

Tira de ejercicios N°2

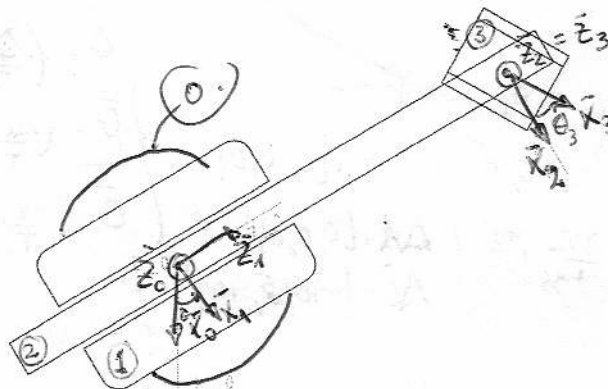
Robótica. Primer Cuatrimestre 2017

22/4/2017

1 Generación de trayectoria Joint

Un robot RPR como el que se muestra en la Fig. 1, parte de reposo en la posición $\theta_1 = [90, 0, -90]^T$ con movimiento Joint hacia $\theta_2 = [0, l, 0]^T$ y sin detenerse vuelve a θ_1 , donde termina en reposo.

Delimitar las ternas sobre el mismo plano (\bar{x}_0, \bar{y}_0)



	a	d	α	θ
1	0	0	-90	θ_1
2	0	d_2	90	0
3	0	0	0	θ_3

Figure 1: Robot RPR. Puede rotar sobre el eje 1, desplazarse linealmente sobre el 2, y rotar sobre el 3

Las velocidades máximas de cada eje son:

- $v_{1max} = 90^\circ/s$ $l = 0,5m$
- $v_{2max} = 1m/s$
- $v_{3max} = 90^\circ/s$

El tiempo de aceleración es $t_{acc} = 200ms$ y los movimientos se realizan a velocidad máxima.

Se pide:

- Indicar los eslabones

- Completar las ternas en la figura
- Obtener los parámetros D-H
- Graficar las curvas de posición, velocidad y aceleración en función del tiempo para cada eje para el movimiento solicitado.

2 Dinámica Robot RP

Para el robot de la Fig. 1, considerando solamente los dos primeros ejes se pide calcular la matriz M

$$\bar{\theta}_i = [90, 0, -90]^T \quad \bar{\theta}_f = [0, 2, 0]^T \quad v_{max} = [90^\circ/s, 1m/s, 90^\circ/s]$$

$$a_{acc} = 200 \text{ ms.}$$

1° movimiento de θ_i a θ_f sin pausas.

$$\bar{\theta}^A = [90, 0, -90]^T \quad \bar{\theta}^B = [90, 0, -90]^T \quad \bar{\theta}^C = [0, 2, 0]^T$$

$$T_1 = \max \left\{ \underbrace{2t_{acc}}_{0,4s}, \underbrace{\frac{90^\circ}{90^\circ/s}}_{1s}, \underbrace{\frac{0,5m}{1m/s}}_{0,5s}, \underbrace{\frac{90^\circ}{90^\circ/s}}_{1s} \right\} = 1s$$

$$\Delta \bar{A} = [0, 0, 0]^T$$

$$\Delta \bar{C} = [-90, 0, 90]^T$$

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{\theta} = \left(\frac{\Delta \bar{C}}{T_1} + \frac{\Delta \bar{A}}{t_{acc}} \right) \frac{1}{2t_{acc}} \\ \dot{\theta} = \left(\frac{\Delta \bar{C}}{T_1} \right) \left(\frac{t_{xy} + t_{acc}}{2t_{acc}} \right) + \frac{\Delta \bar{A}}{t_{acc}} \left(\frac{t_{xy} - t_{acc}}{2t_{acc}} \right) \\ \theta = \frac{\Delta \bar{C}}{T_1} \frac{(t_{xy} + t_{acc})^2}{4t_{acc}} + \frac{\Delta \bar{A}}{t_{acc}} \frac{(t_{xy} - t_{acc})^2}{4t_{acc}} + \theta^3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{\theta} = 0 \\ \dot{\theta} = \frac{\Delta \bar{C}}{T_1} \\ \theta = \frac{\Delta \bar{C}}{T_1} t_{xy} + \theta^3 \end{cases}$$

$$T_1 = 1s$$

2° mov. Primer calculo $\bar{\theta}^A$ con los datos del segmento anterior $t_{xy} = T_1 - t_{acc} = 0,8$

$$\bar{\theta}^A = \begin{bmatrix} -90 \\ 0,5 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix} (T_1 - t_{acc}) + \begin{bmatrix} 90 \\ 0 \\ -90 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 0,4 \\ -18 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_2 = \max \{ 0,4, 1s, 0,5s, 1s \} = 1s$$

