CoreData

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Many ways to store data

- As text file
- As XML file
- As property list
- Use SQLite directly
- CoreData
- iCloud

Read text file from main bundle

```
NSString *pathname = [[NSBundle mainBundle]
pathForResource:@"crayons" ofType:@"txt" inDirectory:@"/"];

NSArray *rawCrayons = [[NSString
stringWithContentsOfFile:pathname encoding:NSUTF8StringEncoding
error:nil] componentsSeparatedByString:@"\n"];
```

See Day 06: 05-Sectioned Tables

Read Property List

```
NSString *dataPath = [[NSBundle mainBundle]
pathForResource:@"Data" ofType:@"plist"];
self.data = [NSArray arrayWithContentsOfFile:dataPath];
```

Key	Type	Value
▼ Item 0	Diction…	(6 items)
Publisher	String	Super Sportz, Inc.
Name	String	Baseball
NumRatings	Number	106
Rating	Number	3.5
Price	String	$2.98
Icon	String	Baseball.png
▼ Item 1	Diction…	(6 items)
Publisher	String	General Specifics, Inc.
Name	String	Blocks
NumRatings	Number	114
Rating	Number	4.5
Price	String	$0.99
Icon	String	Blocks.png
▶ Item 2	Diction…	(6 items)
▶ Item 3	Diction…	(6 items)
▶ Item 4	Diction…	(6 items)
▶ Item 5	Diction…	(6 items)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN"
"http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<array>
        <dict>
                <key>Publisher</key>
                <string>Super Sportz, Inc.</string>
                <key>Name</key>
