

## Pipelines to be Configured

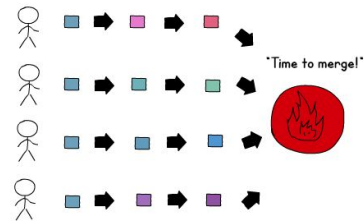
Name	Branch	Trigger	Environment / Test Type	Tools
petclinic-ci-job	dev feature** bugfix**	<b>Webhook</b> on each commit	Unit Test	jenkins, maven, git, github, jacoco
petclinic-nightly	dev	<b>Cronjob</b> every night 11.59pm	Functional IT	jenkins, git, github, docker, docker-compose, kubernetes, ansible, maven, selenium with python, bash scripting, aws cli / ecr / cloudformation
petclinic-weekly	release	<b>Cronjob</b> every sunday 11.59pm	Manual QA	jenkins, git, github, docker, docker-compose, kubernetes, ansible, maven, bash scripting, aws cli / ecr / terraform
petclinic-staging	release	<b>Cronjob</b> every sunday 11.59pm	Staging Env.	jenkins, git, github, docker, rancher, kubernetes, maven, bash scripting, aws cli / ecr / terraform, rancher
petclinic-prod	master	<b>Webhook</b> on each commit	Production Env.	jenkins, git, github, docker, rancher, kubernetes, maven, bash scripting, aws cli / ecr / terraform, rancher

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## Continuous Integration



'No interruptions! We're so productive!'



**integration**

```

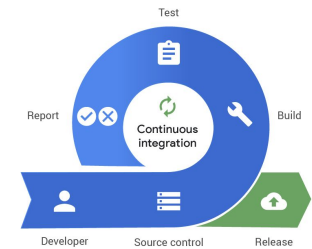
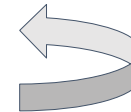
1 public class Example {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         //Creating the object as it is an instance method
4         Example obj = new Example();
5         System.out.println("The product is: "+obj.mul(9, 333));
6     }
7     int m;
8     //declaring the instance method
9     public int mul(int x, int y){
10         x = x*y;
11         //returning the sum
12         return m;
13     }
14 }
    
```

**source code**

## Continuous Integration



**integration**



**CI/CD Server**

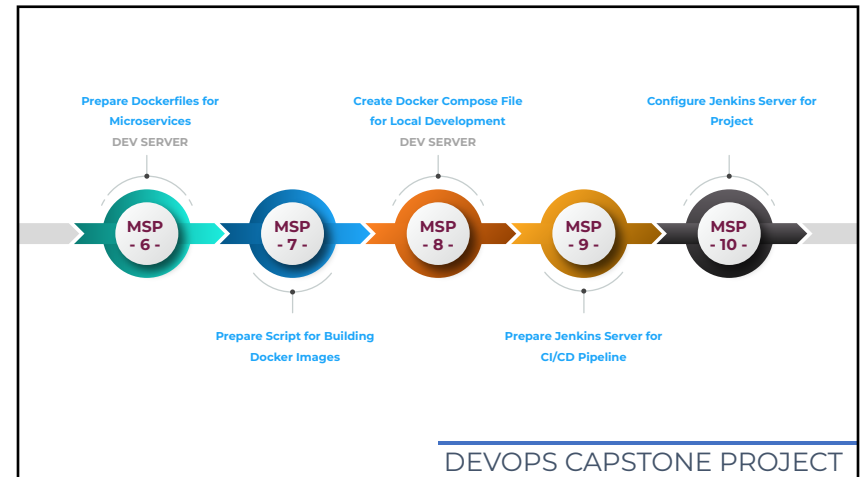
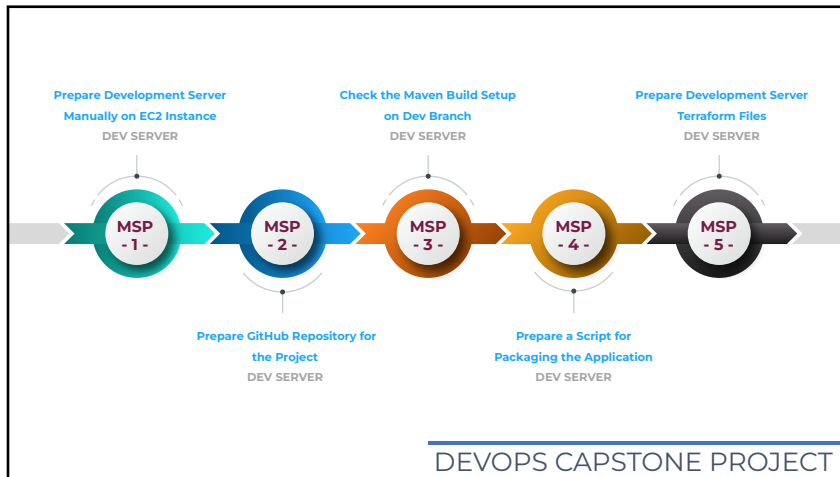
## Unit Testing Vs Functional Testing

