

## Q-Grammars

Q-Grammars have the following properties:

- The right-hand side of each production is either  $\epsilon$  (empty), or it begins with a terminal symbol
- Productions for the same left-hand side nonterminal symbol have disjoint selection sets

FOLLOW and SELECT sets

Given a context-free grammar with starting symbol  $\langle S \rangle$  and a nonterminal  $\langle X \rangle$ ,  $\text{FOLLOW}(\langle X \rangle)$  is the set of terminal symbols that can immediately follow an  $\langle X \rangle$  in any intermediate string derivable from  $\langle S \rangle$ .

$\text{SELECT}(\langle P \rangle)$ , the selection set for production  $\langle P \rangle$ , defines the inputs for which a pushdown control must apply production  $\langle P \rangle$ .

For productions of the form  $\langle A \rangle \rightarrow a \alpha$ , where 'a' is a terminal symbol and  $\alpha$  is a string of terminal and nonterminal symbols

$$\text{SELECT}(\langle A \rangle \rightarrow a \alpha) = \{ a \}$$

and for productions of the form  $\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon$

$$\text{SELECT}(\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon) = \text{FOLLOW}(\langle A \rangle)$$