# Solution to Attribute-Based Assignment Problems A Primer to the University Timetabling Problem

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## The Nature of Attributes

#### Definition

An Attribute is any characteristic of a group of objects that can serve as a basis for classification

- Age
- State of Origin
- Courses offered in current Semester
- Body mass
- O'Level Results
- etc...





## **Partitions**

#### Definition

A Partition, is a classification of objects based on an <u>ideal value</u> of one or more attributes

- Teens, Young Adults,... (based on the Age attribute of objects)
- Hausa, Igbo, Yoruba,... (based on the State of Origin attribute)
- etc...





## Constraints

#### Definition

A Constraint function,  $\mu$ , matches the <u>Ideal value</u> of a partition,  $p_i$ , to the attribute value of an object,  $u_i$ , and assigns a membership value viz:

$$\mu(p_i,u_j)\mapsto [0,1]$$
  $i,j\in \mathbf{Z}$ 





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$$\mu(p_i, u_j) \mapsto [0, 1]$$
  $i, j \in \mathbf{Z}$ 

#### Example

NYSC: No student should be posted to their State of Origin.

ANALYSIS: Students should be posted as far as possible from their

States of Origin

ATTRIBUTE: The distance of each state from a common point





## Classes of Constraints

#### Definition

- Binary Constraints assign a membership value  $v \in \{0,1\}$  to each object
- Continuous Constraints assign a membership value  $v \in [0,1]$  to each object

#### Definition

- Inclusion Constraints admit objects based on proximity to the ideal value
- Exclusion Constraints admit objects based on distance from the ideal value





# The NYSC Posting Problem

Given a number of graduates, we seek to post them to Service States under the following constraints:

- No students should be posted to their State of Origin
- No students should be posted to their States of study
- The maximum capacity of each state must not be exceeded
- All students should be assigned





# The States - Partitions

Serial	State	Capacity
1	Osun State	3
2	Kwara State	2
3	Enugu State	1
4	Akwa-Ibom State	5
5	Kano State	1





# The Graduates - Objects

Serial	Name	State of Origin	University	
$u_1$	GR01	Kwara(2)	OAU(1)	
<i>u</i> <sub>2</sub>	GR02	Kwara(2)	BUK(5)	
и3	GR03	Kwara(2)	NSUKKA(3)	
и4	GR04	Kwara(2)	UNILORIN(2)	
и <sub>5</sub>	GR05	Akwa-Ibom(4)	OAU(1)	
и <sub>6</sub>	GR06	Akwa-Ibom(4)	BUK(5)	
и <sub>7</sub>	GR07	Akwa-Ibom(4)	NSUKKA(3)	
:	:	i:	i.	
u <sub>16</sub>	GR16	Kano(5)	AKSU(4)	
:	:	i:	i.	
u <sub>20</sub>	GR20	Enugu(3)	AKSU(4)	





# Constraint A, $\mu_A$ : $u \mapsto [0, 1]$

Constraint A,  $\mu_A$ : No student should be posted to their State of Origin

#### Illustration

$$\mu_{A_j}(u_i) = \frac{(j - s_A(u_i))^2}{1 + (j - s_A(u_i))^2}$$

$$\mu_{A_1}(u_1) = \frac{(1 - s_A(u_1))^2}{1 + (1 - s_A(u_1))^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1 - 2)^2}{1 + (1 - 2)^2}$$

$$= 0.5$$





# Constraint B, $\mu_B: u \mapsto [0,1]$

Constraint B,  $\mu_B$ : No student should be posted to their State of studies

#### Illustration

$$\mu_{B_j}(u_i) = \frac{(j - s_B(u_i))^2}{1 + (j - s_B(u_i))^2}$$

$$\mu_{B_1}(u_1) = \frac{(1 - s_B(u_1))^2}{1 + (1 - s_B(u_1))^2}$$

$$= \frac{(1 - 1)^2}{1 + (1 - 1)^2}$$

$$= 0$$
.





# The Solution

Name	S. of Origin	University	Posting	Membership
GR06	Akwa-Ibom	BUK, Kano	Osun	85%
GR16	Kano	AKSU, Akwa-Ibom	Osun	84%
GR04	Kwara	UNILORIN, Kwara	Akwa-Ibom	64%
GR01	Kwara	OAU, Osun	Akwa-Ibom	45%
GR03	Kwara	NSUKKA, Enugu	Kano	88%
GR05	Akwa-Ibom	OAU, Osun	Kano	47%
GR07	Akwa-Ibom	NSUKKA, Enugu	Kano	45%
GR20	Enugu	AKSU, Akwa-Ibom	Kano	40%
:	:	i:	:	:





## The Presentation

Thank You!



