

RX Family

RI3C Module Using Firmware Integration Technology

Introduction

This application note describes the Renesas I3C module using firmware integration technology (FIT) for communications between devices using the Improved Inter-Integrated Circuit communications interface.

Target Device

RX26T Groups (products with 64 Kbytes of RAM)

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

Target Compilers

- Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family
- · GCC for Renesas RX
- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX

For details of the confirmed operation contents of each compiler, refer to "6.1 Operating Test Environment".

Contents

1.	Ov	erview	4
	1.1	Renesas I3C FIT Module	4
	1.2	Outline of the API	4
	1.3	Overview of RI3C FIT Module	5
	1.3	3.1 Specifications of RI3C FIT Module	5
	1.4	Using RI3C FIT Module	6
	1.4	4.1 Using RI3C FIT Module in C++ project	6
2.	AP	I Information	7
	2.1	Hardware Requirements	7
	2.2	Software Requirements	
	2.3	Supported Toolchains	7
	2.4	Interrupt Vector	
	2.5	Header Files	
	2.6	Integer Types	
	2.7	Configuration Overview	
	2.8	Code Size	
	2.9	Parameters	
		Return Values	
		Callback Functions	
		Adding the FIT Module to Your Project	
	2.13	"for", "while" and "do while" statements	24
_	۸.	I Franckisco	0.0
		I Functions	
	_	3C_Open()	
	_	3C_Enable()	
	_	3C_DeviceCfgSet()	
	_	3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet()	
	_	3C_TargetStatusSet()	
	_	3C_DeviceSelect()	
	_	3C_DynamicAddressAssignmentStart()	
	_	3C_CommandSend()	
	_	3C_Write()	
	_	3C_Read()	
		3C_lbiWrite()	
	_	3C_lbiRead()	
	K_KI	3C_Close()	44
4.	Pin	Settings	46
••		J	
5.	Sai	mple Code	47
	5.1	RI3C Controller Basic Example	
	5.2	RI3C Target Basic Example	50
		pendices	
	6.1	Operating Test Environment	
	6.2	Troubleshooting	55

Related Technical Updates 57

Revision History 58

1. Overview

The Renesas I3C module using firmware integration technology (RI3C FIT module) provides a method to transmit and receive data between the controller and target devices using the RI3C. The RI3C complies with MIPI I3C.

Limitations

- This module does not support HDR (I3C high data rate) mode.

Renesas I3C FIT Module

This module is implemented in a project and used as the API. Refer to 2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project for details on implementing the module to the project.

1.2 Outline of the API

Table 1.1 lists the API Functions.

Table 1.1 API Functions

Item	Contents			
R_RI3C_Open()	Configure an RI3C instance.			
R_RI3C_Enable()	Enable the RI3C device.			
R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet()	Set the configuration for this device.			
R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet()	Configure an entry in the controller device table.			
R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet()	Set the status returned to the controller in response to a GETSTATUS command.			
R_RI3C_DeviceSelect()	In controller mode, select the device for the next transfer.			
R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAsignmentStart()	Start the Dynamic Address Assignment Process.			
R_RI3C_CommandSend()	Send a broadcast or direct command to target devices on the bus.			
R_RI3C_Write()	Set the write buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed, send a stop condition or a repeated-start.			
R_RI3C_Read()	Set the read buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed, send a stop condition or a repeated-start.			
R_RI3C_lbiWrite()	Initiate an IBI write operation.			
R_RI3C_lbiRead()	Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data.			
R_RI3C_Close()	Close the RI3C instance.			

1.3 Overview of RI3C FIT Module

1.3.1 Specifications of RI3C FIT Module

- 1. This module supports controller transmission, controller reception, target transmission and target reception.
- 2. This module supports SDR (I3C single data rate) mode with FIFO transfer.
- 3. RI3C autonomously starts transfer when data and command are written.
- 4. An interrupt occurs in one of the following contexts: Respond queue full (RESPI), command queue empty (CMDI), IBI queue empty/full (IBII), receive status queue full (RCVI), receive data full (RXI), transmit data empty (TXI), Communication error or communication event (EEI).
- 5. Controller device can communicate with multiple target devices by using 7-bit address.

1.4 **Using RI3C FIT Module**

Using RI3C FIT Module in C++ project 1.4.1

For C++ project, add RI3C FIT module interface header file within extern "C"{}:

```
extern "C"
#include "r_smc_entry.h"
#include "r_ri3c_rx_if.h"
```

Page 6 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

2. API Information

This driver API adheres to the Renesas API naming standards.

2.1 **Hardware Requirements**

This driver requires your MCU supports the following feature:

- RI3C Module.

2.2 **Software Requirements**

This driver is dependent upon the following packages:

- Board Support Package Module (r_bsp) Rev.7.30 or higher

2.3 **Supported Toolchains**

This driver has been confirmed to work with the toolchain listed in 6.1 Operating Test Environment

2.4 **Interrupt Vector**

The In-band interrupts are enabled by execution of R RI3C Enable API function.

Table 2.1 shows the interrupt vectors used by the RI3C FIT module.

Table 2.1 List of Usage of Interrupt Vectors.

Device	Contents			
RX26T	RESPI interrupt (vector no.: 40)			
	CMDI interrupt (vector no.: 41)			
	IBII interrupt (vector no.: 42)			
	RCVI interrupt (vector no.: 43)			
	RXI interrupt (vector no.: 118)			
	TXI interrupt (vector no.: 119)			
	EEI interrupt (vector no.: 113)			

2.5 **Header Files**

All API calls and their supporting interface definitions are located in r_ri3c_rx_if.h and r_ri3c_rx_api.h.

2.6 **Integer Types**

This project uses ANSI C99. These types are defined in stdint.h.

Page 7 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

2.7 **Configuration Overview**

The configuration options in this module are specified in r_ri3c_rx_config.h. The option names and setting values are listed in the table below.

Configuration options in r_ri3c_rx_config.h					
RI3C_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE - Default value = BSP_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE	Specify whether to include code for API parameter checking Set to 1 includes parameter checking; 0 compiles out parameter checking Use this option with caution.				
RI3C_CFG_UNALIGNED_SUPPORT - Default value = 1	Selects whether to support Unaligned Buffer in this device. 1 = Enabled (System default) 0 = Disabled				
RI3C_CFG_DEVICE_TYPE - Default value = RI3C_DEVICE_TYPE_TARGET	Device operation mode. RI3C_DEVICE_TYPE_PRIMARY_CONTROLLER RI3C_DEVICE_TYPE_TARGET (System default)				
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_SUPPORT - Default value = 1	Select enable/disable Controller mode of this device. 1 = Enabled (System default) 0 = Disabled If only Controller mode is required, disable Target support to decrease code size.				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_SUPPORT - Default value = 1	Select enable/disable Target mode of this device 1 = Enabled (System default) 0 = Disabled If only Target mode is required, disable Controller support to decrease code size.				
RI3C_CFG_PCLKA_REF_VALUE - Default value = 48000000	Peripheral Clock A Reference Value. 48 MHz (System default) 64 MHz FIT RI3C Modules works properly on 48 MHz or 64 MHz.				
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_OPEN_DRAIN_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Standard Mode Open Drain transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_OPEN_DRAIN_FREQUENCY - Default value = 1000000	The Frequency of SCL during Standard Mode Open Drain transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_PUSH_PULL_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Standard Mode Push Pull transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_PUSH_PULL_FREQUENCY - Default value = 3400000	The Frequency of SCL during Standard Mode Push Pull transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_OPEN_DRAIN_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Extended Mode Open Drain transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_OPEN_DRAIN_FREQUENCY - Default value = 1000000	The Frequency of SCL during Extended Mode Open Drain transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_PUSH_PULL_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Extended Mode Push Pull transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_PUSH_PULL_FREQUENCY - Default value = 3400000	The Frequency of SCL during Extended Mode Push Pull transfers.				
RI3C_CFG_OPEN_DRAIN_RISING_TIME - Default value = 0	The Open Drain rising time in nanoseconds. Value must be greater than or equal to 0				

