

## User Extract usa\_00051.dat

### Jump to Section

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## § 1. Document Description

### Citation

Title Statement	
Title:	Codebook for an IPUMS-USA Data Extract
Subtitle:	DDI 2.5 metadata describing the extract file 'usa_00051.dat'
Identification Number:	ddi2-157871_usa_00051.dat-usa.ipums.org
Responsibility Statement	
Authoring Entity:	Minnesota Population Center
Affiliation:	University of Minnesota
Production Statement	
Producer:	Minnesota Population Center
Affiliation:	University of Minnesota
Role:	Documentation
Date of Production:	June 25, 2019
Place of Production:	Minnesota Population Center, 50 Willey Hall, 225 - 19th Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55455
Distribution Statement	

Contact Persons:	Minnesota Population Center
Affiliation:	University of Minnesota
URI:	<a href="http://pop.umn.edu">http://pop.umn.edu</a>

## § 2. Study Description

### Citation

<b>Title Statement</b>	
Title:	User Extract usa_00051.dat
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Authoring Entity:	Minnesota Population Center
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URI:	<a href="http://pop.umn.edu">http://pop.umn.edu</a>
<b>Version Statement</b>	
Date:	2019-06-25

### Study Scope

Subject Information	
Topic Classification:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
	Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
	Group Quarters Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
	Economic Characteristic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
	Technical Variables -- PERSON
	Demographic Variables -- PERSON
	Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON
	Health Insurance Variables -- PERSON
	Education Variables -- PERSON
	Work Variables -- PERSON
	Income Variables -- PERSON
Summary Data Description	
Time Period:	2017
Country:	United States
Notes	
Note:	Additional notes on a sample that is part of this study: 2013-2017, ACS 5-year Density of the full data file: 5.0% Density of this extract: 5.0%

## Data Access - Use Statement

Confidentiality Declaration	
None	
Contact Persons:	IPUMS-USA
Affiliation:	Minnesota Population Center
URI:	<a href="http://usa.ipums.org">http://usa.ipums.org</a>
Citation Requirement	

Publications and research reports based on the IPUMS-USA database must cite it appropriately. The citation should include the following:

Steven Ruggles, Sarah Flood, Ronald Goeken, Josiah Grover, Erin Meyer, Jose Pacas and Matthew Sobek. IPUMS USA: Version 9.0 [dataset]. Minneapolis, MN: IPUMS, 2019. <https://doi.org/10.18128/D010.V9.0>

The licensing agreement for use of IPUMS-USA data requires that users supply us with the title and full citation for any publications, research reports, or educational materials making use of the data or documentation. Please add your citation to the IPUMS bibliography at <http://bibliography.ipums.org/>.

### Conditions

Users of IPUMS-USA data must agree to abide by the conditions of use. A user's license is valid for one year and may be renewed. Users must agree to the following conditions:

- (1) No fees may be charged for use or distribution of the data.
- (2) Cite IPUMS appropriately. For information on proper citation, refer to the citation requirement section of this DDI document.
- (3) Tell us about any work you do using the IPUMS. Publications, research reports, or presentations making use of IPUMS-USA should be added to our Bibliography. Continued funding for the IPUMS depends on our ability to show our sponsor agencies that researchers are using the data for productive purposes.
- (4) The IPUMS cannot be used for genealogical research
- (5) It is difficult to use the IPUMS to study small geographic areas. In the IPUMS census samples for years 1940-present, no places having a population of fewer than 100,000 persons can be identified.
- (6) Use it for GOOD -- never for EVIL.
- (7) Please notify [ipums@umn.edu](mailto:ipums@umn.edu) regarding errors in the data or documentation.

### Disclaimer

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

## Study Notes

Notes	
Note:	User-provided description: forsyth number of people at cliff with income added
	This extract is a revision of the user's previous extract, number 48.

