



$$\vec{R}^0 = \frac{\sum_i m_i \vec{r}_i^0}{\sum_i m_i} \quad \rightarrow \quad \sum_i m_i = M$$

$$= \frac{\sum_i m_i \vec{r}_i^0}{M}$$

$$\vec{v}_{CM}^0 = \frac{d\vec{R}^0}{dt} = \frac{\sum_i (m_i \vec{v}_i^0 \vec{p}_i^0)}{M} \quad \rightarrow \quad \vec{v}_{CM}^0 = \frac{\vec{p}_{TOT}^0}{M}$$

1 sola velocità

$$\rightarrow \vec{p}_{TOT}^0 = \vec{v}_{CM}^0 \cdot M$$

1 sola accelerazione

$$\vec{a}_{CM}^0 = \frac{d\vec{v}_{CM}^0}{dt} = \frac{\sum_i m_i (\vec{v}_i^0 \vec{a}_i^0)}{M} = \frac{\sum_i (m_i \vec{a}_i^0) \vec{F}_i^0}{M} \quad \rightarrow \quad \vec{a}_{CM}^0 = \frac{\sum_i \vec{F}_i^0}{M} \quad \rightarrow \quad \sum_i \vec{F}_i^0 = M \cdot \vec{a}_{CM}^0$$

$$\underline{\sum_i \vec{F}_{ext}^0 = M \cdot \vec{a}_{CM}^0}$$

II eq dinamica

$$\vec{M}^0 = \frac{d\vec{L}^0}{dt}$$

NON SI APPLICA AL CM