



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

FM23 Homework: Formal Digital Twin of a Lego Mindstorms Production Plant

Formal Methods for Concurrent and Real-Time Systems, A.Y. 22/23

Livia Lestangi
Aprile 19th, 2023

00. Project Goals

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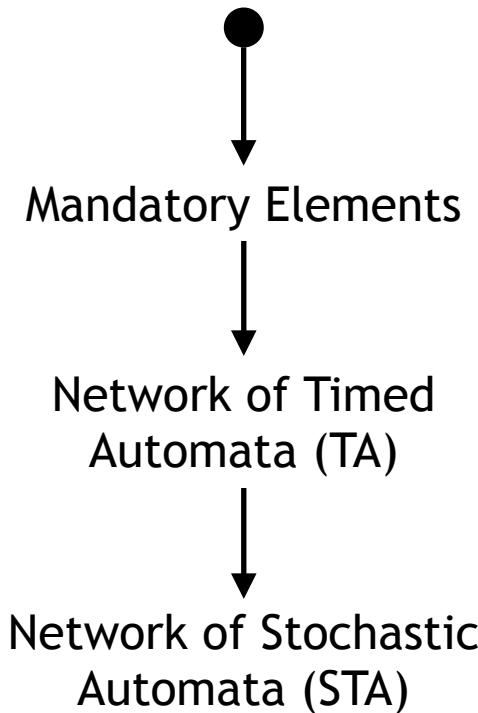
3. Practice substantiating your work:

how can you convince your reader/listener that you made the most reasonable and effective choices?

00. Project Goals → Deliverables

- 
1. Strengthen your modeling skills → Formal Model
 2. Exploit formal verification to analyze a system → Experimental Results
 3. Practice substantiating your work → Written Report

01. Formal Model



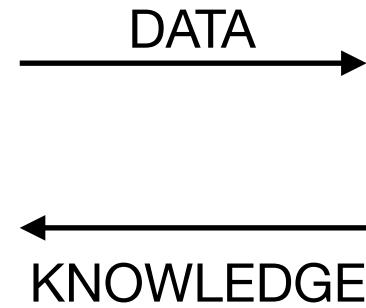
- The main output of the project is the **formal model**.
- Some entities/features (explained in more detail in the upcoming slides) must be **mandatorily** modeled to get a sufficient score.
- The NTA accounts for up to 90% of the total score (i.e., $\leq 27/30$). Stochastic features are required to get the full score (i.e., $> 27/30$).

01. Formal Model: Context

PHYSICAL SYSTEM



DIGITAL TWIN

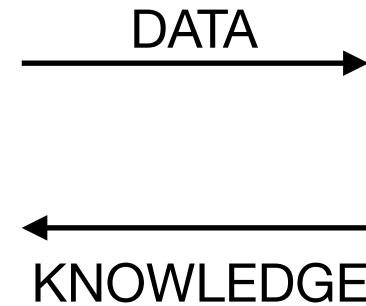


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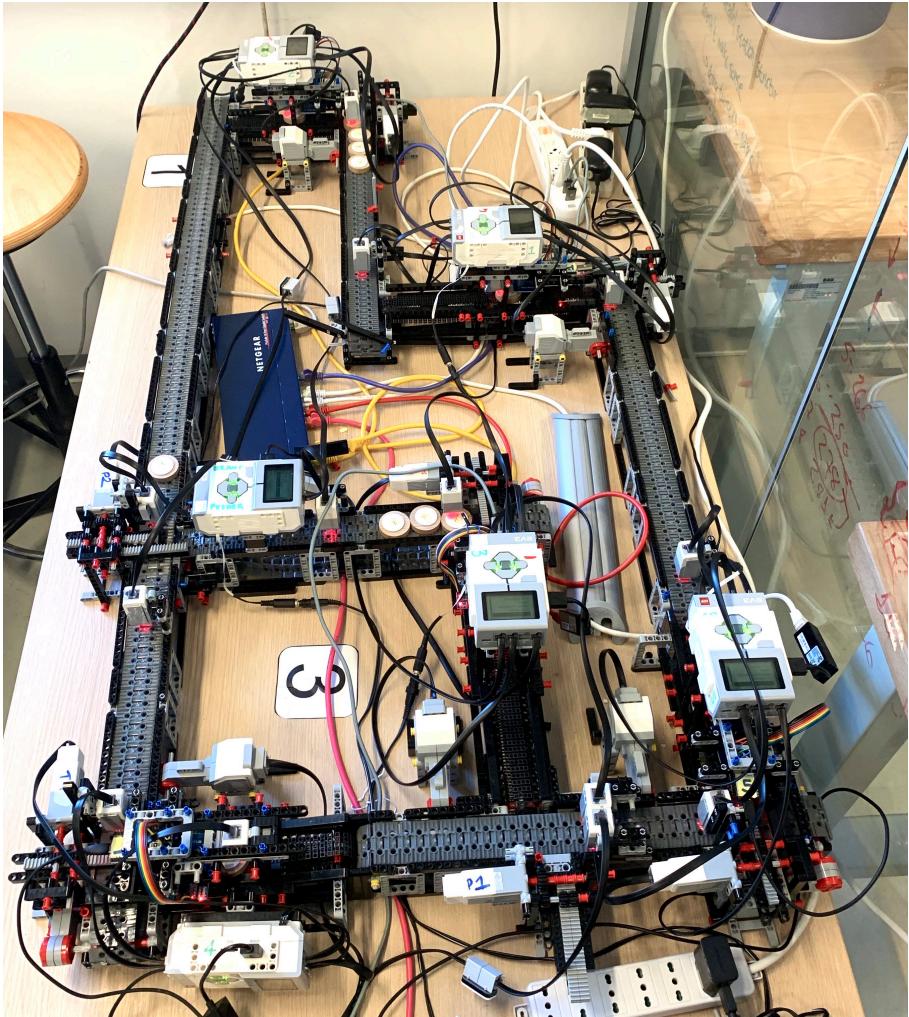


