

JPS

Przemysław Kopański, Mateusz Forc

Baza wiedzy

```
% sciezka ab, z a do b i koszt 2
succ(a,ab,2,b).
succ(b,bf,3,f).
succ(a,ac,3,c).
succ(b,bg,4,g).
succ(g,gm,2,m).
succ(c,cd,2,d).
succ(d,dm,2,m).
succ(c,ce,3,e).
succ(e,em,5,m).

% punkt docelowy
goal(m).

% wartosci f heurystycznej dla danego punktu
hScore(a,4).
hScore(b,4).
hScore(f,7).
hScore(g,1).
hScore(m,0).
hScore(c,3).
hScore(d,1).
hScore(e,4).
```

Modyfikowany kod

```
startSample(StepCounter, MaxCounter, NFirstCounter, PathCost) :-
    start_A_star(a, StepCounter, MaxCounter, NFirstCounter, PathCost).

% program
% StepCounter - licznik zaglebien
start_A_star(InitState, StepCounter, MaxCounter, NFirstCounter, PathCost) :-
    StepCounter =< MaxCounter,
    score(InitState, 0, 0, InitCost, InitScore) ,
    writeln(StepCounter / MaxCounter),
    search_A_star([node(InitState, nil, nil, InitCost, InitScore)], [],
        StepCounter, NFirstCounter, PathCost) .

start_A_star(InitState, StepCounter, MaxCounter, NFirstCounter, PathCost) :-
    StepCounter =< MaxCounter,
    NewStepCounter is StepCounter + 1,
    start_A_star(InitState, NewStepCounter, MaxCounter, NFirstCounter, PathCost).

start_A_star(_, StepCounter, MaxCounter, _, _) :-
```

```

    StepCounter > MaxCounter,
    print("Solution not found").

continue(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, _), _, ClosedSet, _, _,
    path_cost(Path, Cost) ) :-
    goal(State),
    !,
    build_path(node(Parent, _ , _ , _ , _ ) , ClosedSet, [Action/State], Path) .

continue(_, _, _, 0, _, _) :-
    writeln("Licznik wyczerpany"),
    fail.

continue(Node, RestQueue, ClosedSet, StepCounter, NFirstCounterMax, Path) :-
    StepCounter > 0,
    NewStepCounter is StepCounter - 1,
    expand(Node, NewNodes),
    insert_new_nodes(NewNodes, RestQueue, NewQueue),
    search_A_star(NewQueue, [Node | ClosedSet], NewStepCounter,
        NFirstCounterMax, Path).

fetch(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score),
    [node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score) | RestQueue],
    ClosedSet, y, NFirstCounter, RestQueue) :-
    NFirstCounter > 1,
    \+ member(node(State, _, _, _, _) , ClosedSet).

fetch(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score),
    [node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score) | RestQueue],
    ClosedSet, UserInput, NFirstCounter, RestQueue) :-
    NFirstCounter == 1,
    \+ member(node(State, _, _, _, _) , ClosedSet),
    writeln("Aktualne stany:"),
    show_states([node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score) | RestQueue]),
    writeln("Czy kontynuowac? y/n"),
    read(UserInput), UserInput == y.

fetch(_, _, _, UserInput, _, _) :-
    UserInput == y.

fetch(Node, [ _ | RestQueue], ClosedSet, UserInput, NFirstCounter, NewRest) :-
    NFirstCounter > 0,
    NewNFirstCounter is NFirstCounter - 1,
    fetch(Node, RestQueue, ClosedSet, UserInput, NewNFirstCounter, NewRest).

show_states([]) :- writeln("Stan: nil").
show_states([node(State, _, _, _, Score) | Rest]) :-
    format('Stan: ~w\tOcena: ~w\n', [State, Score]),
    show_states(Rest).

```

Tablica ósemkowa

```

% znajduje zbiorowa roznicze miedzy zbiorami rozwiazania
getDiffs(PosTable1, PosTable2, Result) :-
    findall(newpos(Id, Position, NewPosition),
        (member(pos(Id, Position), PosTable1),

```

```

        (member(pos(Id, NewPosition), PosTable2)),
        (Position \== NewPosition)
    ),
    Result).

succ([pos(0, EmptyPos)|TilePositions], Diffs, Cost,
     [pos(0, NewEmptyPos)|NewTilePositions]) :-
    find_neighbour(EmptyPos, TilePositions, NewEmptyPos, NewTilePositions),
    sum_of_distances([pos(0, EmptyPos)|TilePositions],
                    [pos(0, NewEmptyPos)|NewTilePositions], Cost),
    getDiffs([pos(0, EmptyPos)|TilePositions],
            [pos(0, NewEmptyPos)|NewTilePositions], Diffs).

