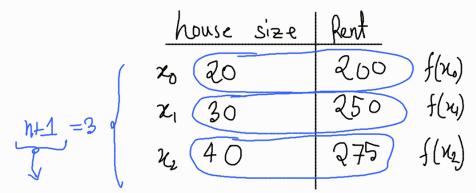
Polynomial Interpolation



$$P_n(x) = P_2(x) = a_0 x^0 + a_1 x^1 + a_2 x^2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{1} & x_0 & x_0^2 & \dots & x_0^n \\ \mathbf{1} & x_1 & x_1^2 & \dots & x_1^n \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{1} & x_n & x_n^2 & \dots & x_n^n \end{bmatrix}$$

Vandermond Matrix James Som

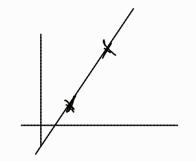
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$$(\mathcal{H}) = 3$$
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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1^{\circ} & 1^{1} & 1^{2} \\ 2^{\circ} & 2^{1} & 2^{2} \\ 3^{\circ} & 3^{1} & 3^{2} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{\circ} \\ \alpha_{1} \\ \alpha_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 40 \\ 50 \\ 55 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $X \cdot A = Y$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad X \cdot A = Y$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad A = X^{-1} Y$$



$$P(\kappa) = \alpha_0 \kappa^0 + \alpha_1 \kappa^1$$

$$\begin{cases} P_1(15) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 \cdot 15 = 362.8 \\ P_2(20) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 \cdot 20 = 517.3 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} \alpha_{0} \\ \alpha_{1} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 15 \\ 1 & 20 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 362.8 \\ 517.3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{def(A)} \begin{bmatrix} d - b \\ -e & \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ e & d \end{vmatrix} \quad A^{-1} \neq dAA$$

$$def(A) = ad - be \neq 0$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{def(A)} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -e & \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{20 - 15} \begin{bmatrix} 20 & -15 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 362.8 \\ 517.3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -100.85 \\ 30.91 \end{bmatrix}$$

Example: Given the time and velocity v(t), And an interpolating Polynomial of velocity that goes through the datapoints using Vandermond Matrix. Also, find the approx. value of acceleration at Time t = 7 second.

$$P_{2}(x) = \alpha_{0}x^{6} + \alpha_{1}x^{1} + \alpha_{2}x^{2}$$

$$X A = Y$$

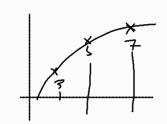
$$\begin{vmatrix} 3^{6} & 3^{1} & 3^{2} \\ 5^{6} & 5^{1} & 5^{2} \\ 7^{6} & 7^{1} & 7^{2} \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \alpha_{0} \\ \alpha_{1} \\ \alpha_{2} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 11 \\ 26 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \alpha_{0} \\ 3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} a_{1} \\ a_{2} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 9 & -1 & |1| \\ 1 & 5 & 25 & |2| \\ 1 & 7 & 49 & |2| \end{vmatrix}$$

Jusing calculator

$$\begin{vmatrix} \alpha_0 \\ \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} -4 \\ 5.5392 \\ -0.17 \end{vmatrix}$$



$$P_3(n) = -4 + 5.5392 \times -0.17 \times^2$$

Accilaration =
$$\frac{d}{dx} (P_2(x)) = 5.5392 - 2*0.17x$$

= $5.5392 - 2*0.17 \times 7$
= 3.1592 ms⁻²