Stable sets

```
TS_ln[157]:= Definition["internal stability", any [\pi, n, S],
            IS[S, \pi, n] : \Leftrightarrow (S \cap D[S, \pi, n] = \emptyset)]
TS ln[158]:= Definition["internal stability On", any[\pi, n, S, Z],
            ISOn[S, \pi, n, Z] : \Leftrightarrow (S \cap DOn[S, \pi, n, Z] = \emptyset)]
TS_\ln[159]:= Definition["external stability", any [\pi, n, S],
            ES[S, \pi, n] : \Leftrightarrow (S \bigcup D[S, \pi, n] = X[n])]
TS_in[160]:= Definition["external stability on", any [\pi, n, S, Z],
            ESOn[S, \pi, n, Z] : \Leftrightarrow (S \bigcup DOn[S, \pi, n, Z] = Z)]
TS ln[161]:= Definition["stable", any[\pi, n, S],
            stable[S, \pi, n] : \Leftrightarrow (IS[S, \pi, n] \land ES[S, \pi, n])]
TS_ln[162]:= Definition["stable On", any[\pi, n, S, Z],
            stableOn[S, \pi, n, Z] : \Leftrightarrow (ISOn[S, \pi, n, Z] \land ESOn[S, \pi, n, Z])]
TS_In[163]:=
          S = X \setminus D[S, \pi, n]
TS_In[164]:=
          Definition["self protection", any [\pi, n, S],
            SP[S, \pi, n] : \Leftrightarrow (S \subseteq U[U[S, \pi, n], \pi, n])]
TS_ln[165]:= Algorithm ["Roth-Jordan", any[S, K, π, n],
            RothJordan[S, \pi, n] := where | aux = U[U[S, \pi, n], \pi, n],
                                       \in ES[aux, \pi, n]
                { { "no stable set" ← otherwise
                RothJordan[aux, \pi, n]

    c otherwise
```

Call the algorithm as RothJordan[K, π , n] where K is the core w.r.t. π and n.

Empty core

```
TS_In[166]:= Theorem ["SINequivalence", any [\pi1, \pi2, 3], with [AN [\pi1, 3] \wedge AN [\pi2, 3] \wedge (K[\pi1, 3] = \emptyset) \wedge (K[\pi2, 3] = \emptyset)],

We with [AN [\pi1, 3] \wedge AN [\pi2, 3] \wedge (K[\pi1, 3] \leftrightarrow dominates [y, x, \pi2, 3])]

TS_In[167]:= Corollary ["emptyCoreStableA", any [\pi], with [AN [\pi, 3] \wedge (K[\pi, 3] = \emptyset)], stable [dyadicSet [1, 3] \wedge dyadicSet [0, 3], \pi, 3]]

TS_In[168]:= Corollary ["emptyCoreStableB", any [\pi, S], with [AN [\pi, 3] \wedge (K[\pi, 3] = \emptyset) \wedge stable [S, \pi, n]], S = (dyadicSet [1, 3] \wedge dyadicSet [0, 3])]

Non-empty core (case n=3)

TS_In[169]:= Definition ["powerBalance", any [\pi, i],
```

 $B[i, \pi] := \{x \in X[3] \mid (\pi[\{i\}, x] = \pi[I[3] \setminus \{i\}, x])\}]$

TS_ln[170]:= Definition ["midpoint of B", any [
$$\pi$$
, i, j, k], with [{i, j, k} = {1, 2, 3}],
$$q[i, \pi] = \underbrace{\text{g}}_{x} \left(q[i]_{j} = q[i]_{k}\right)$$

(*Definition["midpoint of B"]//InputForm*)

TS_In[171]:= Definition ["r", any [
$$\pi$$
, i, j],
$$r[i, j, \pi] = \underset{z \in M[i, \pi]}{9} \left(\bigvee_{x \in M[i, \pi]} z_j \geq x_j \right)$$

$$\text{TS_In[172]:= Definition} \Big[\text{"RMaxBalanced", any} [\pi, i], \\ \text{R[i, π] := } \Big\{ \mathbf{r} \in \mathtt{M[i, π]} \ \bigg| \ \ \underset{\mathtt{j} \in \mathtt{I[3] \setminus \{i\} \ seM[i, π]}}{\mathtt{M[i, π]}} \ \mathbf{r_j} \geq \mathbf{s_j} \Big\} \Big]$$