```

Przykładowe wywołanie dla grafu

```

?- start_A_star(a,2,4,3,Path).
2/4
Licznik wyczerpany
Licznik wyczerpany
Aktualne stany:
Stan: f Ocena: 12
Stan: nil
Czy kontynuowac? y/n
|: n.
Licznik wyczerpany
Licznik wyczerpany
3/4
Licznik wyczerpany
Licznik wyczerpany
Aktualne stany:
Stan: e Ocena: 10
Stan: f Ocena: 12
Stan: nil
Czy kontynuowac? y/n
|: y.
Licznik wyczerpany
Path = path_cost([nil/a, ab/b, bg/g, gm/m], 8) .

```

Przykładowe wywołanie dla tablicy ósemkowej

```

start_A_star(
    [pos(0 , 2/2), pos(1 , 1/3), pos(2 , 2/3),
     pos(3 , 3/3), pos(4 , 1/2), pos(5 , 2/1),
     pos(6 , 3/2), pos(7 , 1/1), pos(8 , 3/1) ], Path).
path_cost([nil/[pos(0,2/2),pos(1,1/3),pos(2,2/3),
                pos(3,3/3),pos(4,1/2),pos(5,2/1),
                pos(6,3/2),pos(7,1/1),pos(8,3/1)],
          [newpos(0,2/2,2/1),newpos(5,2/1,2/2)]/
          [pos(0,2/1),pos(1,1/3),pos(2,2/3),
            pos(3,3/3),pos(4,1/2),pos(5,2/2),
            pos(6,3/2),pos(7,1/1),pos(8,3/1)],
          [newpos(0,2/1,3/1),newpos(8,3/1,2/1)]/
          [pos(0,3/1),pos(1,1/3),pos(2,2/3),
            pos(3,3/3),pos(4,1/2),pos(5,2/2),
            pos(6,3/2),pos(7,1/1),pos(8,2/1)]] ,4)

```

Etap 2

```
search_A_star(Queue, ClosedSet, PathCost) :-
    fetch(Node, Queue, ClosedSet, RestQueue, NewClosedSet),
    continue(Node, RestQueue, NewClosedSet, PathCost).

continue(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, _), _, ClosedSet, path_cost(Path, Cost)) :-
    goal(State), !,
    build_path(node(Parent, _, _, _), ClosedSet, [Action/State], Path) .

continue(Node, RestQueue, ClosedSet, Path) :-
    expand(Node, NewNodes),
    insert_new_nodes(NewNodes, RestQueue, NewQueue),
    search_A_star(NewQueue, [Node | ClosedSet], Path).

fetch(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score),
    [node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score) | RestQueue],
    ClosedSet, RestQueue, ClosedSet) :-
    \+ member(node(State, _, _, _), ClosedSet), !.

fetch(Node, [node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score) | RestQueue],
    ClosedSet, FinalQueueRest, FinalClosedSet) :-
    member(node(State, _, _, Cost1, _), ClosedSet),
    Cost < Cost1,
    replace_node(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score), ClosedSet, NewClosedSet),
    Diff is Cost1 - Cost,
    update_nodes_p_queue(State, Diff, ClosedSet, QueueRest, [], NewQueueRest),
    update_nodes(State, Diff, ClosedSet, NewClosedSet, NewClosedSetUpdated),
    fetch(Node, NewQueueRest, NewClosedSetUpdated, FinalQueueRest, FinalClosedSet),
    !.

fetch(Node, [_ | RestQueue], ClosedSet, NewRest, NewClosedSet):-
    fetch(Node, RestQueue, ClosedSet, NewRest, NewClosedSet).

replace_node(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score),
    [node(State, _, _, _)|Set],
    [node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score)|Set]):-
    !.

replace_node(Node, [N|Set], [N|NewSet]):-
    replace_node(Node, Set, NewSet).

update_nodes(_, _, _, [], []).

update_nodes(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet, [Node|Set], [UpdatedNode|NewSet]):-
    update_node(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet, Node, UpdatedNode),
    update_nodes(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet, Set, NewSet).

update_nodes_p_queue(_, _, _, [], Result, Result).

update_nodes_p_queue(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet, [Node|QueueRest], PartialResult, Result):-
    update_node(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet, Node, UpdatedNode),
    insert_p_queue(UpdatedNode, PartialResult, PartialResult1),
    update_nodes_p_queue(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet, QueueRest, PartialResult1, Result).

update_node(RootState, Diff, ClosedSet,
    node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score),
```

```

    node(State,Action,Parent,NewCost,NewScore)):-
is_ancestor(node(State, Action, Parent, Cost, Score), RootState, ClosedSet),
NewCost is Cost - Diff,
NewScore is Score - Diff, !.

update_node(_, _, _, Node, Node).

is_ancestor(node(_, _,RootState, _, _), RootState, _):- !.
is_ancestor(node(_, _, Parent, _, _), RootState, ClosedSet):-
    member(node(Parent, Ac, Pa, Co, Sc), ClosedSet),
    is_ancestor(node(Parent, Ac, Pa, Co, Sc), RootState, ClosedSet).

```