



CANONICAL

Ubuntu Enterprise Cloud



Canonical



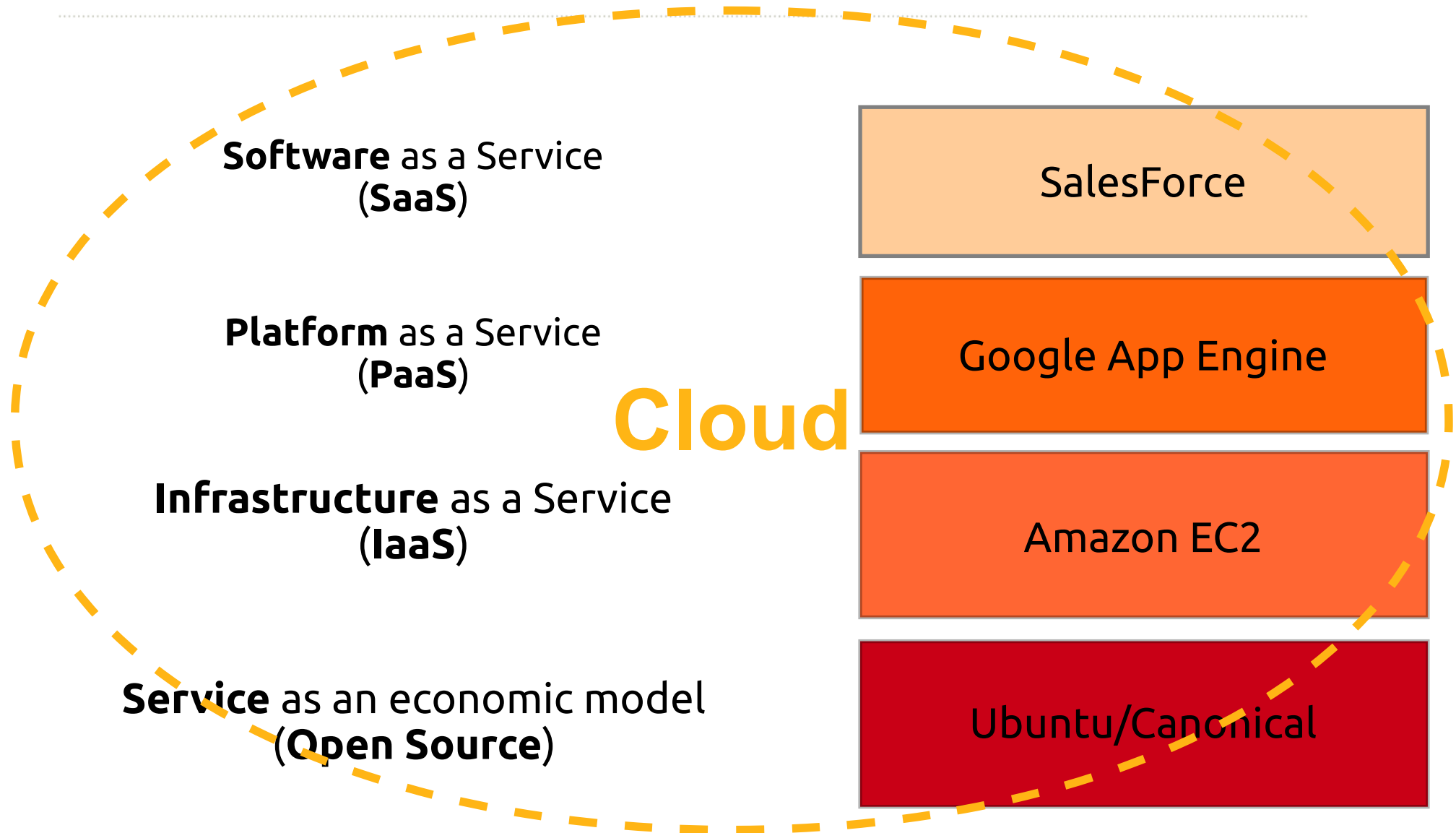
- Who we are
 - the company behind Ubuntu
 - in 28 countries
- What we do
 - Ubuntu Server & Desktop and IaaS CLOUD
- We provide Ubuntu Advantage:
 - Professional services
 - Landscape system management
 - Training





