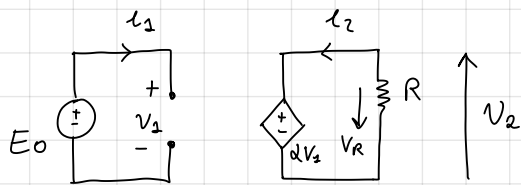


Gen Con - ATTIVO



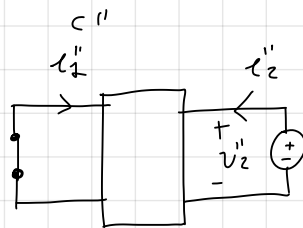
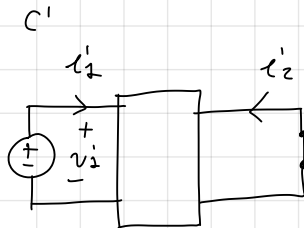
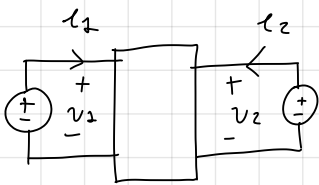
$$RC: \begin{cases} i_1 = 0 \\ v_2 = \alpha v_1 \end{cases} \leadsto \begin{pmatrix} i_1 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ i_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow P(t) = v_1(t) i_1(t) + v_2(t) i_2(t)$$

$$\rightarrow P(t) = \alpha v_1 \cdot i_2 \quad \text{ma} \quad V = R \cdot i \Rightarrow v_2 = -R \cdot i_2 \Rightarrow i_2 = \frac{v_2(t)}{-R} = \frac{\alpha E_0}{-R}$$

$$\rightarrow P(t) = \alpha E_0 \cdot \frac{\alpha E_0}{-R} = \frac{\alpha^2 E_0^2}{-R} \leq 0 \quad \rightarrow \text{BP. ATTIVO}$$

Forme di reciprocità



- Tensione
- Corrente

Potenze Virtuali

$$\sum v'_k(t) \cdot i''_k(t) = \sum v''_k(t) \cdot i'_k(t) = 0$$

$$(1) \left| \sum v''_k i'_k - \cancel{v''_1 i'_1} - \cancel{v''_2 i'_2} \right.$$

$$(2) \left| \sum v'_k i''_k - \cancel{v'_1 i''_1} - \cancel{v'_2 i''_2} \right.$$

$$\sum v''_k \cdot i'_k = \sum \underbrace{(R \cdot i''_k)}_{V''_k} \cdot i'_k = \sum v''_k i'_k \Rightarrow (2-1) = -v''_2 i'_2 + v''_1 i'_1$$

$$\text{ma} \quad v''_2 = v'_1 = V$$

$$\rightarrow -V i'_2 + V i'_1 = 0 \quad \boxed{\frac{i'_1}{V} = \frac{i'_2}{V}} \quad (1)$$

$$-v''_2 i'_2 + v''_1 i'_1 = 0 \Rightarrow i'_1 = i'_2 = I \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{v'_2}{I} = \frac{v'_1}{I}} \quad (2)$$

$$v''_1 i'_1 + v''_2 i'_2 = 0 \Rightarrow v''_1 i'_1 = -v''_2 i'_2 \Rightarrow i'_1 = I \quad v''_2 = V$$

$$\rightarrow v''_1 I = -V i'_2 \Rightarrow \frac{v''_1}{V} = -\frac{i'_2}{I}$$

MAT

CONDUIT