

**ORACLE®**

# Oracle Digital Assistant

## The Complete Training

Domain Knowledge

# Safe Harbor Statement

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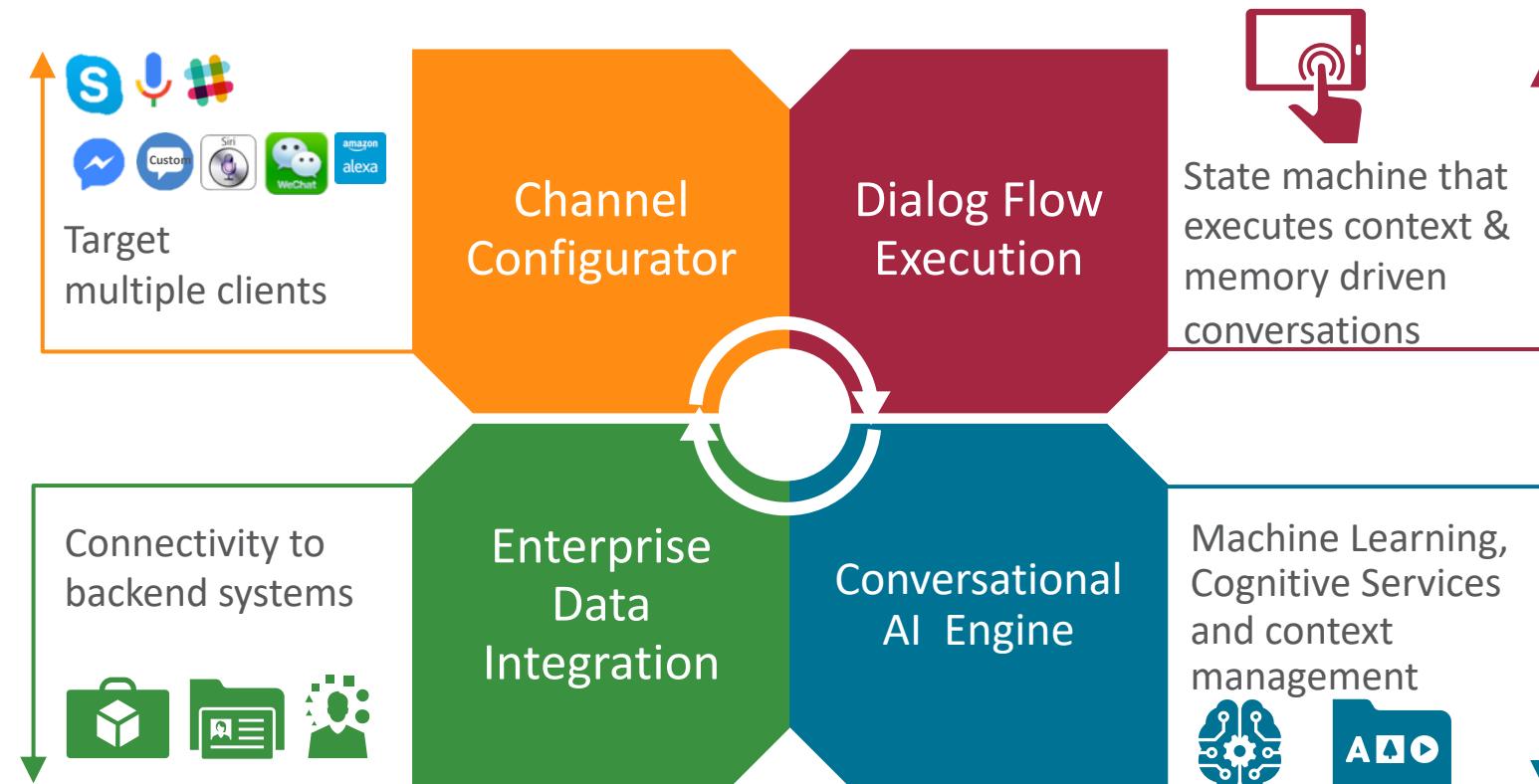
# Program agenda

- 1 ➤ Chatbot key components
- 2 ➤ Understanding the terminology of chatbots
- 3 ➤ Introducing skills
- 4 ➤ Introducing digital assistant and routing

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# Chatbot components



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# Chatbot terminology - intents

Intent

Derived from customer input

What does the user want?

