

# **RX** Family

# RTC Module Using Firmware Integration Technology

#### Introduction

This Realtime Clock (RTC) driver supports 24-hr and calendar count operation. Functions include setting of date/time, alarms, periodic interrupts, and clock output, and start/stop setting of counters. For the RX230, RX231, RX23W, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, and RX72N the time capture function is supported as well. Recovery from low power consumption states can be performed by an alarm interrupt or periodic interrupt.

# **Target Device**

The following is a list of devices that are currently supported by this API:

- RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX140 Groups
- RX230, RX231, RX23W, RX23E-B Groups
- RX64M Group
- RX651, RX65N Group
- RX660 Group
- RX66N Group
- RX671 Group
- RX71M Group
- RX72M Group
- RX72N Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

#### **Target Compilers**

- Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family
- · GCC for Renesas RX
- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX

For details of the confirmed operation contents of each compiler, refer to "6.1 Operation Confirmation Environment".

# **Related Documents**

- Firmware Integration Technology User's Manual (R01AN1833)
- RX Family Board Support Package Firmware Integration Technology Module (R01AN1685)

# Contents

1.	Overview	4
1.1	Using the RTC FIT module	4
1.1.1	1 Using RTC FIT module in C++ project	4
2.	API Information	5
2.1	Hardware Requirements	5
2.2	Hardware Resource Requirements	
2.2.	·	
2.2.2		
2.2.3		
2.3	Software Requirements	
2.4	Supported Toolchains	
2.5	Interrupt Vector	
2.6	Header Files	
2.7	Integer Types	6
2.8	Configuration Overview	7
2.9	Code Size	8
2.10	) Arguments	9
2.11	1 Callback Function	9
2.12	2 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project	10
2.13	3 "for", "while" and "do while" statements	10
3.	API Functions	11
3.1	Summary	11
3.2	Return Values	11
3.3	R_RTC_Open ()	12
3.4	R_RTC_Close ()	15
3.5	R_RTC_Control ()	16
3.6	R_RTC_Read ()	21
3.7	R_RTC_GetVersion()	22
4.	Pin Setting	23
5.	Demo Projects	24
5.1	rtc_demo_rskrx130	24
5.2	rtc_demo_rskrx231	24
5.3	rtc_demo_rskrx64m	24
5.4	rtc_demo_rskrx671	24
5.5	rtc_demo_rskrx72n	24
5.6	Adding a Demo to a Workspace	25
6.	Appendices	26
	11	

6.1	Operation Confirmation Environment	26
6.2	Troubleshooting	34
7.	Reference Documents	35
Rel	ated Technical Updates	35
Rev	vision History	36

#### 1. Overview

This Realtime Clock (RTC) driver supports the 24-hour calendar count mode operation on the RX MCUs. The hardware functionality is detailed in the User's Manual: Hardware.

This driver supports the common RTC functions such as:

- Setting date/time
- · Starting/stopping counting
- Setting alarms
- Periodic interrupts
- Clock output

For the RX230, RX231, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, and RX72N three time capture event input pins are supported:

- RTCIC0
- RTCIC1
- RTCIC2

For the RX23W two time capture event input pins are supported:

- RTCIC0
- RTCIC1

Features not supported by this driver are:

- 12-Hour mode
- Binary count mode
- 30 seconds adjustment function
- Clock error correction function
- Carry interrupt
- Main clock as RTC count source (RX64M, RX65N, RX66N, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, and RX72N)

# 1.1 Using the RTC FIT module

# 1.1.1 Using RTC FIT module in C++ project

For C++ project, add RTC FIT module interface header file within extern "C"{}:

```
extern "C"
{
    #include "r_smc_entry.h"
    #include "r_rtc_rx_if.h"
}
```

#### 2. API Information

This FIT module has been confirmed to operate under the following conditions.

#### 2.1 **Hardware Requirements**

This driver requires that your MCU support the following features:

RTCc, RTCd, RTCe, RTCA or RTCBa peripherals

#### **Hardware Resource Requirements**

This section details the hardware peripherals that this driver requires. Unless explicitly stated, these resources must be reserved for the driver and the user cannot use them.

#### 2.2.1 RTC

This driver makes use of the RTC peripheral.

#### 2.2.2 I/O Port, MPC

Clock output and the time capture function are available with this driver. When using these functions, corresponding pins need to be configured.

#### 2.2.3 Sub-Clock Oscillator

The RTC peripheral operates on the sub-clock. Before calling this driver's API functions, start the sub-clock oscillator and wait for oscillation to stabilize. Refer to the User's Manual: Hardware for details.

#### 2.3 **Software Requirements**

This driver is dependent upon the following packages:

Renesas Board Support Package (r bsp) Rev.5.20 or higher

#### 2.4 **Supported Toolchains**

This driver is tested and working with the toolchains listed in 6.1 Operation Confirmation Environment.

#### 2.5 **Interrupt Vector**

The periodic interrupt and the alarm interrupt are enabled with the value specified in the argument for the R RTC\_Open function or the R\_RTC\_Control function.

Table 2.1 lists the Interrupt Vector Used in the RTC FIT Module

# Table 2.1 Interrupt Vector Used in the RTC FIT Module

Device	Interrupt Vector
All target devices	ALM interrupt (vector no.: 92)
	PRD interrupt (vector no.: 93)

# 2.6 Header Files

All API function declarations and their supporting interface definitions are located in r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h.

# 2.7 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99. These types are defined in *stdint.h.* 

# 2.8 Configuration Overview

All configurable options that can be set at build time are located in the file "r\_rtc\_rx\_config.h". A summary of these settings are provided in the following table:

Configuration options	in <i>r_rtc_rx_c</i> c	onfig.h			
#define RTC_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE The default value is 1	If this macro included in t parameter of Setting this BSP_CFG_ utilizes the s	he build. hecking macro to PARAM <sub>_</sub>	If the mails omitted CHECKI	icro is se I from th NG_EN	et to 0, the e build.
#define RTC_CFG_CALCULATE_YDAY The default value is 0	If this macro function is c January 1 is "tm_yday" n variable, wh this macro is skipped.	o is set to alled, the calculat nember o ich is sp s set to 0	o 1, when e number ded and st of the "tm_ ecified in o, calculat	the R_F of days ored in t t" struct the argu ion of da	from the ture iment. If ay will be
	This macro drive capaci starting the	ty. The s	etting spe	ecified w	/hen
	MCU	Low (LO)	Middle (MD)	Capacity High (HI)	Standard (STD)
Default enable: #define RTC_CFG_DRIVE_CAPACITY_STD  Different definition: //#define RTC_CFG_DRIVE_CAPACITY_LO //#define RTC_CFG_DRIVE_CAPACITY_MD //#define RTC_CFG_DRIVE_CAPACITY_HI	RX11x RX130 RX230 RX231 RX23W RX23E-B RX64M RX71M RX72M RX72N RX65N RX66N RX66N RX671	X X le, -: Not	- t available		X
	This setting Set the osci clock with th (BSP modul Target devic RX140, RX6	llation ar le board e). ce	nd drive ca	apability	of the sub-

#### 2.9 Code Size

Typical code sizes associated with this module are listed below. Information is listed for a single representative device of the RX100 Series, RX200 Series, and RX600 Series, respectively.

The ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) sizes are determined by the build-time configuration options described in 2.8, Configuration Overview. The table lists reference values when compile options of the C compiler (described in 2.4, Supported Toolchains) are set to their default values. The compile option default values are optimization level: 2, optimization type: for size, and data endianness: little-endian. The code size varies depending on the C compiler version and compile options.

The values in the table below are confirmed under the following conditions.

Module Revision: r\_rtc\_rx rev2.90

Compiler Version: Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00

(The option of "-lang = c99" is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.)

GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204

(The option of "-std = gnu99" is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.)

IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3

(The default settings of the integrated development environment.)

Configuration Options: Default settings

Device	Category	Memory Used						
		Renesas Compiler		GCC	GCC		IAR Compiler	
		With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	
RX130	ROM	2217 bytes	1881 bytes	4212 bytes	3548 bytes	3172 bytes	2617 bytes	
	RAM	8 bytes		8 bytes	8 bytes		8 bytes	
	STACK <sub>*1</sub>	72 bytes		-		116 bytes	116 bytes	
RX231	ROM	2650 bytes	2273 bytes	5132 bytes	4396 bytes	3846 bytes	3214 bytes	
	RAM	16 bytes		16 bytes	16 bytes		16 bytes	
	STACK*1	72 bytes		-		116 bytes		
RX65N	ROM	2653 bytes	2276 bytes	5148 bytes	4412 bytes	3853 bytes	3229 bytes	
	RAM	16 bytes		16 bytes	•	16 bytes	16 bytes	
	STACK <sub>*1</sub>	72 bytes		-		132 bytes		

Note1. The sizes of maximum usage stack of Interrupts functions is included.

#### 2.10 Arguments

The API data structures are located in the file "r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h" and discussed in 3, API Functions.

#### 2.11 Callback Function

In this module, the callback function specified by the user is called in the periodic interrupt handler or the alarm interrupt handler.

The callback function is specified by storing the address of the user function in the "p\_callback" structure member (see 2.10, Arguments). When the callback function is called, the variable which stores the constant listed in Table 2.2 is passed as the argument.

The argument is passed as void type. Thus the argument of the callback function is cast to a void pointer. See examples below as reference.

When using a value in the callback function, type cast the value. Set FIT\_NO\_FUNC to "p\_callback" when not using the callback function.

Table 2.2 Arguments of the Callback Function (enum rtc cb evt t)

Constant	Description
RTC_EVT_ALARM	Callback function called from the alarm interrupt handler.
RTC_EVT_PERIODIC	Callback function called from the periodic interrupt handler.

# 2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (2) or (4) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (3) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio
  By using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project.
  Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: e<sup>2</sup> studio (R20AN0451)" for details.
- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+ By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: CS+ (R20AN0470)" for details.
- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project in CS+ In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to "RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)" for details.
- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in IAREW By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: IAREW (R20AN0535)" for details.

# 2.13 "for", "while" and "do while" statements

In this module, "for", "while" and "do while" statements (loop processing) are used in processing to wait for register to be reflected and so on. For these loop processing, comments with "WAIT\_LOOP" as a keyword are described. Therefore, if user incorporates fail-safe processing into loop processing, user can search the corresponding processing with "WAIT\_LOOP".

The following shows example of description.

```
while statement example :
/* WAIT LOOP */
while(0 == SYSTEM.OSCOVFSR.BIT.PLOVF)
    ^{\prime\star} The delay period needed is to make sure that the PLL has stabilized. ^{\star\prime}
for statement example:
/* Initialize reference counters to 0. */
/* WAIT LOOP */
for (i = 0; i < BSP REG PROTECT TOTAL ITEMS; i++)
    g protect counters[i] = 0;
}
do while statement example :
/* Reset completion waiting */
do
{
    reg = phy read(ether channel, PHY REG CONTROL);
    count++;
} while ((reg & PHY_CONTROL_RESET) && (count < ETHER CFG PHY DELAY RESET)); /* WAIT LOOP */
```

#### 3. API Functions

# 3.1 Summary

The following functions are included in this design:

Function	Description
R_RTC_Open()	This function initializes the RTC, sets the current date/time, and configures the periodic interrupt and clock output, and starts counting.
R_RTC_Close()	This function stops counting, and disables the periodic interrupt and the alarm interrupt.
R_RTC_Control()	This function updates the current date/time and the alarm date/time, and configures the time capture function (only when available in the MCU) and other settings.
R_RTC_Read()	This function returns the current date/time and the alarm date/time
R_RTC_GetVersion ()	This function returns the driver version number.

#### 3.2 Return Values

The following enumeration lists the possible error codes that can be returned by the API functions:

# 3.3 R\_RTC\_Open ()

This function initializes the RTC, sets the current date/time, configures the relevant interrupt, and starts counting.

The function initializes the RTC FIT module. This function must be called before calling any other API functions.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

p init

Pointer to initialization structure (see below).

#### p\_current\_time

Pointer to date/time structure (see below) to set current time.

