Intro to SQL

Focusing on Sqlite

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Fordham University CS Society

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Game Plan

- Installing Sqlite
- Why you need SQL
- What is SQL
- What is Sqlite
- Basics of SQL syntax and database design
- \bullet How adding a SQL^1 database to an existing project can simplify your code





Let's get it Installed!

Mac and Linux

There's a 99% chance it's already installed. Open a terminal window and try sqlite3, and if that doesn't work, sqlite. If for some reason your OS didn't come with it, install it at https://www.sqlite.org

Windows

You could have unknowingly installed Salite when installing something else. Give it a try in Powershell or CMD. but it's likley you'll need to install Salite at: https://www.salite.org

If it works you will see:

(The specific version does not matter.)

SQLite version 3.30.0 2019-10-04 15:03:17

Enter ".help" for usage hints.

Connected to a transient in-memory database.

Use ".open FILENAME" to reopen on a persistent database. sqlite>



What's the point of this, anyways?

Non-CS majors that don't know SQL say, "Can't I just use a GUI tool like MS Access?"

CS majors that don't know SQL say, "There's plenty of tools in the language I'm already using, why do I need another one?"



• SQL is a declarative language.

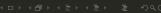


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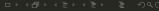
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- SQL gets to the point.

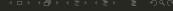


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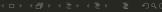
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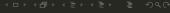
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 - A bit of a victim of its popularity, SQL isn't always implemented identically across database software from different vendors.
 - 90% of syntax is the same, but some things you "get away with" on one database you won't in others.
- Technically a fully-fledged programming language, although rarely used this way².





²With one important exception we'll see later.

Very few pieces of data exist in a vacuum



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Department

<u>Name</u>	Manager	Building
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Employee

<u>Id Number</u>	Name	Email	Supervisor	Department

Insert about 100 more tables here . . .





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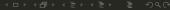
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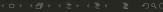
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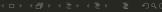


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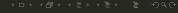
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- SQL builds consistency protection directly into the data storage³.
 - Bad data is rejected... No Exceptions!
 - Strict column types
 - Foreign keys: Can't insert an employee if his department is non-existent.
 - Triggers: Arbitrary code that can stop mistakes in their tracks.



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Basics of SQL: Making a Table

- Open a terminal.
- Navigate to a directory you can use for temporary files.
- Type in \$ sqlite demo.db
- 4 On the sqlite> prompt that will come up, enter the commands below.

IN SQL WE ALWAYS SHOUT!

```
1 CREATE TABLE "employee" (
2 "id" INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
3 "name" VARCHAR,
4 "dob" VARCHAR,
5 "joinDate" VARCHAR
6 );
```

To see if it worked:

- .tables
- .schema "employee"



Basics of SQL: Inserting and Reading Data

SELECT "id", "name" FROM "employee";

To make things more readable:

.mode column
.nullvalue NULL
.headers on

```
Add Some Data:

INSERT INTO "employee"

VALUES (12, "Sam Smith", "1980-05-06", "2008-06-22");

INSERT INTO "employee" (id, "dob")

VALUES (44, "1968-04-18");

Read It Back:

SELECT * FROM "employee";
```

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2 SELECT * FROM "employee" WHERE id = 44 LIMIT 1;
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There are many different conditions available in SQL. The database engine is also very efficient at sorting data:

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How could we get the oldest employee?



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```
1 SELECT * FROM "employee" ORDER BY "dob" ASC LIMIT 1;
```

Note that there is a MAX() function in SQL, but it probably won't work the way you expect.

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Deleting in SQL is pretty intuitive:

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DELETE FROM "employee";
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To delete a table, you use DROP not DELETE:

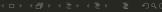
```
1 DROP TABLE "employee";
```

The convention of using DELETE for *data* and DROP for *structures* is widely used in SQL.



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- Other Keys / Indices
 - The terms "key" and "index" have overlapping meanings
 - You can arbitrarily enforce uniqueness on any column
 - You can tell the database engine to optimize queries involving any column



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Foreign Keys

```
First, enable foreign keys:
PRAGMA foreign_keys = ON;
Let's make a table with a foreign key:
CREATE TABLE customer
    id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
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Now try to insert a customer whose contact has Id 99

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