■ Lemma 6

TS_ln[173]:= Lemma ["powerBalanceContained", any [
$$\pi$$
, i, j, k],
$$B[i, \pi] \in \left\{ x \mid x_i \geq Max[\{x_j, x_k\}] \right\}$$

■ Lemma 7

TS_ln[174]:= Definition["BProp", any[
$$\pi$$
, i, j, k, x, y], with[$\mathbf{x} \in B[i, \pi] \land y \in B[i, \pi] \land y_i > \mathbf{x}_i \land \{i, j, k\} = \{1, 2, 3\}$], $y_j > \mathbf{x}_j \lor y_k > \mathbf{x}_k$]

Next we define a ray from a tyrannical element through the simplex.

$$\text{TS_In[175]:= Definition} \Big[\text{"RayTyrannical", any} [\textbf{i}, \alpha] \text{, with} [\textbf{0} \leq \alpha \bigwedge \alpha \leq 1] \text{,} \\ \Big\{ \langle \beta, (1-\beta) \star \alpha, (1-\beta) \star (1-\alpha) \rangle \big|_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}} \ \textbf{0} \leq \beta \leq 1 \Big\} \ \Leftarrow \ \textbf{i} = 1 \\ \text{Ray} [\textbf{i}, \alpha] = \Big\{ \Big\{ \langle (1-\beta) \star \alpha, \beta, (1-\beta) \star (1-\alpha) \rangle \big|_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}} \ \textbf{0} \leq \beta \leq 1 \Big\} \ \Leftarrow \ \textbf{i} = 2 \\ \Big\{ \langle (1-\beta) \star \alpha, (1-\beta) \star (1-\alpha), \beta \rangle \big|_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}} \ \textbf{0} \leq \beta \leq 1 \Big\} \ \Leftarrow \ \textbf{i} = 3 \\$$

■ Corollary 2

TS_ln[178]:= Definition \[\begin{align*} \begin{a

$$\mathrm{BPlus}[\mathbf{i}, \pi] := \begin{cases} \left\{ \mathbf{x} \middle|_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{B}[1, \pi, 3]} \mathbf{x}_1 > \mathbf{x}_2 \wedge \mathbf{x}_1 > \mathbf{x}_3 \right\} \in \mathbf{i} = 1 \\ \left\{ \mathbf{x} \middle|_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{B}[2, \pi, 3]} \mathbf{x}_2 > \mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \mathbf{x}_2 > \mathbf{x}_3 \right\} \in \mathbf{i} = 2 \\ \left\{ \mathbf{x} \middle|_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{B}[3, \pi, 3]} \mathbf{x}_3 > \mathbf{x}_1 \wedge \mathbf{x}_3 > \mathbf{x}_2 \right\} \in \mathbf{i} = 3 \end{cases}$$

■ Lemma 8

- TS_in[180]:= Lemma["dominance on B.2", any[π , x, y, i], with[AN[π , 3] \wedge allocation₃[x] \wedge allocation₃[y]], x \in BPlus[i, π] \wedge y \in B

■ Lemma 9

TS_ln[181]:= Lemma ["Characterisation under AN and RE", any [π], with [AN[π , 3] \bigwedge RE[π , 3]], B[i, π] \ BPlus[i, π] \ dyadicSet[1, 3] \ dyadicSet[0, 3]]

■ Lemma 10

$$\text{TS_In[182]:= Lemma["Lemma10", any[π, x],}$$

$$\text{with}\Big[\text{AN}[\pi, 3] \bigwedge \text{RE}[\pi, 3] \bigwedge \text{R[i, π, $3]} \neq \emptyset \bigwedge \text{allocation}_3[x] \bigwedge \left(\bigvee_{\substack{i \\ i \in \{1,2,3\}}} x_i > 0 \right) \Big],$$

$$x \in \text{B[i, π]} \setminus (\text{R[i, π]} \bigcup \{\text{q[i, π]}\}) \Rightarrow x \in \text{dominion}[\text{R[i, π], π, $3]} \Big]$$

