y+1) \ \land \ (x \leq z)$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$x-y \in [1,1] \qquad \qquad y-z \in [1,3] \qquad x-z \in (-\infty,0]$$

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Example constraint:

Transition: 3 intervals

$$X_1 \dots X_n \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$$

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Systems of equations ${\mathcal S}$ using: $\cup,\cap,+$ and $\{1\},\{-1\}$

$$\begin{cases} X_0 \supseteq t_0 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \supseteq t_n \end{cases}$$

$$X_1 \dots X_n \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$$

Systems of equations ${\mathcal S}$ using: $\cup,\cap,+$ and $\{1\},\{-1\}$

$$\begin{cases} X_0 \supseteq t_0 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \supseteq t_n \end{cases}$$

solution $\mu(X_i) \to \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}), \quad \mu(X_i) \supseteq \mu(t_i)$

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Example:
$$X_0 \dots X_k$$

$$X_0 \supseteq \{1\} + \{-1\}$$

 $X_{2m} \supseteq X_m + X_m$
 $X_{2m+1} \supseteq X_m + X_m + \{1\}$

$$X_1 \dots X_n \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$$

Systems of equations $\mathcal S$ using: $\cup, \cap, +$ and $\{1\}, \{-1\}$

$$\begin{cases} X_0 \supseteq t_0 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \supseteq t_n \end{cases}$$

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minimal solution: $\mu(X_i) = \{i\}$

TPDA and BVASS

Systems of equations over \mathbb{Z}

$$X_1 \dots X_n \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$$

Systems of equations S using: \cup , \cap , + and $\{1\}$, $\{-1\}$

$$\begin{cases} X_0 \supseteq t_0 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \supseteq t_n \end{cases}$$

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$$\mu(X_i) \to \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}), \quad \mu(X_i) \supseteq \mu(t_i)$$

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$$X_m^m + \{1\}$$

$$X_0 \supset X_0 + X_k$$

$$_{m}+X_{m}+\{1$$

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Systems of equations S using: \cup , \cap , + and $\{1\}$, $\{-1\}$

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$$X_0 \supseteq \{1\} + \{-1\}$$
 $X_{2m} \supseteq X_m + X_m$
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 $X_0 \supseteq X_0 + X_k$

minimal solution: $\mu(X_i) = \{i\}$

$$\mu(X_0) = k\mathbb{N}$$

Input: system \mathcal{S} , variable X

Problem: non-emptiness of $\mu(X)$

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Unrestricted: undecidable [Jeż and Okhotin, 2010]

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No intersections – in PTIME

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 $\mathsf{Restricting} \ \cap \\$

No intersections – in PTIME

Intersections with $\{0\}$ – NPTIME-complete [Clemente and Lasota, 2015]

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Intersections with $\mathbb N$ and $(-\mathbb N)$ – this paper

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Non-emptiness: trPDA $\mathcal{A} \rightarrow \operatorname{system} (\mathcal{S}, X)$

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- ${\mathcal A}$ with timeless stack o $({\mathcal S},X)$ with no \cap

Non-emptiness: trPDA $\mathcal{A} \rightarrow \text{system } (\mathcal{S}, X)$

Previously: [Clemente and Lasota, 2015]

- ${\mathcal A}$ with timeless stack o $({\mathcal S},X)$ with no \cap
- $\mathcal A$ with orbit-finite stack o $(\mathcal S,X)$ with \cap $\{0\}$

Non-emptiness: trPDA $\mathcal{A} \rightarrow \operatorname{system} (\mathcal{S}, X)$

Previously: [Clemente and Lasota, 2015]

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- ${\mathcal A}$ with orbit-finite stack $o ({\mathcal S},X)$ with $\cap \{0\}$

This paper:

- \mathcal{A} with stack \to (\mathcal{S},X) with $\cap \mathbb{N}, \cap (-\mathbb{N})$

 ${\sf trPDA}\ {\cal A}$ with states Q, empty stack acceptance

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Variables:

 $X_{p,q}$ for every $p,q \in Q$

 $\mathsf{trPDA}\ \mathcal{A}$ with states Q, empty stack acceptance

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trPDA \mathcal{A} with states Q, empty stack acceptance

