

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{12} & -h_{11} \end{pmatrix}$$

here $h_{22} = -h_{11}$, $h_{21} = h_{12}$

$$h = \frac{h_{11} + i h_{12}}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad \bar{h} = \frac{h_{12} - i h_{11}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\partial = \frac{\partial_1 + i \partial_2}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad \bar{\partial} = \frac{\partial_1 - i \partial_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

I have to calculate terms like

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\partial_i h_{kl} \partial_j h_{kl}} &= \partial_i h_{kl} \partial_j h_{kl} + \partial_j h_{kl} \partial_i h_{kl} \quad (\because h_{22} = -h_{11}) \\ &= 2 \partial_i h_{11} \partial_i h_{11} + 2 \partial_i h_{12} \partial_i h_{12} + \cancel{\partial_i h_{12} \partial_i h_{12}} + \cancel{\partial_i h_{11} \partial_i h_{11}} \\ &\quad + 2 (2 \partial_2 h_{11} \partial_2 h_{11} + \partial_2 h_{12} \partial_2 h_{12}) \\ &= 2 (\partial_i h_{11} \partial_i h_{11} + \partial_i h_{12} \partial_i h_{12}) + 2 (\partial_2 h_{11} \partial_2 h_{11} + \partial_2 h_{12} \partial_2 h_{12}) \end{aligned}$$

also terms like $\partial_i h_{kl} \partial_k h_{jl} \rightarrow$ this has mixed indices.

you can use other notations in place of

$\partial, \bar{\partial}$, ~~$\partial, \bar{\partial}$~~ • for \bar{h} you can ~~you~~ use l while

writing program.