

# Supplementary

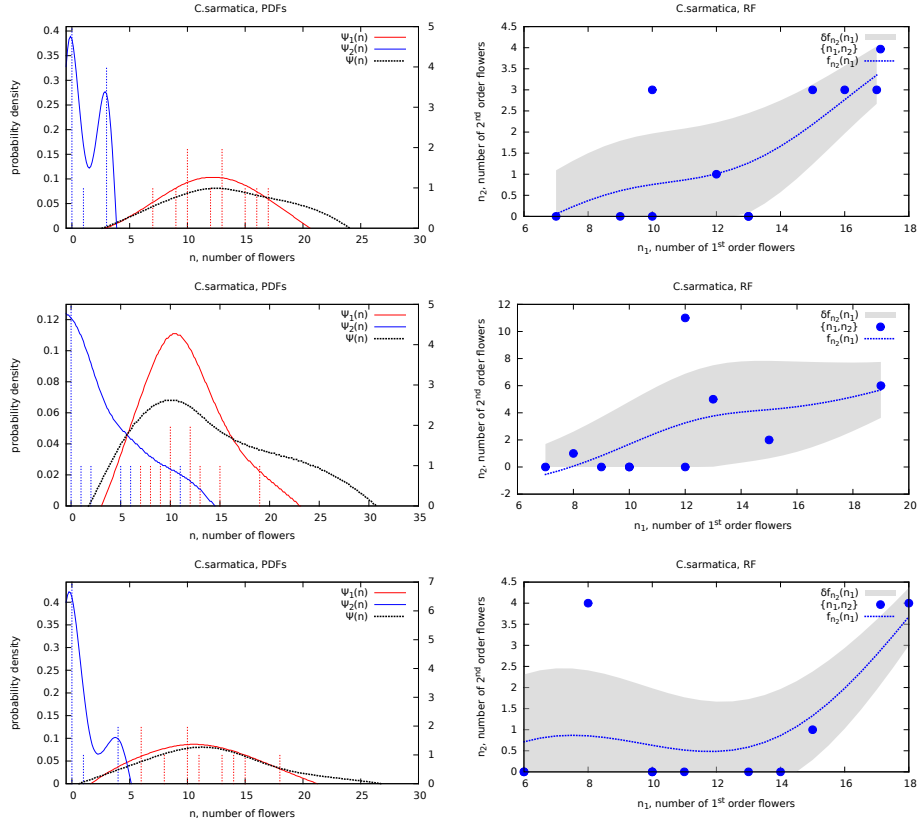


Figure 1: Examples for different years: Left: Probability density functions of the number of flowers on shoots  $\psi(n)$  and the number of 1<sup>st</sup>  $\psi_1(n)$  and 2<sup>nd</sup>  $\psi_2(n)$  order flowers. Right: Regression curves  $f_{n_2}(n_1)$  between the numbers of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order flowers. Each row of the table contains data on one year (2009, 2010, and 2016, from top to bottom); each sample includes no less than ten *C. sarmatica* shoots