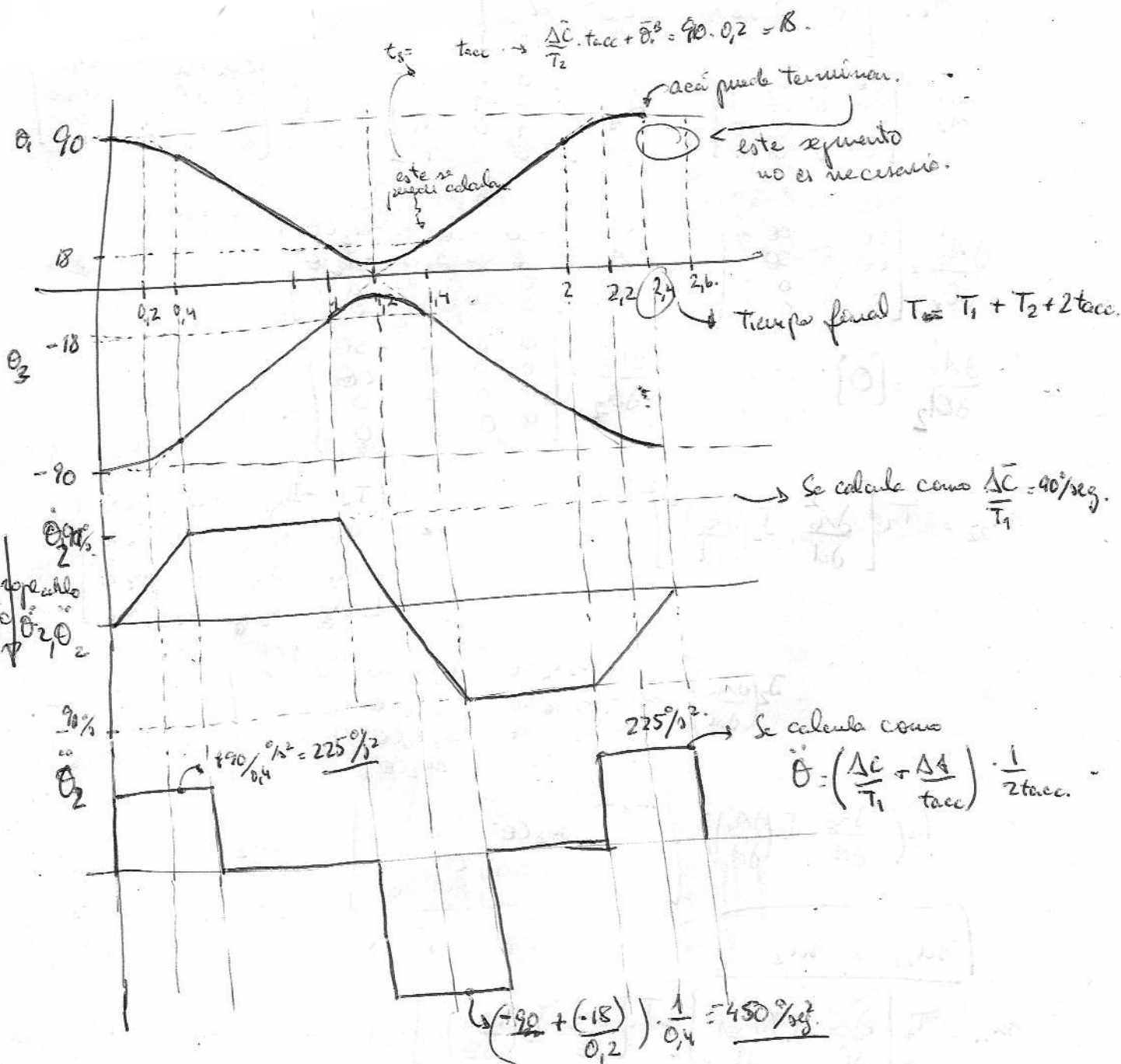
$$\bar{\theta}^B = \begin{bmatrix} 0,5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \bar{\theta}^C = \begin{bmatrix} +90 \\ 0 \\ -90 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Delta \bar{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ -0,1 \\ -18 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Delta \bar{C} = \begin{bmatrix} +90 \\ 0,5 \\ -90 \end{bmatrix}$$