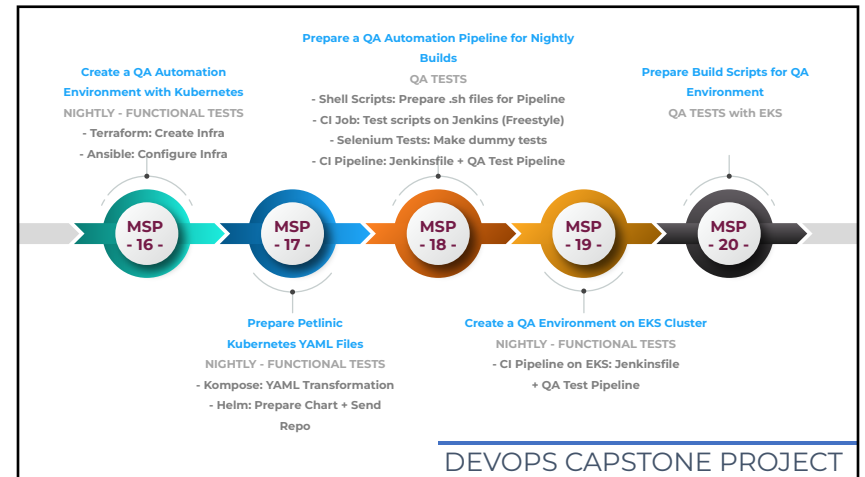
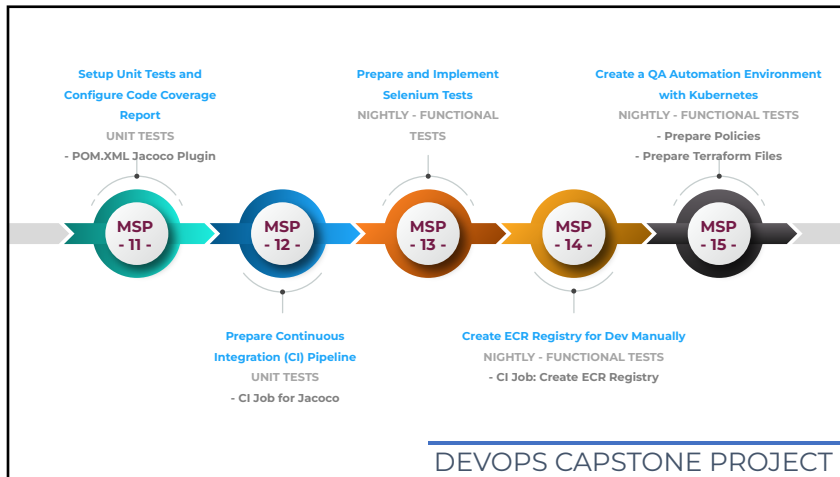
The goal of any software or application testing is to build a quality product. **Unit testing** and **Functional testing** are the foundation of the testing process.