How is this mapped to action?

Check Balance

Transfer Money

Track Spending

“How much money do I have in my checking account?”

# Chatbot terminology - intents

Intent

Derived from customer input

What does the user want?

How is this mapped to action?

Check Balance

Transfer Money

Track Spending

“What is my current bank balance?”

# Chatbot terminology - intents

Intent

Derived from customer input

What does the user want?

How is this mapped to action?

Check Balance

Transfer Money

Track Spending

“How much did I spent in the Apple store last month?”

# Chatbot terminology - utterances

Utterances

Typical statements

“Sample data” for an intent

Not exact string matching

Machine learning

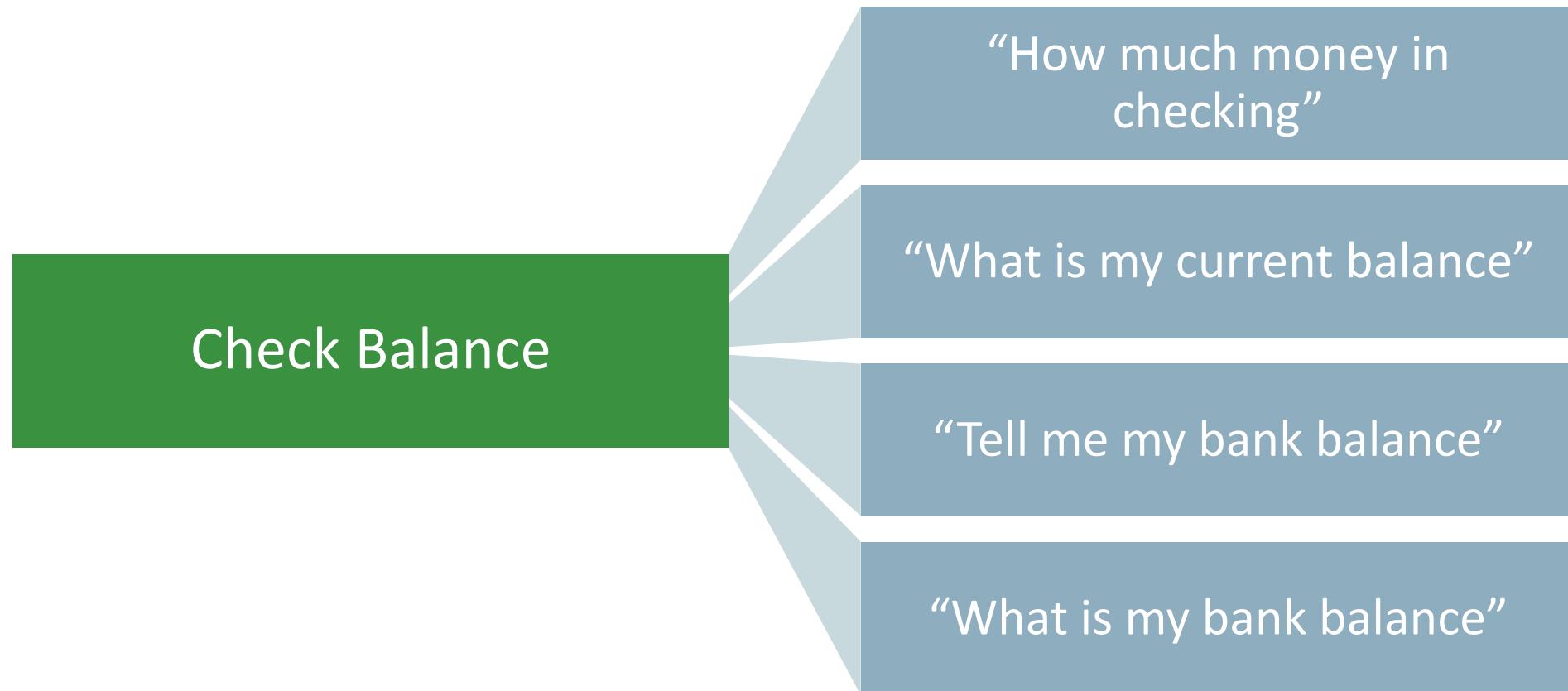
Need good pool for utterances

