Request by a Non-Resident of Canada for a Certificate of Compliance Related to the **Disposition of Taxable Canadian Property**

INSTRUCTIONS - T2062

All legislative references are to the Canadian Income Tax Act.

When and How to file the Form

Use this form if you are a non-resident of Canada to give notice of the proposed disposition of, or the completed disposition of, certain taxable Canadian property. Taxable Canadian property is property described in subsection 248(1) of the Act. A disposition of taxable Canadian property includes any interest or option for such property, whether or not the property exists.

Use Form T2062A for proposed or completed dispositions of Canadian resource or timber resource property, Canadian real property (other than capital property), or depreciable taxable Canadian property. However, when disposing of depreciable taxable Canadian property, use this form to report the gain on the disposition and Form T2062A to report the recapture of capital cost allowance or terminal loss. If both forms T2062 and T2062A are required for a disposition, the forms must be filed together.

File a separate T2062 for each disposition or proposed disposition. However, if you are disposing of, or proposing to dispose of, several properties to the same purchaser at the same time, only one T2062 is required for all the properties. A separate T2062 must be filed by each person indicating an interest in a joint tenancy, tenancy in common, or co-ownership.

If you file a request for a proposed disposition under subsection 116(1) and the completed disposition complies with the requirements of paragraphs 116(3)(d), (e), and (f), you do not have to file a separate request under subsection 116(3) for the completed disposition.

We issue a certificate of compliance after tax is paid or security acceptable to the Minister is submitted in respect of the proposed or completed disposition. You may have to file a Canadian income tax return to report the disposition of property listed on this form. Final settlement of the tax liability is made when you file your Canadian income tax return. Failure to attach this certificate of compliance to your income tax return may result in a delay in processing. For further information related to the filing requirements, please refer to the CRA website.

For additional information about this form see, www.canada.ca/cra-non-residents-dispositions

Penalties for Failure to Comply

If you are giving notice of a completed disposition under subsection 116(3), you must notify us by registered mail not later than 10 days after the date of disposition. The penalty, under subsection 162(7), for failing to file or submit a notice on time is \$25 a day. There is a minimum penalty of \$100 and a maximum penalty of \$2,500.

Vendor Information

Country of residence - Indicate the country where you normally, customarily, or routinely live.

Identification number - Enter the appropriate identification number. This will ensure that security or payment made for tax is credited to the correct account. Identification numbers must be used when filing your Canadian income tax return and on all correspondence with us.

Social insurance number (SIN)

applies if an individual was formerly a resident or a deemed resident of Canada.

Individual Tax Number (ITN)

- is a number assigned to a non-resident individual who filed a Canadian income tax return in previous years.
- Subsidiary ledger number
- is a number assigned to a non-resident individual who has made a remittance but does not have a Canadian tax account number.

Business number (BN)

- is a registration number for businesses such as corporations, partnerships, and sole proprietorships.
- Trust account number
- is a number assigned to a trust that filed a Canadian income tax return in previous years.

If you do not have a SIN or ITN, please complete Form T1261, Application for a Canada Revenue Agency Individual Tax Number (ITN) for Non-Residents, available on the Internet at www.canada.ca/taxes Include the completed form and supporting documentation with your T2062.

Applying for a BN

Complete Form RC1, Request for a Business Number (BN). Form RC1 and our pamphlet, The Business Number and Your Canada Revenue Agency Accounts, are available on the Internet at: www.canada.ca/taxes

Send the completed RC1 with a copy of the certification of incorporation to the tax services office where you filed the Form T2062

Details of property - If a disposition includes more than one property, attach a piece of paper providing the details for each property. All amounts must be in Canadian dollars.

Property jurisdiction - include the city/municipality, province/territory, and postal code for the street address requested below in "Property description".



Property description – include the following details:

Land or buildings - street address, plan number, lot number, registration number, municipal value, and use of property (e.g., personal

residence, rental or business property).

Business property – identification of business assets, business name, and street address.

Shares — name and street address of corporation, number of shares, certificate numbers, and par value or stated capital.

