

Design TCP iterative client and server application to reverse given input word/sentence

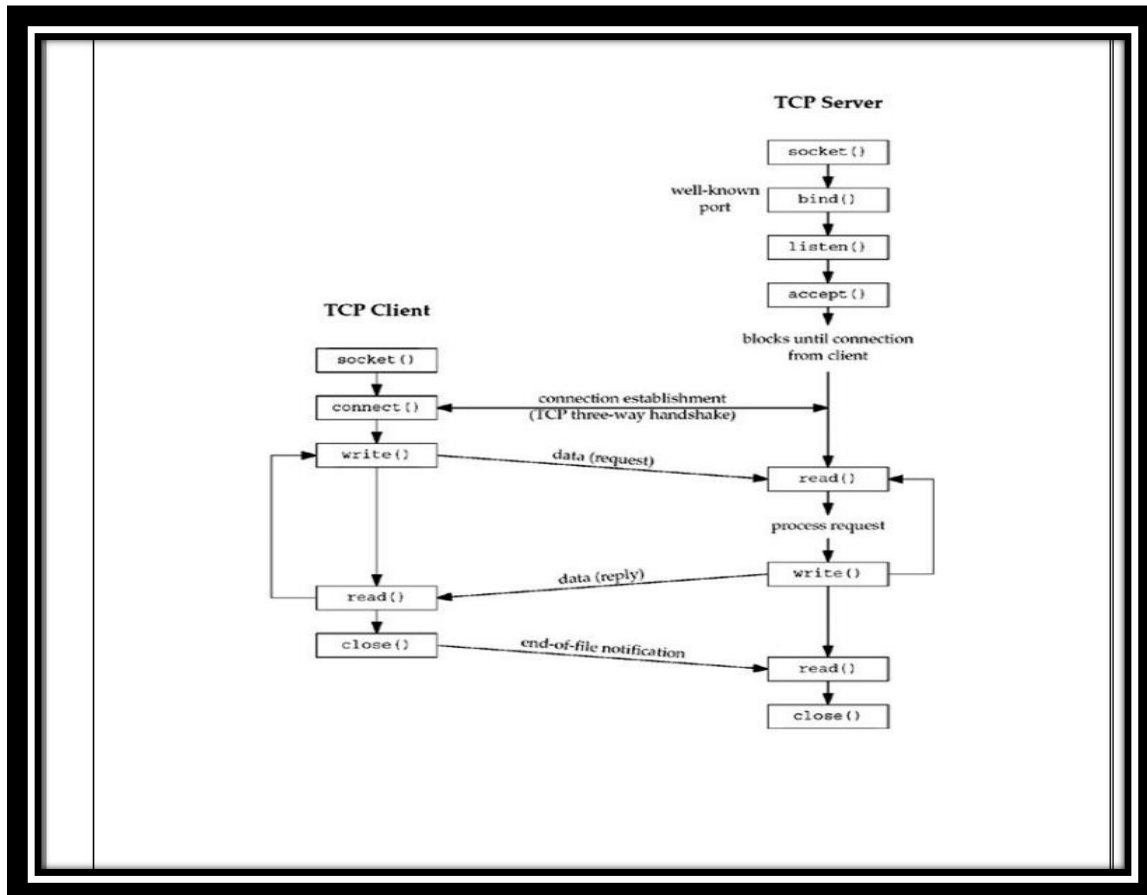
TCP:

The Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) is a core protocol of the Internet Protocol Suite. It originated in the initial network implementation in which it complemented the Internet Protocol (IP).

NETWORK FUNCTION:

- The Transmission Control Protocol provides a communication service at an intermediate level between an application program and the Internet Protocol.
- It provides host-to-host connectivity at the Transport Layer of the Internet model. An application does not need to know the particular mechanisms for sending data via a link to another host, such as the required packet fragmentation on the transmission medium.

WORKING OF TCP:



DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONS:

- Socket function: `#include int socket int family, int type, int protocol);`
- Connect function: The connect function is used by a TCP client to establish a connection with a TCP server.
- Bind function: The bind function assigns a local protocol address to a socket.
- Close function: The normal UNIX close function is also used to close a socket and terminate a TCP connection.
- Listen function: The second argument to this function specifies the maximum number of connection that the kernel should queue for this socket.
- Accept function: The cliaddr and addrlen argument are used to return the protocol address of the connected peer processes (client).

SOCKET COMMUNICATION:

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ITERATIVE SERVER AND CONCURRENT SERVER:

| ITERATIVE SERVER | CONCURRENT SERVER |
|---|---|
| 1. It process one request at a time | 1. It can process multiple request at a time. |
| 2. It doesn't use resources in an efficient manner | 2. It uses resources in an efficient manner |
| 3. Used when requests are guaranteed to be completed within a small amount of time. | 3. Used in most cases where the time taken to complete a request cannot be limited. |
| 4. Less complex. | 4. More complex |
| 5. It is easy to build & implement. | 5. It is difficult to design & build. |

CODE:

- **CLIENT**

```
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;

class Client
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try
        {
            Socket skt = new Socket("localhost", 1234);
```

```

        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));

        DataOutputStream outToServer = new
DataOutputStream(skt.getOutputStream());

        BufferedReader inFromServer = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(skt.getInputStream()));

        String sentence = br.readLine();

        outToServer.writeBytes(sentence + '\n');

        System.out.print("Received string: ");

        while (!inFromServer.ready()) { }

        System.out.println(inFromServer.readLine()); // Read one line and output it

        System.out.print("\n");

        br.close();

    }

    catch(Exception e) {

        System.out.print("Whoops! It didn't work!\n");

    }

}

}

```

- **SERVER:**

```

import java.lang.*;

import java.io.*;

import java.net.*;

import java.util.*;

```

```

class Server40

```

```

{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try {
            ServerSocket srvr = new ServerSocket(1234);

            Socket skt = srvr.accept();

            BufferedReader inFromClient = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(skt.getInputStream()));

            DataOutputStream outToClient = new DataOutputStream(skt.getOutputStream());

            String clientSentence = inFromClient.readLine();

            System.out.print("Server has connected!\n");

            String original=clientSentence, reverse = "";

            System.out.println("Original String:"+original);

            Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

            int length = original.length();

            for ( int i = length - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i-- )
            {
                reverse = reverse + original.charAt(i);
            }

            System.out.println("Reverse of the string is:"+reverse);

            PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(skt.getOutputStream(), true);

            System.out.print("Sending string: " + reverse+ "\n");

```

```
        out.print(reverse);

        out.close();

        skt.close();

        srvr.close();
    }

    catch(Exception e)

    {

        System.out.print("Whoops! It didn't work!\n");

    }

}

}
```

OUTPUT:

SERVER SIDE OUTPUT

```
C:\Windows\system32\CMD.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7600.1
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Admin>cd desktop
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>javac Server40.java
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>java Server40
Server has connected!
Original String:HELLO
Reverse of the string is:OLLEH
Sending string: 'OLLEH'
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>Nnvgfxvgv_
```

CLIENT SIDE OUTPUT

```
C:\Windows\system32\CMD.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7600]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Admin>cd desktop
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>javac Client.java
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>java Client
HELLO
Received string: 'OLLEH'
C:\Users\Admin\Desktop>_
```