

HELP YOUR WYSIWYG HELP YOU: CREATING CUSTOM CKEDITOR WIDGETS



Who am !?

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Who are you?

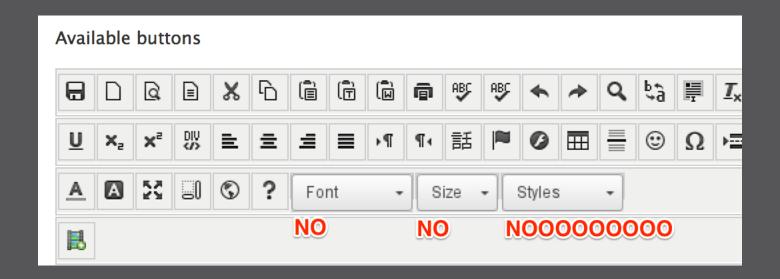
To get the most out of this session, you should:

Have some familiarity with JavaScript syntax



Why are we here?

- Because your content creators demand more
- Because you don't want to give it to them





What about Templates?

- Templates are pre-cooked HTML snippets that can be pasted into the editor
- After pasting, template elements behave just like normal HTML
- Targeting/selecting HTML elements for manipulation is difficult

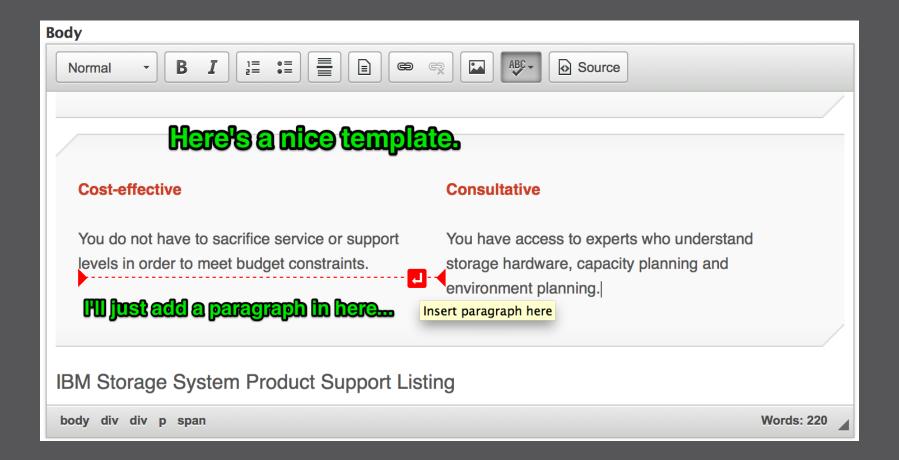


What about Templates?



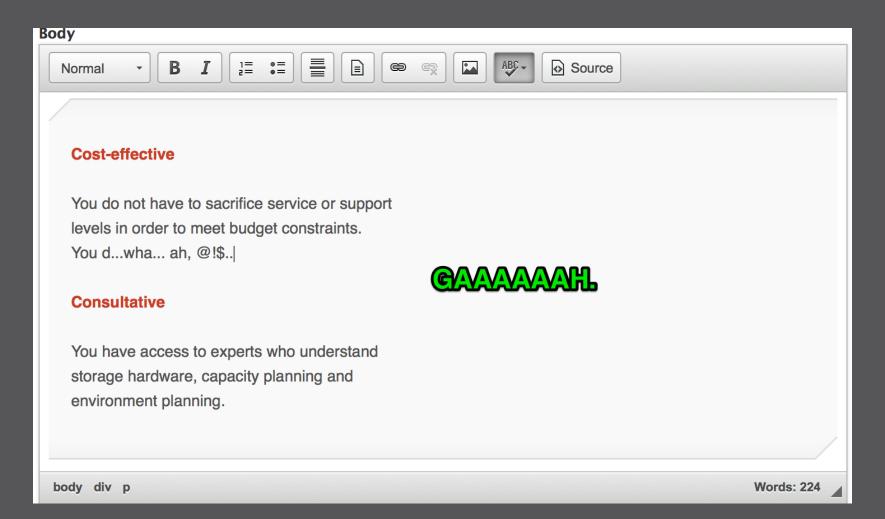


An all-too-real world example





An all-too-real world example





What's different with Widgets?