Partnership property – name, street address, and identification number of partnership.

Trusts — name and address, if any, of trust; otherwise name(s) and street address(es) of trustee(s).

Designated insurance property - identification of insurer's business asset, business name, and street address.

Gross Proceeds of Disposition

Enter the gross proceeds of disposition from the sale of the property. Enter the vendor's share of the gross proceeds in Column (1).

Exemption (column 4)

If you are claiming an exemption from tax, such as under a tax treaty or a principal residence exemption, enter the exempt portion in column (4). If the amount claimed is pursuant to a tax treaty, the vendor has to certify that they are resident in the stated country of residence and, if the tax treaty contains a limitation on benefits provision (e.g., Article XXIX A of the Canada – U.S. treaty) the vendor has to provide certification that they meet the requirements of the provision in relation to the property described in this form. Form NR301, NR302 and NR303 can be used for this purpose. Please attach a note detailing any calculations involved in determining the exemption amount.

Note: You cannot claim outlays and expenses related to the disposition of property, including real estate commissions, brokerage fees, and legal and notary fees, when you file this form. However, you can claim these amounts when you file your Canadian income tax return.

Certification

Authorizing a representative

By checking the authorization boxes in the Certification section you are authorizing the person named as your representative in the Vendor's section to act on your behalf for matters concerning this T2062 and the T1261 only.

If you want to authorize the representative to deal with the CRA on additional tax matters, you will need to complete a T1013, Authorizing or Cancelling a Representative.

Authorization Expiry Date

Your authorization will stay in effect until you or your representative cancels it. Otherwise, the authorization will expire within six months from the date of the issuance of a Certificate of Compliance or the finalization of the T2062, whichever comes first.

Signature and Date

To protect the confidentiality of your tax information, we will not deal with a representative on any information given on this form unless you or a legal representative has signed and dated the form.

This area should be completed and signed by:

- · the vendor in the case of an individual;
- an authorized officer in the case of a corporation;
- · the trustee, executor or administrator if the person is filing the statement for a trust; or
- · an authorized partner in the case of a partnership.

More information

You can get more information about residency status in Canada from Interpretation Bulletin S5-F1-CI: Determining an Individual's residence status, or by contacting our General Enquiries line as follows: From inside Canada or the United States 1-800-959-8281 (for non-resident individuals and trusts) or 1-800-959-5525 (for non-resident corporations), From outside Canada or the United States 613-940-8495 (for non-resident individuals and trusts) or 613-940-8497 (for non-resident corporations). You can also visit our website at canada.ca/taxes.

You can also get information from:

Information Circular: IC72-17 - Procedures Concerning the Disposition of Taxable Canadian Property by Non-Residents of Canada - Section 116

Interpretation bulletins: IT 176 - Taxable Canadian Property - Interests in and Options on Real Property and Shares

IT 419 - Meaning of Arm's Length

Guide: T4058 – Non-Residents and Income Tax.

Supporting Document List

When you send us your completed Form T2062, you must attach supporting documents so we can process your request. To help you, we have provided the following reference list. You can tick (\checkmark) the boxes that apply to you.