Configuration options in r_ri3c_rx_config.h					
RI3C_CFG_OPEN_DRAIN_FALLING_TIME - Default value = 0	The Open Drain falling time in nanoseconds. Value must be greater than or equal to 0				
RI3C_CFG_PUSH_PULL_RISING_TIME - Default value = 0	The Push Pull rising time in nanoseconds. Value must be greater than or equal to 0				
RI3C_CFG_PUSH_PULL_FALLING_TIME - Default value = 0	The Push Pull falling time in nanoseconds. Value must be greater than or equal to 0				
RI3C_CFG_ADDRESS_ASSIGNMENT_PHASE - Default value = 0	Enable clock stalling during the Address Assignment Phase of ENTDAA. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_TRANSITION_PHASE - Default value = 0	Enable clock stalling during the Transition Bit of a read transfer. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_PARITY_PHASE - Default value = 0	Enable clock stalling during the Parity Bit of a write transfer. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_ACK_PHASE - Default value = 0	Enable clock stalling during the ACK phase of a transfer. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_CLOCK_STALLING_TIME - Default value = 0	The amount of time to stall the clock during the Address Assignment Phase, Transition Phase, Parity Phase, and ACK Phase. Value must be an integer Value must be great than or equal 0 and less than PCLKA				
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_ACK_HOTJOIN_REQ - Default value = 0	If enabled, the RI3C instance will ACK Hot-Join Requests and notify the application. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_NOTIFY_REJECTED_HOTJOIN_RE Q - Default value = 0	If enabled, the application will get a callback when an IBI Hot-Join Request is rejected. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_NOTIFY_REJECTED_CONTROLLER ROLE_REQ - Default value = 0	If enabled, the application will get a callback when an IBI Controller Role Request is rejected. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_NOTIFY_REJECTED_INTERRUPT_ REQ - Default value = 0	If enabled, the application will get a callback when an IBI Interrupt Request is rejected. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_IBI_REQ - Default value = 0	Configure whether the target can issue IBI requests. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				

Page 9 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

Configuration options in r_ri3c_rx_config.h					
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_HOTJOIN_REQ - Default value = 0	Configure whether the target can issue Hot- Join requests. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_CONTROLLERROLE_REQ - Default value = 0	Configure whether the target can issue Controller Role requests. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_INCLUDE_MAX_READ_TURNAROUND_TI ME - Default value = 0	Configure whether the Max Read Turnaround time will be transmitted. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_ENTER_ACTIVITY_STATE - Default value = RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS0	Configure the starting activity state of the target. RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS0 = 1 nanosec: Latency-free operation (Default value) RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS1 = 100 nanosec RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS2 = 2 microsec RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS3 = 50 microsec: Lowest-activity operation				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_WRITE_LENGTH - Default value = 65535	Set the max write length in Target Mode. Write length must be in range of [8, 65535]				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_READ_LENGTH - Default value = 65535	Set the max read length in Target Mode. Read length must be in range of [8, 65535]				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_IBI_PAYLOAD_LENGTH - Default value = 0	Set the max IBI payload length, or set it to 0 for unlimited. Read length must be in range of [0, 255]				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_WRITE_DATA_RATE - Default value = RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ	Set the max write data rate in Target Mode. RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_FSCL_MAX = FSCL_MAX RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_8MHZ = 8 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_6MHZ = 6 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_4MHZ = 4 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ = 2 MHz (Default)				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_READ_DATA_RATE - Default value = RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ	Set the max read data rate in Target Mode. RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_FSCL_MAX = FSCL_MAX RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_8MHZ = 8 MHZ RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_6MHZ = 6 MHZ RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_4MHZ = 4 MHZ RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ = 2 MHZ (Default)				

Configuration options in r_ri3c_rx_config.h					
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_CLK_TURNAROUND_RATE - Default value = RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_8NS	Set the max clock to data turnaround time in Target Mode. RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_8NS = 8 nanoseconds (Default) RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_9NS = 9 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_10NS = 10 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_11NS = 11 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_12NS = 12 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_EXTENDED = Greater than 12 nanoseconds				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_INCLUDE_MAX_READ_TURNAROUND_TI ME - Default value = 0	Configure whether the Max Read Turnaround Time will be transmitted in Target Mode. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_READ_TURNAROUND_TIME - Default value = 0	Set max read turnaround time in Target Mode. Value must be in the range of [0, 255]				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_FREQUENCY_BYTE - Default value = 0	Set the internal oscillator frequency in increments of 0.5 MHz in Target Mode. Value must be in the range of [0, 255]				
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_INACCURACY_BYTE - Default value = 0	Set the oscillator inaccuracy byte in increments of 0.5% in Target Mode. Value must be in the range of [0, 255]				
RI3C_CFG_BUS_FREE_DETECT_TIME - Default value = 38.4	The minimum period occurring after a STOP and before a START. Must be greater than or equal to 38.4 nanoseconds.				
RI3C_CFG_BUS_AVAILABLE_CONDITION_DETECT_TIME - Default value = 1	The minimum period occurring after the Bus Free Condition when Targets can initiate IBI requests. Must be greater than or equal to 1 microsecond.				
RI3C_CFG_BUS_IDLE_CONDITION_DETECT_TIME - Default value = 1000	The minimum period occurring after the Bus Available Condition when Targets can initiate Hot-Join requests. Must be greater than or equal to 1000 microsecond.				
RI3C_CFG_TIMEOUT_DETECTION - Default value = 0	If enabled, the application will get a callback if SCL is stuck at a logic high or logic low level for more than 65535 cycles of the RI3C source clock. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable				
RI3C_CFG_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY_LEVEL - Default value = 2	Set the interrupt priority level of the RI3C Module. Value must be in the range of [0, 15]				

Table 2.2 List of RI3C module configuration options.

2.8 **Code Size**

Typical code sizes associated with this module are listed below. Information is listed for a single representative device of the RX26T Group.

The ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) sizes are determined by the build-time configuration options described in 2.7 Configuration Overview. The table lists reference values when the C compiler's compile options are set to their default values, as described in 2.3 Supported Toolchains. The compile option default values are optimization level: 2, optimization type: for size, and data endianness: little-endian. The code size varies depending on the C compiler version and compile options.

The values in the table below are confirmed under the following conditions.

Module Revision: r ri3c rx rev1.00

Compiler Version: Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00

(The option of "-lang = c99" is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.)

GCC for Renesas RX 8.03.00.202204

(The option of "-std=gnu99" is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.)