- Your widget template is treated as a single, unified element
- You can control which parts of your template are open for editing and manipulation, and lock down the parts that are not
- You can trust your widget to be structurally predictable



What you'll need

- *Either* ckeditor.module OR wysiwyg.module
 - https://www.drupal.org/project/ckeditor
 - https://www.drupal.org/project/wysiwyg
- A build of the CKEditor library that includes the Widgets plugin
 - http://ckeditor.com/builder
- A custom module to put our custom code into



Let's get started!

Let's make a simple "callout" widget for putting a call-out box in a node. The markup for a call-out box should look like this:

We'll add styles for .callout in our theme CSS.

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Sidebar text here.

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tc2014_widgets module

We'll start by creating our example module

- sites/all/modules/custom/tc2014_widgets
 - tc2O14_widgets.info
 - tc2O14_widgets.module
 - plugins/
 - plugins/callout
 - plugins/callout/plugin.js
 - plugins/callout/icon-callout.png



tc2014_widgets.info

```
name = TC2014 CKEditor Widgets
description = Example CKEditor Widget
implementations.
```

core = 7.x



tc2014_widgets.module

Implement HOOK_ckeditor_plugin().

- Returns an array of configurations, keyed by plugin machine name
- Defines the path to the plugin's directory
- Describes the toolbar buttons for the Drupal configuration page for CKEditor.

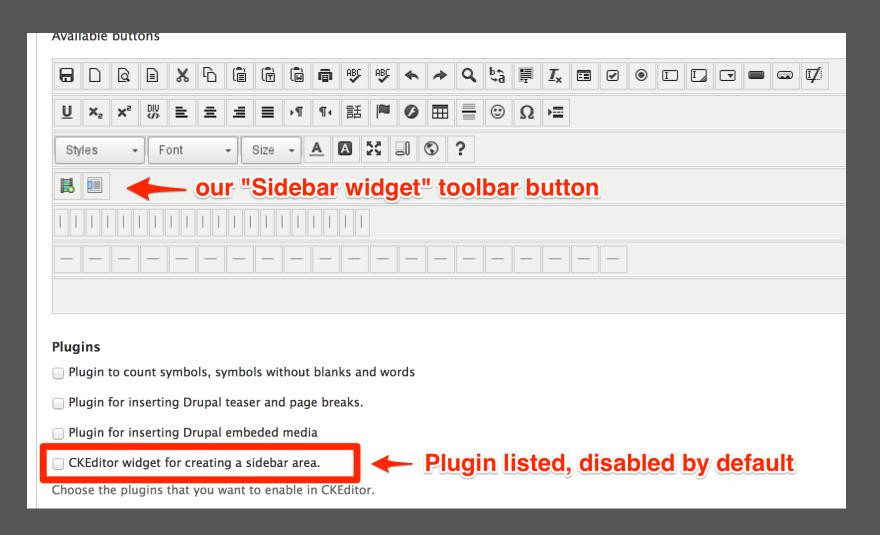


tc2014_widgets.module

```
<?php
/**
* Implements hook_ckeditor_plugin().
function tc2014_widgets_ckeditor_plugin() {
 return array(
    'callout' => array(
      'name' => 'Callout box widget',
      'desc' => t('CKEditor widget for a callout box.'),
      // The full path to the CKEditor plugins directory, with the trailing slash.
      // Directory must contain a "plugin.js" file.
      'path' => drupal_get_path('module', 'tc2014_widgets') . '/plugins/callout/',
      // Register the toolbar icon to be used in the Drupal admin interface.
      'buttons' => array(
        'callout' => array(
          'label' => 'Callout box',
          'icon' => 'icon-callout.png',
       ),
```