■ Theorem 4

- TS_in[183]:= Theorem ["Theorem 4.a", any[π], with [AN[π , 3] \bigwedge RE[π , 3] \bigwedge R[i, π] \neq \emptyset],

 3! (stableOn[Si, π , 3, BPlus[i, π] \bigcup R[i, π]] \bigwedge (Si = (R[i, π] \bigcup ({q[i, π]}) \bigcap M[i, π]))))
- TS_In[184]:= Theorem ["Theorem 4.a", any[i \in I[3], π], with[AN[π , 3] \bigwedge RE[π , 3] \bigwedge R[i, π] \neq \emptyset],

 3! (stableOn[S, π , 3, BPlus[i, π] \bigcup R[i, π]] \bigwedge (S = S[i]))]
- TS_ln[185]:= Theorem["Theorem 4.a,exists", any[i \in I[3], π], with[AN[π , 3] \bigwedge RE[π , 3] \bigwedge R[i, π] \neq \emptyset], stableOn[S[i], π , 3, BPlus[i, π] \bigcup R[i, π]]
- TS_ln[186]:= Theorem["Theorem 4.a,unique", any[i \in I[3], π], with[AN[π , 3] \bigwedge RE[π , 3] \bigwedge R[i, π] \neq \emptyset], ...

```
TS_ln[186]:= Definition["Si", any[i, \pi],
S[i, \pi] := R[i, \pi] \bigcup (Sq[i, \pi] \bigcap M[i, \pi])]
```

A less cryptic formulation could be:

Definition ["Si case", any[i,
$$\pi$$
],
$$S[i, \pi] := \begin{cases} R[i, \pi] \bigcup \{q[i, \pi]\} & \in q[i, \pi] \in M[i, \pi] \\ R[i, \pi] & \in \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

TS_in[187]:= Theorem ["Theorem 4.b", any[π], with [AN[π , 3] \bigwedge RE[π , 3] \bigwedge (R[i, π] = \emptyset)], \neg 3 stableOn[S, π , 3, BPlus[i, π]]

■ Lemma 11

■ Theorem 5

TS_in[189]:= Theorem["Theorem 5", any[
$$\pi$$
, S, Si], with[AN[π , 3] \land CX[π , 3] \land RE[π , 3] \land R[i, π] \neq $\emptyset \land$ (Si = (R[i, π] \bigcup ({q[i, π]} \bigcap M[i, π]))) \land stable[S, π , 3]] Si \subseteq S]

■ Definition SIN = Strength In Numbers

TS_ln[190]:= Definition ["SIN", any [C, x,
$$\nu$$
],
$$\pi SIN_{v}[C, x] = \sum_{i \in C} (x_{i} + \nu)$$