                <string>Baseball</string>
                <key>NumRatings</key>
                <integer>106</integer>
                <key>Rating</key>
                <real>3.5</real>
                <key>Price</key>
                <string>$2.98</string>
                <key>Icon</key>
                <string>Baseball.png</string>
        </dict>
```

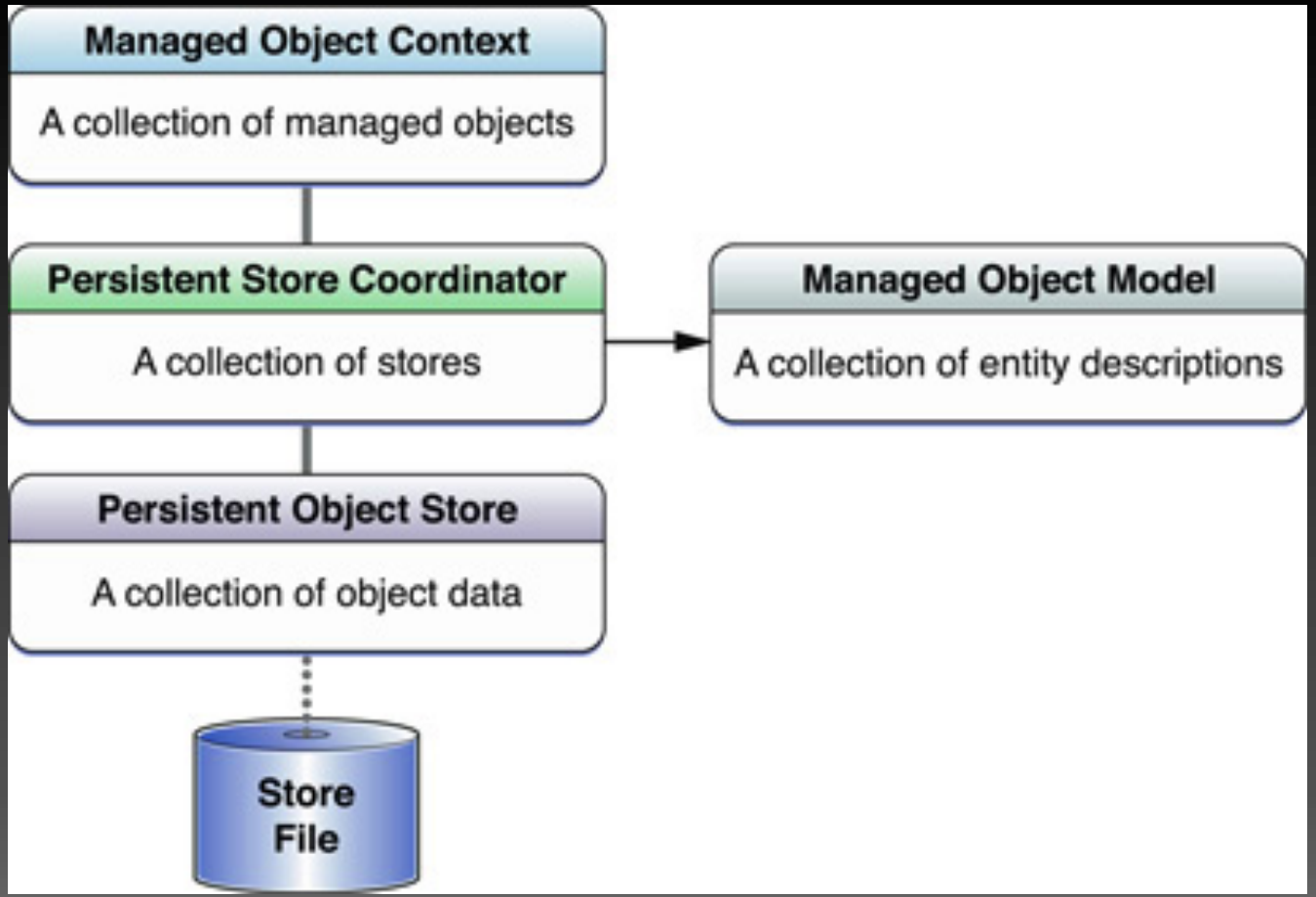
Core Data features #1

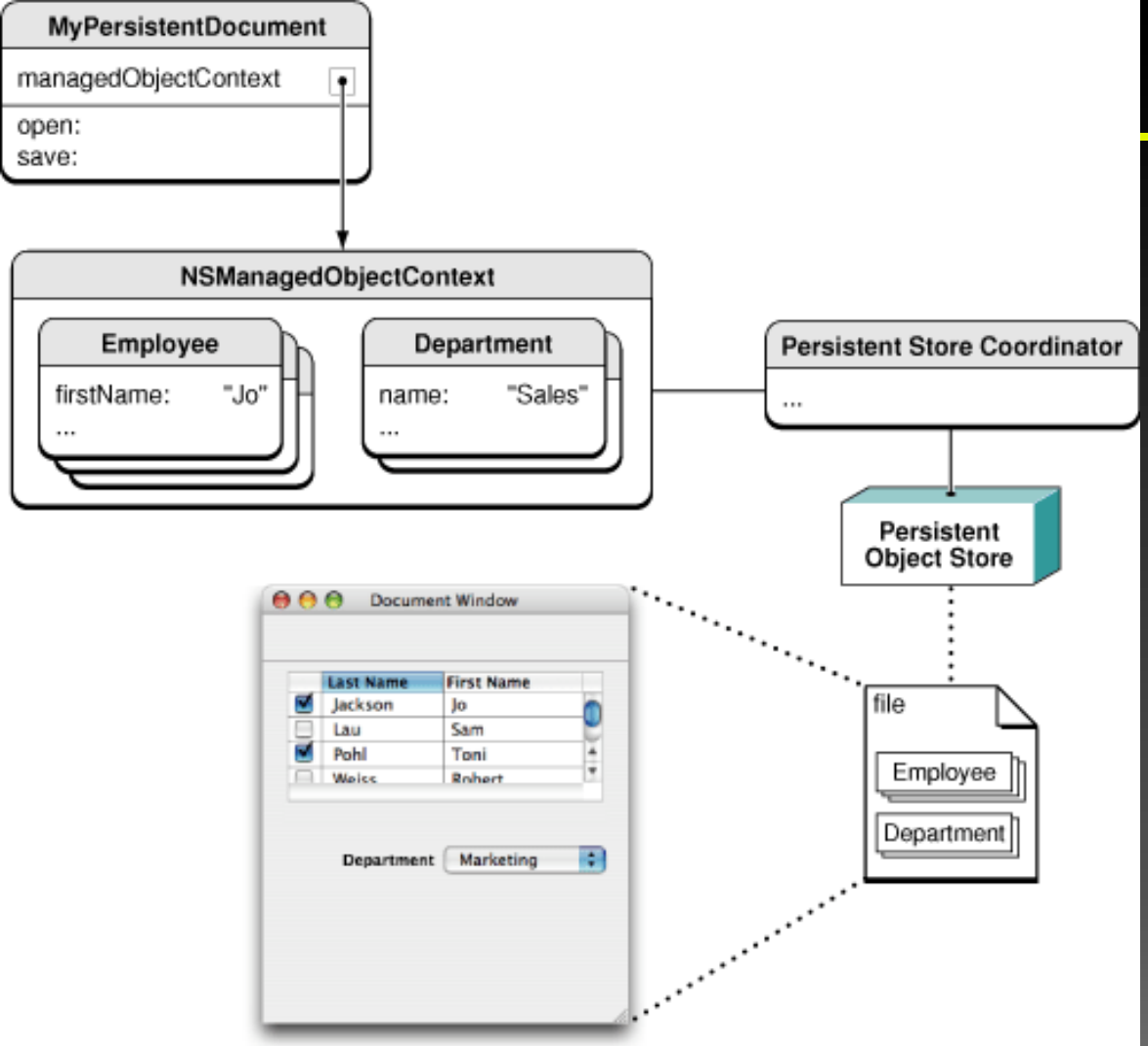
- Store objects in external storage
- Relationship maintenance
- Lazy loading
- Validation of property values

Core Data helps applications on all our platforms manage their data

Core Data features #2

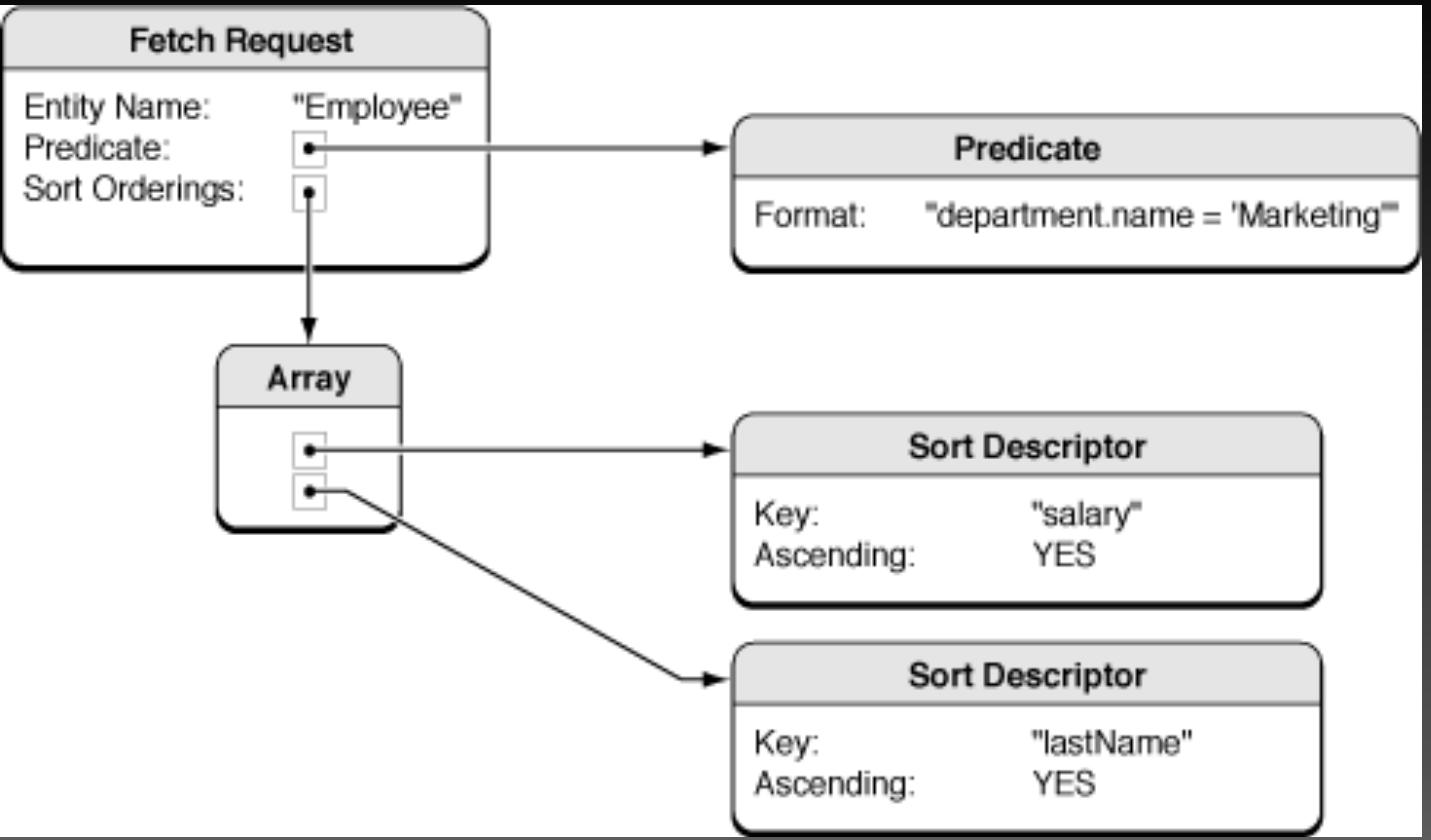