#### Initialization structure used for p\_init:

```
typedef struct
{
    rtc cb func t  p callback;
                                      // Specifies the pointer to the callback
                                      // function.
                                      // Specifies frequency of clock output.
    rtc output t output freq;
                                      // (The setting value is invalid when
                                      // set time = false.)
                                      \ensuremath{//} Specifies the period of the periodic
    rtc periodic t periodic_freq;
                                      // interrupt.
                     periodic_priority; // Specifies the periodic interrupt
    uint8 t
                                          // priority level.
                                          // INT priority; 0 to 15 (0=disable)
                                      // Executes/skips the RTC initialization and
    bool
                     set time;
                                      // date/time setting.
                                      // (true: Execute, false: Skip)
} rtc init t;
typedef void (*rtc cb func t) (void *p args);
typedef enum e rtc output
    RTC OUTPUT OFF,
    RTC OUTPUT 1 HZ,
    RTC OUTPUT 64 HZ,
} rtc_output_t;
typedef enum e_rtc_periodic
    RTC PERIODIC OFF = 0,
    RTC PERIODIC 256 \text{ HZ} = 6,
    RTC PERIODIC 128 HZ = 7,
    RTC PERIODIC 64 \text{ Hz} = 8,
    RTC PERIODIC 32 \text{ HZ} = 9,
    RTC PERIODIC 16 \text{ HZ} = 10,
    RTC PERIODIC 8 \text{ Hz} = 11,
    RTC PERIODIC \frac{1}{4} HZ = 12,
    RTC PERIODIC 2 HZ = 13,
    RTC PERIODIC 1 HZ
                        = 14,
    RTC PERIODIC 2 SEC = 15,
} rtc periodic t;
```

#### Structure used for p\_current\_time:

#### **Return Values**

RTC\_SUCCESS

RTC\_ERR\_ALREADY\_OPEN R\_RTC\_Open has already been called.
RTC\_ERR\_BAD\_PARAM Missing or invalid parameter specified
RTC\_ERR\_MISSING\_CALLBACK Callback function has not been set.
RTC\_ERR\_TIME\_FORMAT Improper time format (field out of range)

#### **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r rtc rx if.h".

#### Description

This function initializes the RTC and starts the RTC counter. The function returns RTC\_SUCCESS after the RTC has been initialized and started counting successfully.

When the "set\_time" member of the "rtc\_init\_t" structure is set to 'true', the RTC is initialized and date/time is specified with the "p\_current\_time" argument. When the "set\_time" member is false, the "p\_current\_time" argument is ignored. Normally, "true" is set at cold start and "false" at warm start (such as reset).

The "tm\_t" structure which is used for "p\_current\_time" is defined in the C standard library. If the compiler does not support it, the "tm\_t" structure defined in the "r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h" file is used.

#### Example

```
rtc err t err;
rtc init t rtc init;
/* Set the current date & time to be Aug 31, 2015 (Monday) 11:59:20pm */
tm t init time =
{
      20, //Seconds (0-59)
      59, //Minutes (0-59)
      23, //Hour (0-23)
      31, //Day of the month (1-31)
       7, //Month (0-11, 0=January)
     115, //Year (100-199, 100=Year 2000)
       1, //Day of the week (0-6, 0=Sunday)
       0, //Day of the year (0-365); disabled
       0, //Daylight savings; disabled
};
rtc init.output freq = RTC OUTPUT 1 HZ; // Generate 1 Hz output clock
{\tt rtc\_init.period\bar{i}c\_freq = R\bar{\tt TC\_PERIODIC\_2\_HZ; // Gen periodic int every .5sec}
                                            // Set the periodic interrupt
rtc init.periodic priority = 7;
                                             // priority level to 7.
                                             // Perform RTC initialization
rtc init.set time = true;
                                             // and date/time setting.
rtc_init.p_callback = rtc callback;
                                          // Set the callback function.
err = R RTC Open(&rtc init, &init time);
```

#### **Special Notes:**

Before calling this function, start the sub-clock oscillator and wait for oscillation to stabilize. For details on oscillating the sub-clock and specifying the oscillation stabilization wait time, refer to the User's Manual: Hardware for the MCU used.

This function must be called regardless of cold start or warm start.

And keep following notes when using clock output.

- Configure the RTCOUT pin with the application software after initializing clock output with the R RTC Open function or R RTC Control function. Refer to 4. Pin Setting for details.
- In warm start mode (rtc\_init\_t->set\_time = false), configuration of clock output by R\_RTC\_Open function are invalid. To use clock output at warm start, configure clock output with the R\_RTC\_Control function after calling the R\_RTC\_Open function.

# 3.4 R\_RTC\_Close ()

This function stops counting, resets the RTC, and disables all RTC interrupts.

#### **Format**

```
void R RTC Close (void);
```

#### **Parameters**

None.

#### **Return Values**

None.

#### **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h".

#### **Description**

This function stops counting, resets the RTC, and disables all RTC interrupts.

#### Example

```
rtc_err_t err;
rtc_init_t rtc_init;
tm_t init_time;

:
  err = R_RTC_Open(&rtc_init, &init_time);
  :
  R RTC Close();
```

#### **Special Notes:**

None.

#### 3.5 R\_RTC\_Control ()

This function updates the current date/time and the alarm date/time, and configures the time capture function (only when available in the MCU) and other settings.

#### **Format**

```
rtc_err_t
            R_RTC_Control(rtc_cmd_t
                                        cmd,
                               void
                                       *p args);
```

#### **Parameters**

cmd

Command to process (see enum below)

Pointer to optional argument structure (refer to the Description for each command setting.)

#### Commands available:

```
typedef enum
         All MCUs
    RTC CMD SET OUTPUT,
    RTC_CMD_SET_PERIODIC,
RTC_CMD_SET_CURRENT_TIME,
RTC_CMD_SET_ALARM_TIME,
    RTC CMD ENABLE ALARM,
    RTC CMD STOP COUNTERS,
    RTC CMD START COUNTERS,
    RTC CMD PARTIAL RESET,
    /* RX230, RX231, RX23W, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX671, RX71M, RX72M,
RX72N only */
    RTC_CMD_CONFIG_CAPTURE,
    RTC_CMD_CHECK_PIN0_CAPTURE,
    RTC_CMD_CHECK_PIN1_CAPTURE,
    RTC_CMD_CHECK_PIN2_CAPTURE,
    RTC_CMD_DISABLE_CAPTURE
} rtc cmd t;
```

#### **Return Values**

RTC SUCCESS RTC ERR NOT OPENED R RTC Open is not called. RTC ERR BAD PARAM Missing or invalid parameter specified RTC ERR MISSING CALLBACK Callback function has not been specified. RTC ERR TIME FORMAT Improper time format (field out of range) RTC\_ERR\_NO\_CAPTURE Time capture event is not detected.

#### **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h".

#### **Description**

This function updates the current date/time and the alarm date/time, and configures the time capture function (only when available in the MCU) and other settings. A brief summary for each command follows.