Ubuntu Enterprise Cloud

Cloud Computing



Ubuntu AMI – The #1 Public Cloud OS



- Images available since 2007
- Believed to be the most widely deployed OS

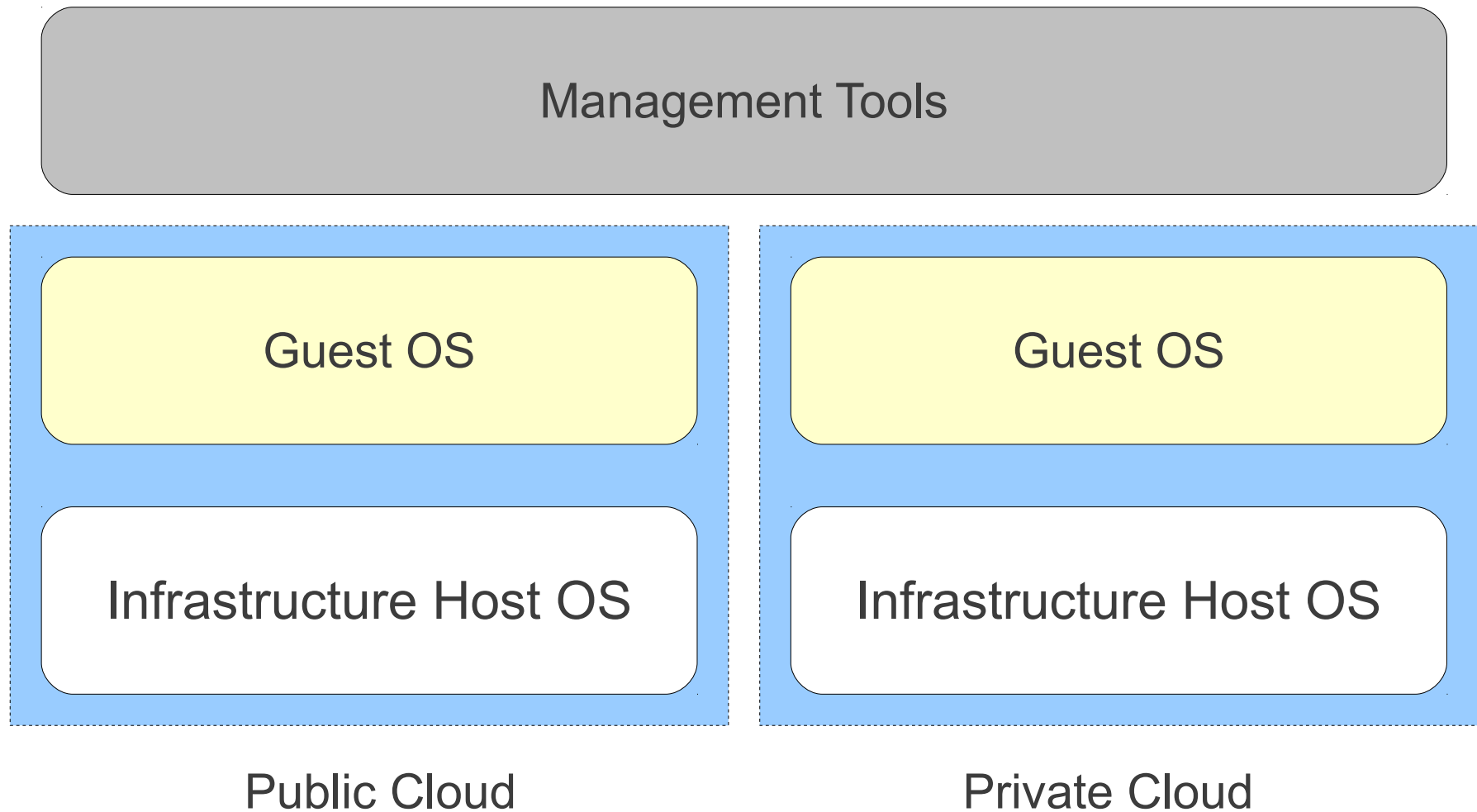


- Images available since 2008
- Confirmed as most widely deployed OS



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- IaaS
 - Focus on infrastructure layer
 - Bring the Ubuntu experience
 - Make it as easy as possible for Enterprises to try out cloud computing
 - Standards
 - Support current dominant *de-facto* cloud standards
 - Open and Lock-In Free
 - Ensure the cloud is based on open-source and lock-in free

Product Overview



Product Overview



Landscape

AMI



Public Cloud

AMI

Ubuntu Enterprise Cloud

Private Cloud

Ubuntu Enterprise Cloud



Five Characteristics:

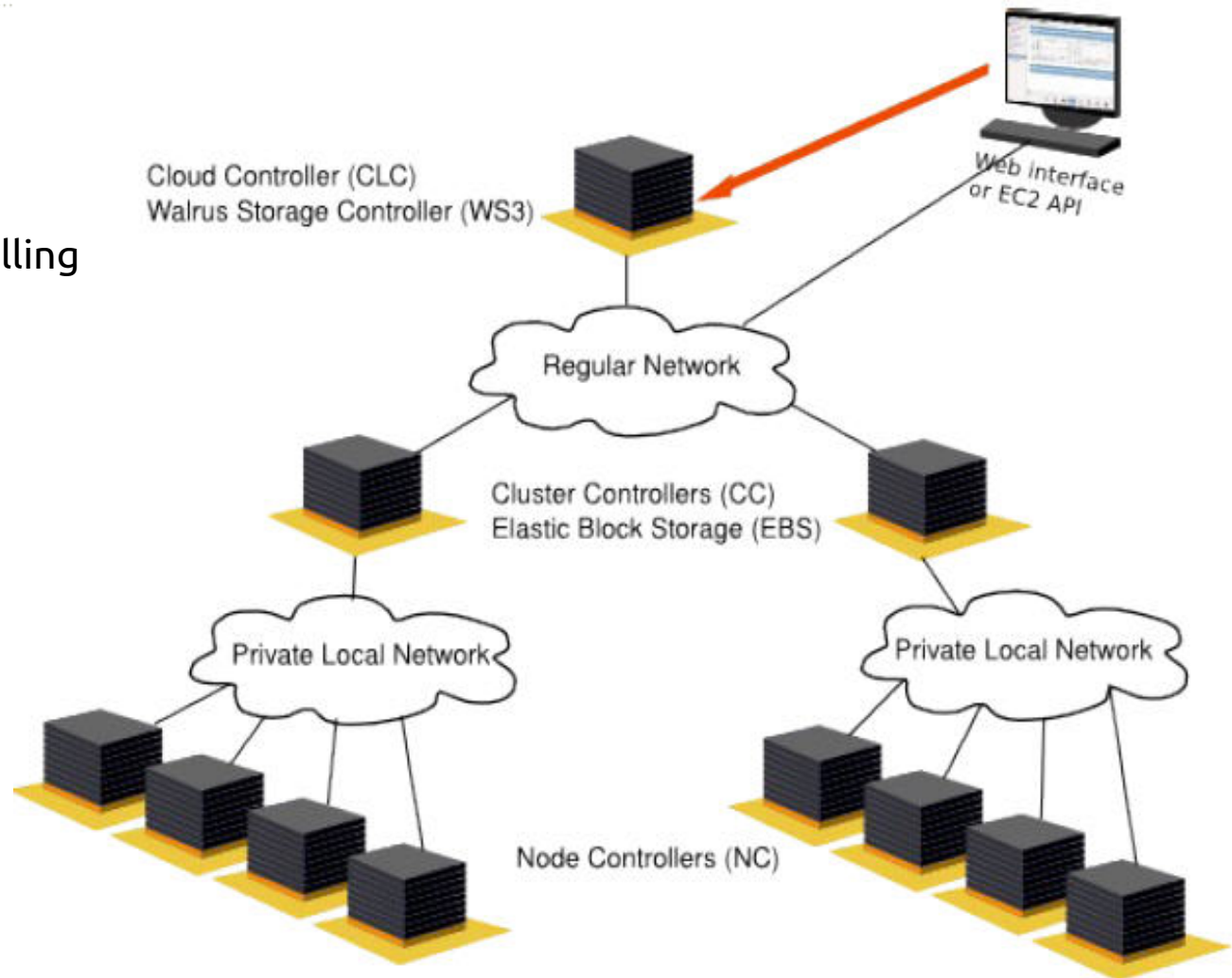
- On Demand Service
- Ubiquitous Network Access
- Location Independent Resource Pooling
- Rapid Elasticity
- Measured Service

Delivery Models

- Software as a Service (**SaaS**)
- Platform as a Service (**PaaS**)
- Infrastructure as a Service (**IaaS**)

Deployment Models

- Private Cloud
- Public Cloud
- Hybrid Cloud





Example commands delivered by the euca2ools package:

euca-add-group	euca-delete-snapshot	euca-disassociate-address
euca-add-keypair	euca-delete-volume	euca-download-bundle
euca-allocate-address	euca-deregister	euca-get-console-output
euca-associate-address	euca-describe-addresses	euca-modify-image-attribute
euca-attach-volume	euca-describe-availability-zones	euca-reboot-instances
euca-authorize	euca-describe-groups	euca-register
euca-bundle-image	euca-describe-image-attribute	euca-release-address
euca-bundle-vol	euca-describe-images	euca-reset-image-attribute
euca-confirm-product-instance	euca-describe-instances	euca-revoke
euca-create-snapshot	euca-describe-keypairs	euca-run-instances
euca-create-volume	euca-describe-regions	euca-terminate-instances
euca-delete-bundle	euca-describe-snapshots	euca-unbundle
euca-delete-group	euca-describe-volumes	euca-upload-bundle
euca-delete-keypair	euca-detach-volume	euca-version

CLOUD
MANAGEMENT

Here you can:
Register EC2 or UEC
clouds, Manage access to
and use of cloud resource
and monitor usage.

