Contents

Classification		1
Management		1
Identification		2
Anaylisis		2
Risk Exposure		2
Priotise		2
Planning		3
Leverage		3
Magae your risk		3
Classification		
Knowledge Availablity	Example	
Known knowns	Too many features, too little time, too few resource	es
Unknown unkowns	Have we captured all the requirements?	

Management

Unknown unknowns

Processes Involved	What it does
Risk identification	List precisely all the risk events possible in a project
Risk analysis	Define probablity of occurence, potential for loss
Risk planning	Preventive measures to reduce likelihood or impact of risk event
Risk monitoring	Match measures to re-calculated probabilities

Technologyical, environmental, political

Identification

Spontaneous and sporadic risk identification is usually not enough. Some techniques to systematically elicit risks:

- Team meeting
- Comparison with past projects
- Decomposition
- \bullet Checklist/taxonomies

Try and list risks using the condition-transition-consequence forat

Given hat <condition> then there is a concern that 9possibly0 <transition> could <consequence>

Anaylisis

Transform the identifies risks into decision-making format How to decide what to ignore?

Risk Exposure

- Calculate the Risk-Exposure by multiplying the probability and imact
- Exposure = Probability * Impact

Priotise

- All risks are not created equal
 - Sort by exposure
- Define a cut-off line
 - Only risks above the line are attended to
 - The rest 8stay in the table8 and are monitored

Planning

- Information Buying: Throw array prototype to check out new technology
- Contigency Plan: Agree on action to take, is certain event happens
- Risk Reduction: Change budget/resource/feature to reduce risk
- Risk Acceptance: Consciously choose to live with consequences of risk

Mitigation activities to eliinate or resolve risk events:

- Risk avoidance: Given a choice between two alternatives, choose the less risky one
- Risk protection: Protect against data loss through redundancy checksumming

Leverage

'Risk Leverage = (exposure before mitigation - exposure after mitigation) / cost of mitigation

Magae your risk

- Continually review requirements against what you're doing
- Prioritise risk avoidance/amelioration in your task-list
- Be willing to modify your project plan