$V_{A}(P) , V_{B}(P') \quad con \quad P \neq P' \quad -D \quad V_{A} = V_{B} \quad \forall \quad (A,B) \in Spazio$ $= D \quad E = \frac{\overline{F}}{q} \quad = D \quad L_{E} = \int_{\varrho}^{-\overline{F}} \frac{\overline{F}}{q} \quad d\ell = V_{A} - V_{B} = \mathcal{D}$ $V_{A} = V_{B}$ $V_{A} = V_{B}$

$$\vec{F} \cdot d\vec{e} = 0 \quad -0 \quad |\vec{F}| \cdot |\vec{de}| \quad \cos 0 \quad \theta = 90^{\circ}$$

$$\vec{E} \cdot \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{e} = 0 \quad -0 \quad |\vec{F}| \cdot |\vec{de}| \quad \cos 0 \quad \theta = 90^{\circ}$$

 $\overline{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \cdot \frac{Q}{\xi^2} \cdot \xi$ $\overline{C}(c) \neq C(A) = D \cdot \overline{E}_c + \overline{E}_A = D \cdot V_A \neq V_C$ $\overline{C}(c) \neq C(A) = D \cdot \overline{E}_c \neq \overline{E}_A = D \cdot V_A \neq V_C$ $\underline{C}(c) \neq C(A) = D \cdot \overline{E}_c \neq \overline{E}_A = D \cdot V_A \neq V_C$