- Schema Integration
- Support key-value coding and key-value observing
- Grouping, filtering, organizing
- Change tracking and undo support
- Query with NSPredicate


Managed Object Context
A collection of managed objects
Persistent Store Coordinator
A collection of stores
Managed Object Model
A collection of entity descriptions
Persistent Object Store
A collection of object data
Store File

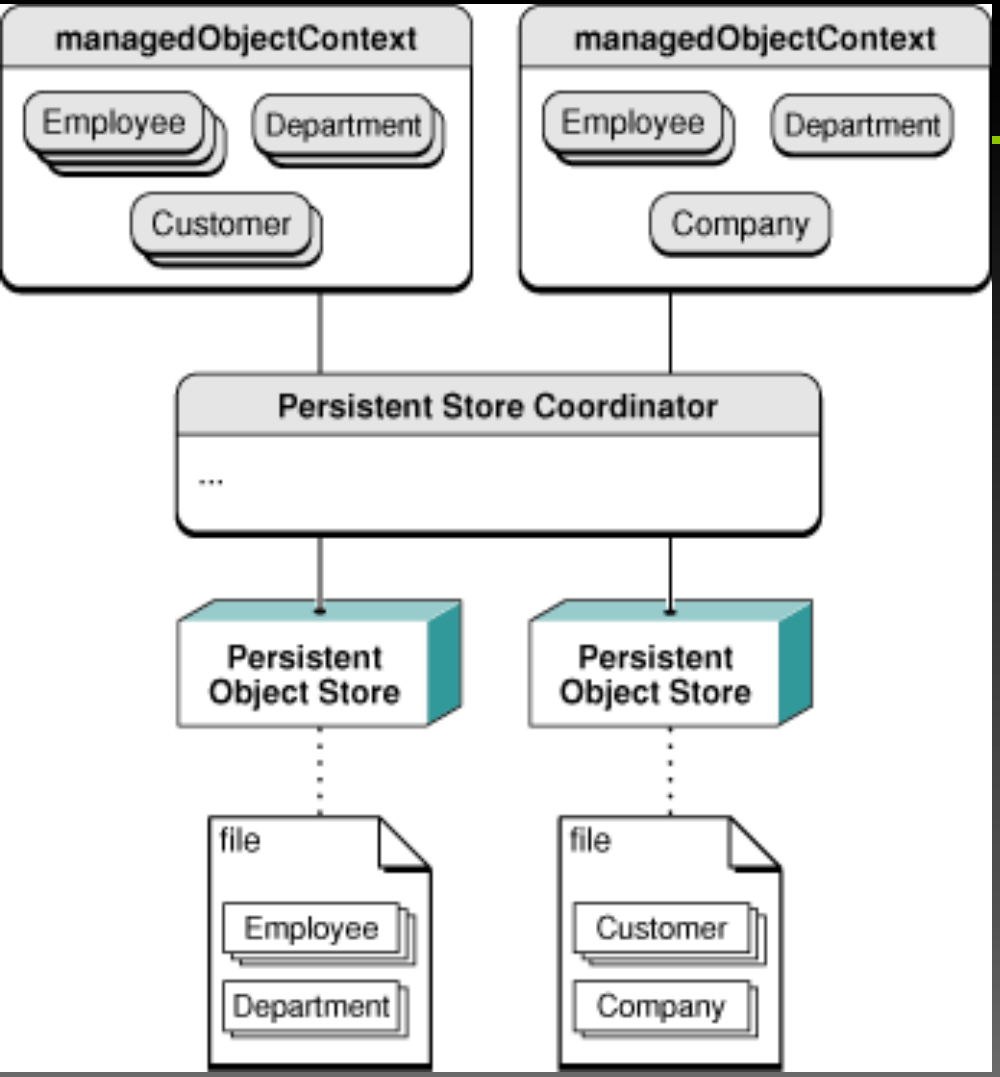


Managed Object Context

Fetch Requests



Persistent Store Coordinator



A persistent store coordinator associates persistent object stores and a managed object model

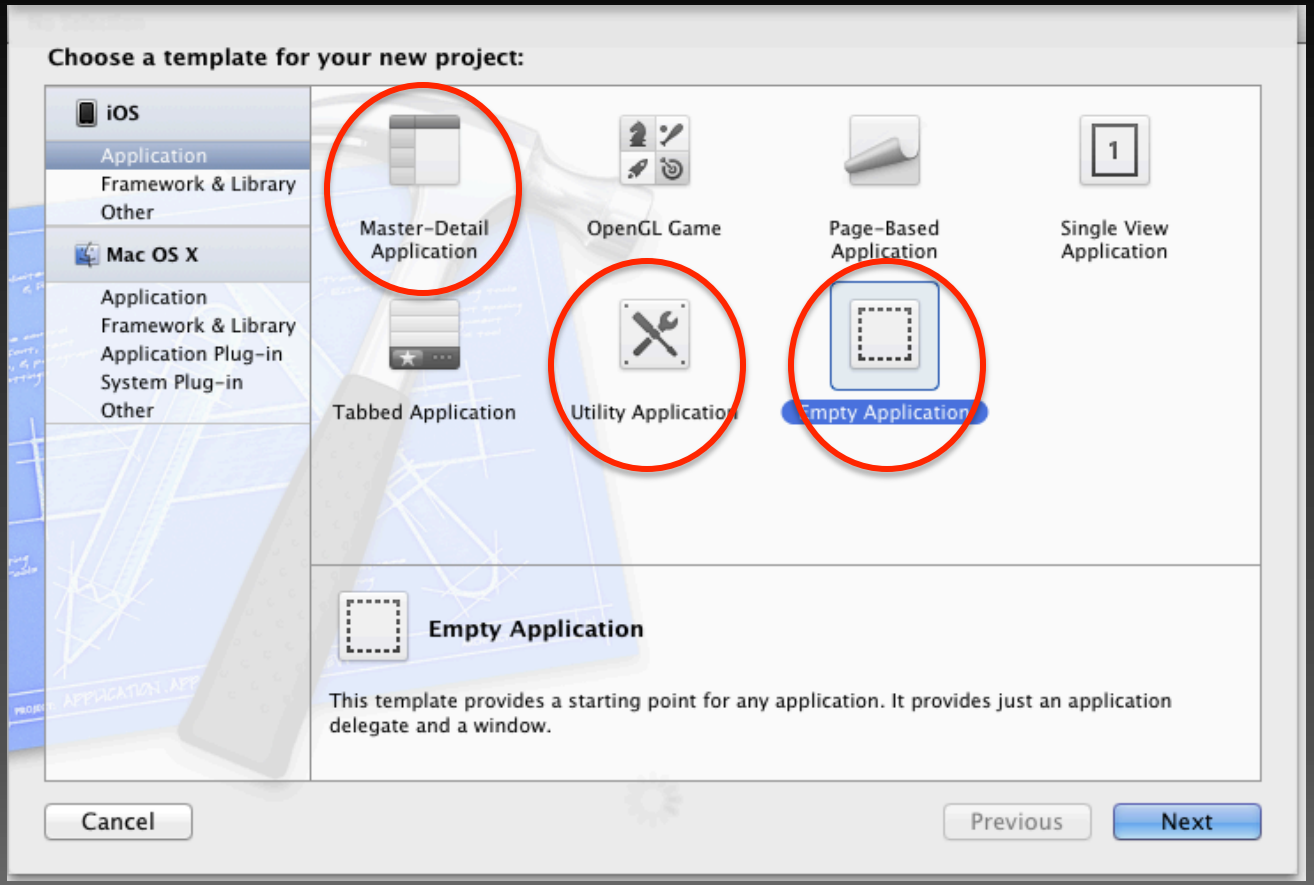
CoreData supports 4 types of persistance storage