Drupal CKEditor config page





- Register our custom widget plugin
- When the plugin is initialized by CKEditor:
 - Adds the toolbar button to the editor instance
 - Registers the widget definition when the plugin is loaded



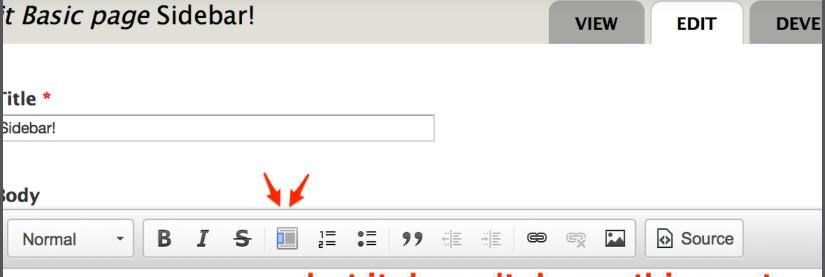
```
// Registering our custom CKEditor plugin
CKEDITOR.plugins.add('callout', {
  requires: 'widget',
  init: function(editor) {
    /* Register the toolbar button. */
    /* Register the widget definition. */
  }
});
```



```
// Add our button to the toolbar instance
CKEDITOR.plugins.add('callout', {
 requires: 'widget',
  init: function(editor) {
   /* Register the toolbar button. */
    editor.ui.addButton( 'callout', {
      label : 'Insert Callout box',
      icon : this.path + 'icon-callout.png',
      command : 'callout'
```



CKEditor instance



...but it doesn't do anything yet.

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```
// Register our custom widget inside the plugin.
CKEDITOR.plugins.add('callout', {
 requires: 'widget',
  init: function(editor) {
    /* Register the toolbar button. */
    /* Register the widget definition. */
    editor.widgets.add('callout', {
     template: ???
     allowedContent: ???
     editables: ???
     upcast: ???
```



plugin.js (widget definition)

A widget definition should probably have at least these four properties:

- template
 a string of default markup to be inserted in the editor
 when the toolbar button is clicked
- allowedContent
 describes the valid HTML elements used or allowed in this
 widget, so that CKEditor's filter doesn't strip them
- editables
 an array of elements in the widget, defined by selector, that should be allowed to be edited
- upcast logic for determining if an element should be treated as this type of widget



plugin.js (widget definition)

```
editor.widgets.add('callout', {
    template: '<div class="callout">Callout
box contents here.</div>',
    allowedContent: ???
    editables: ???
    upcast: ???
});
```



CKEditor Advanced Content Filter

- Strips malicious or disallowed HTML elements and/or attributes
- Is turned on by default in CKEditor
- Strips "class" attributes by default
- "allowedContent" property can be used to define filter exceptions for a widget

More detail about creating "Allowed Content" rules: http://docs.ckeditor.com/#!/guide/dev_allowed_content_rules



plugin.js (widget definition)

```
editor.widgets.add('callout', {
    template: '<div class="callout">Callout
box contents here.</div>',
    allowedContent: 'div(!callout)',
    editables: ???
    upcast: ???
});
```



CKEditor instance

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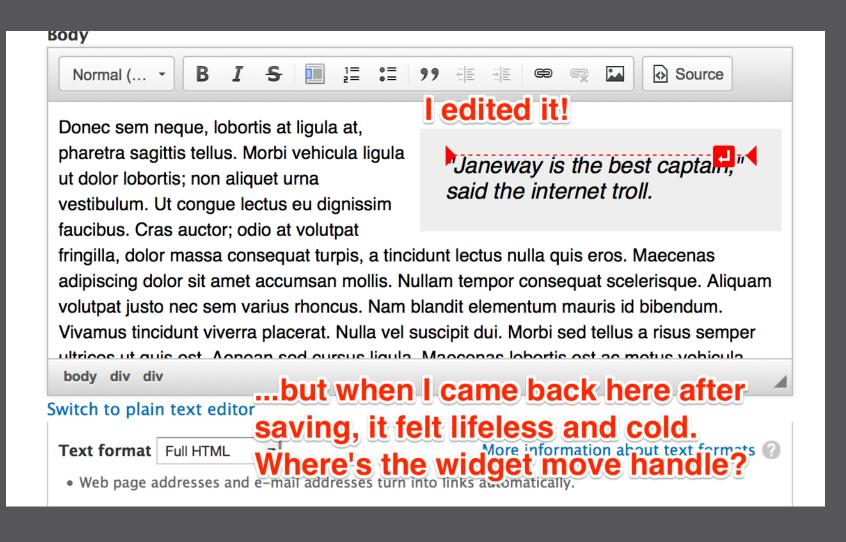


plugin.js (widget definition)