■ Theorem 6

Variant with permuted indices. Which one is the correct one?

```
TS_ln[195]:= Definition "pij", any[\pi, j, k],
                                              p[j,k,\pi] := \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \odot (r[3,1,\pi] \oplus r[3,2,\pi]) & \Leftarrow & (j=1) \land (k=2) \\ \frac{1}{2} \odot (r[2,1,\pi] \oplus r[2,3,\pi]) & \Leftarrow & (j=1) \land (k=3) \\ \frac{1}{2} \odot (r[1,2,\pi] \oplus r[1,3,\pi]) & \Leftarrow & (j=2) \land (k=3) \end{cases}
TS_ln[196]:= Definition | "tup+*", any[x, y],
                                             \mathbf{x} \oplus \mathbf{y} := \left\langle \mathbf{x}_{i} + \mathbf{y}_{i} \middle|_{i=1,\dots,|\mathbf{y}|} \right\rangle\mathbf{x} \odot \mathbf{y} := \left\langle \mathbf{x} \star \mathbf{y}_{i} \middle|_{i=1,\dots,|\mathbf{y}|} \right\rangle
TS_\ln[197]:= Definition["P", any[\pi],
                                                P[\pi] := \{p[1, 2, \pi], p[1, 3, \pi], p[2, 3, \pi]\}
 TS_ln[198]:= Theorem["Theorem 7b", any[\pi],
                                                 with [AN[\pi, 3] \wedge CX[\pi, 3] \wedge RE[\pi, 3] \wedge (K[\pi, 3] \neq \emptyset) \wedge R[1, \pi] \neq \emptyset],
                                                 \mathtt{stable} \, [\mathtt{K}[\pi,\, 3] \, \bigcup \, \mathtt{S}[1,\, \pi] \, \bigcup \, (\{\mathtt{q}[1,\, \pi]\} \, \bigcap \, \mathtt{M}[1,\, \pi]) \, \bigcup \, \mathtt{S}[2,\, \pi] \, \bigcup \, \mathtt{S}[2,\, \pi]
                                                             (\{q[2, \pi]\} \cap M[2, \pi]) \cup S[3, \pi] \cup (\{q[3, \pi]\} \cap M[3, \pi]) \cup P[\pi], 3]]
                              Corollary ["Corollary 3", any [\pi, S], with [AN[\pi, 3] \land CX[\pi, 3] \land RE[\pi, 3] \land stable[S, \pi, 3]],
                                    |S| \leq 15
TS_ln[199]:= Algorithm | "StableSet", any [\pi],
                                                 stableSet[\pi] :=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         \leftarrow \pi[\{1\},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \in \text{empty}[R[1, \pi]]
                                                        where S = \text{dyadicSet}[0, 3] \bigcup_{i=1,\dots,3} S[i, \pi],
\begin{cases} S & \leftarrow \pi[\{2\}, s[2, 3, 3]] \ge \pi[\{1, 3\}, s[2, 3, 3]] \\ S \bigcup P[\pi] & \leftarrow \text{otherwise} \end{cases}
"unknown R"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               \Leftarrow \neg empty[R[1, \pi]]

    otherw

    otherwise

 TS_In[200]:= Definition["empty", any[M],
                                                empty[M] := M = \emptyset
 \text{TS_In[201]:= Definition} \Big[ \text{"midpoint of B", any}[\pi, i], \\  q[i, \pi] := \text{where} \Big[ j = \text{@[I[3] \setminus \{i\}], k = @[I[3] \setminus \{i, j\}], } \underbrace{\text{$\mathfrak{p}$ ! $}}_{\text{$\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{B}[i, \pi]}} (\mathbf{x}_j = \mathbf{x}_k) \Big] \Big] 
TS_In[202]:= Use[{Builtin ["Connectives"], Builtin ["Quantifiers"],
                                                     Builtin ["Tuples"], Builtin ["Sets"], Builtin ["Numbers"]}]
TS_In[203]:= UseAlso[{Algorithm["StableSet"], Lemma["D13"], Lemma["D03"],
                                                      Definition["tyrannical"], Definition["agents"], Definition["Si"],
                                                      Definition["centre allocation"], Definition["r"], Definition["P"],
                                                      Definition["pij"], Definition["tup+*"], Definition["split allocation"]}]
```

Champion Powerfunction

Wealth is Power Powerfunction

Compute[WIP
$$\pi$$
[{1, 2, 3}, $\langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$]]
$$\sum_{i \in \{1, 2, 3\}} \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle_{i}$$
Compute[WIP π [{1, 2, 3}, $\langle 1/2, 0, 1/2 \rangle$]]
1

Compute[- empty[R[1, WIP π]]]

True

Compute[dyadicSet[0, 3] $\bigcup_{i=1,...,3} s[i, WIP π]]
$$\left\{\langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle, \left\langle 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle, \left\langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \right\rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \right\rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0 \right\rangle, \left\langle 1, 0, 0 \right\rangle\right\}$$
Compute[WIP π [{2}, s[1, 3, 3]] \geq WIP π [{1, 3}, s[1, 3, 3]]]

False

Compute[WIP π [{1}, t[1, 3]] $<$ WIP π [{2, 3}, t[1, 3]]]