Configuration Options: Default settings

	ROM, RAM and Stack Memory Usage							
Device	Category		Memory Used					
			Renesas Compiler GCC		IAR Compiler			
			With	Without	With	Without	With	Without
			Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter
			Checking	Checking	Checking	Checking	Checking	Checking
	ROM	Controller device	6569 bytes	5788 bytes	7508 bytes	6804 bytes	7071 bytes	6615 bytes
		Target device	5931 bytes	5474 bytes	6876 bytes	6428 bytes	6615 bytes	6465 bytes
RX26T	RAM	Controller device	292 bytes 292 bytes		384 bytes		192 bytes	
		Target device			384 bytes		192 bytes	
	STAC	< * ¹	268 bytes	300 bytes	-		300 bytes	300 bytes

Note 1. The size of maximum usage stack of Interrupts functions is included.

2.9 Parameters

This section describes the structure whose members are API parameters. These structures are located in r_ri3c_rx_if.h and r_ri3c_rx_api.h

```
typedef struct st_ri3c_instance_ctrl
    uint32 t open;
#if(( CCRX ) || ( GNUC ))
    volatile struct RI3C0_Type R_BSP_EVENACCESS * p_reg;
#elif(__ICCRX )
    struct RI3CO Type R BSP VOLATILE SFR * p reg;
#endif
    volatile uint32 t
                                      internal state;
    uint8_t
                                      current command code;
                                      device_index;
device_bitrate_mode;
    uint32 t
    ri3c_bitrate_mode_t
ri3c_target_info_t
                                  device_bittal
current_target_info;
    uint32 t
                                      next word;
    uint32 t
                                      ibi next word;
    ri3c_write_buffer_descriptor_t write_buffer_descriptor;
    ri3c_read_buffer_descriptor_t read_buffer_descriptor; ri3c_read_buffer_descriptor_t ibi_buffer_descriptor;
    volatile uint32 t
                                      read transfer count final;
    volatile uint32 t
                                      ibi transfer count final;
                                     * p_cfg;
    ri3c_cfg_t const
} ri3c instance ctrl t
```

```
typedef struct s ri3c extended cfg
   ri3c bitrate settings t
                                        bitrate settings;
   ri3c ibi control t
                                        ibi_control
                                        bus free detection time;
   uint32 t
   uint32 t
                                        bus available detection time;
                                        bus idle detection time;
   uint32 t
                                        timeout detection enable;
   bool
    ri3c target command response info t target command response info;
   uint8 t
                                        ipl;
   uint8 t
                                         eei_ipl;
} ri3c extended cfg t;
```

```
typedef struct s_target_command_response_info
{
    bool
                                   inband interrupt enable;
    bool
                                   controllerrole request enable;
                                   hotjoin request enable;
    bool
    ri3c activity state t
                                  activity state;
                                   write length;
    uint16 t
                                   read length;
    uint16 t
    uint8 t
                                   ibi payload_length;
    ri3c_data_rate_setting_t write_data_rate;
ri3c_data_rate_setting_t read_data_rate;
    ri3c clock data turnaround t clock data turnaround;
    bool
                                   read turnaround time enable;
    uint32 t
                                    read turnaround time;
    uint8 t
                                    oscillator frequency;
    uint8 t
                                    oscillator inaccuracy;
} ri3c target command response info t;
```

```
typedef struct s_ri3c_clock stalling
   uint32 t assigned address phase enable : 1;
   uint32 t transition phase enable : 1;
   uint32 t parity phase enable
                                          : 1;
   uint32 t ack phase_enable
                                          : 1;
   uint16 t clock stalling time;
} ri3c clock stalling t;
typedef struct s ri3c bitrate settings
   uint32 t
                         icsbr; ///< The standard bitrate settings.
                         icebr; ///< The extended bitrate settings.
   uint32 t
   ri3c clock stalling t clock stalling;
} ri3c bitrate settings t;
typedef struct s ri3c ibi control
   uint32 t hot join acknowledge
                                                    : 1;
   uint32 t notify rejected hot join requests : 1;
   uint32 t notify rejected controllerrole requests : 1;
   uint32 t notify rejected interrupt requests : 1;
} ri3c ibi control t;
typedef struct s ri3c read buffer descriptor
   uint8 t * p buffer;
   uint32 t count;
   uint32_t buffer size;
   bool read request_issued;
} ri3c_read_buffer_descriptor_t;
typedef struct s ri3c write buffer descriptor
   uint8 t * p buffer;
   uint32 t count;
   uint32 t buffer size;
} ri3c write buffer descriptor t;
```

```
typedef enum e ri3c common command code
           /* Broadcast Common Command Codes */
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENEC = (0x00), ///< Enable Target initiated events.
I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_DISEC = (0x01), ///< Disable Target initiated events
                                                                                  = (0x01), ///< Disable Target initiated events.
          I3C CCC BROADCAST_ENTASO = (0x02), ///< Enter Activity State 0.
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTAS1 = (0x03), ///< Enter Activity State 1.
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTAS2 = (0x04), ///< Enter Activity State 2.

I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTAS3 = (0x05), ///< Enter Activity State 3.

I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_RSTDAA = (0x06), ///< Reset Dynamic Address Assignment.
          I3C CCC BROADCAST ENTDAA = (0x07), ///< Enter Dynamic Address Assignment.
          I3C CCC BROADCAST DEFSVLS = (0x08), ///< Define List of Targets.
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_SETMWL = (0x09), ///< Set Max Write Length.
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_SETMRL = (0x0A), ///< Set Max Read Length. I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTTM = (0x0B), ///< Enter Test Mode.
          I3C CCC BROADCAST ENTHDR0 = (0x20), ///< Enter HDR Mode 0.
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR1 = (0x21), ///< Enter HDR Mode 1. I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR2 = (0x22), ///< Enter HDR Mode 2.
          I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR3 = (0x23), ///< Enter HDR Mode 3.

I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR4 = (0x24), ///< Enter HDR Mode 4.

I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR5 = (0x25), ///< Enter HDR Mode 5.

I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR6 = (0x26), ///< Enter HDR Mode 6.
          I3C CCC BROADCAST ENTHDR7 = (0x27), ///< Enter HDR Mode 7.
          I3C\_CCC\_BROADCAST\_SETXTIME = (0x28), ///< Set Exchange Timing Info.
          I3C CCC BROADCAST SETAASA = (0x29), ///< Set All Addresses to Static Address.
           /* Direct Common Command Codes */
         /* Direct Common Command Codes */
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENEC = (0x80),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_DISEC = (0x81),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS0 = (0x82),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS1 = (0x83),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS2 = (0x84),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS3 = (0x85),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_RSTDAA = (0x86),
I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETDASA = (0x87)
                                                                                                          ///< Enable Target initiated events.
                                                                                                           ///< Disable Target initiated events.
                                                                                                          ///< Enter Activity State 0.
                                                                                                          ///< Enter Activity State 1.
///< Enter Activity State 2.
///< Enter Activity State 3.
                                                                                                          ///< Reset Dynamic Address Assignment.
         I3C_CCC_DIRECT_RSTDAA = (0x86), ///< Reset Dynamic Address Ass

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETDASA = (0x87), ///< Set Dynamic Address from

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETNEWDA = (0x88), ///< Set New Dynamic Address.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETMWL = (0x89), ///< Set Max Write Length.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETMRL = (0x8A), ///< Set Max Read Length.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETMWL = (0x8B), ///< Get Max Write Length.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETMRL = (0x8C), ///< Get Max Read Length.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETPID = (0x8D), ///< Get Provisional ID.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETBCR = (0x8E), ///< Get Bus Characteristic Residue of Company and Company an
                                                                                                          ///< Set Dynamic Address from Static Address.
                                                                                                          ///< Get Bus Characteristic Register.
                                                                                                          ///< Get Device Characteristic Register.
///< Get Device Status.</pre>
          I3C CCC DIRECT GETSTATUS = (0x90),
          I3C CCC DIRECT GETACCMST = (0x91),
                                                                                                          ///< Get Accept Controller Role.
          I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETMXDS = (0x94), ///< Get Max Data Speed.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETXTIME = (0x98), ///< Set Exchange Timing Information.

I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETXTIME = (0x99), ///< Get Exchange Timing Information.
} ri3c common command code t;
```