```
COREDATA_EXTERN NSString * const NSSQLiteStoreType
NS_AVAILABLE(10_4, 3_0);

COREDATA_EXTERN NSString * const NSXMLStoreType
NS_AVAILABLE(10_4, NA);

COREDATA_EXTERN NSString * const NSBinaryStoreType
NS_AVAILABLE(10_4, 3_0);

COREDATA_EXTERN NSString * const NSInMemoryStoreType
NS_AVAILABLE(10_4, 3_0);
```

http://cocoawithlove.com/2010/02/differences-between-core-data-and.html

Database	Core Data
Primary function is storing and fetching data	Primary function is graph management (although reading and writing to disk is an important supporting feature)
Operates on data stored on disk (or minimally and incrementally loaded)	Operates on objects stored in memory (although they can be lazily loaded from disk)
Stores "dumb" data	Works with fully-fledged objects that self-manage a lot of their behavior and can be subclassed and customized for further behaviors
Can be transactional, thread-safe, multi-user	Non-transactional, single threaded, single user (unless you create an entire abstraction around Core Data which provides these things)
Can drop tables and edit data without loading into memory	Only operates in memory
Perpetually saved to disk (and often crash resilient)	Requires a save process
Can be slow to create millions of new rows	Can create millions of new objects in-memory very quickly (although saving these objects will be slow)
Offers data constraints like "unique" keys	Leaves data constraints to the business logic side of the program

Three project templates support CoreData



Initialize CoreData in AppDelegate

AppDelegate.h

```
@interface AppDelegate : UIResponder <UIApplicationDelegate>

@property (strong, nonatomic) UIWindow *window;

@property (readonly, strong, nonatomic) NSManagedObjectContext
*managedObjectContext;
@property (readonly, strong, nonatomic) NSManagedObjectModel
*managedObjectModel;
@property (readonly, strong, nonatomic)
NSPersistentStoreCoordinator *persistentStoreCoordinator;

- (void)saveContext;
- (NSURL *)applicationDocumentsDirectory;

@end
```

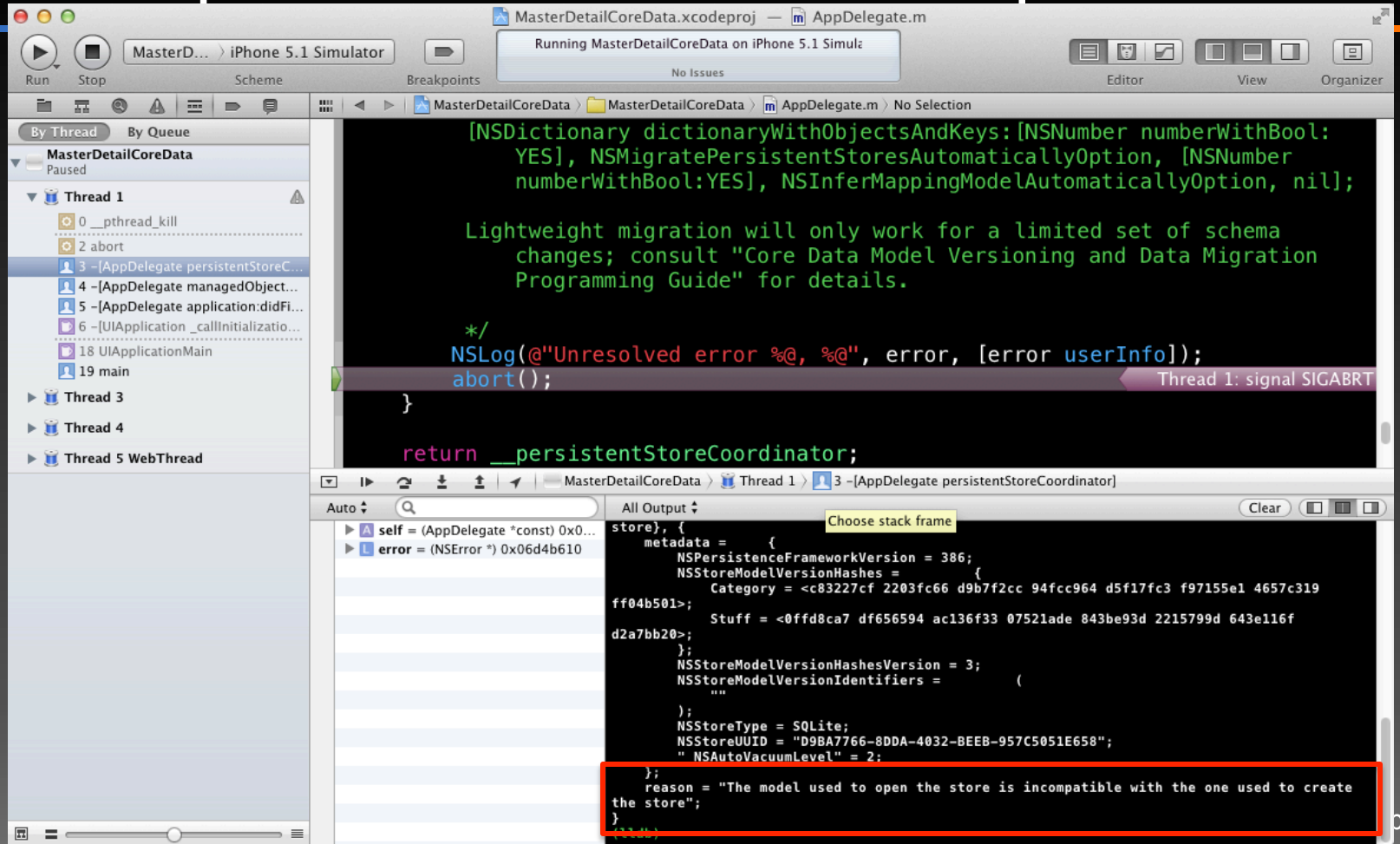
Some getter functions

```
- (NSManagedObjectContext *)managedObjectContext

- (NSManagedObjectModel *)managedObjectModel

- (NSPersistentStoreCoordinator
*)persistentStoreCoordinator
```

-(NSPersistentStoreCoordinator*) persistentStoreCoordinator

```
NSURL *storeURL = [[self applicationDocumentsDirectory]
URLByAppendingPathComponent:@"MasterDetailCoreData.sqlite"];

__persistentStoreCoordinator = [[NSPersistentStoreCoordinator
alloc] initWithManagedObjectModel:[self managedObjectModel]];

