

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم


درس تحقیق در عملیات

ترم پاییز ۱۳۹۹-۱۴۰۰

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

جلسه هفدهم

درس تحقیق در عملیات



کاربرد جبر خطی در کدها

انگیزش

- ذخیره‌سازی داده روی DVD
- ممکن است خطا داشته باشیم
- مخاברה ۴ بیت ≤ 16 حالت. چه کنیم؟
- سه بار تکرار
- $111001000111 \leq$ بازیابی
- 111001000111
- یکی از N حالت را ارسال کنیم،
- با n بیت
- اگر حداکثر r خطا باشد \leq بازیابی پذیر

تعریف: برای دو کلمه: $\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}' \in \{0, 1\}^n$

$$d_H(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') := |\{j \in \{1, \dots, n\} : w_j \neq w'_j\}|$$

$$|\mathbf{w}| := |\{j \in \{1, \dots, n\} : w_j = 1\}|$$

$$\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}' = ((w_1 + w'_1) \bmod 2, \dots, (w_n + w'_n) \bmod 2) \in \{0, 1\}^n$$

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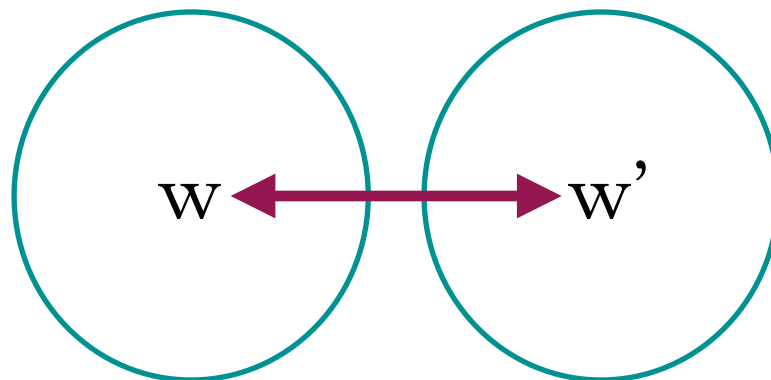
$$d_H(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') = |\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}'|$$

8.4.1 Definition. A code $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \{0, 1\}^n$ has **distance** d if $d_H(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \geq d$ for any two distinct words \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}' in \mathcal{C} . For $n, d \geq 0$, let $A(n, d)$ denote the maximum cardinality of a code $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \{0, 1\}^n$ with distance d .

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تصحیح خطا:

برای $r < d/2$ ، می‌توانیم r تا خطا را تصحیح کنیم.



حالت‌های خاص

$$A(n, 1) = 2^n$$

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آنچه می‌دانیم

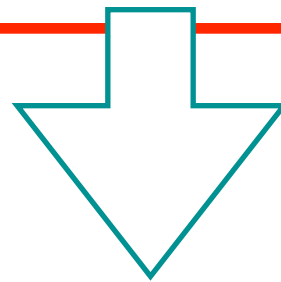
$$5312 \leq A(17, 3) \leq 6552.$$

8.4.2 Lemma (Sphere-packing bound). *For all n and r ,*

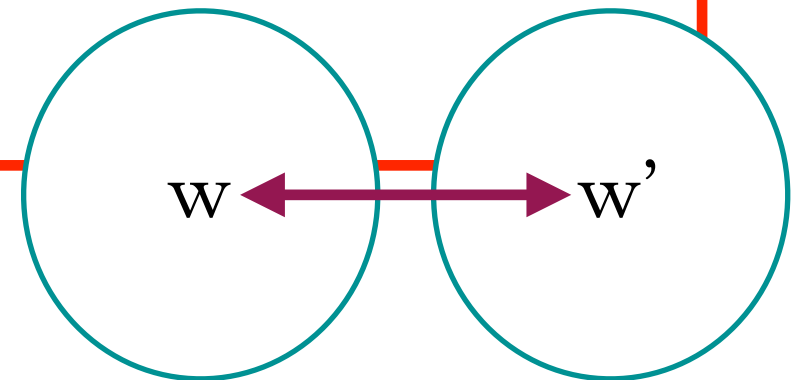
$$A(n, 2r + 1) \leq \left\lfloor \frac{2^n}{\sum_{i=0}^r \binom{n}{i}} \right\rfloor.$$

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$$A(17, 3) \leq \lfloor 131072/18 \rfloor = 7281$$



آنچه می دانیم

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کران بالای بهتر برای $A(n,d)$

8.4.3 Theorem (The Delsarte bound). For integers n, i, t with $0 \leq i, t \leq n$, let us put

$$A(n, d) \leq \begin{array}{ll} \text{Maximize} & x_0 + x_1 + \cdots + x_n \\ \text{subject to} & x_0 = 1 \\ & x_i = 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, d-1 \\ & \sum_{i=0}^n K_t(n, i) \cdot x_i \geq 0, \quad t = 1, 2, \dots, n \\ & x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n \geq 0. \end{array}$$

$$K_t(n, i) = \sum_{j=0}^{\min(i, t)} (-1)^j \binom{i}{j} \binom{n-i}{t-j}$$

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$$\Rightarrow A(17, 3) \leq 6553 \frac{3}{5}$$