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Inclusions:

- $X_{p,p}\supseteq\{0\}$, for every p

trPDA \mathcal{A} with states Q, empty stack acceptance

Variables:

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 $t \in X_{p,q}$: "reach q from p (the same stack) changing time by t "

- $X_{p,p} \supseteq \{0\}$, for every p
- $X_{p,q}\supseteq X_{p,r}+X_{r,q}$, for all p,q,r

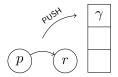
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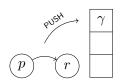
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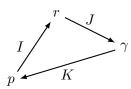
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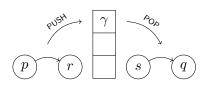
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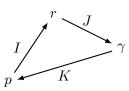
Variables:

 $X_{p,q}$ for every $p,q \in Q$

 $t \in X_{p,q}$: "reach q from p (the same stack) changing time by t "

- $X_{p,p} \supseteq \{0\}$, for every p
- $X_{p,q}\supseteq X_{p,r}+X_{r,q}$, for all p,q,r





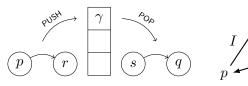
 $\mathsf{trPDA}\ \mathcal{A}$ with states Q, empty stack acceptance

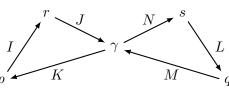
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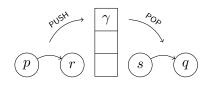
Variables:

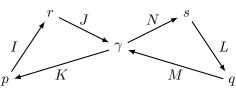
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- $-X_{p,q} \supseteq (I + (X_{r,s} \cap (J+N)) + L) \cap -(K+M)$





 ${\sf trPDA}\ {\cal A}$ with states Q, empty stack acceptance

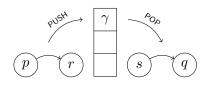
Variables:

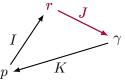
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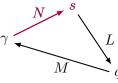
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 $\mathsf{trPDA}\ \mathcal{A}$ with states Q, empty stack acceptance

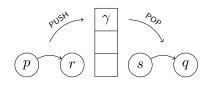
Variables:

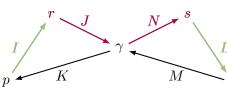
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TPDA and BVASS

 ${\sf trPDA}\ {\cal A}$ with states Q, empty stack acceptance

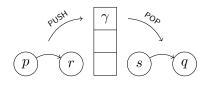
Variables:

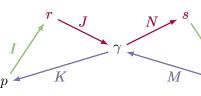
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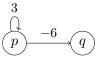


Recall 1-VASS

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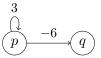


Recall 1-VASS



Computations are words: $(p,0) \xrightarrow{3} (p,3) \xrightarrow{3} (p,6) \xrightarrow{-6} (q,0)$

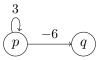
Recall 1-VASS



Computations are words: $(p,0) \xrightarrow{3} (p,3) \xrightarrow{3} (p,6) \xrightarrow{-6} (q,0)$

States Q, transitions $T\subseteq Q\times \mathbb{Z}\times Q$, configurations $Q\times \mathbb{N}$

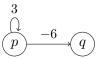
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1-BVASS $^{\pm}$: states Q, transitions $T\subseteq Q^3$, configurations $Q\times\mathbb{N}$

Recall 1-VASS



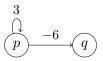
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 1-BVASS^{\pm} : states Q, transitions $T\subseteq Q^3$, configurations $Q\times\mathbb{N}$

Computations are binary trees:

- leaves $(q_0, 1)$

Recall 1-VASS

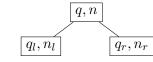


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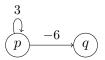
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Computations are binary trees:

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- inner nodes $(q, q_l, q_r) \in T$



Recall 1-VASS

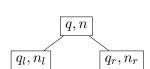


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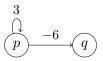
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 $n=n_l+n_r \quad \text{if } q\in Q^+$

$$n = n_l - n_r \quad \text{if } q \in Q^-$$

Recall 1-VASS



Computations are words: $(p,0) \xrightarrow{3} (p,3) \xrightarrow{3} (p,6) \xrightarrow{-6} (q,0)$ States Q, transitions $T \subseteq Q \times \mathbb{Z} \times Q$, configurations $Q \times \mathbb{N}$