#### RTC\_CMD\_SET\_OUTPUT:

This command is to change the setting for clock output using the "rtc\_output\_t" structure. And it stops counting while the setting. The following shows a sample call:

```
rtc_output_t out_freq=RTC_OUTPUT_OFF;
err = R RTC Control(RTC CMD SET OUTPUT, &out freq);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_SET\_PERIODIC:

This command is to change the periodic interrupt generation interval using the "rtc\_periodic\_cfg\_t" structure.

The following shows a sample call:

#### RTC\_CMD\_SET\_CURRENT\_TIME:

This command is to change the current date/time setting using the "tm\_t" structure. And it stops counting while the setting. The following shows a sample call:

```
tm_t time;
:
err = R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_SET_CURRENT_TIME, &time);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_SET\_ALARM\_TIME:

This command is to set the alarm date/time using the "tm\_t" structure. When setting the alarm date/time, disable the alarm function with RTC\_CMD\_ENABLE\_ALARM certainly before the setting. The following shows a sample call:

```
tm_t time;
:
err = R RTC Control(RTC CMD SET ALARM TIME, &time);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_ENABLE\_ALARM:

This command is to specify fields (year, month, day of the month/week, etc.) to compare the current date/time with the alarm date/time, and enable the alarm interrupt. The following shows a sample call:

```
time.tm mday = 1;
                      // Day of the month (1-31)
time.tm mon = 0;
                     // Month (0-11, 0=January)
time.tm year = 100; // Year (100-199, 100=Year 2000)
time.tm wday = 0; // Day of the week (0-6, 0=Sunday)
err = R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_SET ALARM TIME, &time);
alarm.int priority = 4;
                            // Set the alarm interrupt priority level to 4.
                            // Seconds
alarm.sec = false;
alarm.min = false;
                            // Minutes
alarm.hour = true; // Hour (true = compare with current time)
alarm.mday = true; // Day of the month (true = compare with current date)
alarm.mon = false;
                            // Month
                            // Year
alarm.year = false;
                            // Day of the week
alarm.wday = false;
err = R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_ENABLE_ALARM, &alarm);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_STOP\_COUNTERS:

This command is to stop counting. Set the second argument to NULL or FIT\_NO\_PTR.

The following shows a sample call:

```
R RTC Control (RTC CMD STOP COUNTERS, NULL);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_START\_COUNTERS:

This command is to resume counting after it is halted by RTC\_CMD\_STOP\_COUNTERS. Set the second argument to NULL or FIT\_NO\_PTR. The following shows a sample call:

```
R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_START_COUNTERS, NULL);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_PARTIAL\_RESET:

This command is to reset registers for clock output, alarm, and time capture (see the RCR2.RESET register bit description in the User's Manual: Hardware for a complete list of affected registers). Set the second argument to NULL or FIT\_NO\_PTR. The following shows a sample call:

```
R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_PARTIAL_RESET, NULL);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_CONFIG\_CAPTURE:

This command is to specify the event detection condition for RTCIC0, RTCIC1, or RTCIC2 pin using the "rtc\_capture\_cfg\_t" structure. When using the tamper detection function of the battery backup function (VBATT) on the RX671, please set the noise filter setting (capture.filter) to OFF (RTC\_FILTER\_OFF). The following shows a sample call:

```
rtc_capture_cfg_t capture;
capture.pin = RTC_PIN_0;
capture.edge = RTC_EDGE_RISING;
capture.filter = RTC_FILTER_OFF;
err = R RTC Control(RTC CMD CONFIG CAPTURE, &capture);
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_CHECK\_PIN0\_CAPTURE:

RTC\_CMD\_CHECK\_PIN1\_CAPTURE:

# RTC\_CMD\_CHECK\_PIN2\_CAPTURE:

After the capture pin is configured, it must be polled to determine if an event has occurred. When a capture was made, the captured date and time are stored in the argument specified as the second parameter and RTC\_SUCCESS is returned. When a capture was not made, RTC\_ERR\_NO\_CAPTURE is returned. The following shows a sample call:

```
while(1)
{
    /* main processing */
    :
    /* check if an event was detected on the RTCICO pin. */
    if (R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_CHECK_PINO_CAPTURE, &time) == RTC_SUCCESS)
    {
        /* If event was detected outside of 9-5 business hours */
        if ((time.tm_hour < 9) || (time.tm_hour > 17))
        {
            RED_LED = ON;
            write_flash(log_addr, sizeof(tm_t), &time);
            log_addr += sizeof(tm_t);
        }
    }
}
```

#### RTC\_CMD\_DISABLE\_CAPTURE:

This command is to disable the capture pin setting. Use RTC\_CMD\_CONFIG\_CAPTURE to enable again.

The following shows a sample call:

```
rtc_pin_t pin=RTC_PIN_0;
err = R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_DISABLE_CAPTURE, &pin)
```

#### **Example**

```
/* CREATE ALARM INTERRUPT TO OCCUR EVERY 30 SECONDS */
rtc err t err;
rtc init t rtc init;
tm t g init time={0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 100, 0, 0, 0};
rtc alarm ctrl t alarm={4, false, false, false, false, false, false, false};
tm t alm time;
rtc init.output freq = RTC OUTPUT OFF; // Clock is not output.
rtc_init.periodic_freq = RTC_PERIODIC_OFF;// Disables the periodic interrupt.
rtc init.periodic priority = 0;
                                        // Sets the periodic interrupt
                                          // priority level to 0.
rtc init.set time = true;
                                          // Performs RTC initialization and
                                         // date/time setting.
rtc init.p callback = rtc callback;
                                          // Specifies the callback function.
err = R RTC Open(&rtc init, &g init time);
/* Issues the alarm interrupt request when the value of second becomes 30. */
alm time = g init time;
alm time.tm \sec = 30;
alm time.int priority = 7;
                                          // Sets the alarm interrupt priority
                                          // level to 7.
err = R RTC Control(RTC CMD SET ALARM TIME, &alm time);
/* Enables the second field for alarm. */
alarm.sec = true;
err = R RTC Control(RTC CMD ENABLE ALARM, &alarm);
/* Callback function */
void rtc callback(void *p args)
{
      rtc err t err;
```

```
// Resets the current time to 0. When the value of second becomes 30,
// the alarm interrupt again occurs.
err = R_RTC_Control(RTC_CMD_SET_CURRENT_TIME, &g_init_time);

// Processing to be executed here.
}
```

#### **Special Notes:**

When using time capture function, the pins to be used must be configured by the application software before executing the RTC\_CMD\_CONFIG\_CAPTURE command in the R\_RTC\_Control function after calling the R\_RTC\_Open function. Refer to 4. Pin Setting for details.