R01AN6808ES0112 Rev.1.12 Page 15 of 58
Mar.15.25

```
typedef struct s ri3c target device cfg
   uint8 t
                       static address;
   uint8_t
                       dynamic address;
   ri3c target info t target info;
} ri3c device cfg t;
typedef enum e ri3c event
   RI3C EVENT ENTDAA ADDRESS PHASE,
   RI3C EVENT IBI READ COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT IBI READ BUFFER FULL,
   RI3C EVENT READ BUFFER FULL,
   RI3C EVENT IBI WRITE COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT HDR EXIT PATTERN DETECTED,
   RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT COMMAND COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT TIMEOUT DETECTED,
   RI3C EVENT INTERNAL ERROR,
} ri3c event t;
typedef enum e ri3c type
    RI3C DEVICE TYPE PRIMARY CONTROLLER,
   RI3C DEVICE TYPE TARGET,
} ri3c device type t;
typedef enum e ri3c device protocol
   RI3C DEVICE PROTOCOL I2C,
   RI3C DEVICE PROTOCOL I3C,
} ri3c device protocol t;
typedef enum e ri3c address assignment mode
    RI3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE ENTDAA = I3C CCC BROADCAST ENTDAA,
    RI3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE SETDASA = I3C CCC DIRECT SETDASA,
} ri3c address assignment mode t;
typedef enum e ri3c ibi type
   RI3C IBI TYPE INTERRUPT,
    RI3C IBI TYPE HOT JOIN,
    RI3C IBI TYPE CONTROLLERROLE REQUEST
} ri3c ibi type t;
typedef struct s ri3c device status
    uint8 t pending interrupt;
    uint8 t vendor status;
} ri3c device status t;
```

```
typedef struct s ri3c device table cfg
  this device.
   /** Dynamic address for the device. This address will be assigned during
Dynamic Address Assignment. */
   uint8 t dynamic address;
   ri3c device protocol t device protocol; ///< The protocol used to
communicate with this device (I3C / I2C Legacy).
  bool ibi accept;
                                      ///< Accept or reject IBI
requests from this device.
  requests from this device.
   * IBI requests from this device have a data payload.
   * Note: When the device is configured using ENTDAA, the ibi payload will
automatically be updated
       based on the value of BCR.
   bool ibi_payload;
} ri3c_device_table_cfg_t;
```

```
typedef struct s ri3c target info
   uint8 t pid[6];
   union
       uint8 t bcr;
       struct
            uint8 t max data speed limitation : 1;
            uint8 t ibi request capable
            uint8 t ibi_payload
            uint8_t ibi_payload
uint8_t offline_capable
                                              : 1;
            uint8 t
                                              : 2;
            uint8 t device role
        } bcr b;
    };
   uint8 t dcr;
} ri3c target info t;
typedef struct s ri3c command descriptor
   uint8_t command_code;
   uint8 t * p buffer;
   uint32 t length;
   bool restart;
bool rnw;
} ri3c command descriptor t;
typedef struct s ri3c callback args
   ri3c event_t
                               event;
   uint32 t
                              event status;
   uint32 t
                              transfer size;
   ri3c target info t const * p target info;
                            dynamic_address;
ibi_type;
ibi_address;
   uint8 t
   ri3c ibi type t
   uint8 t
   uint8 t
                              command code;
                          * p_context;
   void const
} ri3c callback args t;
typedef struct st_ri3c_cfg
   uint32 t
                      channel;
   ri3c device type t device type;
   void (* p callback) (ri3c callback args t const * const p args);
   } ri3c cfg t;
typedef void ri3c ctrl t;
typedef struct st ri3c instance
   ri3c ctrl t * p ctrl;
   ri3c cfg t * p cfg;
   ri3c api t * p api;
} ri3c instance t;
```

```
typedef struct st ri3c api
    fsp err t (* open)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, ri3c cfg t const * const p cfg);
    fsp_err_t (* enable)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl);
    fsp err t (* deviceCfgSet)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
               ri3c device cfg t const * const p device cfg);
    fsp err t (* controllerDeviceTableSet)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
               uint32 t device index,
               ri3c_device_table_cfg_t const * const p_device_table_cfg);
    fsp_err_t (* deviceSelect)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
               uint32_t device_index,
               uint32 t bitrate mode);
    fsp err t (* dynamicAddressAssignmentStart)
              (ri3c_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl,
               ri3c_address_assignment_mode_t address_assignment_mode,
               uint32_t starting_device_index,
               uint32_t device_count);
    fsp err t (* targetStatusSet)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
               ri3c device status t device status);
    fsp err t (* commandSend)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
               ri3c command descriptor t * p command descriptor);
    fsp err t (* write)
              (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
               uint8 t const * const p data,
               uint32 t length,
               bool restart);
    /**
     * In controller mode: Start a read transfer. When the transfer is
     * completed, send a stop condition or a repeated-start.
     * In target mode: Set the read buffer for storing data read during the
     * transfer. When the buffer is full, the application
     * will receive a callback requesting a new read buffer. If no buffer
     * is provided by the application, the driver will discard
     * any remaining bytes read during the transfer.
                             Control block set this instance.
     * @param[in] p_ctrl
     * @param[in] p_data
                              Pointer to a buffer to store the bytes read
                               during the transfer.
     * @param[in] length
                              Number of bytes to transfer.
     * @param[in] restart If true, issue a repeated-start after the transfer is completed (Controller only).
    fsp err t (* read)(ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, uint8 t * const p data,
uint32 t length, bool restart);
```

```
* Initiate an IBI write operation.
     * Note: This function is not used in controller mode.
     * @param[in] p_ctrl Control block set this instance.
* @param[in] p_data Pointer to a buffer to start the bytes read
                                 during the transfer.
     * @param[in] length Number of bytes to transfer.
    fsp err t (* ibiWrite) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
                             ri3c ibi type_t ibi_type,
                             uint8 t const * const p data,
                             uint32 t length);
    * Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data (This function is not
used in target mode).
     * @param[in] p_ctrl Control block set this instance.
* @param[in] p_data Pointer to a buffer to store the bytes read
                                 during the transfer.
     * @param[in] length Number of bytes to transfer.
    fsp_err_t (* ibiRead)(ri3c_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl, uint8_t * const p_data,
uint32_t length);
    /** Allows driver to be reconfigured and may reduce power consumption.
     * @param[in] p ctrl Control block set this instance.
    fsp err t (* close)(ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl);
} ri3c api t;
```