Check Balance

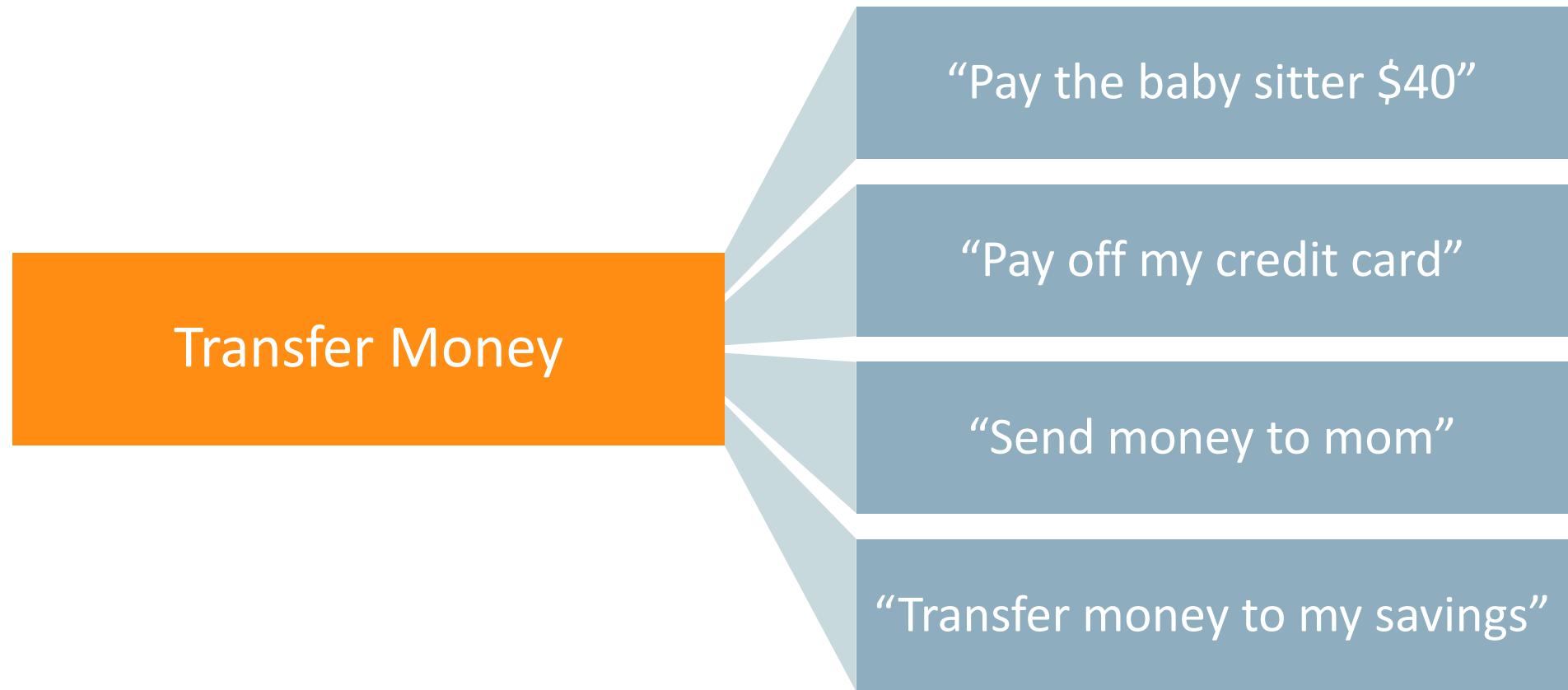
Transfer Money

Track Spending

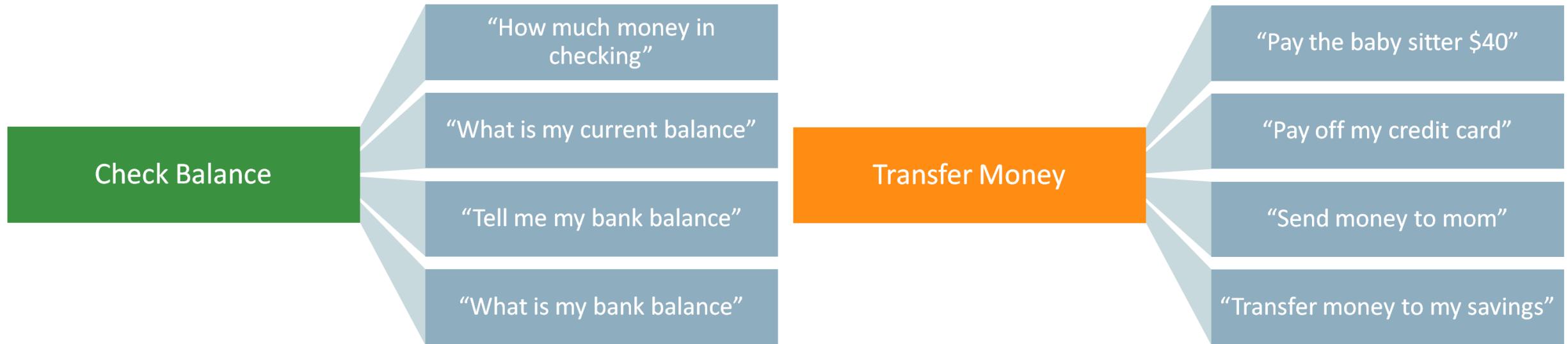
# Populating intents with example utterances



# Populating intents with example utterances

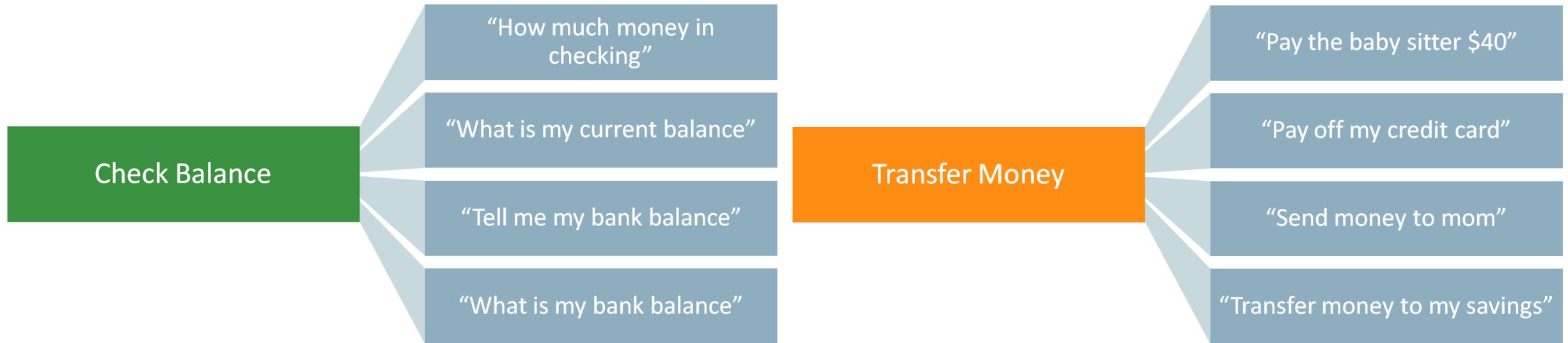


# Populating intents with example utterances



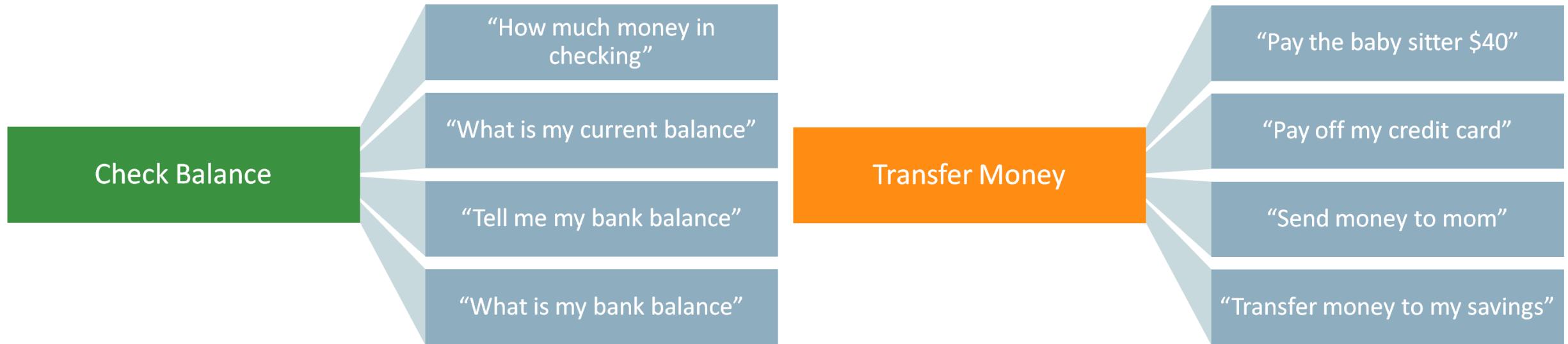
“What’s my current balance”