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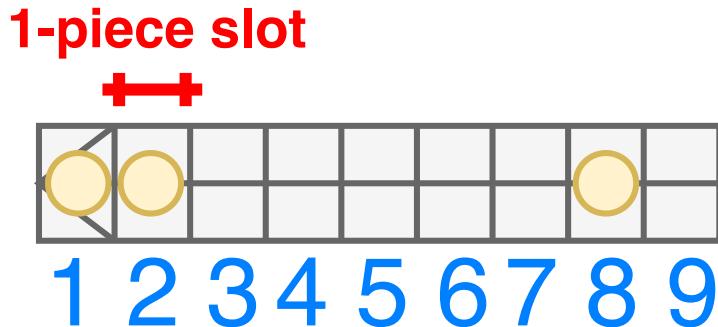
- Is it possible to create a **formalization** of the digital twin?
- Can we exploit it to formally **verify** properties of the digital twin?
- What **knowledge** of the real system can be extracted from verification results?

01. Formal Model: Context



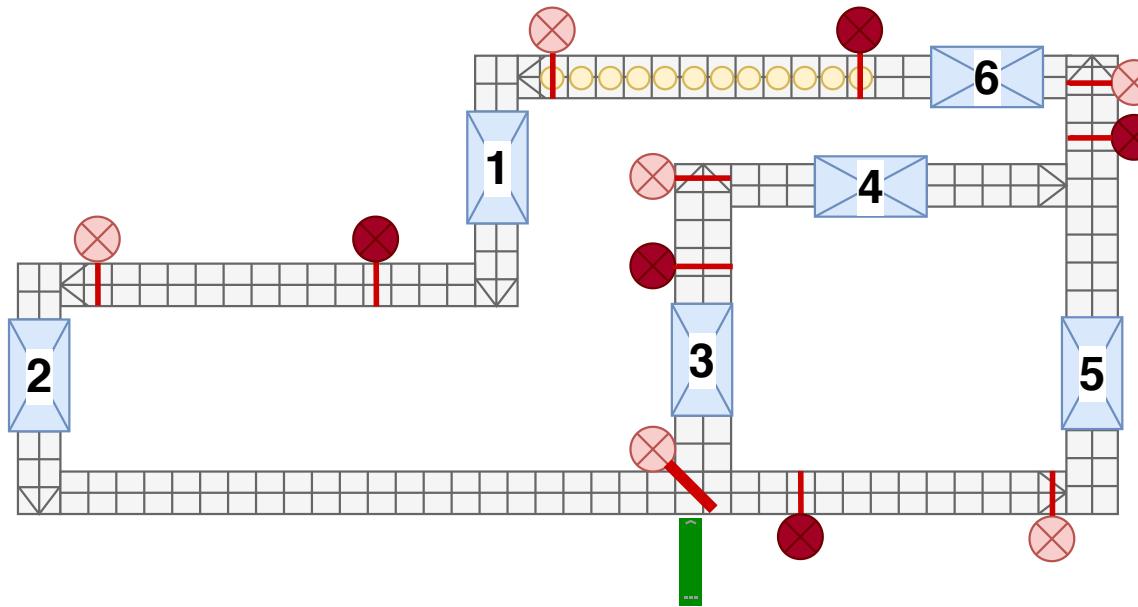
Production plant built with Lego
Mindstorms,
[Digital Twin Lab@DMec](#)