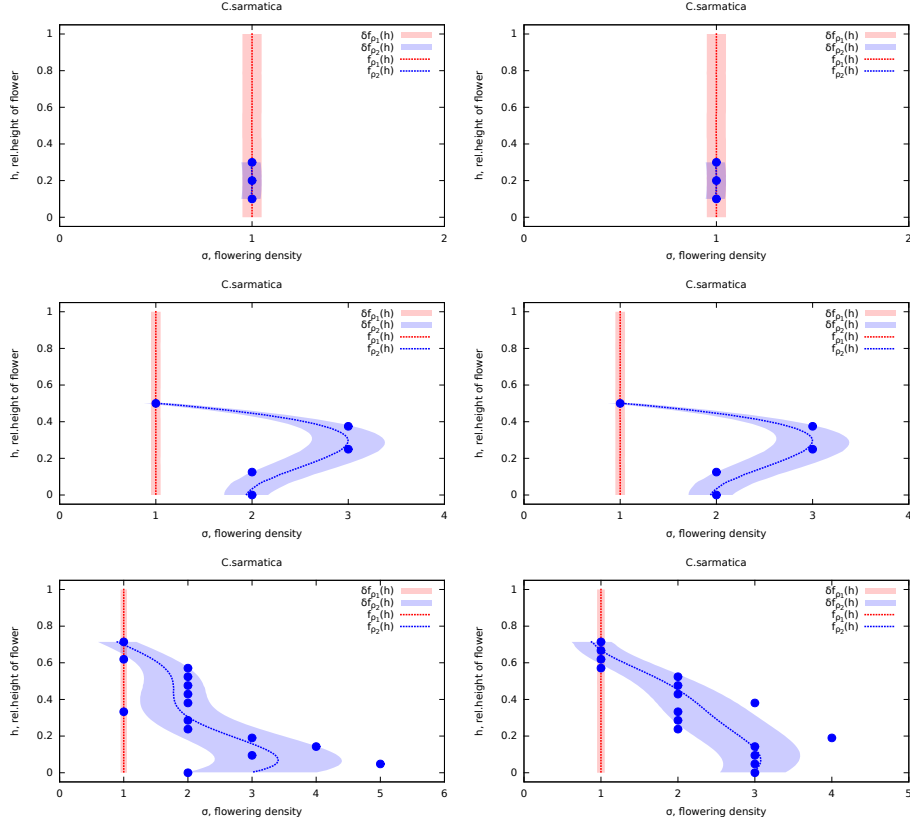


Figure 2: Flowering densities on 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order axes of *C. sarmatica* shoots. Here and in Fig. 3 the panels are arranged from top to bottom in the order: (i) shoots with few 2<sup>nd</sup> order flowers; (ii) shoots with few 2<sup>nd</sup> order axes; (iii) shoots with many 2<sup>nd</sup> order axes. Left: accounting shoots; right: model shoots.

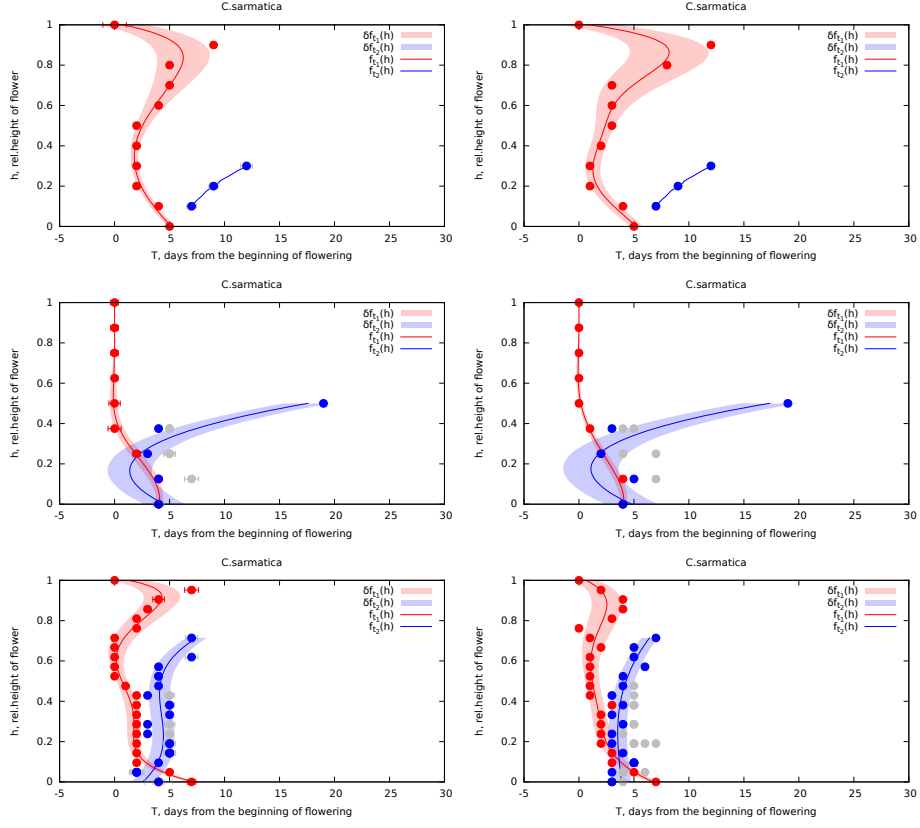


Figure 3: Relative start of flowering on  $1^{st}$   $f_{t_1}(h)$  and  $2^{nd}$   $f_{t_2}(h)$  order axes on *C. sarmatica* shoots. The flowering time for  $1^{st}$  order flowers  $ft_1$  is reckoned from the opening of the first flower on the shoot, and for  $2^{nd}$  order flowers, from the opening of the terminal flower on the corresponding axis. Left: accounting shoots; right: model shoots.

