the structure





the style



HTML

CSS

the structure





the style





the interaction



HTML

CSS

JAVASCRIPT

JavaScript (not Java)

The programming language of the Web for interaction and behavior.

Core programming concepts, including methods, variables, loops, functions, and conditionals.

- Change HTML content and attributes
- Change CSS
- Listen and react to user interactions (clicking, keyboard, scroll, hover, etc)
- Dynamic!

Data Types

Numbers

2

57

1039.6418

9 + 7

12 / 6

Strings

"Hi"

'Hello World!'

"A 'Hello, World!'
program is a
computer program
that outputs 'Hello,
World!' to a user."

Boolean

True

False

Statements

```
const myMessage = "Hello, World!";
const x = 5;
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "Hello.";
```

Statements are instructions.

 Statements can have different formats.

Functions

```
function helloYou() {
   document.getElementById("demo1").innerHTML = "Hello!";
   document.getElementById("demo2").innerHTML = "How are you?";
}
```

 Functions are blocks of code that are designed to perform a specific task and can be reused.

- First define the function name.
- Use lower camelCase.

Where to put Javascript

```
<script>
document.getElementById("demo1").i
nnerHTML = "Hello Dolly!";
</script>
</body>
OR
<script src="script.js"></script>
</body>
```

- Use the <script> tag.
- Place ir before the closing </body> tag.
- Can be placed in a separate file with .js extension.

JQuery

A JavaScript Library.

Simplifies JavaScript programming.

Easier to learn.

```
$("p").hide();

$(".test").show();

$("#test").hide();
```

JQuery

```
<head>
<script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.7.1/jquery.min.js">
</script>
<script>
$(document).ready(function(){
  $("p").click(function(){
    $(this).hide();
 });
});
</script>
</head>
```