P1

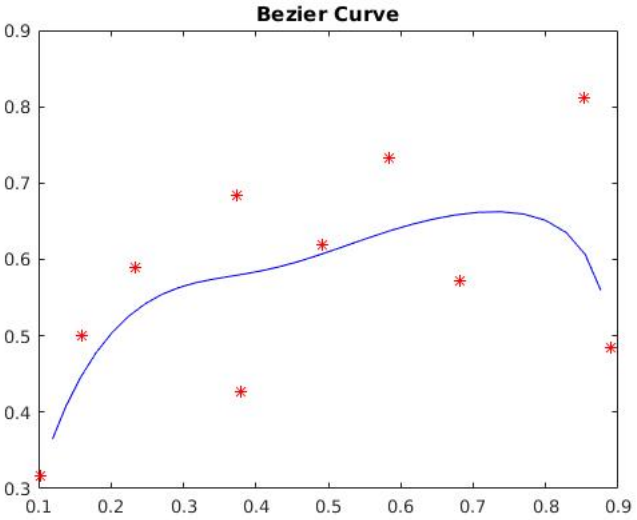
(1) The plots a cubic spline specified by a sequence of de Boor controls points from the user. The user presses enter to indicate all the desired points have been selected.

P2

(2) The *drawDE.m* uses the de Casteljau subdivision method and yields a polygonal line which approximates *Bezier curve*. The variable n is the number of iterations and t is the size of the subdivision. The user presses enter to indicate all the desired points have been selected.
For example if we input $n = 5$, $t = \frac{1}{2}$ and a series points through screen:

```
n = 5;
t = 1/2;
%% User input of the data
[x,y] = ginput();
d = [x,y]; % d(i,:) i = 1,2,.. represents a point
d = sortrows(d); % sort our data
%% Run the subdivision and draw curve
b = calculateDE(d, n, t);
% calculate the points used to draw the curve
b = sortrows(b); % sort our data
plot(d(:,1), d(:,2), 'r*'); % draw the input data d
hold on;
plot(b(:,1), b(:,2), 'b-') % draw our curve
title('Bezier Curve')
```

Then we can get the graph:


Bezier Curve
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.1
0.2
0.3
0.4
0.5
0.6
0.7
0.8
0.9