And executing the RTC\_CMD\_SET\_OUTPUT command or the RTC\_CMD\_SET\_CURRENT\_TIME command stops RTC counting while processing.

# 3.6 R\_RTC\_Read ()

This function returns the current date/time and the alarm date/time set in the RTC.

#### **Format**

#### **Parameters**

#### p\_current

Pointer for loading the current date/time from the RTC. Specify NULL or FIT\_NO\_PTR to skip reading the current date/time.

#### p alarm

Pointer for loading the alarm date/time from the RTC. Specify NULL or FIT\_NO\_PTR to skip reading the alarm date/time.

#### **Return Values**

```
RTC_SUCCESS
RTC_ERR_NOT_OPENED R_RTC_Open is not called.
```

#### **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r rtc rx if.h".

#### Description

This function reads the current date/time and the alarm date/time.

#### Example

#### **Special Notes:**

To read the current date/time using this function after return from a reset, deep software standby mode, software standby mode, or the battery backup state, wait for 1/128 second while counting has been started with the condition of (RCR2.START bit = 1).

When a carry of the RTC counter occurs while reading the current time, this function reads the current time again. For checking the carry, the function uses carry interrupt status flag (IR bit)

For that, it enables carry interrupt (RCR1.CIE bit = 1). So, do not clear this status flag in the application software.

# 3.7 R\_RTC\_GetVersion()

This function returns the driver version number at runtime.

#### **Format**

uint32\_t R\_RTC\_GetVersion(void);

#### **Parameters**

None.

#### **Return Values**

Version number.

#### **Properties**

Prototyped in file "r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h"

#### **Description**

Returns the version of this module. The top 2 bytes are the major version number, and the bottom 2 bytes are the minor version number.

#### Example

```
uint32_t version;
version = R_RTC_GetVersion();
```

#### **Special Notes:**

None.

#### 4. Pin Setting

To use the RTC FIT module, assign input/output signals of the peripheral function to pins with the multifunction pin controller (MPC). The pin assignment is referred to as the "Pin Setting" in this document.

Set the RTCOUT pin according to the following.

- At cold start mode (rtc\_init\_t->set\_time = true), configure the RTCOUT pin after setting clock output with the R RTC Open function or R RTC Control function.
- At warm start mode (rtc\_init\_t->set\_time = false), setting of clock output by R\_RTC\_Open function is invalid. After calling the R\_RTC\_Open function, configure the RTCOUT pin after setting clock output with the R\_RTC\_Control function.

Perform the RTCICn (n = 0 to 2) pin setting before executing the RTC\_CMD\_CONFIG\_CAPTURE command in the R RTC Control function after calling the R RTC Open function.

When performing the Pin Setting in the e² studio, the Pin Setting feature of the FIT Configurator or the Smart Configurator can be used. When using the Pin Setting feature, a source file is generated according to the option selected in the Pin Setting window in the FIT Configurator or the Smart Configurator. Pins are configured by calling the function defined in the source file. Refer to Table 4.1 for details.

**Table 4.1 Function Output by the FIT Configurator** 

MCU Used	Function to be Output	Remarks
All MCUs	R_RTC_PinSet()	For the RX100 Series, the setting for
		RTCICn (n = 0 to 2) is not output.

#### 5. Demo Projects

Demo projects are complete stand-alone programs. They include function main() that utilizes the module and its dependent modules (e.g., r\_bsp).

# 5.1 rtc\_demo\_rskrx130

#### **Description**

A simple demo of the RX130 Realtime Clock (RTCc) for the RSKRX130 starter kit (FIT module "r\_rtc\_rx"). The demo uses the RTC API from r\_rtc\_rx\_if.h to initialize the realtime clock to an arbitrary date/time and start a 2 sec periodic interrupt. The interrupt handler reads the current date/time into global variables for printing to the debug console by main(). LED 0 is also toggled when the periodic timer expires.

#### **Setup and Execution**

- 1. Compile and download the sample code.
- 2. Click 'Reset Go' to start the software. If PC stops at Main, press F8 to resume.
- 3. Set breakpoints and watch global variables

#### **Boards Supported**

RSKRX130

# 5.2 rtc\_demo\_rskrx231

#### **Description**

A simple demo of the RX231 Realtime Clock (RTCe) for the RSKRX231 starter kit (FIT module "r\_rtc\_rx"). This demo is identical to the RX130 demo above.

#### **Boards Supported**

RSKRX231

#### 5.3 rtc\_demo\_rskrx64m

#### **Description**

A simple demo of the RX64M Realtime Clock (RTCd) for the RSKRX64M starter kit (FIT module "r\_rtc\_rx"). This demo is identical to the RX130 demo above.

#### **Boards Supported**

RSKRX64M

#### 5.4 rtc\_demo\_rskrx671

#### **Description**

A simple demo of the RX671 Realtime Clock (RTCd) for the RSKRX671 starter kit (FIT module "r\_rtc\_rx"). This demo is identical to the RX130 demo above.

#### **Boards Supported**

RSKRX671

#### 5.5 rtc demo rskrx72n

#### **Description**

A simple demo of the RX72N Realtime Clock (RTCd) for the RSKRX72N starter kit (FIT module "r\_rtc\_rx"). This demo is identical to the RX130 demo above.

#### **Boards Supported**

RSKRX72N

# 5.6 Adding a Demo to a Workspace

Demo projects are found in the FITDemos subdirectory of the distribution file for this application note. To add a demo project to a workspace, select File>Import>General>Existing Projects into Workspace, then click "Next". From the Import Projects dialog, choose the "Select archive file" radio button. "Browse" to the FITDemos subdirectory, select the desired demo zip file, then click "Finish".

# 6. Appendices

# **Operation Confirmation Environment**

This section describes operation confirmation environment for the RTC FIT module.