```
editor.widgets.add('callout', {
    template: '<div class="callout">Callout box
contents here. </div>',
    allowedContent: 'div(!callout)',
    editables: {
      contents: {
        selector: '.callout'
    upcast: ???
  });
```



CKEditor instance





Upcasting

Upcasting refers to the treatment of some simple object as a more complex type of object.

In CKEditor, we use the **upcast** property of the widget to define when a particular HTML element should be treated as an instance of this widget.



plugin.js (widget definition)

```
editor.widgets.add('callout', {
  template: '<div class="callout">Callout box contents here.</div>',
  allowedContent: 'div(!callout)',
  editables: {
    contents: {
      selector: '.callout'
 upcast: function(element) {
    if (element.name == 'div' && element.hasClass('callout')) {
     return true;
    else {
     return false;
});
```



plugin.js (complete)

```
CKEDITOR.plugins.add('callout', {
  requires: 'widget',
  init: function(editor) {
   // Register the toolbar buttons for the CKEditor editor instance.
    editor.ui.addButton( 'callout', {
      label : 'Insert Callout box',
      icon : this.path + 'icon-callout.png',
      command : 'callout'
   });
      editables: {
         selector: '.callout'
          return true;
});
```



Accordion widget

Now let's add a widget to generate markup for an expandable accordion.

We'll start by applying the steps we've already covered.



Accordion widget

The HTML structure generated by our widget should look like this:

In a module or theme, we'll write JavaScript to implement jQuery Accordion on any DIV with the class "accordion".

```
$('div.accordion').accordion({
   header: ".accordion__title",
   collapsible: true,
   active: false,
   animated: false
});
```



tc2014_widgets module

We'll add a plugin directory for "accordion":

- sites/all/modules/custom/tc2014_widgets
 - tc2O14_widgets.info
 - tc2O14_widgets.module
 - plugins/
 - plugins/callout
 - plugins/callout/plugin.js
 - plugins/callout/icon-callout.png
 - plugins/accordion
 - plugins/accordion/plugin.js
 - plugins/accordion/icon-accordion.png



tc2014_widgets.module

```
function tc2014_widgets_ckeditor_plugin() {
 return array(
    'callout' => array( ... ),
    'accordion' => array(
      'name' => 'accordion',
      'desc' => t('CKEditor widget for an accordion.'),
      'path' => drupal_get_path('module', 'tc2014_widgets') . '/
plugins/accordion/',
      'buttons' => array(
        'accordion' => array(
          'label' => 'Accordion',
          'icon' => 'icon-accordion.png',
```



accordion/plugin.js

```
CKEDITOR.plugins.add('accordion', {
 requires: 'widget',
  init: function(editor) {
    // Register the toolbar buttons for the CKEditor
editor instance.
    editor.ui.addButton('accordion',
      label : 'Insert Accordion',
      icon : this.path + 'icon-accordion.png',
      command : 'accordion'
    });
    // Register the widget.
    editor.widgets.add('accordion', { ... });
```



```
// Register the widget.
editor.widgets.add('accordion', { ... });
```

Some differences from the "callout" widget:

- We have more element classes to describe in allowedContent.
- We require two editable areas to be defined in editables: the accordion title, and the accordion content.