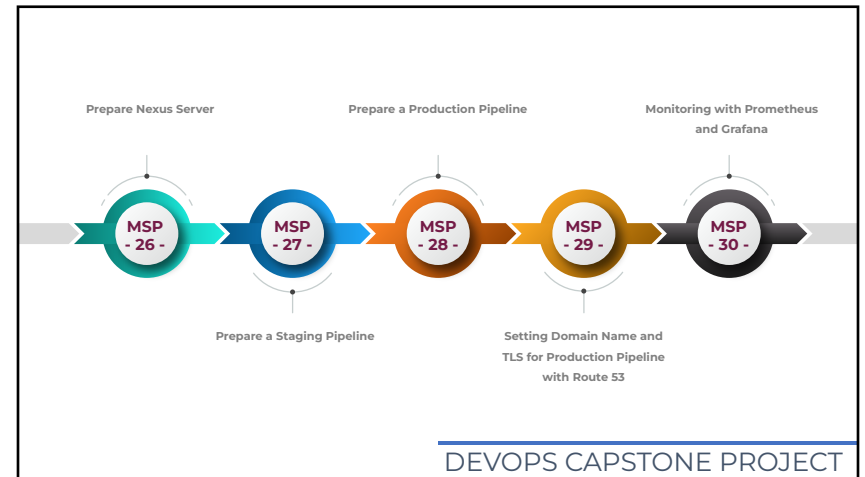
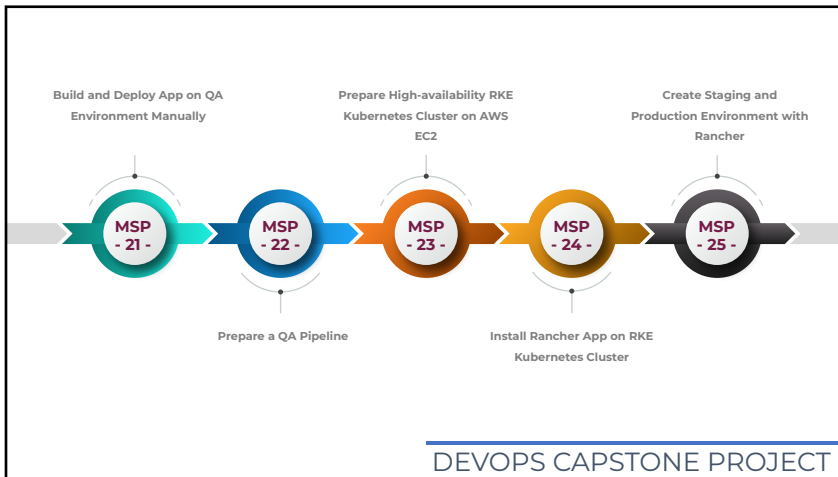
- **Unit testing** is a type of software testing where individual units or components are tested.
- **Unit testing** is performed by the developer during the development cycle.
- The purpose is to validate each unit of the software code and check whether they are performing as expected.

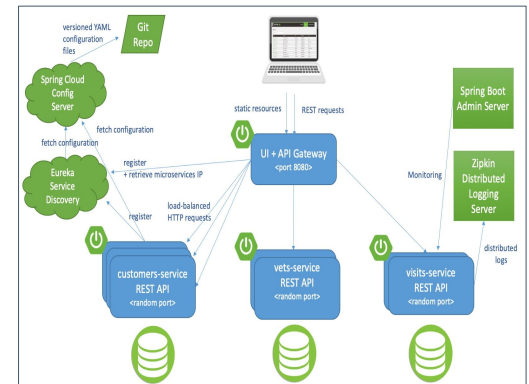
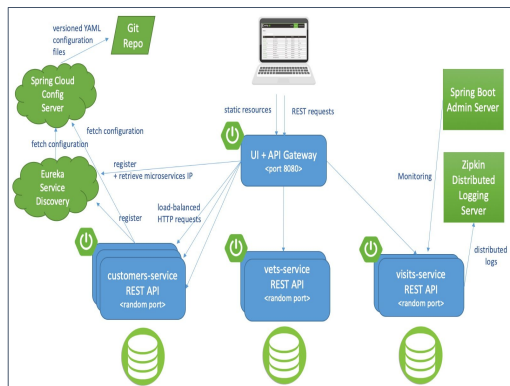
## Unit Testing Vs Functional Testing