False

Compute[stableSet[WIP π]]
$$\left\{\langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle, \left\langle 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle, \left\langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \right\rangle, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0 \right\rangle, \left\langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle\right\}$$$

Strength in Numbers Powerfunction

$$\begin{split} \text{TS_In[216]:= Definition} \Big[\text{"SIN", any} [\text{C, x, v}], \\ & \text{SIN}\pi_{\text{v}} [\text{C, x}] = \sum_{i \in \text{C}} \left(\mathbf{x}_i + \mathbf{v} \right) \Big] \\ \text{TS_In[217]:= UseAlso} \Big[\left\{ \text{Definition} [\text{"SIN"}] \right\} \Big] \\ & \text{Compute} \big[\text{SIN}\pi_2 \big[\left\{ 1 \right\}, \left\langle 1, \, 0, \, 0 \right\rangle \big] \big] \\ & 3 \\ & \text{Compute} \big[\text{SIN}\pi_2 \big[\left\{ 2, \, 3 \right\}, \left\langle 1, \, 0, \, 0 \right\rangle \big] \big] \\ & 4 \\ & \text{Compute} \big[\text{stableSet} \big[\text{SIN}\pi_2 \big] \big] \\ & \Big\{ \left\langle 0, \, \frac{1}{2}, \, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle, \, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \, 0, \, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle, \, \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, \, \frac{1}{2}, \, 0 \right\rangle \Big\} \end{split}$$

Cobb Douglas Powerfunction

```
 \begin{split} \text{TS\_In[218]:= Definition} \Big[ \text{"Cobb Douglas", any} \big[ \text{C, x, v} \big], \\ & \text{CD}\pi_{\text{v}} \big[ \text{C, x} \big] = \left\{ \text{C} \right\}^{\text{v}} \star \left( \sum_{i \in C} \mathbf{x}_i \right)^{1-\text{v}} \Big] \\ & \text{TS\_In[219]:= UseAlso} \big[ \left\{ \text{Definition} \big[ \text{"Cobb Douglas"} \big] \right\} \big] \\ & \text{Compute} \big[ \text{CD}\pi_{1/3} \big[ \left\{ 1 \right\}, \left\langle 1, \, 0, \, 0 \right\rangle \big] \big] \\ & 1 \\ & \text{Compute} \big[ \text{CD}\pi_{1/3} \big[ \left\{ 2, \, 3 \right\}, \left\langle 1, \, 0, \, 0 \right\rangle \big] \big] \\ & 0 \\ & \text{TS\_In[220]:= Lemma} \big[ \text{"emptyRCobbDouglas", any} \big[ \text{v} \big], \\ & \text{empty} \big[ \text{R} \big[ 1, \, \text{CD}\pi_{\text{v}} \big] \big] \big] \\ & \text{TS\_In[221]:= UseAlso} \big[ \left\{ \text{Lemma} \big[ \text{"emptyRCobbDouglas"} \big] \right\} \big] \\ & \text{Compute} \big[ \text{stableSet} \big[ \text{CD}\pi_{1/3} \big] \big] \\ & \text{no stable set exists} \\ \end{split}
```

Sqrt Powerfunction

$$\left\{ \langle 0\,,\,0\,,\,1\,\rangle\,,\,\langle 0\,,\,1\,,\,0\,\rangle\,,\,\langle 1\,,\,0\,,\,0\,\rangle \right\} \cup \mathbb{R}\left[1\,,\,\operatorname{Sqrt}\pi_{\frac{1}{3}}\right] \cup \left(\operatorname{Sq}\left[1\,,\,\operatorname{Sqrt}\pi_{\frac{1}{3}}\right]\right) \cap \left(\mathbb{M}\left[1\,,\,\operatorname{Sqrt}\pi_{\frac{1}{3}}\right]\right) \cup \mathbb{R}\left[2\,,\,\operatorname{Sqrt}\pi_{\frac{1}{3}}\right] \cup \mathbb{R}\left[3\,,\,\operatorname{Sqrt}\pi_{\frac{1}{3}}\right] \cup$$