01. Formal Model: Conveyor Belt

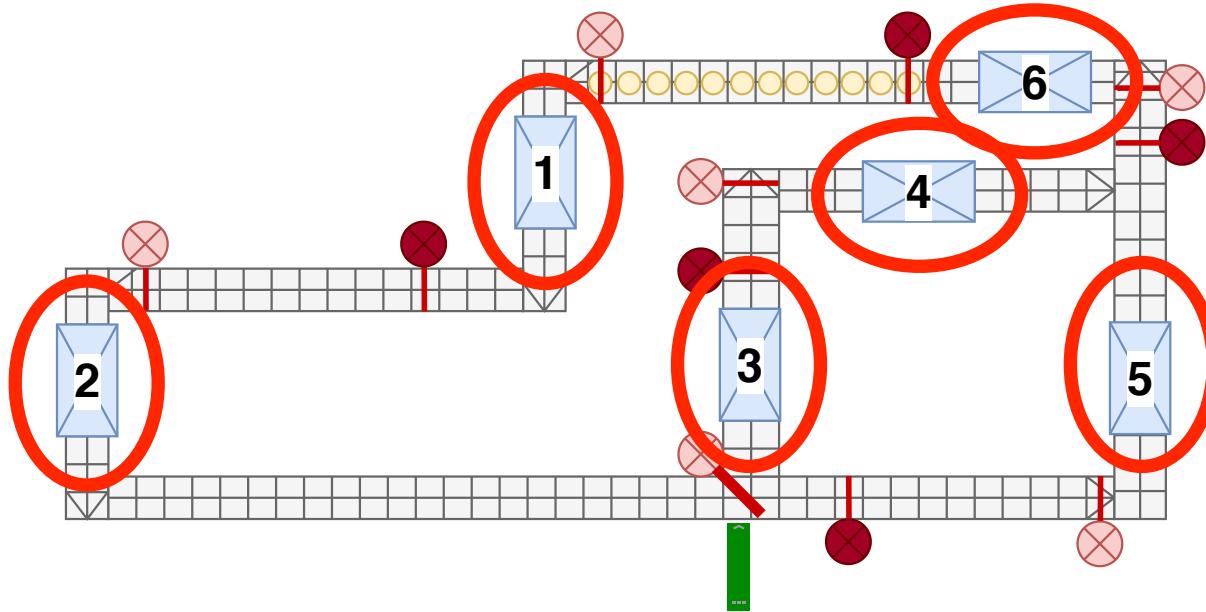


- Conveyor belt segments transport **workpieces** (the yellow circles)
- Divided into **slots** (numbered in the figure)
- They move in one direction (in this case, right to left) (**speed** expressed as [slots/time unit])
- Pieces advance to the next slot only if free (for example, the piece in 2 cannot move whereas the one in 8 can)