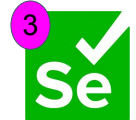
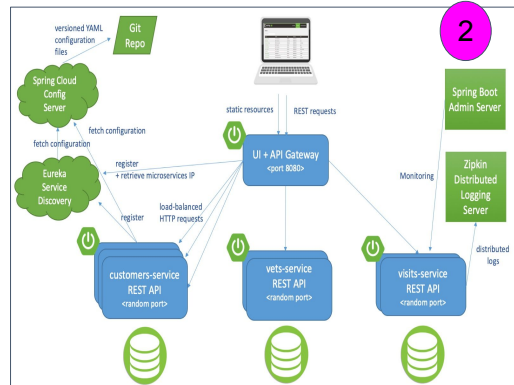
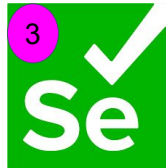
- **Functional Testing** tests the basic functionality of the application.
- It checks if the application runs as per the functional requirements.
- **Functional testing** is performed by the tester during the level of system testing.
- In functional testing, a tester is not worried about the core code, instead they need to verify the output based on the user requirements with the expected output.











- Create infrastructure**
- Launch instances with terraform \*\*\*
  - Setup Kubernetes cluster with ansible \*\*\*

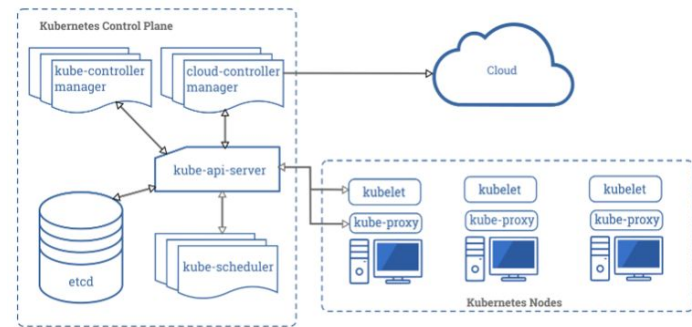
- Create application and deploy to kubernetes cluster**
- Create ECR repo \*\*\*
  - Prepare Docker Images \*\*\*
  - Push Images to ECR Repo \*\*\*
  - Create Kubernetes manifest files \*\*\*
  - Create helm charts \*\*\*
  - Deploy application on Kubernetes cluster with helm \*\*\*

- Run Functional test with selenium \*\*\***



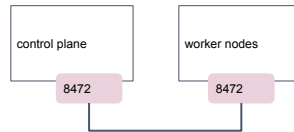
Name	Project	environment	role
kube-master	tera-kube-ans	dev	master
worker-1	tera-kube-ans	dev	worker
worker-2	tera-kube-ans	dev	worker