2.10 Return Values

This section describes return values of API functions. This enumeration is located in fsp common api.h.

```
/** Common error codes */
typedef enum e fsp err
          FSP SUCCESS
                                                                                              = 0,
          FSP_ERR_ASSERTION
FSP_ERR_INVALID_POINTER
FSP_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENT
FSP_ERR_INVALID_CHANNEL
                                                                                              = 1,
                                                                                             = 4,

      FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE
      = 5,

      FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED
      = 6,

      FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN
      = 7,

      FSP_ERR_IN_USE
      = 8,

      FSP_ERR_OUT_OF_MEMORY
      = 9,

      FSP_ERR_HW_LOCKED
      = 10,

      FSP_ERR_IRQ_BSP_DISABLED
      = 11,

      FSP_ERR_OVERFLOW
      = 12,

      FSP_ERR_UNDERFLOW
      = 13,

      FSP_ERR_ALREADY_OPEN
      = 14,

      FSP_ERR_APPROXIMATION
      = 15,

      FSP_ERR_CLAMPED
      = 16,

      FSP_ERR_CLAMPED
      = 16,

      FSP_ERR_INVALID_RATE
      = 17,

      FSP_ERR_ABORTED
      = 18,

      FSP_ERR_NOT_ENABLED
      = 19,

      FSP_ERR_TIMEOUT
      = 20,

         FSP_ERR_TIMEOUT = 20,
FSP_ERR_INVALID_BLOCKS = 21,
FSP_ERR_INVALID_ADDRESS = 22,
FSP_ERR_INVALID_SIZE = 23,
FSP_ERR_WRITE_FAILED = 24,
FSP_ERR_ERASE_FAILED = 25
          FSP_ERR_ERASE_FAILED = 25,
FSP_ERR_INVALID_CALL = 26,
           FSP_ERR_INVALID_HW_CONDITION = 27,
           FSP ERR INVALID FACTORY FLASH = 28,
          FSP_ERR_INVALID_STATE = 30,
           FSP ERR NOT ERASED
          FSP ERR SECTOR RELEASE FAILED = 32,
           FSP_ERR_NOT_INITIALIZED = 33,
           FSP ERR NOT FOUND
          FSP_ERR_BUFFER_EMPTY = 35,
FSP_ERR_BUFFER_EMPTY = 36,
} fsp err t;
```

2.11 **Callback Functions**

In this module, a callback function set up by the user is called when either of the following conditions is met.

- (1) Transmit data empty
- (2) Receive data full
- (3) IBI queue empty/full
- (4) Command queue empty
- (5) Response queue full
- (6) Receive status queue full
- (7) Communication error/communication event

The callback function is set up by storing the address of the user function in the p callback argument of ri3c cfg t structure. The default value of the callback function is a function pointer. User can change it into the user function by assigning g ri3c0 cfg.p callback to any function has "ri3c callback args t const *const p_args" as argument.

Example

```
/* Function prototype */
void g i3c0 user callback(ri3c callback args_t const *const p_args);
void main(void)
    /* Assign callback function to RI3C FIT Module */
    g ri3c0 cfg.p callback = &g i3c0 user callback;
    R RI3C Open(&g ri3c0 ctrl, &g ri3c0 cfg);
void g i3c0 user callback(ri3c callback args t const *const p args)
    user_program();
```

Page 22 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (2) or (4) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (3) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in e² studio
 By using the Smart Configurator in e² studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project.
 Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: e² studio (R20AN0451)" for details.
- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+ By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: CS+ (R20AN0470)" for details.
- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project in CS+ In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to "RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)" for details.
- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in IAREW By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: IAREW (R20AN0535)" for details.

2.13 "for", "while" and "do while" statements

In this module, "for", "while" and "do while" statements (loop processing) are used in processing to wait for register to be reflected and so on. For these loop processing, comments with "WAIT_LOOP" as a keyword are described. Therefore, if user incorporates fail-safe processing into loop processing, user can search the corresponding processing with "WAIT_LOOP".

The following shows example of description.

```
while statement example:
/* WAIT LOOP */
while(0 == SYSTEM.OSCOVFSR.BIT.PLOVF)
{
    /* The delay period needed is to make sure that the PLL has stabilized. */
}

for statement example:
/* Initialize reference counters to 0. */
/* WAIT LOOP */
for (i = 0; i < BSP REG PROTECT TOTAL ITEMS; i++)
{
    g protect counters[i] = 0;
}

do while statement example:
/* Reset completion waiting */
do
{
    reg = phy read(ether channel, PHY REG CONTROL);
    count++;
} while ((reg & PHY_CONTROL_RESET) && (count < ETHER_CFG_PHY_DELAY_RESET)); /* WAIT_LOOP */</pre>
```

3. API Functions

R_RI3C_Open()

Configure an RI3C instance.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Open(
        ri3c ctrl t *const p api ctrl
        ri3c_cfg_t const *const p_cfg
)
```

Parameters

```
ri3c ctrl t *const p api ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block. All elements of this structure are initialized by calling R_RI3C_Open()

```
ri3c cfg t const *const p cfg
```

This is the pointer to RI3C configuration structure. All elements of this structure have been predefined. However, user can change before calling R_RI3C_Open().

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structures.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was invalid. */
FSP_ERR_ALREADY_OPEN /* Open has already called for this instance */
FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* A selected feature is not supported with the current configuration. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Configure an RI3C instance.

- Initialize ri3c instance ctrl t.
- Initialize RI3C FIT Module registers allocation.
- Evaluate the bitrate setting.
- Release the RI3C reset bit.
- Generate start condition.

Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_RI3C_Open(&g_api_ctrl, &g_ri3c0_cfg);
```

Special Notes

None.

R_RI3C_Enable()

Enable the RI3C device.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Enable(ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl)

Parameters

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structure.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR INVALID MODE /* This instance is already enabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Enable the RI3C device.

- Set the RI3C state flag and status flags.
- Initialize bitrate settings.
- Enable the RI3C interrupts.

Example

```
fsp err t err;
err = R RI3C Enable(&g api ctrl);
```

Special Notes

None

R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet()

Set the configuration for this device.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet(
        ri3c ctrl t *const p api ctrl,
        ri3c_device_cfg_t const *const p_device_cfg
)
```

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p_device_cfg

Structure for configuring a target address when the driver is in Target mode.

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structure.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR UNSUPPORTED /* The device cannot be a secondary controller if controller support is disabled.
```

Properties

Prototyped in r ri3c rx if.h.

Description

Set the configuration for this device.

If the device type is controller:

- Set the Dynamic Address of RI3C.

If the device type is target:

- Configure the device static address.
- Configure the device dynamic address.
- Configure the IBI payload setting based on the BCR register.
- Write settings to the Target Device Address Table Register.
- Write the BCR and DCR settings to the Target Device Characteristic Table Register.
- Write the PID setting to the Target Device Characteristic Table PID Register.
- Set the target address to valid.

Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
ri3c_device_cfg_t controller_device_cfg =
{
    /* This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device
manufacturer. */
    .static_address = RI3C_CONTROLLER_DEVICE_STATIC_ADDRESS,
    /* The dynamic address will be automatically updated when the controller
configures this device using CCC ENTDAA. */
    .dynamic_address = RI3C_CONTROLLER_DEVICE_DYNAMIC_ADDRESS
};
err = R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet(
&g_api_ctrl,
&controller_device_cfg
);
```

Special Notes

None.

