Scala solution How to make your Scala controll effects a-la Haskell

George Leontiev

deltamethod GmbH

February 28, 2013

 $(\lambda x. folonexlambda-calcul.us)@$ folone.info



Introduction

https://github.com/folone/funclub-words

Note: I intentionally made it more "interesting" to show more neat scalaz stuff

I won't cover everything though. If something seems strange, please ask.

Core

Main functions

```
wordCount :: String \rightarrow Map (String, Int) acceptedChars :: Char \rightarrow Boolean Helper functions time :: (a \rightarrow IO b) \rightarrow IO b close :: Closeable a \Rightarrow a \rightarrowIO ()
```

Core

```
def acceptedChars(c: Char) = {
  val sum: (((Boolean, Boolean), Boolean)) \Rightarrow
    Boolean = _ match \{
      case ((a, b), c) \Rightarrow a \mid \mid b \mid \mid c
  val fun = ((_: Char).isLetterOrDigit)
                                              &&&
             ((_: Char).isWhitespace)
                                              &&&
              ((: Char) = '-')
  (fun >>> sum)(c)
```

http://www.haskell.org/arrows/index.html

Core

```
def wordCount(text: String): Map[String, Int] =
  text.filter(acceptedChars)
       // split words
      . toLowerCase.split("\W").toList
      // Optionally parallelize
      .par
      // group
      .groupBy(identity)
      // calculate group sizes
      .map { case(key, value) \Rightarrow
        key.trim \rightarrow value.length
      // Get results from parallel computation
      . seq
```

Typeclass instances

```
val N = 10
implicit val mapInstances = new Show[List[(String,
  override def shows(I: List[(String, Int)]) =
    I.filterNot(_._1.isEmpty)
        .sortBy(-_._2)
        .take(N)
        .foldLeft("") { case(acc, (key, value)) ⇒
        acc + "\n" + key + ": " + value
    }
}
```

Executing

```
// function :: String \rightarrow IO String
def main(args: Array[String]) = {
  val path = args(0)
  val action = for {
    result \rightarrow time(function(path))
    _ \rightarrow putStrLn(result)
  } yield ()
  // Yuck!
  action.unsafePerformIO()
}
```

All set

Let's see how far we can push this solution.

First attempt

```
def wholeFile(path: String): IO[String] =
    IO { Source.fromFile(path) }.bracket(close) {
        source ⇒
        IO {
            val text = source.mkString
            val result = wordCount(text)
            result.toList.shows
        }
    }
}
```

First attempt

Works fine, but eats all the heap on a large enouth file.

Second attempt

```
def byLine(path: String): IO[String] =
  IO { Source.fromFile(path) }.bracket(close) {
    source \Rightarrow
      10 {
         val stream = source.getLines.toStream
        val result = stream.map(wordCount)
           . foldLeft (Map.empty [String , Int]) {
             case(acc, v) \Rightarrow acc |+| v
         result to list shows
```

Second attempt

Just what is this |+|?

Typeclasses

```
instance Show [(String, Int)] where ... instance Show Monoid b \Rightarrow Map a b where ...
```

http://debasishg.blogspot.de/2010/06/scala-implicits-type-classes-here-i.html

Monoids

$$(S,\otimes,1)\\ \forall a,b\in S: a\otimes b\in S\\ \forall a,b,c\in S: (a\otimes b)\otimes c=a\otimes (b\otimes c)\\ \forall a\in S: 1\otimes a=a\otimes 1=a\\ \text{http://apocalisp.wordpress.com/2010/06/14/on-monoids/}$$

Second attempt

Pretty good, but can we do better?

Iteratees

Scala machines (https://github.com/runarorama/scala-machines) https://dl.dropbox.com/u/4588997/Machines.pdf Gave similar performance on a by-line basis.

Thought, three times faster if we provide a Process to ssplit it by words and then monoidally merge single-element Maps.

Iteratees – same as Stream

```
def wordFreq(path: String) =
  getFileLines(new File(path),
  id outmap wordCount) execute
```

Iteratees – 3x faster

```
def splitWords(text: String): List[String] =
  text.filter(acceptedChars)
       . toLowerCase.split("\W").toList
val words: Process[String, String] = (for {
  s \leftarrow await[String]
  _ ← traversePlan_(splitWords(s))(emit)
} yield ()) repeatedly
def wordCount(path: String) =
  getFileLines(new File(path),
    (id split words) outmap (
      _.fold(I \Rightarrow (1, Map.empty[String, Int]),
               \mathsf{w} \Rightarrow (\mathsf{0}, \mathsf{Map}(\mathsf{w} \to \mathsf{1}))))) execute
```

Wordcounting software

```
Scoobi http://nicta.github.com/scoobi/
Spark http://spark-project.org/
Scalding https://github.com/twitter/scalding/wiki/Type-safe-api-
reference
```

Wordcounting

I did not have time to try to use those. But turns out, this code should work for these "as is".

That's it

Questions?