## Control Plane Components



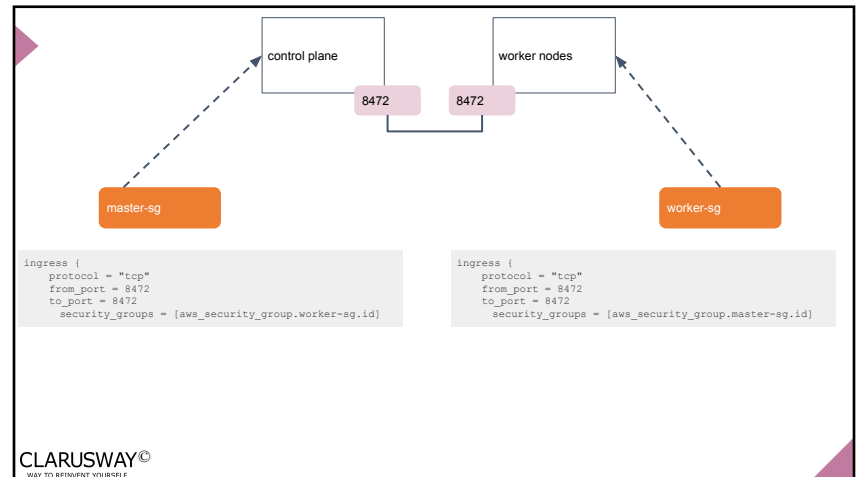
## Control plane

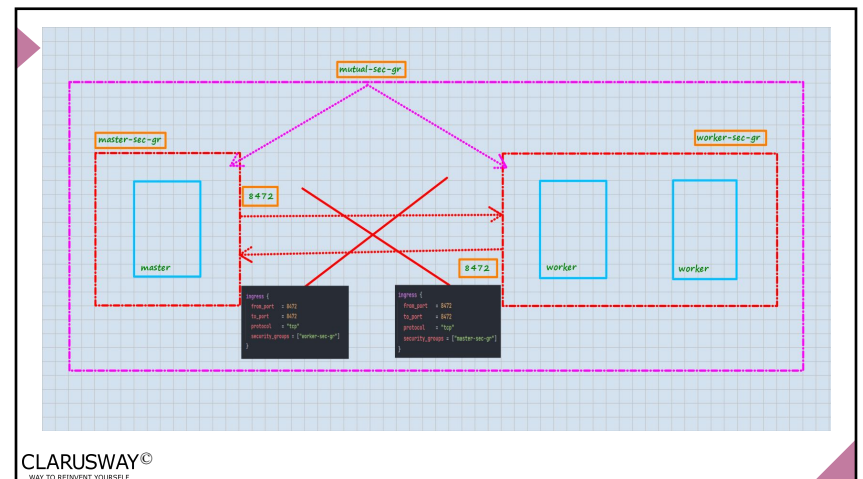
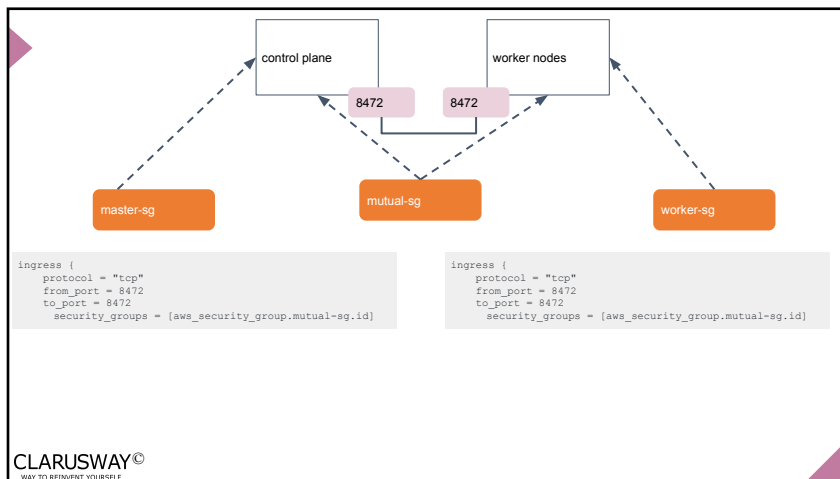
Protocol	Direction	Port Range	Purpose	Used By
TCP	Inbound	6443	Kubernetes API server	All
TCP	Inbound	2379-2380	etcd server client API	kube-apiserver, etcd
TCP	Inbound	10250	Kubelet API	Self, Control plane
TCP	Inbound	10259	kube-scheduler	Self
TCP	Inbound	10257	kube-controller-manager	Self



## Worker node(s)

Protocol	Direction	Port Range	Purpose	Used By
TCP	Inbound	10250	Kubelet API	Self, Control plane
TCP	Inbound	30000-32767	NodePort Services†	All





mutual-sg

EC2 > Security Groups > sg-0edc7cd8b26e03a82 - petclinic-k8s-mutual-sec-group > Edit inbound rules

Edit inbound rules

Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance.

Inbound rules

Security group rule ID	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional	
sg-0c34640a6ba245d73	Custom UDP	UDP	8472	Cust... Q...		Delete
sg-071c57db3a72f6c1c	Custom TCP	TCP	2379 - 2380	Cust... Q... sg-0edc7cd8b26e03a82		Delete
sg-0357eb903ba4930e63	Custom TCP	TCP	10250	Cust... Q... sg-0edc7cd8b26e03a82		Delete

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master-sg

EC2 > Security Groups > sg-0822eab530af3a2de - petclinic-k8s-master-sec-group > Edit inbound rules

Edit inbound rules

Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance.