R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet()

Configure an entry in the controller device table.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet(
        ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
        uint32 t device index,
        ri3c_device_table_cfg_t const *const p_device_table_cfg
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block.

device index

Index into the device table.

p device table cfg

Pointer to the table settings for the entry in the controller device table.

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structure.

Return Values

```
FSP SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP ERR NOT OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR UNSUPPORTED /* Controller Role requests must be rejected if target support is disabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r ri3c rx if.h.

Description

Configure an entry in the controller device table.

- Configure the IBI settings for this device.
- Configure the device static address.
- Set the device type so that transfers with this device use the legacy I2C protocol.

Example

```
fsp err t err;
err = R RI3C ControllerDeviceTableSet(
&g ri3c0 ctrl,
0,
&g device table cfg
```

Special Notes

None.

Page 30 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet()

Set the status returned to the controller in response to a GETSTATUS command.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet(
        ri3c ctrl t *const p api ctrl,
        ri3c device status t status
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block.

status

The current status of the target device

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* The instance is not in target mode. */
FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Target support is disabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the status returned to the controller in response to a GETSTATUS command.

- Clear the Pending Interrupt and Vendor Reserved fields in ICDSR register.
- Write the new Pending Interrupt and Vendor Reserved fields in ICDSR register.

Example

```
ri3c device status t g target device status =
     .pending interrupt = 0,
     .vendor \overline{s}tatus = 0,
};
fsp err t err;
err = R RI3C TargetStatusSet(&g ri3c0 ctrl, g target device status);
```

Special Notes

None.

RENESAS Mar.15.25

R_RI3C_DeviceSelect()

In controller mode, select the device for the next transfer.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_DeviceSelect(
        ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
        uint32_t device_index,
        uint32_t bitrate_mode
)
```

Parameters

```
p api ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block.

device index

Index into the device table.

bitrate mode

The bitrate settings for the selected device.

Refer to "ri3c bitrate mode t" in 2.9 Parameters

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR INVALID MODE /* This operation is prohibited in target mode. */
FSP ERR UNSUPPORTED /* Controller support is disabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r ri3c rx if.h.

Description

In controller mode, select the device for the next transfer.

Example

```
fsp err t err;
ret = R RI3C DeviceSelect(
&g ri3c0 ctrl,
RI3C BITRATE MODE RI3C SDR4 ICEBR X4
```

Special Notes

None.

Page 32 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAssignmentStart()

Start the Dynamic Address Assignment Process.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAssignmentStart(
       ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
       ri3c address assignment mode taddress assignment mode,
       uint32_t starting_device_index,
       uint32 t device count
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
   Pointer to RI3C control block.
address assignment mode
   Index into the device table.
```

starting device index

The bitrate settings for the selected device.

device_count

The number of devices to assign (Only used with I3C_ADDRESS_ASSIGNMENT_MODE_ENTDAA).

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP ERR ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This operation is prohibited in target mode. */
FSP ERR IN USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */
FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Controller support is disabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Start the Dynamic Address Assignment Process.

Example

```
fsp err t err;
err = R RI3C DynamicAddressAssignmentStart(
&g ri3c0 ctrl,
RI3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE SETDASA,
0
);
```

Special Notes

None.

R_RI3C_CommandSend()

Send a broadcast or direct command to target devices on the bus.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_CommandSend(
       ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
       ri3c_command_descriptor_t *p_command_descriptor
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p_command_descriptor

A descriptor for executing the command.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */
FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This operation is prohibited in target mode. */
FSP ERR INVALID ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. If it is a read operation, the
length also be a multiple of 4 bytes. */
FSP ERR UNSUPPORTED /* Controller support must be enabled to call this function. Target support must
```

be enabled when sending the GETACCMST command. */

Properties

Prototyped in r ri3c rx if.h.

Description

Send a broadcast or direct command to target devices on the bus bases on contents of Command descriptor. For more information about "Command descriptor", refer to the application note "RX26T Group User's Manual: Hardware" (R01UH0979).

Page 34 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

Example

```
/* Send Reset Dynamic Address Assignment to all Target devices. */
fsp_err_t err;

ri3c_command_descriptor_t command_descriptor;
command_descriptor.command_code = I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_RSTDAA;
command_descriptor.p_buffer = NULL;
command_descriptor.length = 0;
command_descriptor.restart = false;
command_descriptor.rnw = false;
err = R_RI3C_CommandSend(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl,
    &command_descriptor
);
```

Special Notes

Refer to "ri3c_common_command_code_t" in 2.9 Parameters for more information of "command_code" field. Command buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes.

R_RI3C_Write()

Set the write buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Write(
        ri3c ctrl t *const p api ctrl,
        uint8_t const *const p_data,
        uint32_t length,
        bool restart
)
```

```
Parameters
p_api_ctrl
   Pointer to RI3C control block.
p data
   Pointer to a buffer to write.
length
   Number of bytes to transfer.
```

restart

If true, issue a repeated-start after the transfer is completed (Controller only).

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR IN USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */
FSP ERR INVALID MODE /* This driver is disabled. */
FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the write buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

-.R_RI3C_Write() uses FIFO to transfer data.

```
uint8_t g_write_data[MAX_WRITE_DATA_LEN];

fsp_err_t err;

err = R_RI3C_Write(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl, /* Pointer to RI3C instance */
    g_write_data, /* Allocated memory for write transfer */
    sizeof(g_write_data), /* Size of allocated transfer memory */
false /* bool value of repeated-start flag */
);
```

Special Notes

R_RI3C_Read()

Set the read buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Read(
        ri3c ctrl t *const p api ctrl,
        uint8_t const *const p_data,
        uint32_t length,
        bool restart
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p data

Pointer to a buffer to store the bytes read during the transfer.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

restart

If true, issue a repeated-start after the transfer is completed (Controller only).

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR IN USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */
FSP ERR INVALID MODE /* This driver is disabled. */
FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r ri3c rx if.h.

Description

Set the read buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

-.R RI3C Read() uses FIFO to transfer data.

```
uint8_t g_read_data[MAX_READ_DATA_LEN];

fsp_err_t err;

err = R_RI3C_Read(
   &g_ri3c0_ctrl, /* Pointer to RI3C instance */
   g_read_data, /* Allocated memory for read transfer */
   sizeof(g_read_data), /* Size of allocated transfer memory */
   false /* bool value of repeated-start flag */
);
```

Special Notes

R_RI3C_lbiWrite()

Initiate an IBI write operation.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_IbiWrite(
        ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
        ri3c_ibi_type_t ibi_type,
        uint8_t const *const p_data,
        uint32 t length
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
   Pointer to RI3C control block.
ibi_type
   The type of In-Band Interrupt.
p_data
```

Pointer to a buffer to start the bytes read during the transfer.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */
FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This function is only called in target mode. */
FSP ERR INVALID ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */
FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Target support is disabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Initiate an IBI write operation.

- If the device has an IBI payload, then a buffer is setup for writing the data portion of the IBI.
- Calculate the command descriptor for starting an IBI.
- Write the descriptor to the command queue.