Table 6.1 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.41)

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 4.2.0.012
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.04.01
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.41
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (product No.: RTK5005130SxxxxxBE)

# **Table 6.2 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.50)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 5.0.1.005
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.05.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.50
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (product No.: RTK500565NSxxxxxBE)

**Table 6.3 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.70)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.0.0.XXX
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.70
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2SxxxxxBE)
200.0 0000	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308SxxxxxBE)

Table 6.4 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.71)

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.0.0.XXX
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.71
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (product No.: RTK50565N2SxxxxxBE)
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (product No.: RTK5051308SxxxxxBE)
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (product No.: R0K505231SxxxBE)
	Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (product No.: R0K505113SxxxBE)

# **Table 6.5 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.72)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 6.1.0.XXX
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.72
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (product No.: R0K50564MSxxxBE)
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (product No.: RTK5005130SxxxxxBE)
	Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (product No.: R0K505231SxxxBE)

# Table 6.6 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.73)

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.1.0
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.73

# Table 6.7 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.74)

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.3.0
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.74

# **Table 6.8 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.75)**

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.3.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.10.01
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.01.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.08.04.201803
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.10.01
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.75
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (product No.: RTK500565Nxxxxxx)

# Table 6.9 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.76)

ltem	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.2.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.01.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.76
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 6.10 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.77)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.4.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.01
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.01.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
C compiler	GCC for Renesas RX 4.08.04.201902
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.01
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.77
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (product No.: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 6.11 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.78)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 7.4.0
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.01
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.01.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.08.04.201902
C compiler	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.01
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.78
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (product No.: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 6.12 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.79)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio 2020-04
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.01
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.08.04.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.01
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.79
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (product No.: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 6.13 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.80)

Item	Contents
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio 2020-10 (20.10.0)
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99
Endian	Big endian/Little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.80
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (product No.: R0K50564MSxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (product No.: RTK5005130SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (product No.: R0K505231SxxxBE)

Table 6.14 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.81)

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio 2021-01 (21.1.0)
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.14.01
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.03.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
C compiler	GCC for Renesas RX 8.03.00.202002
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.14.01
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development
	environment
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.81
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.15 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.82)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio 2021-07 (21.7.0)
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.01
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.03.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
C compiler	GCC for Renesas RX 8.03.00.202102
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.
	-std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.01
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.82
Board used	Target board for RX140 (product No.: RTK5RX140xxxxxxxxxx)

**Table 6.16 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.83)** 

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2022-04
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.04.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentlang = c99 GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99 Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.2.83
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX660 (product No.: RTK556609HCxxxxxBJ)

**Table 6.17 Operation Confirmation Environment (Rev. 2.90)** 

Item	Contents	
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e <sup>2</sup> studio Version 2023-04	
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3	
	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V.3.05.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.  -lang = c99	
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environmentstd=gnu99	
C compiler	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used: -WI,no-gc-sections	
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module	
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3	
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.	
Endian	Big endian/little endian	
Revision of the module	Rev.2.90	
	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (product No.: RTK5005130SxxxxxBE)	
	Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (product No.: R0K505231SxxxBE)	
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-B (product No.: RTK0ES1001C00001BJ)	
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (product No.: R0K50564MSxxxBE)	
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (product No.: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxx)	
	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (product No.: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxx)	

# 6.2 Troubleshooting

- (1) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: Could not open source file "platform.h".
  - A: The FIT module may not be added to the project properly. Check if the method for adding FIT modules is correct with the following documents:
    - When using CS+: Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)"
    - When using e<sup>2</sup> studio: Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)"

When using a FIT module, the board support package FIT module (BSP module) must also be added to the project. For this, refer to the application note "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)".

- (2) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the following errors:
  - ERROR A drive capacity #define must be uncommented in r\_rtc\_rx\_config.h
  - ERROR Only one drive capacity #define may be uncommented in r\_rtc\_rx\_config.h
  - ERROR RTC CFG DRIVE CAPACITY MD in r rtc rx config.h is invalid selection for MCU.
  - A: The setting value in the "r\_rtc\_rx\_config.h" file may be wrong. Check the file "r\_rtc\_rx\_config.h". If there is a wrong setting, set the correct value for that. Refer to 2.8, Configuration Overview for details.
- (3) Q: A clock is not output from the RTCOUT pin.
  - A: The pin setting may not be performed correctly. When using this FIT module, the pin setting must be performed. Refer to 4, Pin Setting for details.
- (4) Q: An event is not detected though an edge is input to the RTCICn (n = 0 to 2) pin.
  - A: The event detection condition or the pin setting may not be configured properly. Check the setting for the RTC\_CMD\_CONFIG\_CAPTURE command in 3.5, R\_RTC\_Control (). Also, confirm that the RTCICn (n = 0 to 2) pin is set to general I/O port.
- (5) Q: Even if the R\_RTC\_Open function is called, an infinite loop is entered within the function and counting is not started.
  - A: The sub-clock may not oscillate correctly. Check whether the sub-clock starts oscillating before calling the R\_RTC\_Open function. Then, follow the setting procedure in the User's Manual: Hardware.
- (6) Q: The counter is always initialized at warm start.
  - A: When calling the R\_RTC\_Open function at warm start, check whether 'false' is set to "set\_time" in the "rtc\_init\_t" structure. Also, when processing is branched using the cold/warm start determination flag (RSTSR1.CWSF), check whether the flag is set to 1 (warm start) in the cold start processing.

# 7. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

The latest versions can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News

The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

User's Manual: Development Tools

RX Family C/C++ Compiler CC-RX User's Manual (R20UT3248)