# Populating intents with example utterances



“Pay money to my credit card”

# Populating intents with example utterances



“Bank toast balance jam”

# Chatbot terminology - entities

Entity

Variable/parameter for intent

Important word in an input

Adds relevance to intent

Possibly maps to domain object

Check Balance  
Entity: AccountType

Checking

Savings

Credit Card

“How much money do I have in my checking account?”

# Chatbot terminology - entities

Entity

Variable/parameter for intent

Important word in an input

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Check Balance  
Entity: AccountType

Checking

Savings

Credit Card

“How much money do I have in my **checking** account?”

# Chatbot terminology - entities

Entity

Variable/parameter for intent

Important word in an input

Adds relevance to intent

Possibly maps to domain object

Check Balance  
Entity: AccountType

Checking

Savings

Credit Card

“What’s my **savings** balance?”

# Chatbot terminology - entities

Entity

Variable/parameter for intent

Important word in an input

Adds relevance to intent

Possibly maps to domain object

Transfer Money  
Entity: ToAccount

Mom

Baby sitter

Savings

Credit Card

“Transfer money to Mom?”

# Chatbot terminology - entities

Entity

Variable/parameter for intent

Important word in an input

Adds relevance to intent

Built-in/standard entities

Transfer Money  
Built-in Entity

Date

Currency

# Chatbot terminology - entities

Entity

Variable/parameter for intent

Important word in an input

Adds relevance to intent

Built-in/standard entities

Transfer Money  
Built-in Entity

Date

Currency

“Transfer \$50 to savings tomorrow”