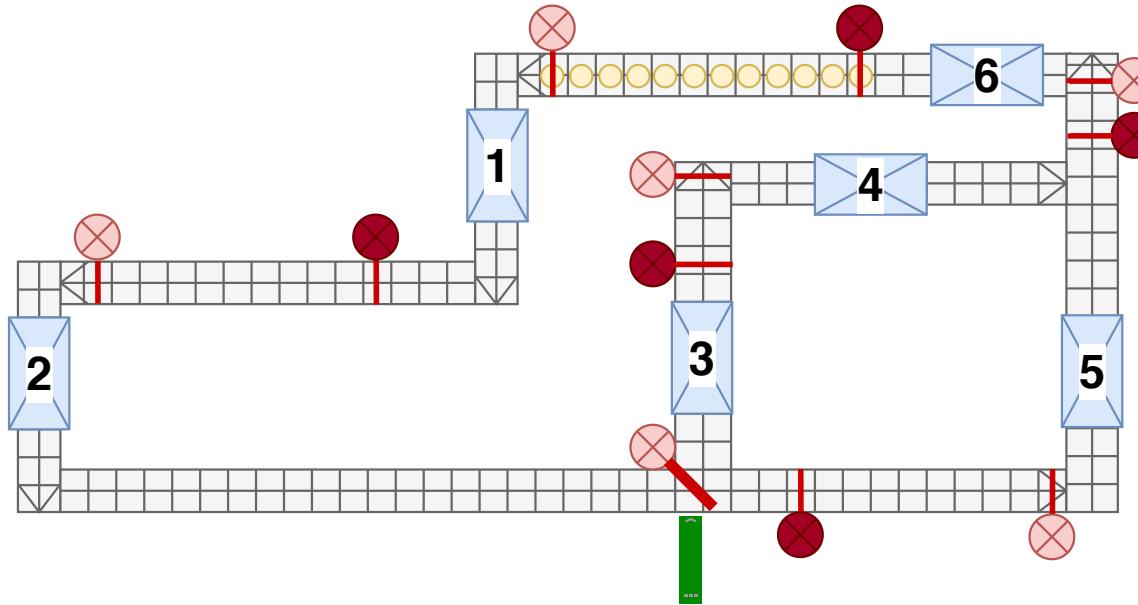
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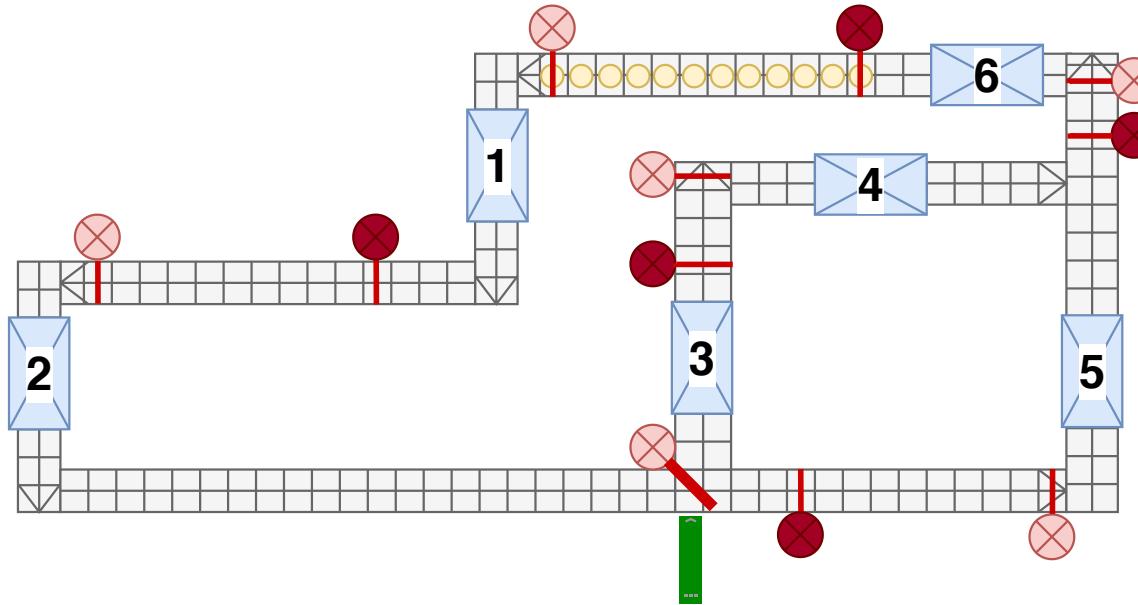


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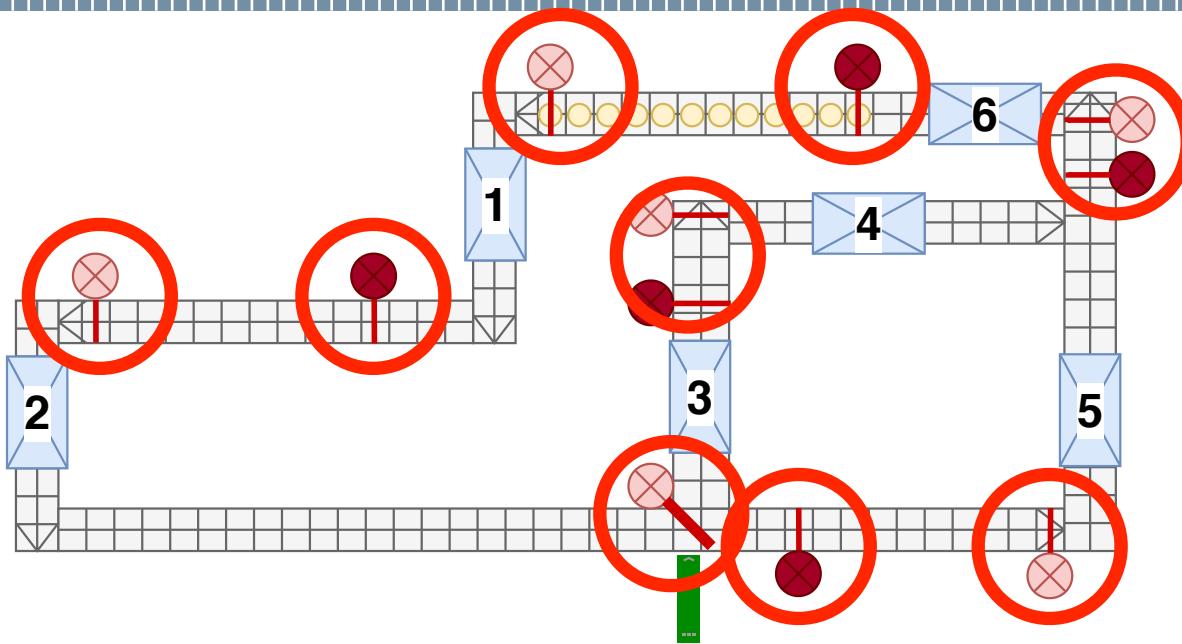
- Workpieces stop within stations to be processed
- Each station fits only one piece at a time