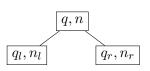
1-BVASS[±]: states Q, transitions $T \subseteq Q^3$, configurations $Q \times \mathbb{N}$

Computations are binary trees:

1-BVASS

- leaves $(q_0,1)$
- inner nodes

 $(q,q_l,q_r)\in T$



 $n = n_l + n_r \quad \text{if } q \in Q^+$

Input: BVASS \mathcal{B} , configuration (q, n)

Problem: reachability of $\left(q,n\right)$

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1-BVASS (no subtraction):

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Unary encoding – PTIME-complete [Göller et al., 2016]

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In higher dimensions - open

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In higher dimensions - open

 1-BVASS^{\pm} unary/binary – this paper

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In higher dimensions - open

 1-BVASS^{\pm} unary/binary – this paper

In higher dimensions – undecidable ($d \ge 6$) [Lazić, 2010]

1-BVASS $^{\pm}$ \mathcal{B} , configuration (q, n)

1-BVASS[±] \mathcal{B} , configuration (q, n)

Lemma

If (q,n) is reachable then there is a computation with all values bounded by $N=poly(n)\cdot exp(|B|).$

1-BVASS[±] \mathcal{B} , configuration (q, n)

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Non-emptiness of tree-automaton, states $Q \times \{0 \dots N\}$.

1-BVASS[±] \mathcal{B} , configuration (q, n)

Lemma

If (q,n) is reachable then there is a computation with all values bounded by $N = poly(n) \cdot exp(|B|)$.

Non-emptiness of tree-automaton, states $Q \times \{0 \dots N\}$.

So in ExpTime

Three models/problems

Three models/problems

trPDA (non-emptiness)

Three models/problems

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{trPDA} \\ \text{(non-emptiness)} \end{array}$

 ${\displaystyle \begin{array}{c} {\sf Systems} \\ {\sf (non-emptiness)} \end{array}}$

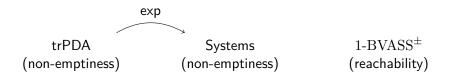
Three models/problems

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{trPDA} \\ \text{(non-emptiness)} \end{array}$

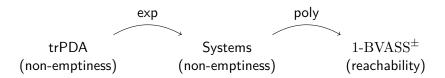
Systems (non-emptiness)

 1-BVASS^{\pm} (reachability)

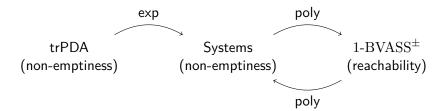
Three models/problems



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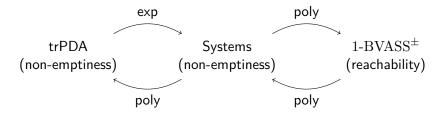


Three models/problems

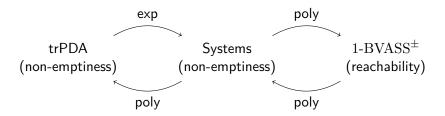


TPDA and BVASS

Three models/problems

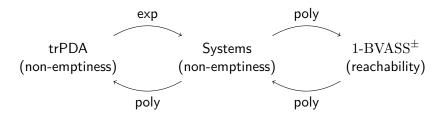


Three models/problems



in $\operatorname{ExpTime}$

Three models/problems

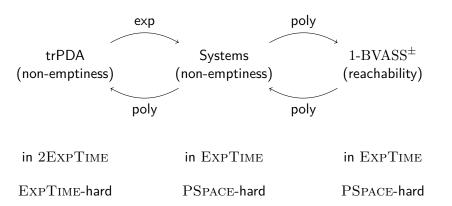


in 2ExpTime

in $\operatorname{ExpTime}$

in $\operatorname{ExpTime}$

Three models/problems



Conclusions

Complexity gaps

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- Complexity gaps
- Reachability of BVASS?

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- Complexity gaps
- Reachability of BVASS?
- Reachability of n-BVASS $^{\pm}$ for n < 6