## § 3. File Description

### File

File Name:	usa_00051.dat
Contents of Files:	Microdata records

Type:	rectangular
File Type:	ISO-8859-1 data file
Data Format:	fixed length fields
Place of File Production:	Minnesota Population Center, 50 Willey Hall, 225 - 19th Avenue South, Minneapolis, MN 55455

## § 4. Variable Description

### Jump to Variable

1. [YEAR](#) (Census year)
2. [MULTYEAR](#) (Actual year of survey, multi-year ACS/PRCS)
3. [DATANUM](#) (Data set number)
4. [SERIAL](#) (Household serial number)
5. [CBSERIAL](#) (Original Census Bureau household serial number)
6. [HHWT](#) (Household weight)
7. [STATEFIP](#) (State (FIPS code))
8. [COUNTYFIP](#) (County (FIPS code))
9. [GQ](#) (Group quarters status)
10. [HHINCOME](#) (Total household income)
11. [FOODSTMP](#) (Food stamp reciprocity)
12. [PERNUM](#) (Person number in sample unit)
13. [PERWT](#) (Person weight)
14. [AGE](#) (Age)
15. [RACE](#) (Race [general version])
16. [RACED](#) (Race [detailed version])
17. [HISPAN](#) (Hispanic origin [general version])
18. [HISPAND](#) (Hispanic origin [detailed version])
19. [HINSCAID](#) (Health insurance through Medicaid)
20. [SCHOOL](#) (School attendance)
21. [EMPSTAT](#) (Employment status [general version])
22. [EMPSTATD](#) (Employment status [detailed version])
23. [WKSWORK2](#) (Weeks worked last year, intervalled)
24. [WRKLSTWK](#) (Worked last week)
25. [INCTOT](#) (Total personal income)
26. [FTOTINC](#) (Total family income)
27. [INCWAGE](#) (Wage and salary income)
28. [INCBUS00](#) (Business and farm income, 2000)
29. [INCINVST](#) (Interest, dividend, and rental income)
30. [INCRETIR](#) (Retirement income)
31. [INCOTHER](#) (Other income)
32. [INCEARN](#) (Total personal earned income)

**Variable: "YEAR"**

Name:	YEAR
Label:	Census year
Variable Text:	<p>YEAR reports the four-digit year when the household was enumerated or included in the census, the ACS, and the PRCS.</p> <p>For the multi-year ACS/PRCS samples, YEAR indicates the last year of data included (e.g., 2007 for the 2005-2007 3-year ACS/PRCS; 2008 for the 2006-2008 3-year ACS/PRCS; and so on). For the actual year of survey in these multi-year data, see MULTYEAR.</p>
Concept:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	1
End Position:	4
Width:	4
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

**Categories**

Value	Label
1850	1850
1860	1860
1870	1870
1880	1880
1900	1900
1910	1910
1920	1920
1930	1930
1940	1940

1950	1950
1960	1960
1970	1970
1980	1980
1990	1990
2000	2000
2001	2001
2002	2002
2003	2003
2004	2004
2005	2005
2006	2006
2007	2007
2008	2008
2009	2009
2010	2010
2011	2011
2012	2012
2013	2013
2014	2014
2015	2015
2016	2016
2017	2017

**Variable: "MULTYEAR"**

Name:	MULTYEAR
Label:	Actual year of survey, multi-year ACS/PRCS

Variable Text:	<p>MULTYEAR identifies the actual year of survey in multi-year ACS/PRCS samples.</p> <p>For example, the 3-year ACS and PRCS data files each include cases from three single-year files. For these multi-year samples, the YEAR variable identifies the last year of data (2007 for the 2005-2007 3-year data; 2008 for the 2006-2008 data; and so on). MULTYEAR gives the single-year sample from which the case was drawn (2005, 2006, or 2007 for the 2005-2007 3-year data; 2006, 2007, or 2008 for the 2006-2008 3-year data; and so on).</p>
Concept:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	5
End Position:	8
Width:	4
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>This variable is valid only for multi-year ACS and PRCS samples. MULTYEAR is a 4-digit numeric variable which reports the actual year of survey in multi-year ACS/PRCS samples. MULTYEAR specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>MULTYEAR Specific Variable Codes</p>