01. Formal Model: Processing Station

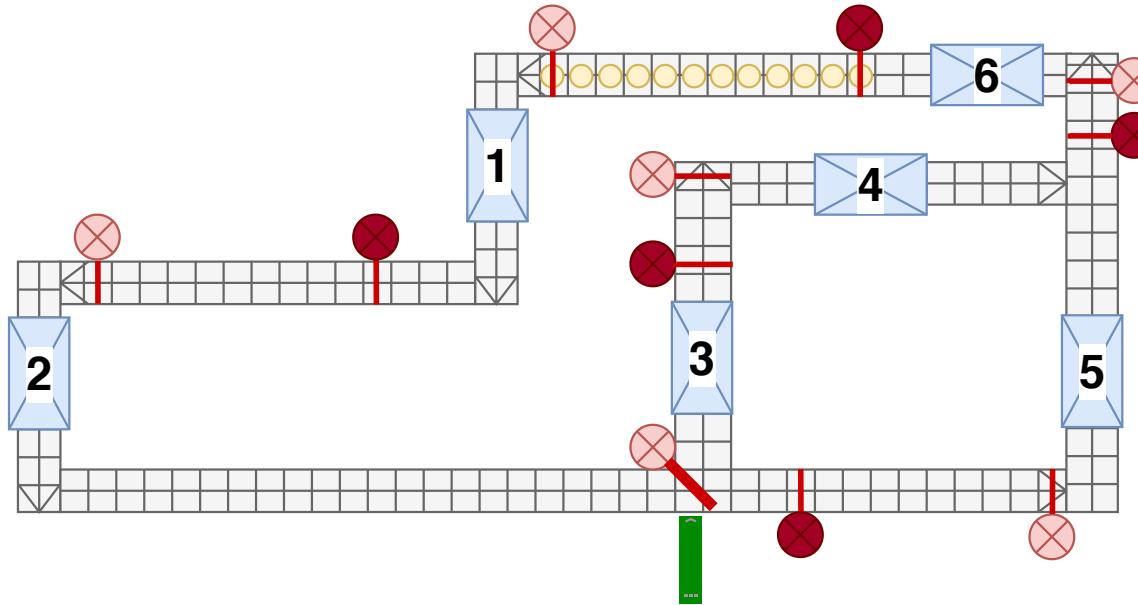


- The **time** a piece spends within a station can change between different stations
- **Stochastic feature:** the processing time for each station is not fixed, but **normally distributed**.