[__persistentStoreCoordinator
addPersistentStoreWithType:NSSQLiteStoreType configuration:nil
URL:storeURL options:nil error:&error]
```

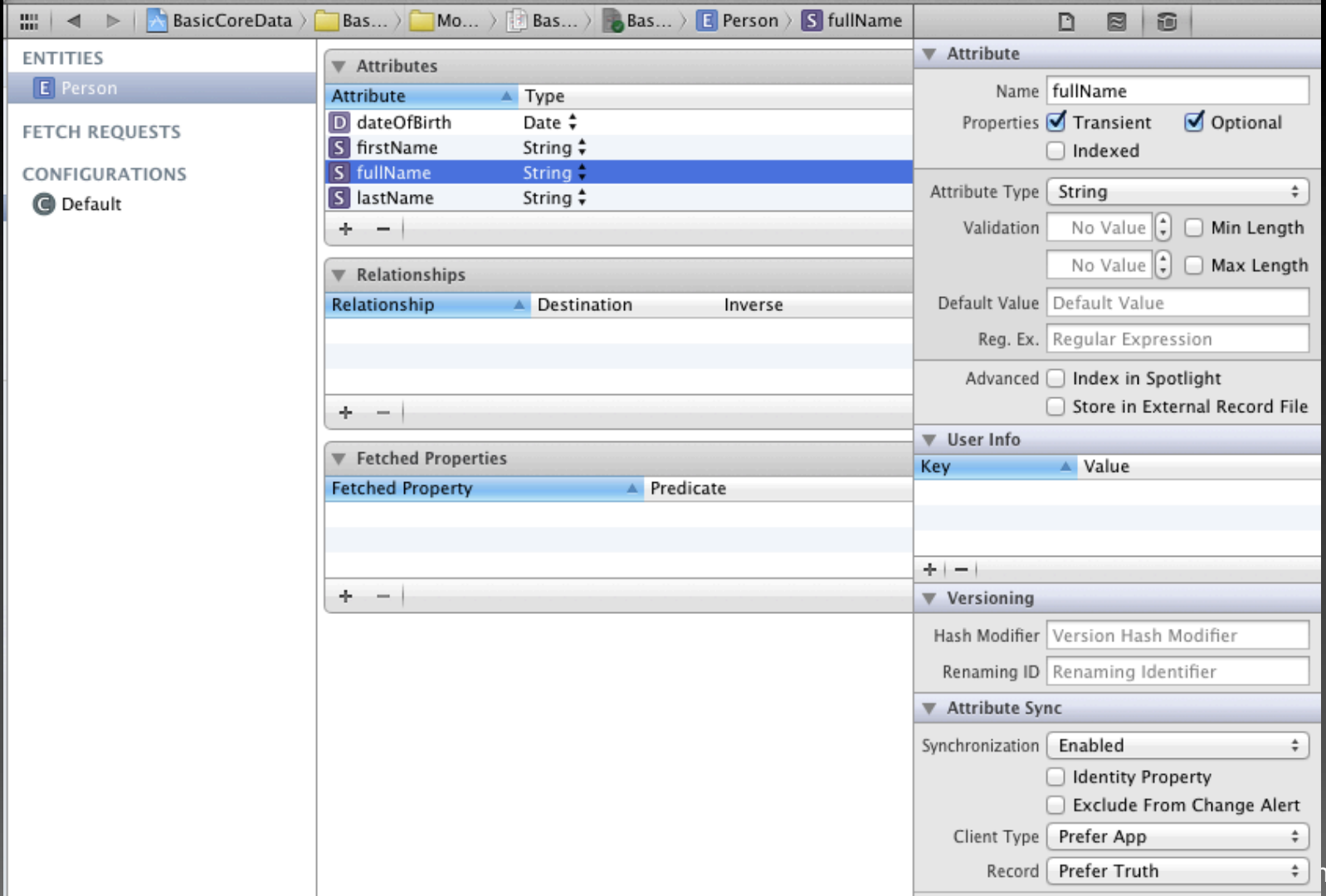
