

Policy Document

Introduction

This example demonstrates the `@template` directive. Unlike `@include` which uses file paths, templates are defined in config and referenced by name.

How It Works

1. Define templates in your config file:

```
templates:  
  legal: path/to/legal-footer.md  
  approval: path/to/approval-block.md
```

2. Use them by name in your markdown:

Terms and Conditions

By reading this document, you agree to our standard terms of service. All information herein is provided "as-is" without warranty of any kind. For full terms, visit www.acme.example.com/terms.

Copyright 2024 Acme Corporation. All rights reserved.

Approval

| Role | Name | Signature | Date |
|----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Author | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| Reviewer | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| Approver | _____ | _____ | _____ |

Benefits Over @include

- Centralized management:** Template paths defined once in config
- Cleaner markdown:** Short names instead of full paths
- Easy to swap:** Change template path in config, all documents update
- Portable:** Documents work regardless of directory structure

@template vs @include

| Feature | @include | @template |
|------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Path type | File path | Name from config |
| Defined in | Markdown file | Config file |
| Best for | One-off includes | Reusable org-wide templates |

Document Content

This is where your actual document content would go...

Approval

| Role | Name | Signature | Date |
|----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Author | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| Reviewer | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| Approver | _____ | _____ | _____ |

Terms and Conditions

By reading this document, you agree to our standard terms of service. All information herein is provided "as-is" without warranty of any kind. For full terms, visit www.acme.example.com/terms.

Copyright 2024 Acme Corporation. All rights reserved.