

# Tableau récapitulatif des temps en anglais

## Construction + Utilisation(s)

**Présent Simple** - to do (I do - you do - he does / we do - you do - they do)

= habitudes, généralités

I		PLAY	TENNIS
<b>DO</b>	YOU	PLAY	TENNIS ?
I	<b>DON'T</b>	PLAY	TENNIS

**NB:** he/she/it **plays** > **does** he **play**? > he **doesn't** play

**Présent continu** - to be + vbING (I am - you are - he is / we are - you are - they are) = être en train de, Futur programmé

I	<b>AM</b>	PLAYING	TENNIS
<b>ARE</b>	YOU	PLAYING	TENNIS ?
I	<b>AM NOT</b>	PLAYING	TENNIS

**Préterit simple** (do > did) (I did - you did - he did / we did - you did - they did)

= actions révolues

YOU		PLAYED	tennis
<b>DID</b>	YOU	PLAY	tennis ?
YOU	<b>DIDN'T</b>	PLAY	tennis

**Préterit continu** (I was - you were - he was / we were - you were - they were) +Vb-ing

= une action qui était en

train de...quand... (Prétérit Simple)/ A 8h ce matin..., l'année dernière, à cette époque je blabla-ais

ex=> I **was watching** the match when the phone rang = Je **regardais** la TV quand le tél. a sonné.

I	<b>WAS</b>	PLAYING	tennis.
<b>WAS</b>	I	PLAYING	tennis ?
I	<b>WAS NOT</b>	PLAYING	tennis.

**Present perfect** (I have + participe passé (PP)- you have +PP - he has +PP / we, you, they have +PP) = Temps du passé -

conséquences/ As-tu déjà... JUST / ALREADY / YET / EVER

ex=> Have you ever been to China? = Es-tu déjà allé en Chine?

He **has seen** the film already = Il a déjà vu le film.

I've just arrived = Je viens juste d'arriver.

Have you **seen** the last Star Wars movie yet? - No, I haven't seen it yet = Tu as vu le dernier Star Wars? - non, je ne l'ai pas encore vu.

I	<b>HAVE just / already</b>	<b>FINISHED</b>	my homework.
<b>HAVE</b>	YOU	<b>FINISHED</b>	your homework <b>yet</b> ?
He	<b>HAS NOT</b>	<b>FINISHED</b>	his homework <b>yet</b> .

**Present perfect continu** (I have + BEEN + vbING)- you have + BEEN + vbING - he has BEEN + vbING / we, you, they have +PP) =

constat au moment où l'on parle // **bilan**

ex=> It **has been raining** = (Je constate qu') il a plu

It **has been raining** (non-stop) for 1 hour = ça fait 1 h qu'il pleut (sans interruption)

She **has been working** as an actress since she finished drama school. = Elle (travaille en tant qu') est actrice depuis qu'elle a fini l'école d'art dramatique

I	<b>HAVE</b>	<b>BEEN WORKING</b>	for 2 hours.
<b>HAVE</b>	YOU	<b>BEEN WORKING</b>	for 2 hours?
He	<b>HAS NOT</b>	<b>BEEN WORKING</b>	for 2 hours.