3° mov. Detenerse en $\bar{\theta}^i$. Calculo el $\bar{\theta}^A$ del segmento anterior en $t_{xy} = T_2 - t_{acc} = 0,8$

$$\bar{\theta}^A = \begin{bmatrix} 90 \\ -0,5 \\ -90 \end{bmatrix} 0,8 + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0,5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 72 \\ 0,1 \\ -72 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{\theta}^B = \begin{bmatrix} 90 \\ 0 \\ -90 \end{bmatrix} \quad \bar{\theta}^C = \begin{bmatrix} 90 \\ 0 \\ -90 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Delta \bar{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -18 \\ 0,1 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Delta \bar{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_3 = \max \{ 0,4, 0, 0, 0 \} = 0,4$$



2) Denavit-Hartenberg robot RP.

$$m_{sj} = \sum_{i=1}^n T_i \left[\frac{\partial A_0^i}{\partial \theta_j} J_i \left(\frac{\partial A_0^i}{\partial \theta_j} \right)^T \right]$$

$$A_{i-1}^i = \begin{bmatrix} c\theta & -s\theta c\alpha & s\theta s\alpha & a c\theta \\ s\theta & c\theta c\alpha & -c\theta s\alpha & a s\theta \\ 0 & s\alpha & c\alpha & d \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_0^1 = \begin{bmatrix} c\theta & 0 & -s\theta & 0 \\ s\theta & 0 & c\theta & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_1^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_0^2 = \begin{bmatrix} c\theta & -s\theta & 0 & -d_3 s\theta \\ s\theta & c\theta & 0 & -d_3 c\theta \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial A_0^1}{\partial \theta_1} = \begin{bmatrix} -s\theta & 0 & -c\theta & 0 \\ c\theta & 0 & -s\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial \theta_1} = \begin{bmatrix} -s\theta & -c\theta & 0 & -d_3 c\theta \\ c\theta & -s\theta & 0 & -d_3 s\theta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial A_0^1}{\partial \theta_2} = [0]$$

$$\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial d_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -s\theta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c\theta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$m_{22} = T_2 \left[\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial d} J_2 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial d} \right)^T \right]$$

$$J_2 = \begin{bmatrix} I_x & -I_{xy} & -I_{xz} & m_2 x_G \\ -I_{xy} & I_y & -I_{yz} & m_2 y_G \\ -I_{xz} & -I_{yz} & I_z & m_2 z_G \\ m_2 x_G & m_2 y_G & m_2 z_G & m_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J_2 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial d} \right)^T = \begin{bmatrix} -m_2 x_G s\theta & m_2 x_G c\theta & 0 & 0 \\ -m_2 y_G s\theta & m_2 y_G c\theta & 0 & 0 \\ -m_2 z_G s\theta & m_2 z_G c\theta & 0 & 0 \\ -m_2 s\theta & m_2 c\theta & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_2 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial d} J_2 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial d} \right)^T \right) = \begin{bmatrix} m_2 s\theta^2 & m_2 c\theta^2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = m_2$$