Transactions	Sale of depreciable property (other than rental property)
Sale of land or buildings	For this type of transaction, include copies of:
If you sell land or buildings, include copies of:	☐ the sales agreement;
☐ the offer to purchase (proposed disposition);	☐ the CCA schedules for all years;
☐ the sales agreement (actual disposition);	☐ documentation to support the cost amount; and
☐ the purchase agreement (when property was acquired); and	☐ a completed Form T2062A.
☐ the registered deeds on purchase and sale.	
	Sale of shares
Principal residence	If you sell shares, please provide:
If the property is your principal residence, also include:	documentation supporting the adjusted cost base of the shares;
□ Form T2091(IND), Designation of a Property as a Principal Residence by an Individual (Other than a Personal Trust); and	 ☐ documentation supporting the proceeds of disposition; and ☐ the most recent financial statements of the corporation, and if they
☐ Form T2091(IND)-WS, Principal Residence Worksheet.	were not prepared on a consolidated basis, the most recent financial statements of any subsidiary corporations (if applicable).
Personal use property	
If you sell other personal use property, include a copy of:	Sale of partnership property
□ a letter describing the use of the property for the ownership period; and	If you sell partnership property, include copies of:
 □ a list of adjustments to the adjusted cost base with supporting documentation. 	 the sale agreement (actual disposition); the listing of partners (including their names, addresses, Canadian identification number, percentage ownership and each partner's portion of payment;
Rental property	the partnership agreement; and
If you sell rental property, include:	the offer to purchase (proposed disposition).
the capital cost allowance (CCA) schedules for all years;	_ , ,
 a list of adjustments to the adjusted cost base with supporting documentation: 	Partnership interest
☐ documents to support the allocation of the proceeds of disposition	If the property is a partnership interest, include a copy of:
between land and building;	☐ the calculation of the adjusted cost base (ACB);
 documents to support subsection 21(1) and (3) elections regarding capitalization of interest; and 	the partnership capital account balance; and the purchase agreement (if interest was originally acquired from
 □ a completed Form T2062A, Request by a Non-Resident of Canada for a Certificate of Compliance Related to the Disposition of Canadian Resource or Timber Resource Property, Canadian Real Property (other 	another partnership).
than Capital Property), or Depreciable Taxable Canadian Property.	Partnership residual interest
	If the property is a partnership residual interest, include a copy of:
Leases	☐ a calculation of the ACB.
If you grant an interest in property, or dispose of an interest in property, include copies of:	Partnership continuing income right
☐ the right-of-way agreement;	If the property is a continuing income right, include:
☐ the surface lease agreement; or	☐ a calculation of the ACB; and
☐ the leasehold interest agreement.	documents to support the partner's share of income.
Vendor takes back mortgage	Interest in a Trust
If the vendor takes back the mortgage include:	
a copy of the mortgage agreement.	If you are disposing of interest in a trust, include:
	 ☐ the name and account number of the trust; ☐ Sale documents if interest was sold:
Mortgage foreclosures and power of sale	☐ FMV of any property received from the trust in settlement of the capital
If the transaction is a result of a mortgage foreclosure or power of sale, include copies of:	including any evaluations; and A calculation of proceeds and adjusted cost base.
the power of sale or court order; and	A calculation of proceeds and adjusted cost base.
☐ the mortgage agreement.	Toy Trooty Everntions
	Tax Treaty Exemptions If you are claiming an exemption under a tax treaty, you have to give us proof of residency.
Sale of business assets If you sell business assets including but not limited to accounts	The vendor has to provide sufficient information to establish that they met
receivables and prepaid expenses, include copies of:	the requirement of the treaty and that they are eligible for tax treaty benefits under the treaty. In this regard, the vendor should complete and
the sale agreement (actual disposition);	submit Form 301, Declaration of eligibility for benefits under a tax treaty
 the most recent financial statements; if the proceeds are included in a bundled payment, ensure that the proper value has been attributed to assets; and 	for a non-resident taxpayer, Form 302, Declaration of eligibility for benefits under a tax treaty for a partnership with non-resident partners, Form 303, Declaration of eligibility for benefits under a tax treaty under a hybrid
□ the offer to purchase (proposed dispositions)	entity, or equivalent information. For partnerships and hybrid entities,

each partner or member in respect of whom treaty benefits are claimed must provide a summary declaration to the CRA as indicated below.

☐ the offer to purchase (proposed dispositions).