# Chatbot terminology – machine learning/NLP

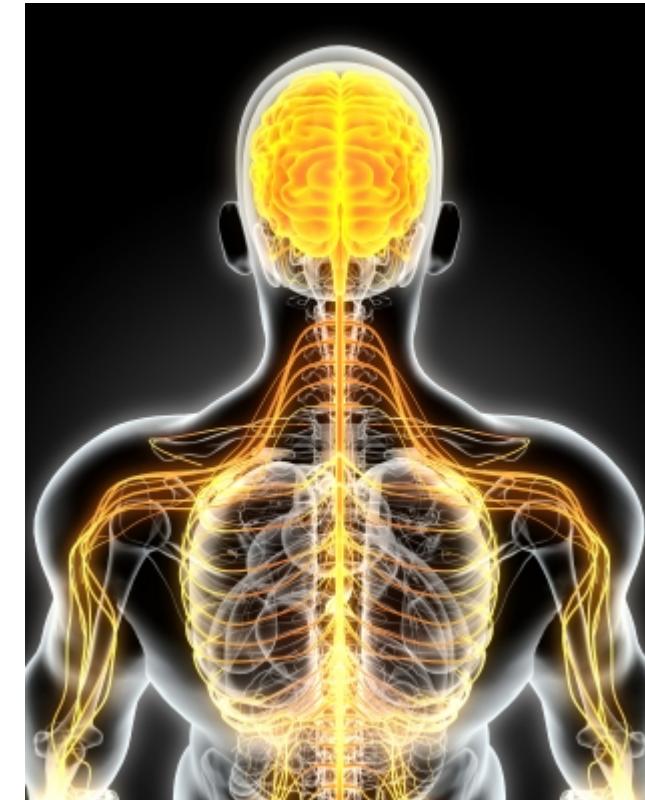
Machine learning/NLP

Language independent ML

NLP for added accuracy

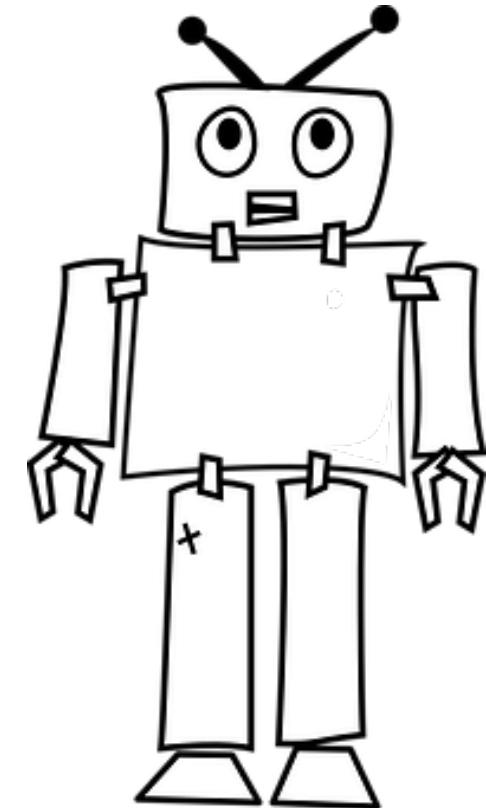
Natural language processing

Prediction based on utterances



*Image courtesy of yodiyim at FreeDigitalPhotos.net*

**Chatbot or apprentice?** In the beginning  
there is little difference



# Two primary training models

- However, things are evolving as we add new and improved model capabilities
- Trainer Ht
  - Fast & best suited for small set of utterances
  - Good for new development
  - Rules based
- Trainer Tm
  - Thrives on more and more data
  - Higher accuracy when trained with enough data
  - Already trained on “knowledge” of English language

# Guidelines for defining utterances for machine learning

## Trainer Ht

- Good for getting started, more predictable with smaller data set
  - Specify Intents that can be disambiguated clearly via utterances
  - Unique, (semantically) related sentences are great
    - Ex: “Pay the babysitter”, “Send money to mom”
  - Aim for one to two dozen high quality utterances an intent
  - Define entities to help intent resolution
  - Weight intents using short phrases with key differentiating words
- Avoid at all costs!
  - “do {word}” and “do {opposite word}” in the opposite intent

# Guidelines for defining utterances for machine learning

## Trainer Tm

- Longer to train and thrives on more and more data
  - Less accurate with small corpus, much more accurate with larger corpus
- Generally use “undiluted” real customer phrases
  - Use enough of these and the machine “learns” how customers really interact
  - Obviously you should remove any malicious/fake input
- Training the bot should be an iterative and on-going process with new data
- Tm is the best long term model for production chatbots

# Chatbot terminology – dialog flow

Dialog flow

Manages conversation flow

State and context

What to do based on an input

Dialog Flow Execution



State machine that executes context & memory driven conversations

```
metadata:  
  platformVersion: "1.0"  
main: true  
name: "FinancialBotMainFlow"  
context:  
  variables:  
    accountType: "AccountType"  
    txType: "TransactionType"  
    txnSelector: "TransactionSelector"  
    toAccount: "ToAccount"  
    spendingCategory: "TrackSpendingCategory"  
    paymentAmount: "CURRENCY"  
    iResult: "nlpresult"  
    iResult2: "nlpresult"  
    transaction: "string"  
    dispute: "string"  
    amount: "string"  
    merchant: "string"  
    date: "string"  
    description: "string"  
states:  
  intent:  
    component: "System.Intent"  
    properties:  
      variable: "iResult"  
      confidenceThreshold: 0.4  
    transitions:  
      actions:  
        Balances: "startBalances"  
        Transactions: "startTxns"  
        Send Money: "startPayments"  
        Track Spending: "startTrackSpending"  
        Dispute: "setDate"  
        unresolvedIntent: "unresolved"  
  startBalances:  
    component: "System.SetVariable"  
    properties:  
      variable: "accountType"  
      value: "${iResult.value.entityMatches['Acc  
transitions: {}
```

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# What are skills?