Inbound rules

Security group rule ID	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional	
sg-06c7c37d5f99b0824	Custom TCP	TCP	30000 - 32767	Custom 0.0.0.0/0		Delete
sg-0932a7b19dab6b992	Custom TCP	TCP	10257	Custom Q... sg-0822eab530af3a2de		Delete
sg-0808d1e1a2e9053b1	SSH	TCP	22	Custom Q... 0.0.0.0/0		Delete
sg-01005e40319167b6d	Custom TCP	TCP	8443	Custom Q... 0.0.0.0/0		Delete
sg-0af5cafb4f03a2366	Custom TCP	TCP	10259	Custom Q... sg-0822eab530af3a2de		Delete

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worker-sg

EC2 > Security Groups > sg-08776543e07031e9f - petclinic-k8s-worker-sec-group > Edit inbound rules

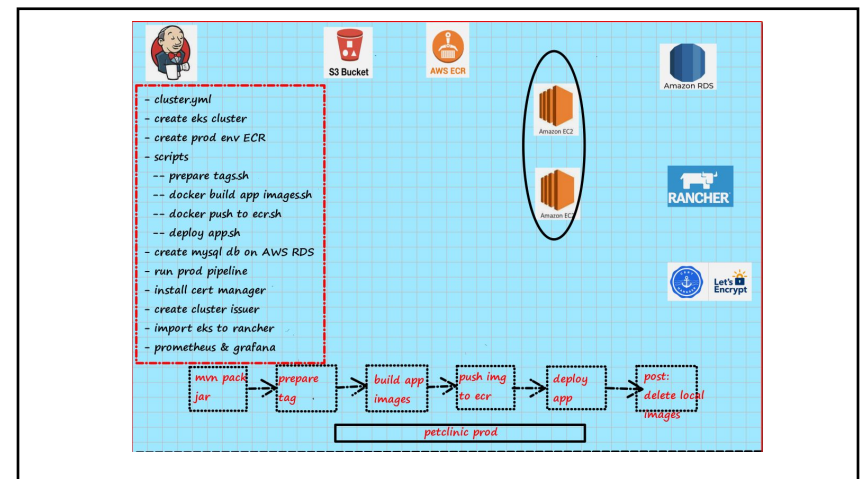
### Edit inbound rules Info

Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the instance.

#### Inbound rules Info

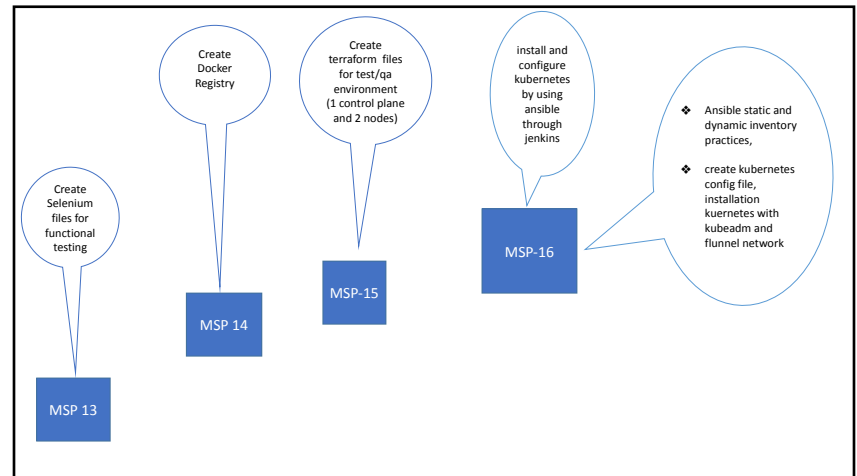
Security group rule ID	Type <small>Info</small>	Protocol <small>Info</small>	Port range <small>Info</small>	Source <small>Info</small>	Description - optional <small>Info</small>	
sg-088b942e9ed6ff66b	SSH	TCP	22	Custom... 0.0.0.0/0 X		Delete
sg-0627e11de47b3db00	Custom TCP	TCP	30000 - 32	Custom... 0.0.0.0/0 X		Delete