01. Formal Model: Laser-based Sensor

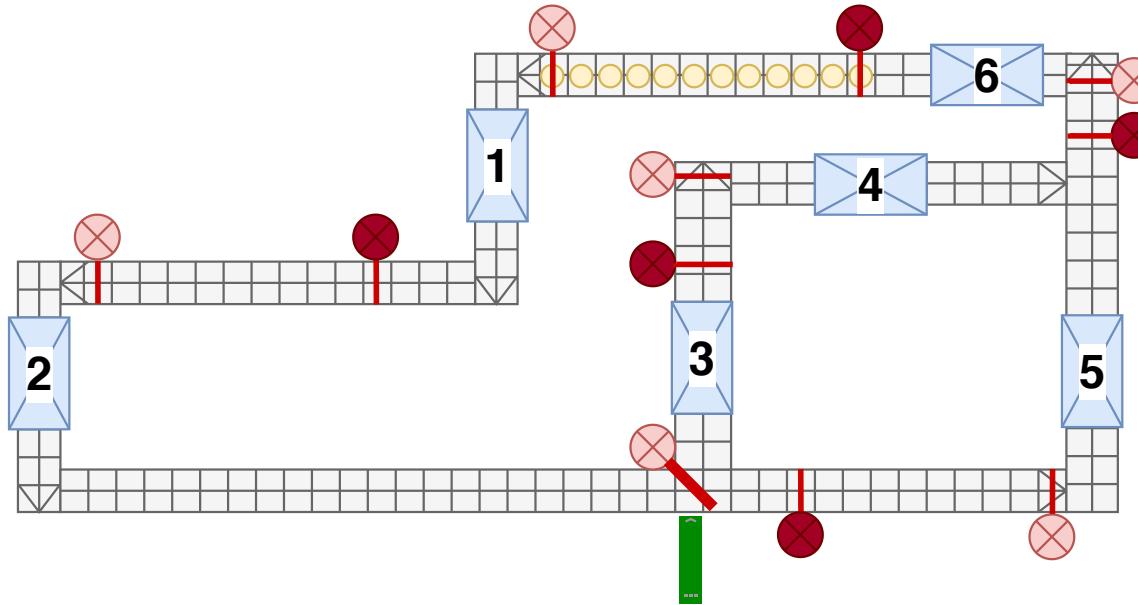


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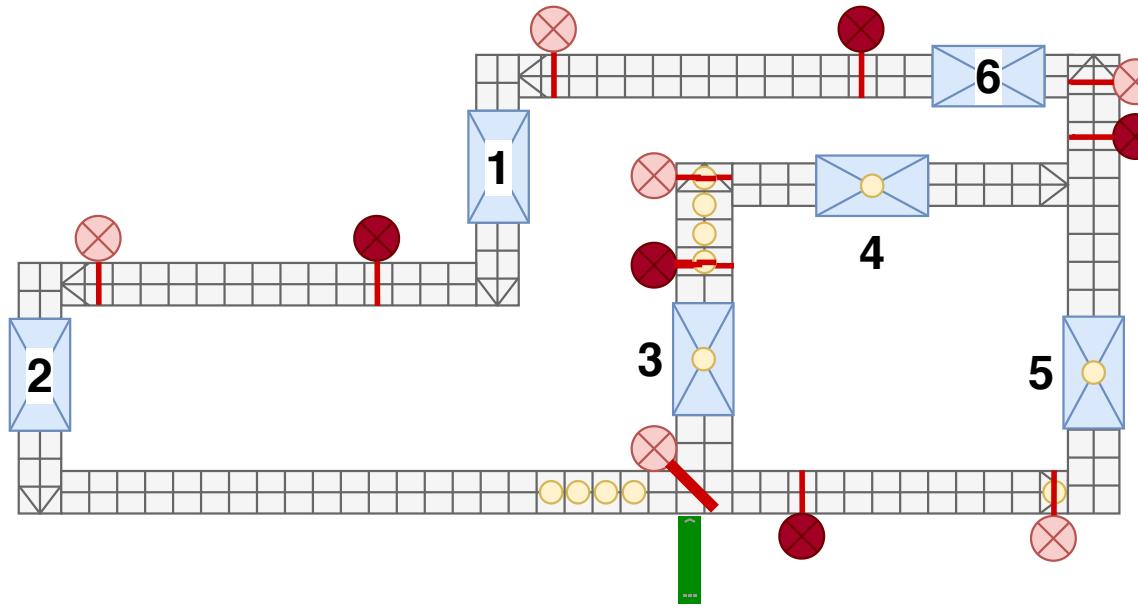
- Sensors guard the **entrance** to a station (lighter red circles). If a piece is detected on the corresponding slot, it cannot move forward unless the station downstream is free.

01. Formal Model: Laser-based Sensor



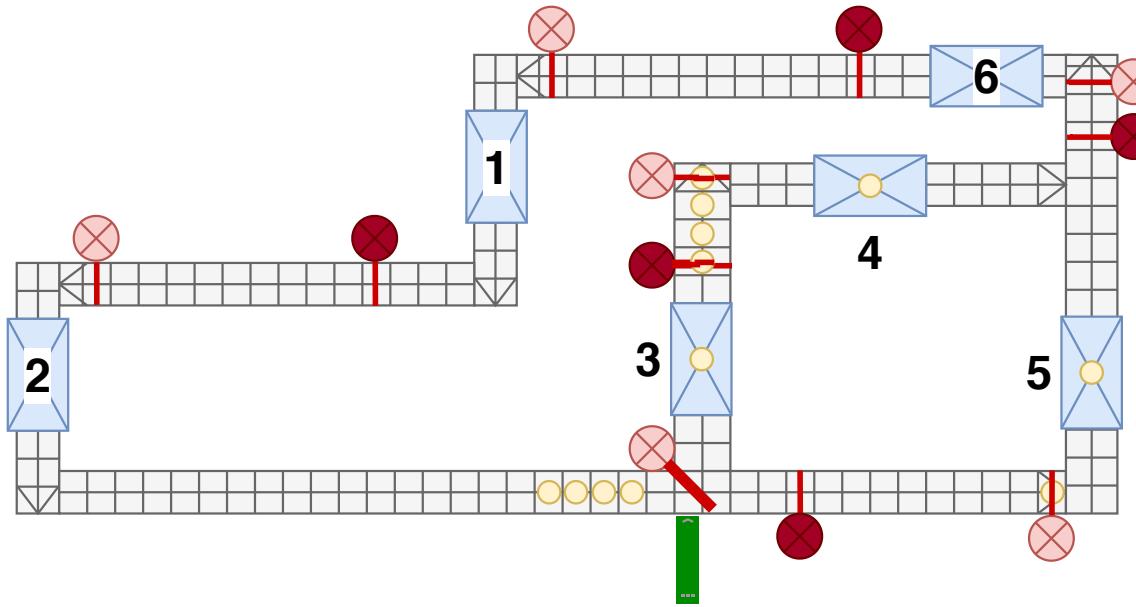
- Sensors also guard how many pieces are **queueing** to enter a station (darker red circles). If a piece is detected on the corresponding slot, the station upstream cannot release any new piece even if processing time has elapsed.

