

## Data Communications - Project 3 Report

In our BitTorrent project, we have divided the project up into 3 parts consisting of:

- Discovery
- Transmission
- Tracking

### How to run

You can run this code by taking .jar file then run on the computers. For the master, enter the filename but for the client, press 'C'.

### ClientSide

This code was taken from Stackoverflow

(<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/9520911/java-sending-and-receiving-file-byte-over-sockets>) and altered to match our requirements.

- Function: ClientSide
  - Downloads the file from the ServerSide
- What it takes:
  - IP of server
  - Port of server
  - Pathfile
- How it does:
  - We open a socket using the given IP and Port and create an input stream as well as an output stream.
  - We check if there is anything to download and if there is then we write it to the pathfile which was assigned in our input stream.
  - When download is done, we close the socket.

### ServerSide

This code was taken from the same stackoverflow post as above.

- Function: ServerSide
  - Starts a server and streams the file over to the destination computer
- What it takes:
  - Null
- How it does:
  - First we open a server socket to the selected port. This is the same port that will be used in ClientSide.
  - Then, while the server is open, we create a copy of the file and then put it into the file input stream.
  - Using the buffered input stream, we send out file onto the server

## **UDPRegister**

This code was taken from Michiel De Mey's blog, however altered it a little. (<http://michieldomey.be/blog/network-discovery-using-udp-broadcast/>)

- Function: UDPRegister
  - Registers the client computer as a computer that needs to be send the file
- What it takes:
  - Null
- How it does:
  - First, we open a socket on any chosen port
  - We then broadcast to the default address which is 255.255.255.255
  - Loop through network interfaces of the computer and get their broadcast addresses
  - Send the UDP packet to the broadcast addresses in the loop and wait for a reply. If we get a reply, the package will be valid. If it is valid, we get the IP address of the reply which will be the server.
  - Close the socket

## **UDPRegisterM**

- Same as above, except this keeps track of the IP address that is the Master node, so that we know all the files will be downloaded from the master.

## UDPServ

We got this code from Michiel De Mey's blog  
(<http://michioldemey.be/blog/network-discovery-using-udp-broadcast/>)

- Function: UDPServ
  - Listens to UDP requests and checks to see if there are any incoming UDP packets.
- What it takes:
  - Null
- How it does:
  - First, it opens a socket that will listen for incoming UDP requests. Our port keeps changing due to "Connection refused" error.
  - Then, we loop through the UDP requests and also the responses in order to check if the UDP packet that we have received is valid.
  - If it is valid, we will send a response back to the IP and port from which the packet was received.

## MakeSeeder

- Function: download()
  - This function will generate JFrame and also make seeder. Seeder is a person who has the complete file. So, when the leecher has done downloading, they will become the seeder.
- What it takes:
  - Torrent file path
  - Original file path
- ProgressBar:

- To be honest, this code can be found on the internet, so I copy like 90% of the code on the stackoverflow.

## **Retrieved Address**

- Function: getMyIP()
  - This function will find the IP which start with 10.XXXX otherwise it cannot be downloaded. So, it will keep finding the interface.
- We have struggled with this process a lot because in the window and mac are not the same.

## **Torrent Maker**

I got this code from Magno C from StackOverFlow  
(<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/28417276/how-to-use-ttorrent-to-create-a-torrent-file>)

- Function: makeTorrent
  - This function will change a normal file to .torrent file. Torrent File contains information about files and a list of the network location of trackers.
- What it takes:
  - File\_Location: to tell where the normal file is located
  - TorrentFile\_Dir: Where to save the torrent file
  - Master: Own IP
  - Mas: IP Address of the host
- How: Once we have the torrent file, initiate a Tracker object. Then, for each torrent it will announce on this tracker and pass it to the tracker.announce() method.