



1. Snapshot creates a logical copy of the data ,after application is frozen for a very short period

2.A write request to the original copy of the data results in a write of the original data in the snapshot disk area before original copy is overwritten

3.A read into the logical copy is redirected to the original copy,if the data is not modified

4.A request into the logical copy of the data that's modified is satisfied from the snapshot disk area.