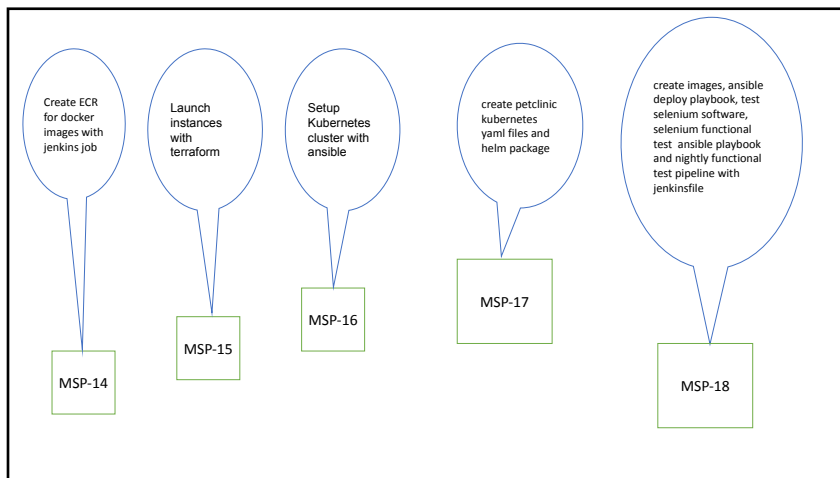
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# THANKS!

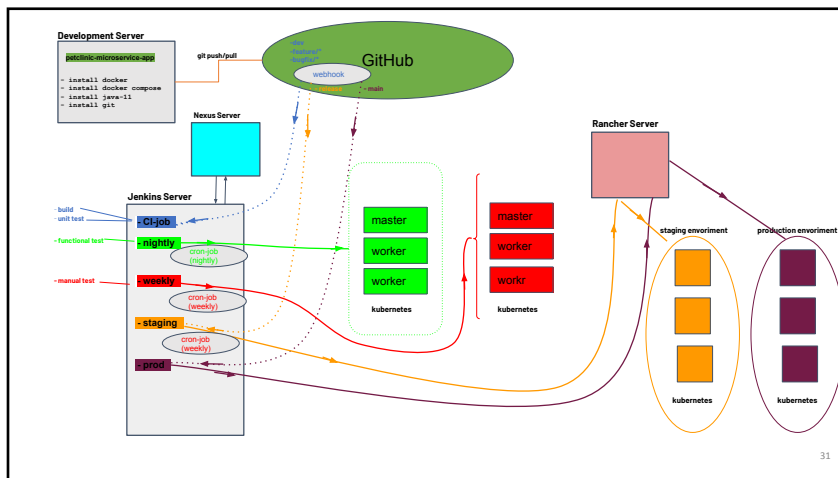
## Any questions?





## PETCLINIC NIGHTLY PIPELINE

1. Create infrastructure
  - a. Launch instances with terraform
  - b. Setup Kubernetes cluster with ansible
2. Create application and deploy to kubernetes cluster
  - a. Create ECR repo
  - b. Prepare Docker Images
  - c. Push Images to ECR Repo
  - d. Create Kubernetes manifest files
  - e. Create helm charts
  - f. Deploy application on Kubernetes cluster with helm
3. Run Functional test with selenium



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## PETCLINIC NIGHTLY PIPELINE

- Create ECR Repo
- Package Application
- Prepare Tags for Docker Images
- Build App Docker Images
- Push Images to ECR Repo
- Create Key Pair for Ansible
- Create QA Automation Infrastructure
- Create Kubernetes Cluster for QA Automation Build
- Deploy App on Kubernetes cluster
- Test the Application Deployment
- Run QA Automation Tests



## PETCLINIC NIGHTLY PIPELINE

- Create infrastructure with Terraform
- Launch Kubernetes Cluster with Ansible
- Create and push the helm charts to AWS S3
- Create images of services
- Deploy application on Kubernetes cluster with helm as helm release
- Run QA Automation Tests

## PETCLINIC NIGHTLY PIPELINE

- Create infrastructure with terraform
  - Create Key Pair for Ansible
  - Create QA Automation Infrastructure
- Launch Kubernetes Cluster with ansible
  - Create Kubernetes Cluster for QA Automation Build
- Create image of services
  - Create ECR Repo
  - Package Application
  - Prepare Tags for Docker Images
  - Build App Docker Images
  - Push Images to ECR Repo
- Deploy App on Kubernetes cluster
  - Create and push the helm charts to AWS S3
  - Deploy application on kubernetes cluster with helm as helm release
- Run QA Automation Tests