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ایده:

x_i : نسبت با فاصله i

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اثبات: ارائه یک جواب شدنی

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به ازای یک کد C : $\tilde{x}_i = \frac{1}{|C|} \cdot \left| \{(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in C^2 : d_H(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') = i\} \right|$

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$$\tilde{x}_i = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{C}|} \cdot \left| \{(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2 : d_H(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') = i\} \right|, \quad \text{به ازای یک کد } \mathcal{C} :$$

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فاصله هیچ زوجی ۱ تا $d-1$ نیست: $x_i = 0$,

$$|\mathbf{w}|_I = |\{i \in I : w_i = 1\}|$$

$$d_H^I(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') = |\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}'|_I$$

8.4.5 Lemma. *Let $I \subseteq \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ be a set of indices, and let $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \{0, 1\}^n$. Then the number of pairs $(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2$ with $d_H^I(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}')$ even is at least as large as the number of pairs $(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2$ with $d_H^I(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}')$ odd. (In probabilistic*

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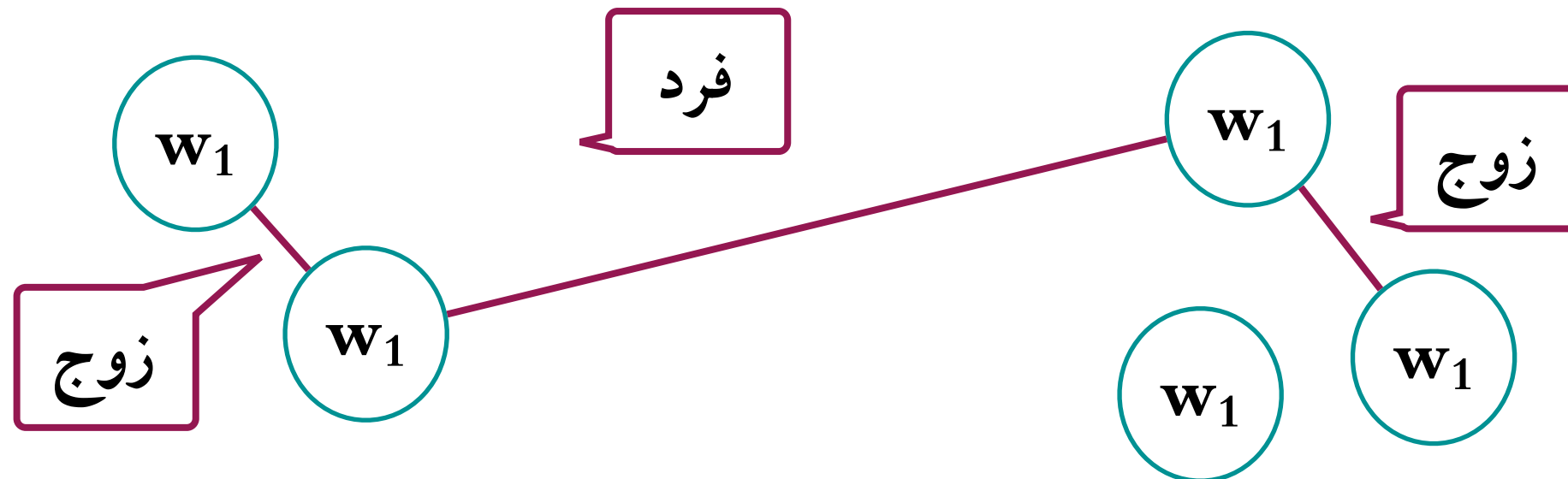
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$$|\mathcal{E}|^2 + |\mathcal{O}|^2 \geq 2 \cdot |\mathcal{E}| \cdot |\mathcal{O}|$$



8.4.6 Corollary. *For every $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \{0, 1\}^n$ and every $\mathbf{v} \in \{0, 1\}^n$ we have*

$$\sum_{(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2} (-1)^{(\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}')^T \mathbf{v}} \geq 0.$$

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8.4.3 Theorem (The Delsarte bound). For integers n, i, t with $0 \leq i, t \leq n$, let us put