```
editor.widgets.add('accordion', {
    template:
      '<div class="accordion">' +
        '<div class="accordion__title">Accordion title</div>' +
        '<div class="accordion__content">Accordion contents</div>' +
      '</div>',
    allowedContent: 'div(!accordion); div(!accordion__content); div(!
accordion__title)',
    editables: {
      title: {
        selector: '.accordion__title',
      content: {
        selector: '.accordion_content'
    upcast: function(element) {
      return element.name == 'div' && element.hasClass('accordion');
  });
```



We should further limit allowed HTML tags in the .accordion_title editable area.

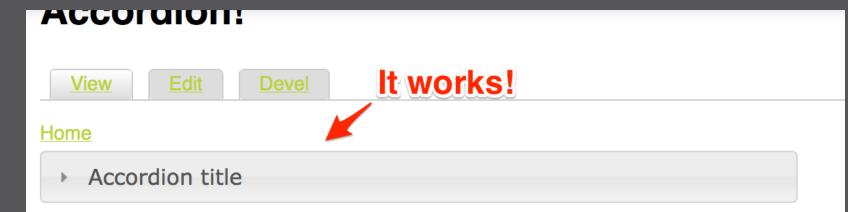
```
editables: {
   title: {
     selector: '.accordion__title',
     allowedContent: 'strong em'
   },
   content: {
     selector: '.accordion__content'
   }
},
```



```
editor.widgets.add('accordion', {
  template:
    '<div class="accordion">' +
      '<div class="accordion__title">Accordion title</div>' +
      '<div class="accordion_content">Accordion contents</div>' +
    '</div>',
 allowedContent: 'div(!accordion); div(!accordion__content); div(!accordion__title)',
 editables: {
   title: {
     selector: '.accordion__title',
     allowedContent: 'strong em'
   content: {
     selector: '.accordion__content'
 upcast: function(element) {
   return element.name == 'div' && element.hasClass('accordion');
});
```



Drupal node view



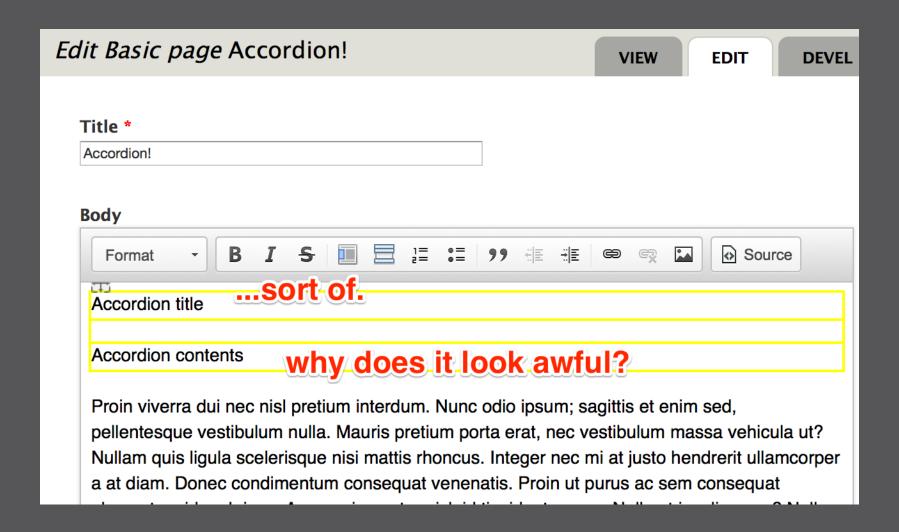
Proin viverra dui nec nisl pretium interdum. Nunc odio ipsum; sagittis et enim sed, pellentesque vestibulum nulla. Mauris pretium porta erat, nec vestibulum massa vehicula ut? Nullam quis ligula scelerisque nisi mattis rhoncus. Integer nec mi at justo hendrerit ullamcorper a at diam. Donec condimentum consequat venenatis. Proin ut purus ac sem consequat elementum id sed risus. Aenean in auctor nisl, id tincidunt augue. Nulla at iaculis nunc? Nulla faucibus eleifend quam, at luctus leo dapibus vel.

Donec sem neque, lobortis at ligula at, pharetra sagittis tellus. Morbi vehicula

"Janeway is the best captain."



CKEditor instance





CKEditor instance

- jQuery Accordion reformats the markup on the viewed page, but not in the CKEditor instance.
- We can add editor-only CSS to better represent the widget for editing.



tc2014_widgets module

We'll add a CSS file for the plugin:

- sites/all/modules/custom/tc2014_widgets
 - tc2014_widgets.info
 - tc2O14_widgets.module
 - plugins/
 - plugins/callout
 - plugins/callout/plugin.js
 - plugins/callout/icon-callout.png
 - plugins/accordion
 - plugins/accordion/plugin.js
 - plugins/accordion/icon-accordion.png
 - plugins/accordion/editor-accordion.css



editor-accordion.css