01. Formal Model: Laser-based Sensor



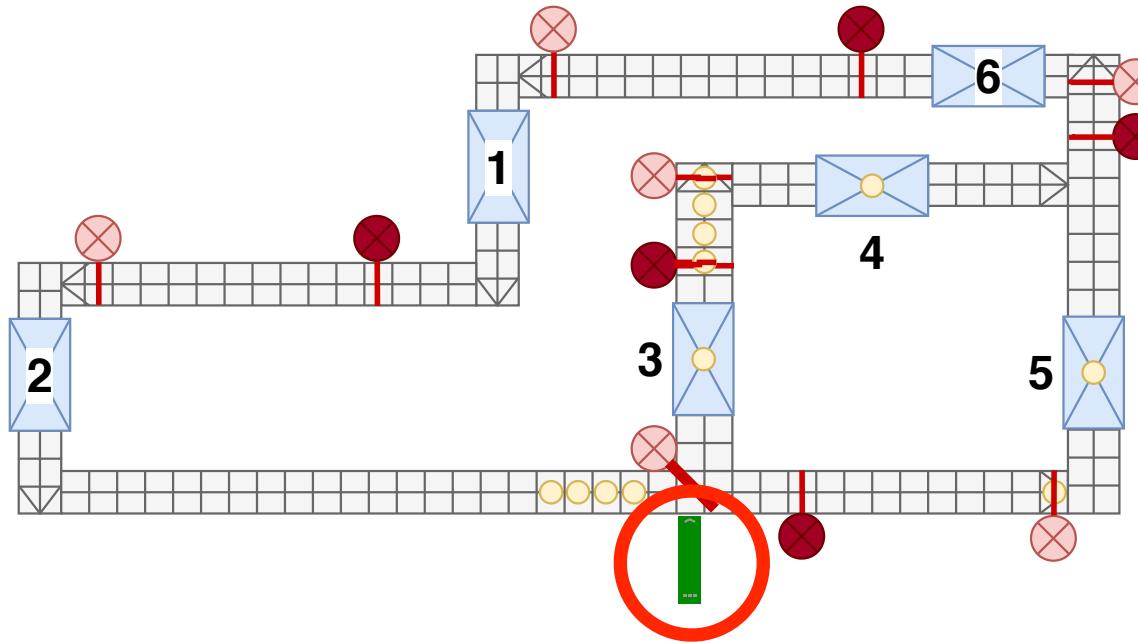
- For example, the piece waiting outside station 5 cannot move forward because the station is busy.
- For example, station 3 cannot release the piece because the queue to station 4 is full.