Lỗi phát sinh khi model và sqlite vênh nhau

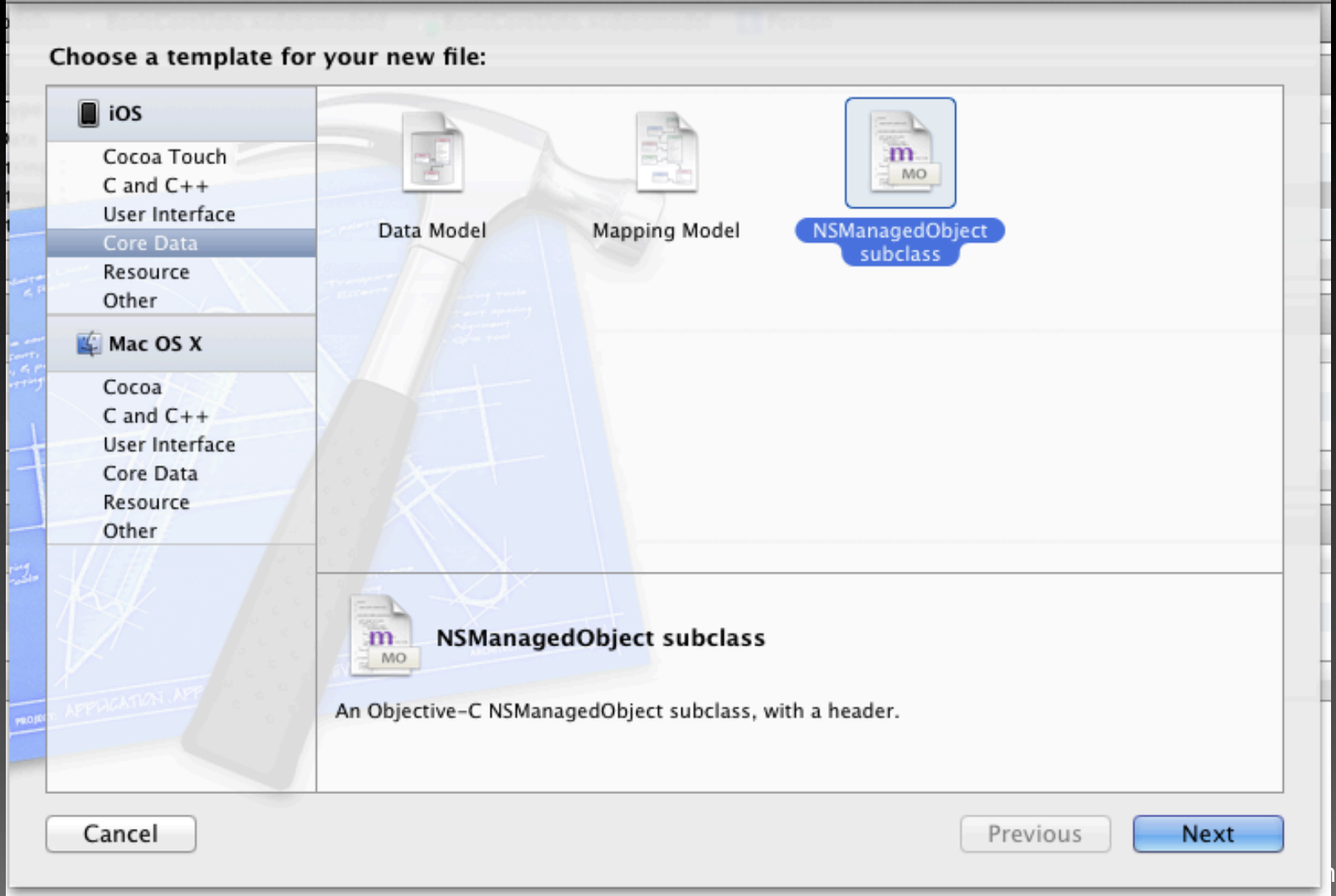


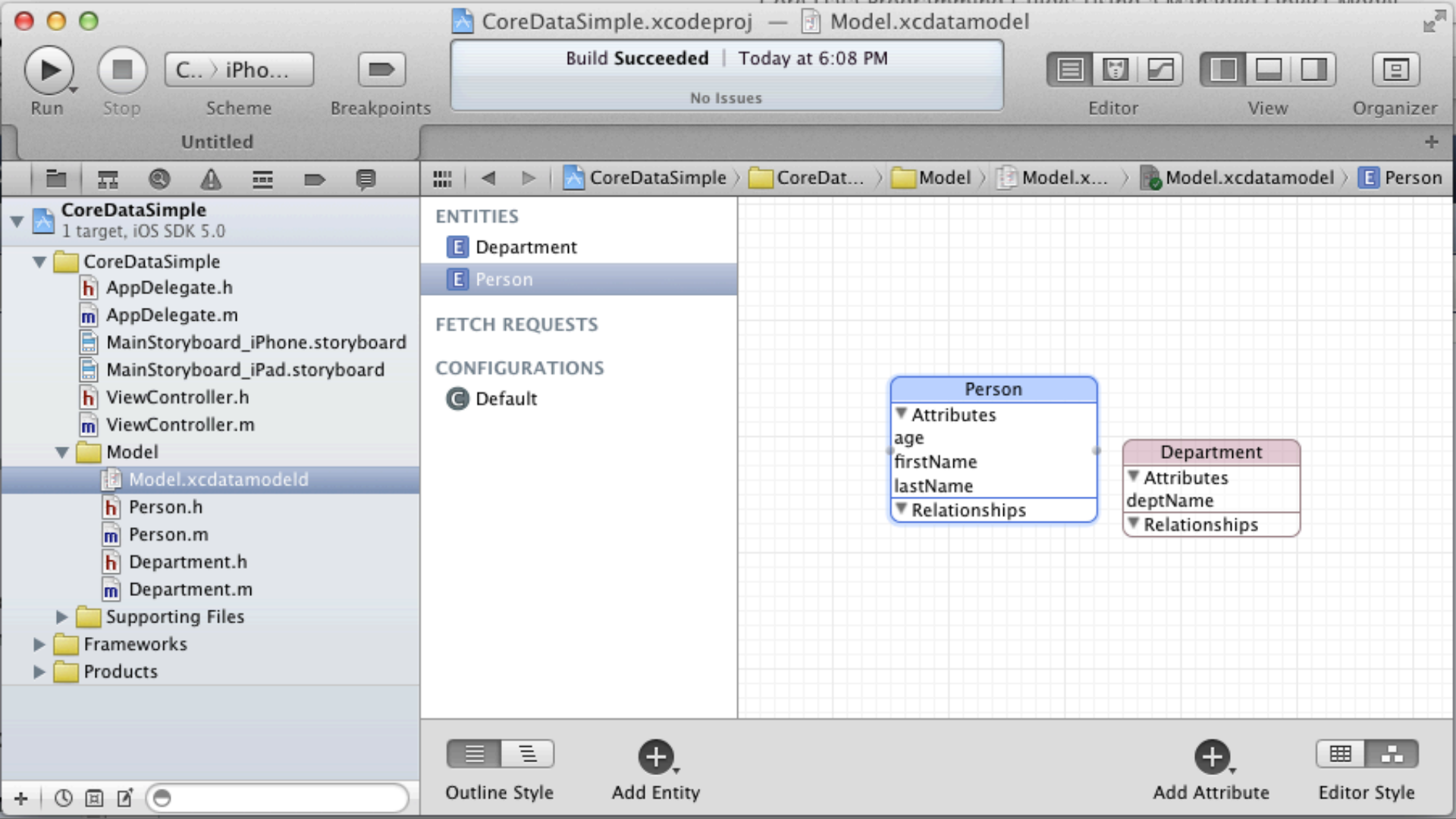
Xử lý lỗi này