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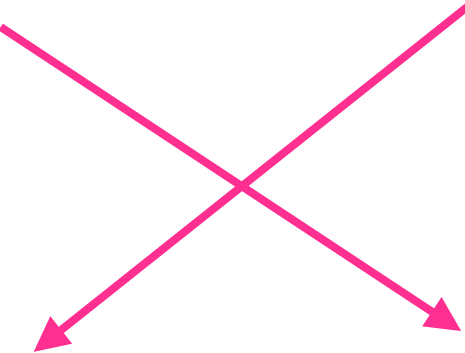
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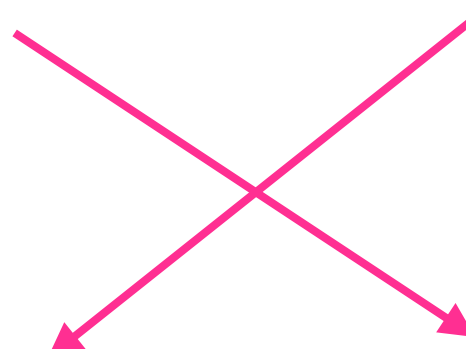
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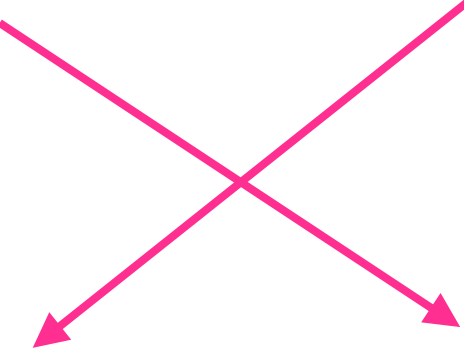
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$$\mathbf{i} := \mathbf{d}_H(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}')$$

اثبات:

$$0 \leq \sum_{(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2} \sum_{\mathbf{v} \in \{0,1\}^n: |\mathbf{v}|=t} (-1)^{\underbrace{(\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}')^T \mathbf{v}}_j}$$



$$\sum_j$$

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j

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$$= \frac{1}{|C|} |\{(w, w') : \dots\}|$$

8.4.3 Theorem (The Delsarte bound). For integers n, i, t with $0 \leq i, t \leq n$, let us put

$$A(n, d) \leq \begin{array}{ll} \text{Maximize} & x_0 + x_1 + \cdots + x_n \\ \text{subject to} & x_0 = 1 \\ & x_i = 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, d-1 \\ & \sum_{i=0}^n K_t(n, i) \cdot x_i \geq 0, \quad t = 1, 2, \dots, n \\ & x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n \geq 0. \end{array}$$

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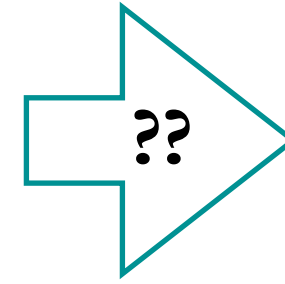
$$K_t(n, i) = \sum_{j=0}^{\min(i, t)} (-1)^j \binom{i}{j} \binom{n-i}{t-j}$$



$$\Rightarrow A(17, 3) \leq 6553 \frac{3}{5}$$

آنچه می دانیم

$$5312 \leq A(17, 3) \leq 6552.$$

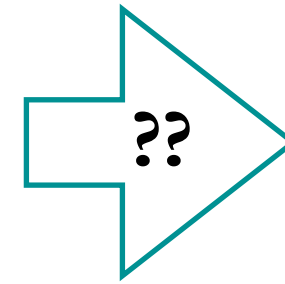


ایده:

(۱) فرض خلف: $|C| = 6553$

(۲) بررسی LP

$$A(17, 3) \leq 6553\frac{3}{5}$$



آنچه می دانیم $5312 \leq A(17, 3) \leq 6552.$

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(۱) فرض خلف: $|C| = 6553$

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قسمتی از اثبات قبلی: ...

$$0 \leq \sum_{(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2} \sum_{\mathbf{v} \in \{0,1\}^n: |\mathbf{v}|=t} (-1)^{(\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}')^T \mathbf{v}}$$



$$\sum_{v: |v|=t} \sum_{w, w'} (-1)^{(w_1 \oplus w'_1)^T v} \geq 0$$

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$$\sum_{i=0}^n K_t(n,i) \cdot \tilde{x}_i \geq \frac{\binom{n}{t}}{|\mathcal{C}|}$$

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$$A(17,3) \leq$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Maximize} & x_0 + x_1 + \cdots + x_n \\ \text{subject to} & x_0 = 1 \\ & x_i = 0, \\ & \sum_{i=0}^n K_t(n, i) \cdot x_i \geq \boxed{\frac{\binom{n}{t}}{|\mathcal{C}|}} & \begin{array}{l} i = 1, 2, \dots, d-1 \\ t = 1, 2, \dots, n \end{array} \\ & x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n \geq 0. \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\binom{n}{t}} \leq \sum_{(\mathbf{w}, \mathbf{w}') \in \mathcal{C}^2} \sum_{\mathbf{v} \in \{0,1\}^n: |\mathbf{v}|=t} (-1)^{(\mathbf{w} \oplus \mathbf{w}')^T \mathbf{v}}$$

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$$\begin{array}{l} i = 1, 2, \dots, d-1 \\ t = 1, 2, \dots, n \end{array} = 6552\frac{3}{5}$$

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آنچه می دانیم

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MWU

- ◉ <https://www.cs.cmu.edu/afs/cs.cmu.edu/academic/class/15859-f11/www/>
- ◉ 15-859(E): Linear and Semidefinite Programming
(Advanced Algorithms) Fall 2011
- ◉ Lecturers: Anupam Gupta and Ryan O'Donnell
- ◉ Time: TR 12:00–1:20, GHC 4303
- ◉ Course Blog: <http://lpsdp.wordpress.com/>
- ◉ Office Hours: by appointment
- ◉