Individuals should include:	Corporate reorganization					
☐ copies of their most recent income tax returns from the treaty country; and	If the transaction is a result of a corporate reorganization, include:					
☐ a letter from the tax authority in the treaty country confirming their residency status.	 □ copies of documents explaining the reorganization; □ a list of steps involved in the reorganization; and 					
	a corporate organization chart.					
Corporations should include:						
□ a copy of their charter;	Deemed dividends – section 212.1 or subsection 84(3)					
☐ a letter from the tax authority in the treaty country confirming their residency status; and	If a section 212.1 or subsection 84(3) deemed dividend results from the transaction, include the calculation of the:					
$\hfill \Box$ copies of their most recent income tax returns from the treaty country.	deemed dividend or paid-up capital reduction:					
	□ tax paid-up capital; and					
Hybrid entities should include:	non-resident tax account number.					
Complete and submit NR303, Declaration of eligibility for benefits						
under a tax treaty for hybrid entity, and Worksheet B or equivalent information; or	Trusts and estates					
proof of the election to be taxed as a corporation.	If the vendor is a trust or estate, include the following information as well					
Note: A treaty exemption can only be claimed on the portion of income	as documents related to the transaction: ☐ name and address of the trustee, executor, administrator, or other					
derived by residents of the United States who are entitled to treaty benefits under paragraph 6 of Article IV of the Canada – United	representative of the trust or estate;					
States tax treaty and to whom paragraph 7 of the same article does not apply. These persons must also meet the limitation on benefits	 proof of residency of the trustee, executor, administrator, or other representative of the trust or estate; 					
provision of Article XXIX A.	☐ list of beneficiaries and their residences;					
	\square the trust or estate's country of residence; and					
Partnerships should include:	\square disclosure that a trust is a party to the transaction.					
☐ Complete and submit NR302, Declaration of eligibility for benefits under a tax treaty for a partnership with non-resident persons; or						
proof of the election to be taxed as a corporation.	Charities and non-profit organizations					
proof of the distance to be taxed as a surportation.	If the vendor is a charity or non-profit organization, include the following					
Tourse and askatas about disabled	information as well as specific documents related to the transaction:					
Trusts and estates should include:	proof that the organization is registered as a charity for tax purposes in the country of residence.					
a copy of the trust agreement, indenture or will; and	parposes in the search, or residence.					
☐ a letter from the tax authority in the treaty country confirming the trust's residency status; or						
copies of the most recent income tax returns from the treaty country.	Joint tenancy, tenancy in common, or co-ownership If the vendor is a member of a joint tenancy, tenancy in common, or co-ownership, include the following information as well as specific documents related to the transaction:					
Fresh start rule	☐ a list of names and addresses of all members; and					
If you are claiming an exemption under the <i>Canada-US Tax Convention</i> , Article XIII paragraph 9 (Fresh Start Rule), include:	☐ the percentage of ownership of each member.					
☐ proof that you were a continuous resident of the United States from September 26, 1980, to the date of sale;	Elections					
☐ the value of the property on December 31, 1971 (for property acquired	If you previously made an election on the property, include a copy of the					
before January 1, 1972); ☐ the calculation of the exempt portion of the gain accrued to	election form such as: Form T2061A, Election by an Emigrant to Report Deemed Dispositions					
December 31, 1984; or	of Taxable Canadian Property and Any Resulting Capital Gain or Loss.					
 an appraisal report for the fair market value of the property on December 31, 1984. 	☐ Electing under subsection 45(2), deems the change in use from personal to income producing not to have occurred.					
Non-ample to math to an action of	☐ Electing under subsection 45(3), deems the change in use from income producing to personal not to have occurred.					
Non arm's length transactions						
If the transaction is between non arm's length parties, include: ☐ an appraisal report determining the fair-market value of the property at the time of disposition; or	Note: If there was a change in use and no election was made provide the fair market value of the property at the time the change occurred.					
□ a letter of opinion from an appraiser.						
a lotter of opinion from an appraisor.	Payment of tax or security					
Cift of property	If you are making a payment of tax, include:					
Gift of property If the transaction is a gift of property, include:	$\hfill\Box$ the trust cheque, certified cheque, bank draft, or money order;					
a copy of the transfer deed.	☐ the bank guarantee; or					
a copy of the transier deed.	$\hfill \square$ proof that acceptable security has been provided to the Minister.					
Section 85 elections (rollovers)						
If a section 85 election is made on the transaction, include a copy of:						
☐ Form T2057, Election on Disposition of Property by a Taxpayer to a Taxable Canadian Corporation; or						
☐ Form T2058, Election on Disposition of Property by a Partnership to a Taxable Canadian Corporation; and						

 $\hfill\square$ all supporting documents including variations, appraisals, and calculations showing how the agreed amounts were determined.

