

J04M.2—Power Law Central Force (J06M.2)

Problem

A particle of mass m moves in an attractive, power-law central force, $F \propto r^{-n}$. Define constant k so that the potential energy is

$$U(r) = -\frac{k}{r^{n-1}}.$$

The particle is set moving from a position near the force center with such initial conditions that its orbit is a circle of radius a which passes through the origin $r(\theta) = 2a \cos \theta$. The existence of this orbit imposes conditions on the force law, the energy, and the angular momentum.

- a) Find the force power law n .
- b) Find the angular momentum of the particle in terms of the constants k, a and m .
- c) Show that the total energy, E vanishes for this orbit.
- d) How long does it take for the particle to complete a full trip from the force center and back to it?
- e) Remove the orbiting mass m to infinity and give it an initial velocity v_∞ . Find the total cross section for the force described above to “capture” the particle (i.e. for the particle’s trajectory to pass through the force center at $r = 0$).