Private clouds

Design team

Corporate services

Pubic clouds

Amazon Europe

Amazon US –
N. California

+ Add public cloud

LONDON CLOUD ~

USAGE SETTINGS

85%

Total cloud capacity being
used across all groups.

269

Running
instances

Resource groups

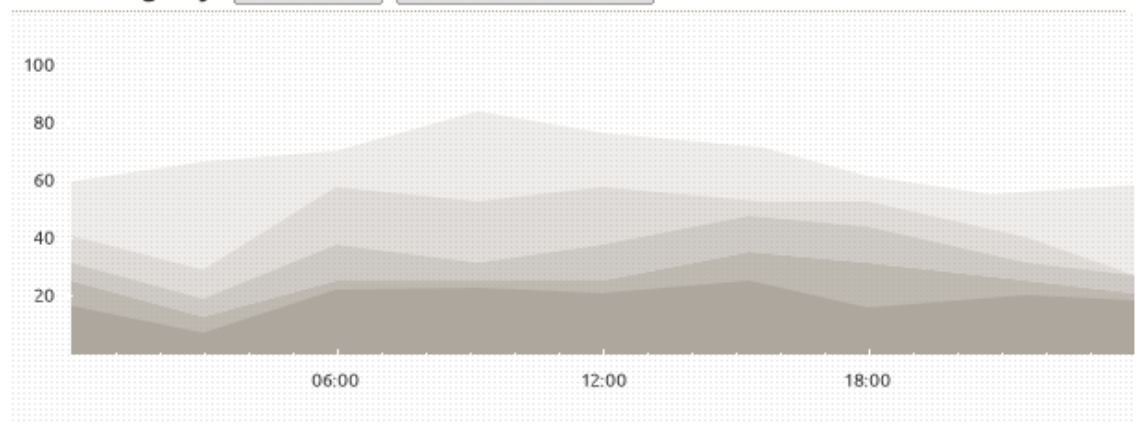
Instances

Information infrastructure	101
Corporate services	90
Design team	39
Marketing	29
Other users (12)	10
+ Add additional users	

Cloud usage by

Last day ▼

All resource groups ▼



DESIGN TEAM ~

USAGE

INSTANCES

ELASTIC IP

KEY PAIRS

ACCESS GROUPS

EBS VOLUMES

SETTINGS

20%

Total cloud capacity being
used by this group

39

Running
instances

20

Number of instances each
user can start in this group

Users

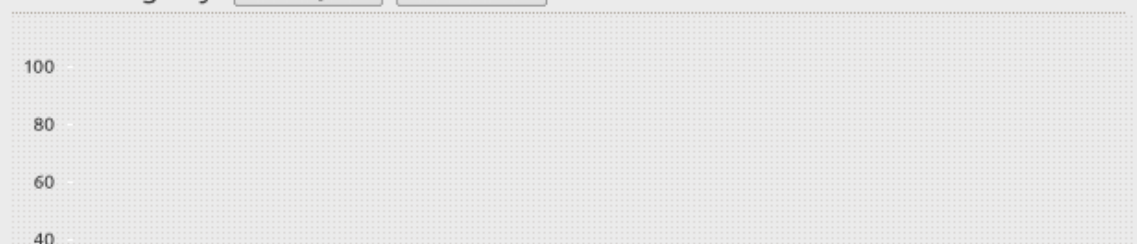
Instances

Michael Forrest	5
Christian Giordano	3
Alejandra Obregon	4
Richard Lee	3

Cloud usage by

Last day ▼

All users ▼





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- Testing/Development
 - Education/Training
 - Web Services deployment and scaling
 - Quickly create and tear-down IT environments
 - Hybrid clouds
 - Capacity scaling
 - Disaster recovery
 - Back up



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- Developing software that sits on top of complex infrastructures
 - Developers need to test code against the entire infrastructure
 - It is inconceivable to give each developer a separate infrastructure for testing, limiting edge effects
 - With UEC, a developer can spin their own infrastructure to test their code



Easy Hyperscale

Focus on integrating tools, software and technologies which make it easy for DevOps to deploy workloads rapidly and without fuss.

The 1st Cloud LAMP Stack - BigData

Use of Hadoop, Cassandra, Memcached is helping IaaS proposition for the Enterprise



CANONICAL

Thank you!

<http://www.ubuntu.com/cloud>

<http://cloud.ubuntu.com> ← blog aggregator

Twitter @ubuntuccloud

Cloud Computing vs Virtualization



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- Self-service provisioning
 - Virtual overlay network
 - Security groups
 - Elastic IPs
 - Scalable, hierarchical storage semantics
 - Multi-cloud interface compatibility
 - Transactional nature of the APIs
 - Flexible image management
 - User and group management
 - Accounting, quota, and auditing capabilities
 - Instance self awareness of the infrastructure environment