openMetaAnalysis: PICO Table

Trial	Patients	Intervention	Comparison	Outcome
Svoboda, 2007 Hepatogastroenterology PMID: <u>17523274</u>	abdominal surgery or surgery for multiple trauma	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: not defined Criteria for antibiotic cessation: not defined Other interventions: if severe sepsis with PCT >2 ng/mL, change antibiotics and intravascular devices	Usual care	Primary: • Mortality during hospitalization Secondary: • Duration of ICU stay, and others
Nobre, 2008 Am J Respir Crit Care Med PMID: 18096708 NCT00250666		First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 3 if initial PCT value less than 1 μ g/L, 5 if initial PCT value more than 1 μ g/L Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value decreased over 90% or PCT value lower than 0.25 μ g/L	Usual care	Primary: • Total duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Mortality during hospitalization and at 28 days • Duration of ICU and hospital stay
Schroeder, 2009 Langenbecks Arch Surg PMID: <u>19034493</u>	27 adults with Severe sepsis after surgery and admitted to the surgical ICU • Microbiologically proven infection: 67% • Mean age 68.8 years	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 1 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT less than 1 ng/mL or declined more than 25% to 35% of the initial concentration within 3 days	Usual care	Primary: • Total duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Others
Hochreiter, 2009 Crit Care PMID: 19493352 ISRCTN10288268	110 adults with Sepsis (confirmed or highly suspected bacterial infection and at least two concomitant SIRS criteria) patients admitted to the surgical ICU • Microbiologically proven infection: not reported • Mean age 66.9 years	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 1 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT less than 1 ng/mL or declined more than 25% to 35% of the initial concentration within 3 days	Standard regimen of antibiotics over 8 days	Primary: • Total duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Mortality at 90 days • Duration of ICU stay, and others
Layios, 2012 Crit Care Med PMID: <u>22809906</u>		First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 0 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value lower than 0.5 µg/L	Usual care	Primary: • Antibiotic consumption days Secondary: • Mortality in intensive care • Others
Annane, 2013 BMJ Open PMID: <u>23418298</u> NCT01025180	62 adults with non-microbiologically proven apparent severe sepsis admitted to the ICU • Microbiologically proven infection: 0% • Mean age 56.5 years	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 3 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value lower than 0.5 μ g/L for patients admitted to the medical ICU or lower than 9 μ g/L for patients admitted to surgical ICU (less than 4% of patients)	Usual care	Primary: • Proportion of patients receiving antibiotics at day 5 Secondary: • Mortality at 5 days, at ICU discharge, and at hospital discharge, total number of days on antimicrobial therapy, duration of ICU and hospital stay, and others
Oliveira, 2013	94 adults with Severe sepsis or septic	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 4 if initial PCT	Protocol based on the	Primary:

	shock admitted to the ICU • Microbiologically proven infection: 46%. Bllod cultures positive in 21% • Mean age 59.6 years	value less than 1 $\mu g/L$, 5 if initial PCT value more than 1 $\mu g/L$ Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value decreased over 90% if initial PCT value more than 1 $\mu g/L$ or PCT value lower than 0.1 $\mu g/L$ if initial PCT value less than 1 $\mu g/L$ or after 7 days of antibiotic therapy	serum levels of CRP	Duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: Total number of days on antimicrobial therapy, duration of ICU and hospital stay, • Mortality during hospitalization and at 28 days Others
Zhonghua Wei Zhong Bing Ji Jiu Yi Xue	ICU	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 1 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value decreased over 90% or PCT value lower than 0.25 µg/L	Usual care	Primary: • Duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Duration of ICU and hospital stay • Mortality at 28 days • Others
	septic shock admitted to the ICU • Microbiologically proven infection: 100% • Mean age 65.1 years	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 5 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value decreased over 90% or PCT value lower than 0.5 µg/L	Usual care	Primary: • Duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Mortality during intensive care or hospitalization • Duration of ICU stay
Dharaniyadewi, 2013 PMCID: PMC3952512	197 adults with sepsisMean age 50 yearsSevere sepsis or septic shock 44%	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: not specified Criteria for antibiotic cessation: not specified. Semi- quantitative assay was used	Usual care	Primary: • Mortality at 14 days Secondary: • Speed and appropriateness of antibiotics
Group), 2014 Am J Respir Crit Care Med	394 adults with suspected sepsis (bacterial infection with SIRS) admitted to the ICU • Microbiologically proven infection: 61% • Mean age 64.4 years	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 1 Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value decreased over 90% or PCT value lower than 0.25 $\mu g/L$	Usual care	Primary: • Duration of antimicrobial therapy at 28 days, hospital discharge, or death, whichever came first Secondary: • Duration of ICU and hospital stay • Mortality at 90 days, and others
Acta Med Iran PMID: <u>26553084</u>	60 adults with SIRS criteria but no initial source of infection who were admitted to the ICU. Proportion with eventual sepsis or suspected infection not reported. • Mean age 40.45 years • Microbiologically proven infection: not reported, but blood cultures positive in 35%	Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value lower than	Usual care	Primary: • Duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Early mortality, and others
PMID: <u>26947523</u> NCT01139489	1575 adults with critical illness admitted to the ICU with sepsis (per de Jong's Table 1, all had sepsis) • Microbiologically proven infection: not reported, but 'Unknown focus' was 9% • Mean age 65 years	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 1 Criteria for antibiotic Cessation: PCT value decreased over 80% or PCT value lower than 0.5 µg/L	Usual care	Primary: • Duration of antimicrobial therapy Secondary: • Duration of ICU and hospital stay • Mortality at 28 days and 1 year • Others

Bloos, 2015	1089 adults with severe sepsis or septic	First day antibiotic cessation allowed: 7	Usual care	Primary:
JAMA Intern Med	shock admitted to the ICU	Criteria for antibiotic cessation: PCT value decreased		 Mortality at 28 days
PMID: <u>27428731</u>	Mean age 65.7 years	over 50% or PCT value lower than 1 μg/L		Secondary:
NCT00832039				Duration of ICU and hospital
				stay, duration of antimicrobial
				therapy
				Mortality at 90 days
				• Others
Trial	Patients	Intervention	Comparison	Outcome
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