The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

# **Related Technical Updates**

This module reflects the content of the following technical updates. None

# **Revision History**

		Description			
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary		
1.00	Nov.22.13	_	First edition issued		
2.00	Apr.16.14	all	Modified for new API.		
			Added support for RX110, RX210, and RX63N/631		
			Added support for Capture feature		
2.10	Sep.03.14	1,3-4, 6-7,11	Added support for RX64M.		
2.20	Dec.03.14	1,3-5	Added support for RX113.		
2.30	Jan.26.15	1,3,5,7,11, 18	Added support for RX71M.		
2.40	Jul.20.15	1,2,5,18	Added support for RX231, added RX231 demo.		
2.41	Mar.1.16	1,3,5,6,8,9 ,13	Added support for RX130, 230.		
		program	Added definition for sub-clock drive capacity.  RTC CFG DRIVE CAPACITY MD		
		, ,	Added the rtc_enable_ints function in order to enable the		
			interrupt regardless of the cold start or warm start.		
			Fixed the issue of initial setting procedure for the time capture.		
2.50	Oct.1.16	1,3,5,6,12, 19	Added support for RX65N.		
		6	Character de description of and a sine in another 2.0		
		12	Changed a description of code size in section 2.9.  Modified a setting example for the RTCOUT pin.		
		12	Added a description on how to set up a callback function in		
			section 3.3.		
		17	Deleted a setting example for the RTCOUT pin.		
			Modified a setting example for the timestamp capture event		
			input pins.		
		20	Added "4. Pin Setting".		
		program	Change the range of values that can be set in the interrupt priority level. (Can set value of 0 )		
			Change the specification for the registration of a callback function.		
			Changed the setting of the carry interrupt enable bit		
			(RCR1.CIE) specified by the R_RTC_Open function from "enabled" to "disabled".		
			(This FIT module does not support the carry interrupt, therefore		
			the specification has been improved to disable an unused		
2.60	Mar.31.17	4	interrupt.)  2.2 Hardware Resource Requirements:		
2.00	ividi.J1.17	7	- 2.2.2 I/O Port, MPC: Modified the description regarding the MPC.		
			- 2.2.3 Sub-Clock Oscillator: Modified.		
			2.4 Supported Toolchains: Now the detailed information of		
			toolchains is listed in Section 5.1.		
			2.5 Interrupt Vector: Added.		
			2.6 Header Files: Deleted unnecessary information.		
			2.7 Integer Types: Deleted unnecessary information.		

		Description			
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary		
2.60	Mar.31.17	5	2.8 Configuration Overview: Modified some descriptions.		
		7	2.11 Callback Function: Added.		
		8	2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project: Revised.		
		9	3.1 Summary: Modified some descriptions.		
			3.2 Return Values: Modified some descriptions.		
		10	3.3 R_RTC_Open ():		
			- Parameters: Modified the descriptions for structures.		
		11	- Description: Modified.		
		12	- Example: Modified.		
			- Special Notes: Modified the description regarding the sub-		
			clock and moved the description regarding the callback		
			function to 2.11, Callback Function.		
		14	3.5 R_RTC_Control ():		
			- Parameters: Modified the description regarding the structure.		
		47	- Description: Modified the description for each command.		
		17	- Example: Modified.		
			- Special Notes: Modified the description regarding the capture		
		10	pin.		
		18	3.6 R_RTC_Read(): - Parameters: Deleted the description regarding the structure.		
			- Parameters. Deleted the description regarding the structure.  - Description: Modified.		
		20	4. Pin Setting: Modified.		
2.70	Jul.31.17	20	Added support for RX130-512KB and RX65N-2MB.		
2.70	Jul.51.17		Removed RX210, RX631, and RX63N from the target device in		
			this FIT module since the release of the CGC FIT module has		
			been canceled for RX210, RX631, and RX63N.		
		1	Related Documents: Added the following document:		
			"Renesas e² studio Smart Configurator User Guide		
			(R20AN0451)"		
		4	2.1 Hardware Requirements: Deleted RTCa (RX210) and		
			RTCb (RX631, RX63N).		
		6	2.9 Code Size: Revised the description above the table and		
			updated the ROM sizes in the table.		
		21	5. Demo Projects: Deleted.		
		21	5. Appendices: Added.		
		23	6. Reference Documents: Added.		
		Program	Removed the definitions for RX210, RX631, and RX63N from		
			the conditional expression of the preprocessor.		
			Fixed the following issues in the rtc_init function:		
			<ul> <li>The RCR3.RTCEN bit is set to 0 in the beginning of processing.</li> </ul>		
			- When the R_RTC_Open function is called while the sub-clock		
			oscillator does not operate, an infinite loop is entered in the		
			verification processing after setting registers.		
			Added the dummy read processing after setting registers in the		
			rtc_set_current_time function and the rtc_set_alarm_time		
			function.		

		Descripti	on
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
2.71	Sep.20.17		3.1 R_RTC_Open()
		10	- Parameters
			Added descriptions for output_freq member.
		12	- Special Notes
			Added descriptions.
			3.5 R_RTC_Control()
		15	- Description
			RTC_CMD_SET_OUTPUT command
			Added descriptions.
			RTC_CMD_SET_CURRENT_TIME command
			Added descriptions.
			RTC_CMD_SET_ALARM_TIME command
			Added descriptions.
		17	- Special Notes
			Added descriptions.
		40	3.6 R_RTC_Read()
		18	- Special Notes
		20	Added descriptions.
		20	4.Pin Setting
			Added descriptions. 5.1 Operation Confirmation Environment
		22	Added Table 5.4.
			Modified the following issues.
		Program	intoutiled the following issues.
			Processing for reading the current time
			[Description]
			When a carry of the RTC counter occurs while reading the
			current time using the R_RTC_Read function, an incorrect time
			is read.
			(According to the specification, the software reads again the
			current time when a carry occurs. But the carry is not detected and the current time is not read again.)
			e.g) A carry occurs after just reading seconds at 0:00:59.
			Although the time should be 0:01:00, the time readout is 0:01:59 (59 seconds difference )
			[Conditions]
			When a carry of the RTC counter occurs while reading the RTC counter.
			Tri o oddinor.
			[Workaround]
			Use rev. 2.71 or a later version of the RTC FIT module.
			The definition is changed as follows.
			rev.2.70) RTC_INT_ENABLE (0x05)
			rev.2.71) RTC_INT_ENABLE (0x07)
			By this way, carry interrupt enable bit (RCR1.CIE) becomes enabled and the process detects a carry during reading of the
			current time and reads again.

		Description			
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary		
2.71	Sep.20.17	Program	Stop counting at warm start		
			[Description]  If "false" is set to the member "set_time" of the argument  "rtc_init_t" of the R_RTC_Open function, the count is stopped during the processing of the R_RTC_Open function without specific operation.(Above is occurred at warm start)		
			[Conditions] When "false" is set to the member "set_time" of the argument "rtc_init_t" of the R_RTC_Open function.		
			[Workaround] Use rev. 2.71 or a later version of the RTC FIT module. In rev. 2.71, the rtc_set_output function called in the R_RTC_Open function is moved into the routine that executes only at cold start. This change will prevent the count from temporarily stopping at warm start.		
			Added limitation Clock output setting by the R_RTC_Open function is invalid at warm start.		
2.72	Dec.14.17	4	<ul><li>2.4 Supported Toolchains</li><li>The following is changed.</li><li>5.1 -&gt; 6.1</li><li>5. Demo Projects</li></ul>		
		21	Added descriptions. 6.1 Operation Confirmation Environment		
		23	Added Table 6.5		
2.73	Dec.03.18	23	6.1 Operation Confirmation Environment: Added Table 6.6 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.73).		
		Program	Added document number of the application note accompanying the sample program of the FIT module to xml file.		
2.74	Feb.01.19	24	6.1 Operation Confirmation Environment: Added Table 6.7 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.74).		
		Program	Changes associated with functions:  Added support setting function of configuration option Using GUI on Smart Configurator.  [Description]  Added a setting file to support configuration option setting function by GUI.		