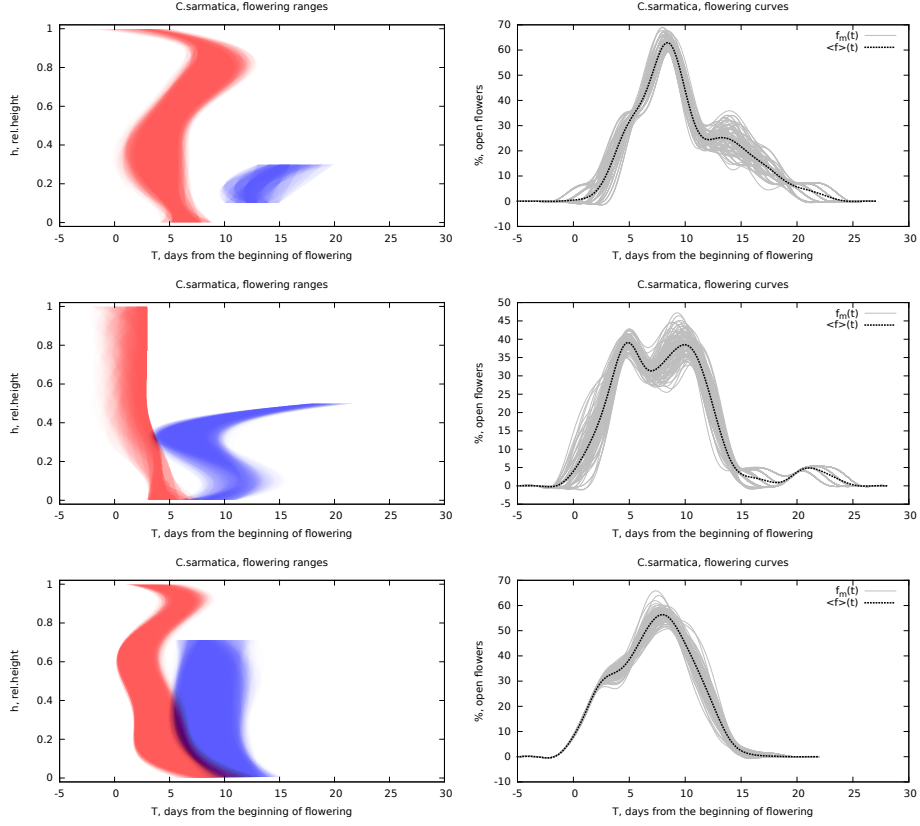


Figure 4: The sensitivity of the model to data restoration errors by the example of the same accounting shoots. The test included  $N = 50$  restoration runs, in which missed data were randomly scattered over all allowed intervals (vs. the most likely dates as before) . The results of all runs are superimposed. Left: Flowering charts  $D_i(h, t)$  for  $1^{st}$  and  $2^{nd}$  order axes. The charts are superimposed with the transparency coefficient  $1/N = 0.02$ . Right: Flowering curves  $f_m(t)$  for every run and the flowering curve  $\langle f \rangle$  averaged over all runs.

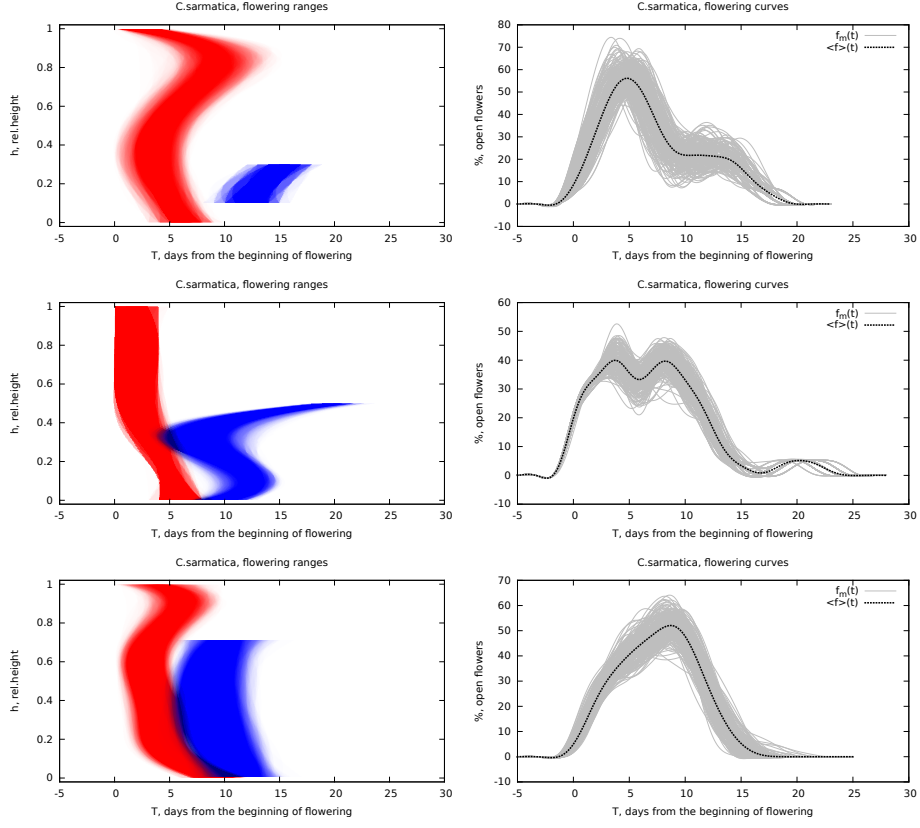


Figure 5: Results of 50 runs of solving the inverse problem  $D' \leftarrow \{\psi_i, f_j\}$  for the same accounting shoots. A restriction was imposed: the numbers of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order flowers in model shoots were the same as in accounting shoots. All the results obtained are superimposed. Left: Flowering charts  $D_i(h, t)$  for 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> order axes. The charts are superimposed with the transparency coefficient  $1/N = 0.02$ . Right: Flowering curves  $f_m(t)$  for every run and the flowering curve  $\langle f \rangle$  averaged over all runs.