```
[[NSFileManager defaultManager]
removeItemAtURL:storeURL error:nil];
```

Design Model

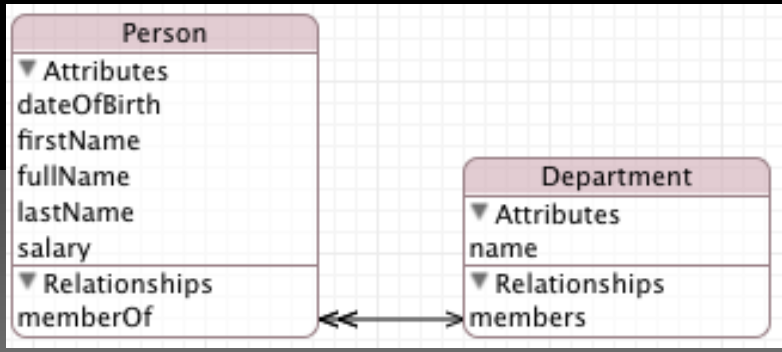

BasicCoreData
Bas...
Mo...
Bas...
Bas...
Person
fullName
ENTITIES
Person
FETCH REQUESTS
CONFIGURATIONS
Default
Attributes
Attribute
Type
dateOfBirth
Date
firstName
String
fullName
String
lastName
String
Relationships
Relationship
Destination
Inverse
Fetched Properties
Fetched Property
Predicate
Attribute
Name
fullName
Properties
Transient
Optional
Indexed
Attribute Type
String
Validation
No Value
Min Length
No Value
Max Length
Default Value
Default Value
Reg. Ex.
Regular Expression
Advanced
Index in Spotlight
Store in External Record File
User Info
Key
Value
Versioning
Hash Modifier
Version Hash Modifier
Renaming ID
Renaming Identifier
Attribute Sync
Synchronization
Enabled
Identity Property
Exclude From Change Alert
Client Type
Prefer App
Record
Prefer Truth


Choose a template for your new file:
iOS
Cocoa Touch
C and C++
User Interface
Core Data
Resource
Other
Mac OS X
Cocoa
C and C++
User Interface
Core Data
Resource
Other
Data Model
Mapping Model
MO
NSManagedObject subclass
MO
NSManagedObject subclass
An Objective-C NSManagedObject subclass, with a header.
Cancel
Previous
Next


CoreDataSimple.xcodeproj — Model.xcdatamodel
Build Succeeded | Today at 6:08 PM
No Issues
Run
Stop
Scheme
Breakpoints
Editor
View
Organizer
Untitled
CoreDataSimple
1 target, iOS SDK 5.0
CoreDataSimple
AppDelegate.h
AppDelegate.m
MainStoryboard_iPhone.storyboard
MainStoryboard_iPad.storyboard
ViewController.h
ViewController.m
Model
Model.xcdatamodeld
Person.h
Person.m
Department.h
Department.m
Supporting Files
Frameworks
Products
ENTITIES
Department
Person
FETCH REQUESTS
CONFIGURATIONS
Default
Person
Attributes
age
firstName
lastName
Relationships
Department
Attributes
deptName
Relationships
Outline Style
Add Entity
Add Attribute
Editor Style

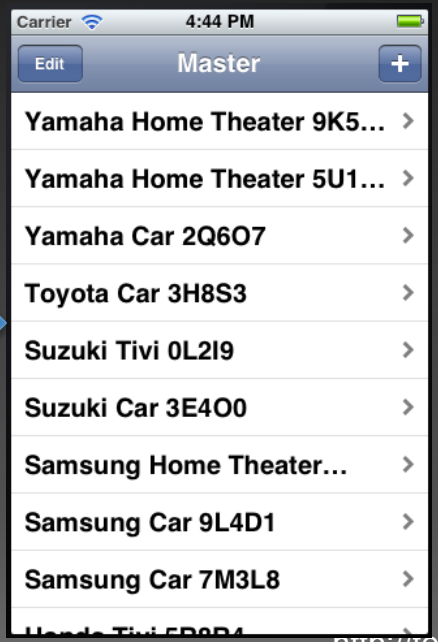
Join query

```
NSFetchRequest *request = [[NSFetchRequest alloc]
initWithEntityName:@"Department"];

NSPredicate *predicate = [NSPredicate predicateWithFormat:
@"ANY members.firstName LIKE 'Duong'"];

[request setPredicate:predicate];

NSError *error = nil;
NSArray *array = [managedObjectContext
executeFetchRequest:request
error:&error];
```



NSFetchedResultsController

Fetched results controller to efficiently manage the results returned from a Core Data fetch request to provide data for a UITableView object.



Cool features of NSFetchedResultsController

- Monitors changes to objects in its associated managed object context, and reports changes in the results set to its delegate
- Caches the results of its computation so that if the same data is subsequently re-displayed, the work does not have to be repeated