01. Formal Model: Laser-based Sensor

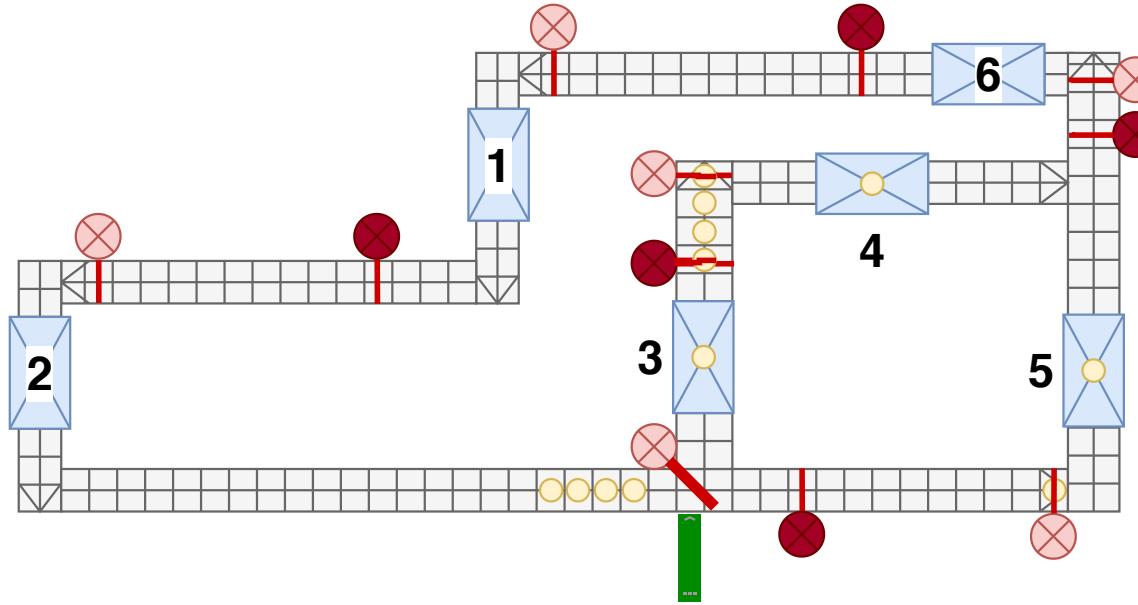


- **Stochastic feature:** at each time unit, with a certain probability, sensors relay **faulty** measurements (i.e., detect a piece that is not there or vice-versa). The probability may vary between different sensors.

01. Formal Model: Flow Controller



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- The green bar pushes workpieces into one **branch** of the plant or the other.
- You design the **policy** with which it chooses the branch.

02. Formal Verification: Properties

- The **mandatory** property to be verified is:

P1. It never happens that a station holds more than 1 piece.

P2. It never happens that two pieces occupy the same belt slot.

P3. No queue ever exceeds the maximum allowed length.

P4. The plant never incurs in deadlock.

02. Formal Verification: Properties

- Whether these properties hold or not depends on the plant's **configuration**. Specifically, on the following parameters:
 1. the conveyor **belt** translational **speed**;
 2. the **processing time** of each **station**;
 3. the **number of pieces** circulating in the plant;
 4. the maximum **length** (if any) of the **queue** upstream of each station;
 5. the **branch-switching policy**.
- Present (at least) **three** significant NTA configurations highlighting relevant behavioral aspects of the system.

02. Formal Verification: Stochastic Properties

- As for the stochastic version of the model, calculate the **probability** of properties P1-4 holding within a **time bound** (the time bound must also be properly sized).
- The NSTA behavior further depends on the following parameters:
 - The stations' processing **time distributions**;
 - The sensors' **fault probabilities**.
- Present (at least) **three** significant NSTA configurations highlighting relevant behavioral aspects of the system.

02. Formal Verification: Tool

- The formal model should be created using the [**Uppaal**](#) tool:
 - ▶ More info during the student presentation session.

02. Formal Verification: Tool

- You can find references in the [Getting Started](#) section of the website:
 - Reading the [Tutorial](#) (also for the [SMC extension](#)) is highly recommended!
- When in doubt, the [Documentation](#) is your friend:
 - It contains all the reference for:
 - ▶ GUI of the tool
 - ▶ System Description
 - ▶ Requirement Specification
 - ▶ ...everything you need!

03. Written Report

- You must **mandatorily** deliver:
 - Uppaal .xml source file for your model:
Beware: I will re-run the queries you describe in your report, so make sure the model is experiment-ready and queries are saved in the verifier section!

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 - The project report (possibly a .pdf):
Max 10 pages: front cover, index page, bibliography, appendices [...] do not count.
No constraints on the template (but you can take this chance to practice with LateX before writing your thesis...).

03. Written Report

- Tips for the report:
 - Do not just enumerate variables, locations, clocks [...]: what really matters is your **reasoning** and critical thinking.

For example: “*This feature is modeled as a two-dimensional array of integers.*” ...fine, but **why**? There can be more than one valid motivation, but please provide one.

- I will upload excellent reports from previous years to provide a positive source of inspiration.

04. Final Remarks

- The deadline is **July 20 (June 22** for the early session).
- It is preferable (for you) to carry out the project in teams of 2/3/4 people.
- My job is to support you and provide directions: please drop an email when you need it.

...I cannot solve bugs for you though :) (that's cheating)

- Do not open up with “*Dear prof, we have problems, can we schedule a meeting?*”: please describe your issue, and then I will assess if it can be solved via email or if it requires a meeting.



Questions? :)