- Skills are *individual chatbots* that are designed to interact with users and *fulfill specific tasks*, such as ordering food, making reservations, and changing contact information
- Each skill helps a user complete a task through a combination of text messages and simple UI elements like select lists

# The benefits of skills

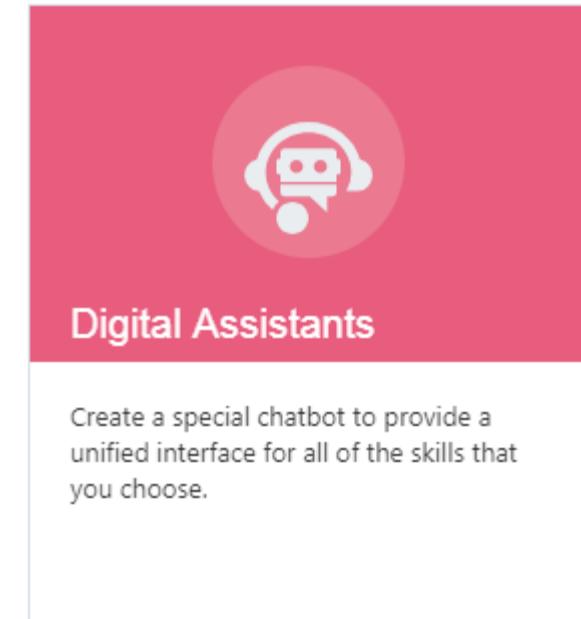
- Each skill can focus exclusively on its own domain
  - Improves intent classification within each skill
  - Modularizes functions and enables incremental development
  - Simplifies versioning and lifecycle management
- Dramatically simplifies dialog flow development
  - Conversational Designers need not worry about (and design for) skill disambiguation
  - Built-in Digital Assistant skills reduces code in each individual skill
- Improves non-sequitur/off topic handling
- Enables segmented authorization

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# What is a digital assistant?

- An AI-driven collection of skills
- Advantages
  - Assemble based on developed skills or from skill store
  - Automatically matches user input to most appropriate skill
  - Greets the user on access
  - Upon request, lists what skills and use cases it supports
  - Handles interruptions to flows
  - Handles disambiguation
  - Explicit invocation
  - Exit and help requests