```
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_RI3C_IbiWrite(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl,
    RI3C_IBI_TYPE_HOT_JOIN,
    NULL,
    0
);
```

Special Notes

R_RI3C_IbiRead()

Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_lbiRead(
        ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
        uint8_t *const p_data,
        uint32_t length
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
   Pointer to RI3C control block.
```

p_data

Pointer to a buffer to start the bytes read during the transfer.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP ERR ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
FSP ERR IN USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */
FSP ERR INVALID MODE /* This function is only called in target mode. */
FSP ERR INVALID ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */
FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Target support is disabled. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r ri3c rx if.h.

Description

Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data.

```
uint8_t g_ibi_read_data[MAX_IBI_PAYLOAD_SIZE];

fsp_err_t err;

err = R_RI3C_IbiRead(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl,
    g_ibi_read_data,
    MAX_IBI_PAYLOAD_SIZE
);
```

Special Notes

This function is only used in controller mode.

R_RI3C_Close()

Close the RI3C instance.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Close(
        ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
)
```

Parameters

```
p_api_ctrl
```

Pointer to RI3C control block.

Return Values

```
FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */
FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */
FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */
```

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Close the RI3C instance.

- Disable RI3C IRQs.
- Disable the I3C bus operation.

```
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_RI3C_Close(&g_api_ctrl);
```

Special Notes

4. Pin Settings

To use the RI3C FIT module, assign input/output signals of the peripheral function to pins with the multi-function pin controller (MPC). The pin assignment is referred to as the "Pin Setting" in this document.

Note: Perform the pin setting after calling R_RI3C_Open().

When performing the pin setting in the e2 studio, the Pin Setting feature of the Smart Configurator can be used. When using the Pin Setting feature, a source file is generated according to the option selected in the Pin Setting window in the Smart Configurator. Then pins are configured by calling the function defined in the source file. Refer to Table 4.1 Function Output by the Smart Configurator for details.

Table 4.1 Function Output by the Smart Configurator.

MCU Used	Function to be Output	Remarks
RX26T	R_RI3C_PinSet_RI3C0()	

5. Sample Code

5.1 RI3C Controller Basic Example

This is a basic example of minimal use of the RI3C Controller in an application.

The example implements controller device initialization, data transfers and provides a prototype of callback function. The procedure is including allocates memory for module registers, sets the device role as primary controller with bitrate, selects I2C or I3C protocols, assigns dynamic addresses for I3C protocol, enables module interrupt requests. The data is sent to target device from write buffer and receive from read buffer.

```
void ri3c controller basic example (void)
    /* Initializes the module. */
    fsp_err_t status = R_RI3C_Open(&g_ri3c_ctrl, &g_ri3c_cfg);
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    static ri3c device cfg t controller device cfg =
        /* This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device manufacturer. */
        .static address = EXAMPLE CONTROLLER STATIC ADDRESS,
        /* If the device is a main controller, it must configure its own dynamic address. */
        .dynamic address = EXAMPLE CONTROLLER DYNAMIC ADDRESS,
    };
    status = R RI3C DeviceCfgSet(&g ri3c ctrl, &controller device cfg);
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    static ri3c_device_table_cfg_t device_table_cfg =
        /\star This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device manufacturer. \star/
                               = EXAMPLE STATIC ADDRESS,
        /* Dynamic address is not used in I2C. */
        .dynamic address = EXAMPLE DYNAMIC ADDRESS,
        ^{\prime\star} This is the type of device. It may be either an I2C device or an I3C device. ^{\star\prime}
        .device_protocol = I3C_DEVICE_PROTOCOL_I3C,
        .ibi accept
                               = false,
        /\!\!\!\!^* Depending on the device the IBI requests may have a data payload.
         * Note that this field will be automatically updated if the device is configured
         * using ENTDAA.
        .ibi payload
                                = false,
        ^{\prime\star} Controller requests cannot be accepted because Secondary Controller is not supported. ^{\star\prime}
        .controllerrole request accept = false,
    /* Set the device configuration in the controller device table. */
    status = R RI3C ControllerDeviceTableSet(&g ri3c ctrl, 0, &device table cfg);
    assert (FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Enable the RI3C device. */
   status = R RI3C Enable(&g ri3c ctrl);
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    ^{\prime \star} Start assigning dynamic addresses to devices on the bus using the ENTDAA command. ^{\star \prime}
    status = R RI3C DynamicAddressAssignmentStart(&g ri3c ctrl,
                                                    I3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE ENTDAA,
                                                    0.
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for dynamic address assignment to complete. */
   ri3c app event wait (RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE);
   /\star Select the configured device and bitrate mode for the following operations. \star/
    status = R RI3C DeviceSelect(&g ri3c ctrl, 0, I3C BITRATE MODE I3C SDR0 STDBR);
    assert (FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Start a write transfer. */
    static uint8_t p_write_buffer[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
    status = R_RI3C_Write(\&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_write_buffer, sizeof(p_write_buffer), false);
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the write transfer to complete. */
   ri3c app event wait (RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE);
   /* Start a read transfer. */
   static uint8_t p_read_buffer[16];
    status = R_RI3C_Read(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_read_buffer, sizeof(p_read_buffer), false);
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the read transfer to complete. */
   ri3c app event wait(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
```

```
/* This function is called by the I3C driver from ISRs in order to notify the application of I3C
events. */
void ri3c controller basic example callback (ri3c callback args t const * const p args)
    switch (p args->event)
        case RI3C EVENT ENTDAA ADDRESS PHASE:
           /\star The device PID, DCR, and BCR registers will be available in
             * ri3c callback args t::p target info. */
           break;
        case RI3C_EVENT_ADDRESS_ASSIGNMENT_COMPLETE:
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE);
           break;
        case RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE:
           ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE);
           break;
        case RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE:
           /^{\star} The number of bytes read from the target will be available in
            * ri3c_callback_args_t::transfer_size. */
           ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
           break;
       default:
            break;
```

R01AN6808ES0112 Rev.1.12 Page 49 of 58 Mar.15.25

5.2 RI3C Target Basic Example

This is a basic example of minimal use of the RI3C Target in an application.

The example implements target device initialization and provides a prototype of callback function. The procedure is including allocates memory for module registers, sets the device role as target with a static address and target device information, allocates memory for data transfers.

