# 02242 Program Analysis Project: A Program Analysis Module

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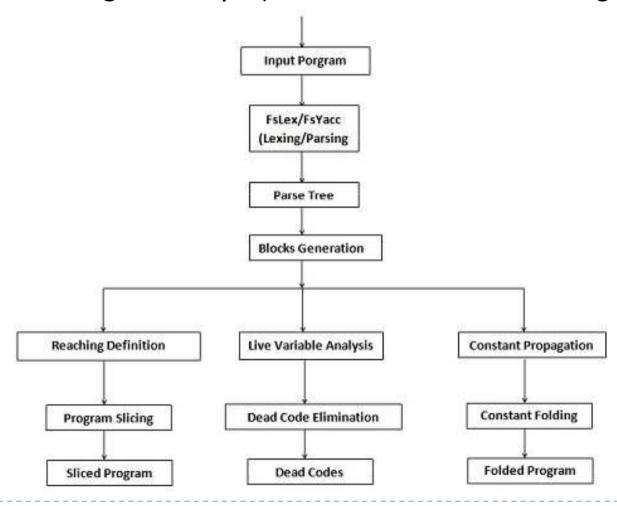
Group 07

### **Project Description**

- To design and construct a program analysis module for guarded command language and perform a series of experiments with it.
- The analysis module addresses three different analysis problems
  - Program Slicing:
    - To determine the part of the given program that may influence the values computed at a given point of interest.
  - Dead Code Elimination:
    - To determine the part of the given program that does not affect the overall result computed by the program.
  - Constant Folding:
    - To replace the sub expressions of the given program by their values whenever they can be determined at compile time.

### Implementation Structure

The overall design of our project is shown in the following diagram:

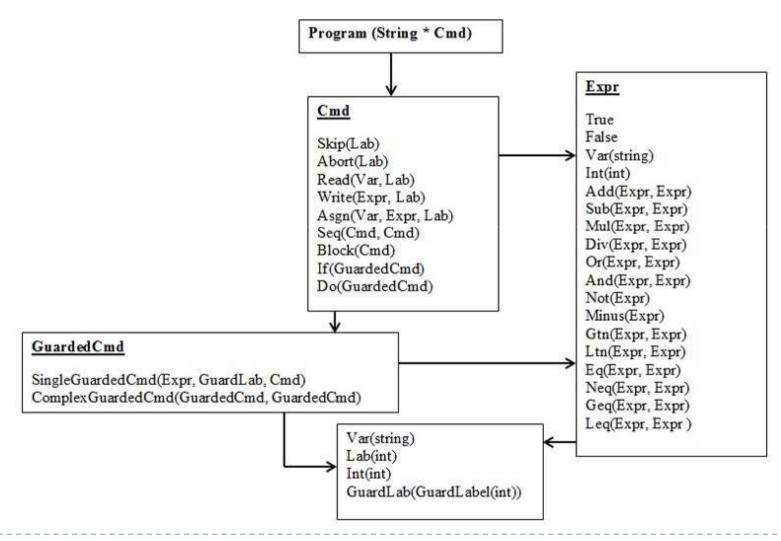


### Guarded Command Language

The syntax of the Guarded Command Language can be represented as below:

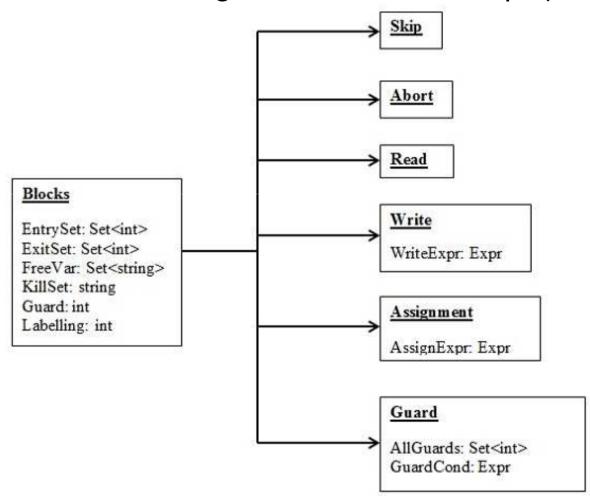
```
Expressions: e ::= n | true | false | x
                   | e1 opb e2 | opm e | (e)
Commands: C := x := e \mid skip \mid abort
                | read x | write e | C1; C2
               | {C} | if gC fi | do gC od
Guarded commands gC ::= e -> C | gC1 [] gC2
Programs: P ::= module name : C end
opb {+, -, *, /, int int int
        <, >, <=, >=, =, !=, int int bool
        &, |} bool bool bool
opm {!, bool bool -} int int
```

### Parse Tree of GC Language



### Data Structure

We have used the following data structures in our project:



## Worklist Algorithm for MFP

▶ The worklist algorithm used for MFP is given below:

#### algorithm MFP using Worklist

```
 workList ← Ø;

2. for all (l,l') in F do
        workList \leftarrow (l, l') :: workList;
4. endfor
5. for all lin E do
        if (l \in E) then
           Analysis[l] = i;
        else
           Analysis[l] = nil;
10. endfor
11. while (workList ≠ nil )do
          (l,l') \leftarrow head(workList);
13.
          workList ← tail(workList);
14.
         if f(Analysis[l]) \not\sqsubseteq Analysis[l'] then
15
             Analysis[l'] = Analysis[l'] \sqcup f(Analysis[l]);
16.
             for all l"with (l', l")in F do
17.
                  workList \leftarrow (l',l'') :: workList;
18.
             endfor
19.
          endif
20. for all lin E do
        MFP_o(l) = Analysis[l];
        MFP_{\bullet}(l) = f(Analysis[l]);
23. endfor
```

### Program Slicing Algorithm

Initialization Phase:

#### algorithmProgramSlicing(programBlocks,labelPOI)

```
    (RDcircle,RDbullet) ← ReachingDefinitions(prgoramBlocks);
    programSlice ← Ø;
    workList ← Ø;
    allGuards ← getAllGuards(labelPOI);
    if (allGuards ≠ nil) then
    for each (g ∈ allGuards) do
    workList ← g ::workList;
    endfor
    else
    workList ← labelPOI ::[];
    endif
```

### Program Slicing Algorithm (cont.)

#### Iteration Phase:

```
12. while workList \neq nil do
13.
       currentLabel ← head(workList):
14.
       workList ← tail(workList);
       programSlice \leftarrow programSlice \cup \{currentLabel\};
15.
16.
       guardLabel ← ifUnderGuard(currentLabel);
        if (guardLabel \neq 0) then
17.
18.
            allGuards \leftarrow getAllGuards(guardLabel);
19.
            for each (a ∈ allGuards) do
                if ((g \neq 0)) and (g \notin workList) and (g \notin programSlice) then
20.
21
                     workList ← g ::workList;
22.
                endif
23.
           endfor
24.
       endif
       for each (x \in freeVariables(currentLabel)) do
25.
26.
            for each (x,lPrime) \in RDcircle(currentLabel) do
27.
                 if ((lprime ≠ 0)and (lprime ∉ workList)
28.
                     and (lprime ∉ programSlice)) then
29.
                          workList ← lPrime :: workList;
30.
                  endif
31.
            endfor
32.
       endfor
33. endwhile
34. return programSlice
```

### Dead Code Elimination Algorithm

#### algorithmDeadCodeElimination(programBlocks, deadCodeLabels)

```
    programCopy ← programBlocks;

    (LVcircle, LVbullet) ← LiveVariables(programCopy);

 tempDeadCodes ← Ø;

 for each label ∈ allLabels(programCopy)do

       if ((killLV(label) \notin LVcircle(label)) and (label \notin deadCodeLabels)) then
             tempDeadCodes \leftarrow tempDeadCodes \cup killLV(label);
6
        endif
8. endfor

 deadCodeLabels ← deadCodeLabels U tempDeadCodes;

 if (tempDeadCodes ≠ Ø)then

       for each label E tempDeadCodes do
11
            programCopy[label] ← skip;
13.
       endfor
       return algorithmDeadCodeElimination(programCopy, deadCodeLabels);
14
15. endif
16. return deadCodeLabels:
```

### Constant Folding Algorithm

#### $algorithm Constant Folding\ (program Blocks)$

```
(CPcircle, CPbullet) ← ConstantPropagation(programBlocks);
   foldedProgram + progra Blocks;
   for each label ∈ allLabels(foldedProgram)do
        currentCPCircle = CPcircle(label):
4.
5.
        listOfConstants \leftarrow getConstants(currentCPCircle);
        currentBlock ← foldedProgram(label);
6.
        if((currentBlock = Assign)or(currentBlock = Guard)or
8.
           (currentBlock = Write)) then
9.
               currentExp ← getExpression(currentBlock);
10.
               modifiedExp \leftarrow substituteConstants(currentExp,listOfConstants);
11.
                if(freeVariables(modifiedExp) = \emptyset)then
                      currentExp \leftarrow evaluateExp(modifiedExp);
12.
13.
                else
14.
                       currentExp \leftarrow modifiedExp;
15.
                endif
                setExpression(foldedProgram(label), currentExp);
16.
17.
         endif
18. endfor
19. return foldedProgram;
```

### Conclusion

- Designed the algorithms for the modules of the project.
- Successfully implemented all the modules of the project problem in F# using Visual Studio 2010.
- Can perform one of the following procedures at a time based on the user input: Programslicing, DeadCodeElimination or ConstantFolding.
- Tested the correctness of our application based on several input programs written in GC Languages.
- Tested our project using the benchmark programs provided by other groups on the Campusnet.

# Thank You.