# What is routing?

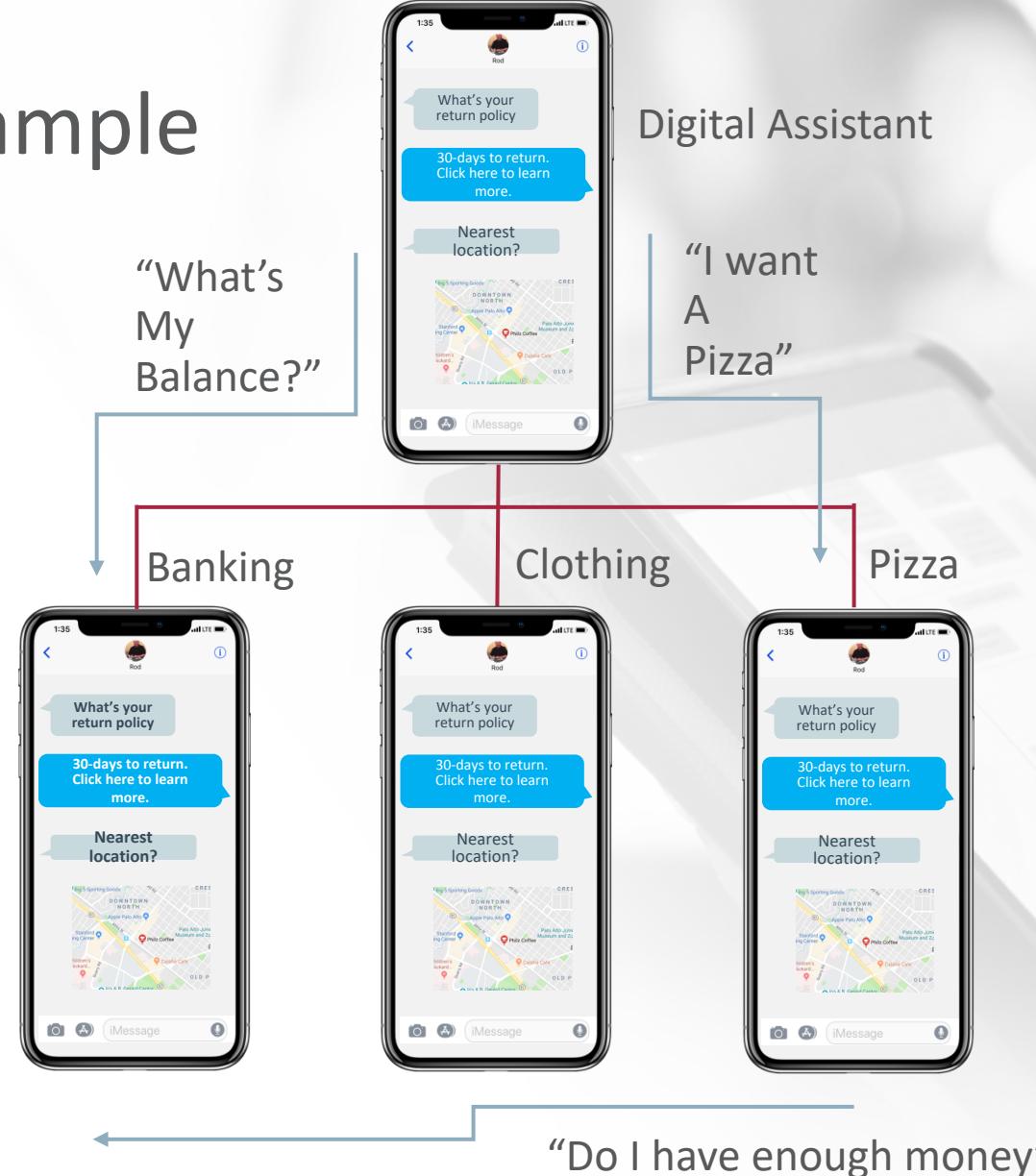
- A key aspect of Oracle Digital Assistant
  - Enables richer, more human-like interactions
- A “conversational air traffic control”
  - Controls the overall “flow” of a conversation between and within skills
  - Necessary for the orchestration of skillbots



# Skill routing example

Digital Assistant routes requests to the right skill bots:

- Explicit routing – “Ask Banking Bot my savings balance”
- Implicit routing – “What’s my savings balance?”



## Digital Assistant

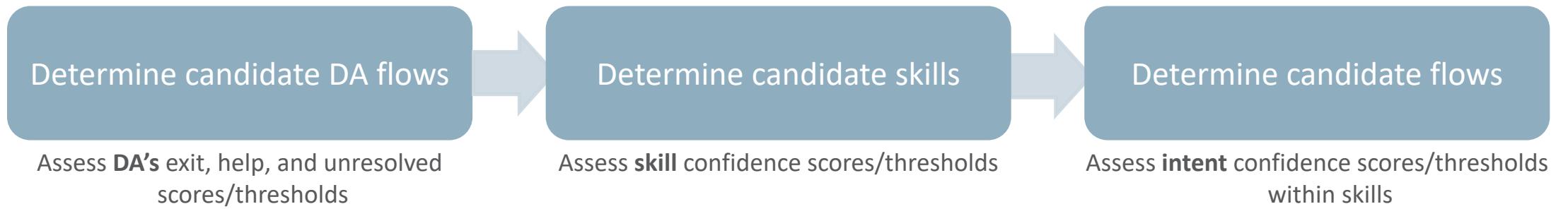
### Skill benefits:

- Modularize functions
- Enable incremental development
- Simplify code management
- Improve non sequitur handling
- Simplify versioning and LCM
- Enable segmented authorization

# The digital assistant routing model – what it does

- The Digital Assistant evaluates each input (user utterance) to determine “where it belongs” and thus decides how to respond
- The options for routing an input are:
  - To a built-in Digital Assistant intent
  - To a new skill
  - To a different intent (state) within the current skill

# The base routing model layers



- *NOTE: There are special cases that impact the base routing model. (We'll cover them shortly)*

# Integrated Cloud Applications & Platform Services

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