		Description			
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary		
2.75	May.20.19	-	Update the following compilers		
			GCC for Renesas RX		
			IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX		
		1	Added Target Compilers.		
		1	Deleted R01AN1723, R01AN1826, R20AN0451 from Related		
			Documents.		
		4	Added revision of dependent r_bsp module in 2.3 Software		
			Requirements.		
		6	2.9 Code Size, amended.		
		19	3.7 R_RTC_GetVersion function, deleted special notes.		
0.70	1 00 10	24	Added Table 6.8 in Operation Confirmation Environment.		
2.76	Jun.20.19	1	Added the RX23W group to the Target Device.		
		0	Deleted R01AN1833 from Related Documents.		
		3	In overview, Added time capture event input pins for RX23W.		
		5	Added RX23W to the subclock oscillator drive capability table.		
		6	2.9 Code Size, amended.		
		8	Added Section 2.13 "for", "while" and "do while" statements.		
		24	Added Table 6.9 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.76).		
2.77	Jul.30.19	1	Added the RX72M group to the Target Device.		
		3	In overview, Added time capture event input pins for RX72M.		
		5	2.8 Configuration Overview, Added RX72M to the subclock oscillator drive capability table.		
		6	2.9 Code Size, amended.		
		9-19	Deleted the Reentrant for each API in API Functions.		
		25	Added Table 6.10 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.77).		
2.78	Nov.22.19	1	Added the RX66N group and RX72N group to the Target Device.		
		3			
		3	In overview, Added time capture event input pins for RX66N and RX72N.		
		5	2.8 Configuration Overview, Added RX66N and RX72N to the subclock oscillator drive capability table.		
		6	2.9 Code Size, amended.		
		25	Added Table 6.11 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.78).		
2.79	Jun.01.20	-	Fixed the issue that the fit module cannot be added to the		
20			project by e <sup>2</sup> studio due to the wrong folder name of the web package of RTC Rev.2.78. For details, see Tool News		
		8	(R20TS0302).  Changed Section 2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project.		
		26	Added Table 6.12 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.		
		20	2.79).		
2.80	Nov.30.20	-	Updated the sample code project due to the upgrade of the development environment.		
2.81	Jun.30.21	1	Added the RX671 group to the Target Device.		
	53.7.100.2.1	3	In overview, Added time capture event input pins for RX671.		
		5	2.8 Configuration Overview, Added RX671 to the subclock		
			oscillator drive capability table.		
		6	2.9 Code Size, amended.		

		Descriptio	n
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
2.81	Jun.30.21	28	Added Table 6.14 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.81).
		Program	Output of RTCOUT pin when the R_RTC_Open function is called
			[Description] When an R_RTC_Open function is called, the RTCOUT pin output 1 Hz even when the RTCOUT pin is set to output 64 Hz.
			[Conditions] When an R_RTC_Open function is called while output_freq stores RTC_OUTPUT_64_HZ and set_time stores true. the output_freq and set_time are members of a structure variable rtc_init_t.
			[Workaround] Use rev. 2.81 or a later version of the RTC FIT module.
2.82	Jul.31.21	1	Added the RX140 group to the Target Device.
		6	2.9 Code Size, amended.
		28	Added Table 6.15 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.82).
2.83	Dec.31.21	1	Added the RX660 group to the Target Device.
		4	In overview, Added time capture event input pins for RX660.  Added 1.1 Using the RTC FIT module.
		5	In 2.1 Hardware Requirements, Added RTCBa peripherals.
		6	2.8 Configuration Overview, Added RX660 to the subclock oscillator drive capability table.
		8	2.9 Code Size, amended.
		17	In 3.5 R_RTC_Control, Added RX660 to Commands available.
		32	Added Table 6.16 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.83).
2.90	May.29.23	1, 7	Added support RX23E-B.
		8	2.9 Code Size, amended.
		10	Deleted the description of FIT configurator from "2.12. Adding the FIT Module to Your Project".
		24	Added RSKRX72N, RSKRX671 to "5. Demo Projects".
		33	Added Table 6.17 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 2.90).
		Program	Added support RX23E-B.
			Updated and added new demo projects.

# General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

#### Notice

- Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products
  and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your
  product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use
  of these circuits, software, or information.
- 2. Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs, algorithms, and application examples.
- 3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You shall be responsible for determining what licenses are required from any third parties, and obtaining such licenses for the lawful import, export, manufacture, sales, utilization, distribution or other disposal of any products incorporating Renesas Electronics products, if required.
- 5. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
- 6. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.
  - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; industrial robots; etc.
  - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc.

Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.

- 7. No semiconductor product is absolutely secure. Notwithstanding any security measures or features that may be implemented in Renesas Electronics hardware or software products, Renesas Electronics shall have absolutely no liability arising out of any vulnerability or security breach, including but not limited to any unauthorized access to or use of a Renesas Electronics product or a system that uses a Renesas Electronics product. RENESAS ELECTRONICS DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THAT RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS, OR ANY SYSTEMS CREATED USING RENESAS ELECTRONICS PRODUCTS WILL BE INVULNERABLE OR FREE FROM CORRUPTION, ATTACK, VIRUSES, INTERFERENCE, HACKING, DATA LOSS OR THEFT, OR OTHER SECURITY INTRUSION ("Vulnerability Issues"). RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY ARISING FROM OR RELATED TO ANY VULNERABILITY ISSUES. FURTHERMORE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, RENESAS ELECTRONICS DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS DOCUMENT AND ANY RELATED OR ACCOMPANYING SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- 8. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products outside of such specified ranges.
- 9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics products, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 11. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions.
- 12. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
- 13. This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- 14. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products.
- (Note1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries.
- (Note2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

(Rev.5.0-1 October 2020)

#### **Corporate Headquarters**

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan

www.renesas.com

# **Trademarks**

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### Contact information

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit: <a href="https://www.renesas.com/contact/">www.renesas.com/contact/</a>.