```
void ri3c_target_basic_example (void)
    /* Initializes the module. */
    fsp_err_t status = R_RI3C_Open(&g_ri3c_ctrl, &g_ri3c_cfg);
    assert (FSP SUCCESS == status);
    static ri3c_device_cfg_t target_device_cfg =
        ^{\prime\star} This is the Static I3C ^{\prime} I2C Legacy address defined by the device manufacturer. ^{\star\prime}
        .static address = EXAMPLE STATIC ADDRESS,
        /* The dynamic address will be automatically updated when the controller configures
         * this device using ENTDAA. */
        .dynamic address = 0,
        /* Device Registers that are read by the controller. */
        .target_info
            .bcr = EXAMPLE BCR SETTING,
            .dcr = EXAMPLE DCR SETTING,
            .pid =
                0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
    /* Set the device configuration for this device. */
    status = R RI3C DeviceCfgSet(&g ri3c ctrl, &target device cfg);
    assert(FSP_SUCCESS == status);
    /* Enable Target Mode. */
    status = R RI3C Enable(&g ri3c ctrl);
    assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    static uint8 t p read buffer[EXAMPLE READ BUFFER SIZE];
    static uint8_t p_write_buffer[EXAMPLE_WRITE_BUFFER SIZE];
    /* Set the buffer for storing data received during a read transfer. */
    status = R_RI3C_Read(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_read_buffer, sizeof(p_read_buffer), false);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the controller to complete a read transfer. */
   ri3c app event wait(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
    /* Set the write buffer that will be transmitted during a write transfer. */
    status = R RI3C Write(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_write_buffer, sizeof(p_write_buffer), false);
   assert (FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the controller to complete a write transfer. */
    ri3c_app_event_wait(RI3C_EVENT_WRITE_COMPLETE);
```

```
void ri3c target basic example callback (ri3c callback args t const * const p args)
    switch (p_args->event)
        case RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE:
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE);
        case RI3C EVENT READ BUFFER FULL:
            /\star If there is no user provided read buffer, or if the user provided read buffer
             * has been filled, the driver will notify the application that the buffer is full.
             ^{\star} The application may provide a new read buffer by calling R RI3C READ().
             * If no read buffer is provided, then any remaining bytes in the transfer
             * will be dropped. */
            uint8_t * p_read_buffer = ri3c_app_next_read_buffer_get();
            R RI3C Read(&g ri3c ctrl, p read buffer, EXAMPLE READ BUFFER SIZE, false);
            break;
        case RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE:
            /* The number of bytes read by the target will be available in
             * ri3c callback args t::transfer size. */
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
            /*\ {\tt Note that the application \ may \ also \ call \ R\_RI3C\_READ() \ or \ R\_RI3C\_WRITE()}\\
             * from this event. In order to set the transfer buffers for the next transfer. */
            break;
        case RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE:
            /* The number of bytes written by the target will be available in
             * ri3c_callback_args_t::transfer_size. */
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE);
            /* Note that the application may also call R RI3C READ() or R RI3C WRITE()
             \mbox{\scriptsize \star} from this event. In order to set the transfer buffers for the next transfer.
            break;
        default:
            break;
    /* Wait for the read transfer to complete. */
    ri3c app event wait(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
```

6. Appendices

6.1 **Operating Test Environment**

This section describes for detailed the operating test environments of this module.

Table 6.1 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.00

Item	Contents		
Integrated development Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2022-10 (22.10.0)			
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3		
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00		
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the		
	integrated development environment.		
	-lang = c99		
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204		
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.		
	-std=gnu99		
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:		
	-WI,no-gc-sections		
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously		
	discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.		
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3		
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development		
	environment.		
Endian order	Little-endian		
Module version	Rev.1.00		
Board used Renesas Flexible Motor Control Kit for RX26T (Part Number: RTK0EMXE70S00020BJ)			

Mar.15.25

Table 6.2 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.10

Item	Contents		
Integrated development	development Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-04 (23.4.0)		
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3		
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99 GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.		
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3		
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.		
Endian order	Little-endian		
Module version	Rev.1.10		
Board used	-		

Table 6.3 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.11

Item	Contents		
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-10 (23.10.0)		
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3		
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99 GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202305		
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections		
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.		
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3		
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.		
Endian order	Little-endian		
Module version	Rev.1.11		
Board used -			

Table 6.4 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.12

Item	Contents		
Integrated development	nent Renesas Electronics e² studio Version 2025-01 (25.1.0)		
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1		
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00		
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the		
	integrated development environment.		
	-lang = c99		
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202411		
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the		
	integrated development environment.		
	-std=gnu99		
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:		
	-WI,no-gc-sections		
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.		
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1		
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development		
	environment.		
Endian order	Little-endian		
Module version	Rev.1.12		
Board used	-		

Mar.15.25

6.2 **Troubleshooting**

- (1) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: Could not open source file "platform.h".
 - A: The FIT module may not be added to the project properly. Check if the method for adding FIT modules is correct with the following documents:
 - When using CS+:
 - Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)"
 - When using e² studio:
 - Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)"

When using a FIT module, the board support package FIT module (BSP module) must also be added to the project. For this, refer to the application note "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)".

- (2) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: This MCU is not supported by the current r ri3c rx module.
 - A: The FIT module you added may not support the target device chosen in the user project. Check if the FIT module supports the target device for the project used.
- (3) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got an error for when the configuration setting is wrong.
 - A: The setting in the file "r_ri3c_rx_config.h" may be wrong. Check the file "r_ri3c_rx_config.h". If there is a wrong setting, set the correct value for that. Refer to 2.7 Configuration Overview details.

R01AN6808ES0112 Rev.1.12 Page 55 of 58 RENESAS Mar.15.25

7. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

User's Manual: Development Tools

RX Family C/C++ Compiler CC-RX User's Manual (R20UT3248)

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Related Technical Updates

This module reflects the content of the following technical updates.

Revision History

Description		n	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	Aug 15, 2022	_	Initial release.
1.10	Jun 30, 2023	23, 46	Deleted the description of FIT configurator from "2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project" and "4. Pin Settings".
		53	6.1 Operating Test Environment:
			Added Table for Rev.1.10
		Program	Added support for RX26T-256KB (products with 64 Kbytes of
			RAM)
1.11	Dec 13, 2023	23	2.12. Adding the FIT Module to Your Project: Revised.
		53	6.1 Operating Test Environment:
			Added Table for Rev.1.11
		Program	Added WAIT_LOOP comments.
1.12	Mar 15, 2025	54	6.1 Operating Test Environment:
			Added Table for Rev.1.12
		Program	Updated FIT Disclaimer and Copyright.

Mar.15.25

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

Notice

- 1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- 2. Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs, algorithms, and application examples.
- 3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You shall be responsible for determining what licenses are required from any third parties, and obtaining such licenses for the lawful import, export, manufacture, sales, utilization, distribution or other disposal of any products incorporating Renesas Electronics products, if required.
- 5. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
- 6. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.
 - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; industrial robots; etc.
 - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc.

Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.

- 7. No semiconductor product is absolutely secure. Notwithstanding any security measures or features that may be implemented in Renesas Electronics hardware or software products, Renesas Electronics shall have absolutely no liability arising out of any vulnerability or security breach, including but not limited to any unauthorized access to or use of a Renesas Electronics product or a system that uses a Renesas Electronics product. RENESAS ELECTRONICS DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THAT RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS, OR ANY SYSTEMS CREATED USING RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS WILL BE INVULNERABLE OR FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATA LOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTRUSION ("Vulnerability Issues"). RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY ARISING FROM OR RELATED TO ANY VULNERABILITY ISSUES. FURTHERMORE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS DOCUMENT AND ANY RELATED OR ACCOMPANYING SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- 8. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products outside of such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics products, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions.
- 12. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
- 13. This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- 14. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products.
- (Note1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries.
- (Note2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan

www.renesas.com

Trademarks

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Contact information

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit: www.renesas.com/contact/.