$$m_{22} = m_2$$

$$m_{11} = T_1 \left[\frac{\partial A_0^1}{\partial \theta} J_1 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^1}{\partial \theta} \right)^T \right] + T_2 \left[\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial \theta} J_2 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial \theta} \right)^T \right]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -s\theta & 0 & -c\theta & 0 \\ c\theta & 0 & -s\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -s\theta I_x + c\theta I_{1xz} & c\theta I_{1x} + s\theta I_{1z} & 0 & 0 \\ s\theta I_{1xy} + c\theta I_{1yz} & -s\theta I_{1y} + c\theta I_{1z} & 0 & 0 \\ -s\theta I_{1xz} + c\theta I_{1z} & -s\theta I_{1z} + c\theta I_{1x} & 0 & 0 \\ -m_1 x_G s\theta & m_1 z_G c\theta & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -s\theta (-s\theta I_x + c\theta I_{1xz}) - c\theta (s\theta I_{1x} + c\theta I_{1z}) \\ -c\theta (s\theta I_{1xz} + c\theta I_{1z}) \\ c^2\theta I_x + c\theta s\theta I_{1xz} + c\theta s\theta I_{1z} + s^2\theta I_z \\ s\theta I_x + -s\theta c\theta I_{1xz} - c\theta s\theta I_{1z} \\ + c^2\theta I_z + c\theta I_{1x} + s\theta c\theta I_{1z} + \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -c\theta & 0 & -d_3 c\theta \\ s\theta & 0 & -d_3 s\theta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{} & \boxed{} & \times & \times \\ \boxed{} & \boxed{} & \times & \times \\ \boxed{} & \boxed{} & \times & \times \\ \boxed{} & \boxed{} & \times & \times \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$T_n \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & \begin{bmatrix} -s\theta I_{2x} + c\theta I_{2xy} - d_3 m_2 x_G c\theta & c\theta I_{2xy} + s\theta I_{2yy} - d_3 m_2 x_G s\theta \\ s\theta I_{2xy} + c\theta I_{2yy} - d_3 m_2 y_G c\theta & -c\theta I_{2xy} - s\theta I_{2yy} - d_3 m_2 y_G s\theta \\ -s\theta m_2 x_G - c\theta m_2 y_G - d_3 m_2 c\theta & c\theta m_2 x_G - s\theta m_2 y_G - d_3 s\theta m_2 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{matrix} \times & \times \\ \times & \times \\ \times & \times \\ \times & \times \end{matrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \cancel{s^2 \theta I_{2x}} - \cancel{s\theta c\theta I_{2xy}} + \cancel{s\theta c\theta d_3 m_2 x_G} - \cancel{s\theta c\theta I_{2xy}} + \cancel{c^2 \theta I_{2y}} + \cancel{c^2 \theta d_3 m_2 y_G} \\ + \cancel{d_3 s\theta c\theta m_2 x_G} + \cancel{d_3 c^2 \theta m_2 y_G} + \cancel{d_3^2 c^2 \theta m_2} + \cancel{c^2 \theta I_{2x}} + \cancel{c\theta s\theta I_{2xy}} - \cancel{d_3 m_2 x_G s\theta c\theta} \\ + \cancel{d_3 s\theta c\theta I_{2xy}} + \cancel{d_3 s^2 \theta I_{2y}} + \cancel{s\theta c\theta I_{2xy}} + \cancel{s\theta I_{2y}} + \cancel{d_3 s^2 \theta m_2 y_G} \\ - \cancel{d_3 s\theta c\theta m_2 x_G} + \cancel{d_3 s^2 \theta m_2 y_G} + \cancel{d_3^2 s^2 \theta m_2}$$

$$= I_{2x} + I_{2y} + 2d_3 m_2 y_G + d_3^2 m_2$$

$$m_{11} = \underbrace{(I_{1x} + I_{1z})}_{I_{0111}} + \underbrace{(I_{2x} + I_{2y})}_{I_{0222}} + 2d_3 m_2 y_{G2} + d_3^2 m_2$$

$$m_{12} = T_n \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial \theta} J_2 \left(\frac{\partial A_0^2}{\partial \theta} \right)^T \right)$$

$$T_n \begin{bmatrix} s\theta & -c\theta & 0 & -d_2 c\theta \\ c\theta & s\theta & 0 & -d_2 s\theta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \boxed{-s\theta x_{G2}} & \boxed{c\theta x_{G2}} & \times & \times \\ \boxed{-s\theta y_{G2}} & \boxed{c\theta y_{G2}} & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \times \\ \boxed{-s\theta m} & \boxed{c\theta m} & \times & \times \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$m_{12} = \cancel{s^2 \theta m_2 x_{G2}} + \cancel{s\theta c\theta y_{G2} m_2} + \cancel{d_2 s\theta c\theta m_2} + \cancel{c^2 \theta m_2 x_{G2}^2} - \cancel{s\theta c\theta y_{G2}^2} - \cancel{d_2 s\theta c\theta m_2}$$

$$m_{12} = m_2 x_{G2}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} I_{0111} + I_{0222} + m_2 (2d_2 y_{G2} + d_2^2) & m_2 x_{G2} \\ m_2 x_{G2} & m_2 \end{bmatrix}$$