```
.accordion {
 position: relative;
 margin: 10px;
 background: #eee;
 border: 1px dashed #ddd;
.accordion__title,
.accordion__content {
 margin: 5px;
 box-shadow: 0 1px 1px #ddd inset;
 border: 1px solid #ccccc;
 background: #fff;
```



editor-accordion.css (cont.)

```
.accordion:before {
 background: none repeat scroll 0 0 #141;
 color: #fff;
 content: ".accordion";
 opacity: 0.65;
 position: absolute;
 right: 0;
 top: 0;
```



Accordion widget

 Register the accordion-specific editor CSS file in the plugin's init method, not the widget definition.

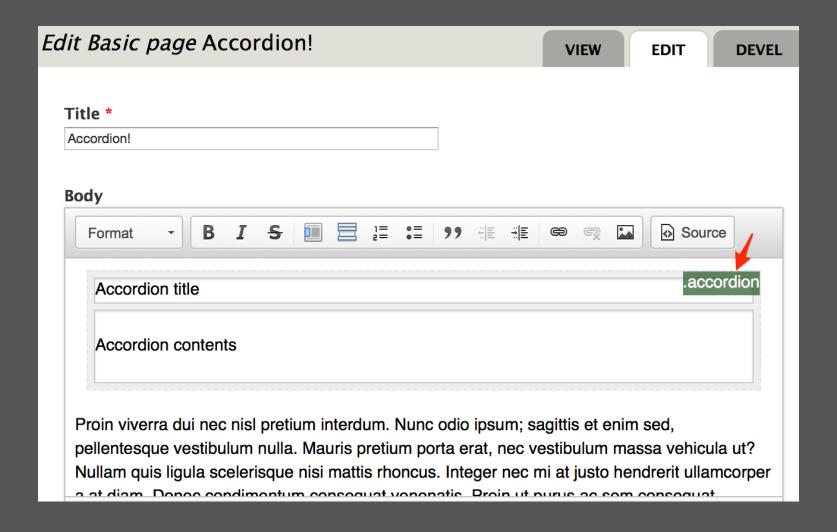


accordion/plugin.js

```
CKEDITOR.plugins.add('accordion', {
 requires: 'widget',
  init: function(editor) {
    // Register the toolbar buttons for the CKEditor editor instance.
    editor.ui.addButton('accordion',
      label : 'Insert Accordion',
      icon : this.path + 'icon-accordion.png',
     command : 'accordion'
   });
   // Add our plugin-specific CSS to style the widget within CKEditor.
    editor.addContentsCss(this.path + 'editor-accordion.css');
    // Register the widget.
});
```



CKEditor instance





Resources

CKEditor's widget example tutorial:

http://docs.ckeditor.com/#!/guide/widget_sdk_tutorial_1

http://docs.ckeditor.com/#!/guide/widget_sdk_tutorial_2

tc2014_widgets example module:

http://ten7.com/ckeditor_widgets