Request by a Non-Resident of Canada for a Certificate of Compliance Related to the Disposition of Taxable Canadian Property

Note: The information you provide on this form is collected under the authority of the Income Tax Act (ITA) and is protected by the provisions of the Privacy Act. It is used to process requests for certificates of compliance under Section 116 of the ITA and is retained in information bank number CRA-OPPU 111.

Vendor (non-resident)									
Corporation	Trust	Partners	hip	Individual					
Business number		Trust account nu	mber		Social insurance, individual tax, or subsidiary ledger number				mber
Last name (print)		First name and in	itial (print)		Date of Birth YYYY	MM [DD I	Date of departure (if applicable) YYYY	from Canada MM DD
Present address							'	Telephone numbe	er
Country of residence (see the instructions on page 1)							Fax number		
Representative name						Telephone number			
Representative address								Fax number	
Check the box where correspond	ence is to be sent	(if no box is ticke	ed, corresponde	nce will be sent to v	vendor)		\	Vendor	Representative
Purchaser									
Last name (print)		First name and in	itial (print)					Telephone numbe	ir
Present address								Fax number	
Representative's name							Telephone number		
Representative address							Fax number		
Check the box where correspondence is to be sent (if no box is ticked, correspondence will be sent to purchaser)									
Details of property (see the	e instructions o	n page 1 for m	ore informati	on)					
Real property	Business property		hares	Partnership prope	rty	Trusts		Designated insura	ance property
Date or proposed or completed disposition YYYY									
Property jurisdiction	>	City/ Municipality		<u> </u>		ovince/territory		Postal code	
Property description									
Gross proceeds of disposition. Tick the box that applies to you Proposed disposition Completed disposition									
(1) Proceeds of Disposition	(2 Adjusted	2) cost base	Gair Column (1)	(3) or (loss) less column (2)	E	(4) xemptions		(5 Net gain Column (3) les	or (loss) ss column (4)
\$	\$		\$		\$			\$	
					Payment of ta Enter 25% of			\$	



1. Is the disposition subject to an election under section 85	(transfer of property to a company)?		Yes No		
2. Did you rent or lease the property during the period of own If <i>yes</i> , complete the following:	wnership?		Yes No		
Non-resident tax was withheld. Provide name and	address of person who withheld the tax.				
Non-resident tax was not withheld. State the period the property (attach statements that show the amount of the property (attach statements).		From: YYYY MM DD	To: YYYY MM DD		
If no, state the use of the property during the period	d of ownership.				
3. If you have outstanding balances for taxes, including income or excise taxes, custom duties, or the goods and services tax/harmonized sales tax (GST/HST), provide the identification or account number(s) for the outstanding balances.					
4. Indicate the last tax year for which you filed a Canadian	income tax return, if applicable.				
5. Is the disposition of property to a person with whom you are not dealing with at arm's length, or a gift inter-vivos? If yes, to either or both, and the disposition is at less than fair market value, enter the vendor's share of the fair market value at the time of the disposition in the vendor's share of gross proceeds of disposition column (1) above.					
Certification					
Please check the box(es) that apply if you are authorizing	g the CRA to deal with your representative conce	erning:			
T2062, Request by a Non-Resident for a Certificate	of Compliance Related to the Disposition of Ta	xable Canadian Property			
T1261, Application for a CRA Individual Tax Number	er (ITN) for Non-Residents				
I,Name	, certify that the information given on this	form is, to the best of my knowledge, corr	rect and complete.		
Date	(Authorized person's signature)	(Position or office)		
Mailing your form					
Where you send your completed notification depends on where the property is located. Send this notice along with your supporting documents (pages 3-4).					
Mailing addresses and instructions are found at $\underline{\mathbf{w}}$	ww.canada.ca/t2062/mailing-addresses	<u>-</u>			
Other options for sending and using this form can be	be found at www.canada.ca/t2062				