## Variable: "DATANUM"

Name:	DATANUM
Label:	Data set number
Variable Text:	<p>DATANUM identifies the particular sample from which the case is drawn in a given year. For most censuses, the IPUMS has multiple datasets available which were constructed using different sampling techniques (i.e. size/demographic of the sample population, geographic coverage level or location, or duration of the sampling period for the ACS/PRCS samples).</p> <p>The 1970 samples present a special case; in addition to geographic coding differences, the samples were drawn from two distinct questionnaires ("long forms"), referred to in the IPUMS as Form 1 and Form 2. Different questions were asked of the persons in the Form 1 and Form 2 samples, necessitating separate treatment in the record layout. For other census years, DATANUM has a value of 1 because only one sample is available for that year.</p> <p>The availability table for each variable indicates whether that variable is available in only</p>



	certain samples for a given year. For further discussion of sample differences, see "Sample Designs." [URL omitted from DDI.]
Concept:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	9
End Position:	10
Width:	2
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>The following years have multiple samples in the IPUMS. Some samples from recent years have been renamed in the IPUMS. The original sample names appear in parentheses.</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>DATANUM</p> <p>Census Year</p> <p>1850:</p> <p>1 = 1850 1% unweighted sample</p> <p>2 = 1850 100% dataset</p> <p>1860 and 1870:</p> <p>1 = 1860 and 1870 1% samples</p> <p>2 = 1860 and 1870 1% samples combined with Black oversamples</p> <p>1880:</p>

1 = 1880 1% sample

2 = 1880 10% sample with oversample

3 = 1880 100% dataset

1900:

1 = 1900 1% sample with oversample (2%)

2 = 1900 1% unweighted sample

3 = 1900 5% sample

1910:

1 = 1910 1.4% sample with oversample

2 = 1910 1% unweighted sample

3 = 1910 1% Puerto Rico sample with oversample

4 = 1910 100% dataset

1920:

1 = 1920 1% sample

2 = 1920 Puerto Rico sample with oversample

3 = 1920 100% dataset

1930:

1 = 1930 1% sample

2 = 1930 5% sample

3 = 1930 5% Puerto Rico sample

4 = 1930 100% dataset

1940:

1 = 1940 1% sample

2 = 1940 100% sample

## 1950:

1 = 1950 1% sample

## 1960:

1 = 1960 1% sample

2 = 1960 5% sample (Internal Census)

## 1970:

1 = 1970 1% Form 1 State sample (5% State)

2 = 1970 1% Form 2 State sample (15% State)

3 = 1970 1% Form 1 Metro sample (5% County group)

4 = 1970 1% Form 2 Metro sample (15% County group)

5 = 1970 1% Form 1 Neighborhood sample (5% Neighborhood characteristics)

6 = 1970 1% Form 2 Neighborhood sample (15% Neighborhood characteristics)

8 = 1970 1% Puerto Rico State sample

9 = 1970 1% Puerto Rico Municipio sample

0 = 1970 1% Puerto Rico Neighborhood sample

## 1980:

1 = 1980 5% State sample ("A," 5% State)

2 = 1980 1% Metro sample ("B," 1% County group)

3 = 1980 1% Urban/Rural sample ("C," 1% Urban/rural)

4 = 1980 1% Labor Market Areas sample ("D," 1% State)

5 = 1980 1% Detailed Metro/Nonmetro sample ("E," 1% Urban/rural)

6 = 1980 5% Puerto Rico sample

7 = 1980 1% Puerto Rico sample

8 = 1980 Puerto Rico Urban/Rural sample

9 = 1980 Internal Census sample

## 1990:

- 1 = 1990 5% State (5% State)
- 2 = 1990 1% Metro (1% Metropolitan)
- 3 = 1990 3%Elderly (3% Elderly)
- 4 = 1990 1% Flat (1%, derived from State sample)
- 5 = 1990 1% Labor Market Areas ("L," 1% State)
- 8 = 1990 Internal Census sample

#### 2000:

- 1 = 2000 5% Census sample
- 2 = 2000 1% Census sample (old)
- 3 = 2000 ACS
- 4 = 2000 1% Flat (1%, derived from 5% Census sample)
- 5 = 2000 5% Puerto Rico sample
- 6 = 2000 1% Puerto Rico sample (old)
- 7 = 2000 1% Census sample
- 8 = 2000 1% Puerto Rico sample

#### 2010:

- 1 = 2010 10% Census sample
- 2 = 2010 Puerto Rico 10% sample

#### ACS/PRCS 2001-Present

- 1 = ACS sample (except 2000 - see above)
- 2 = PRCS sample (available starting in 2005)
- 3 = ACS 3-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2007 period)
- 4 = PRCS 3-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2007 period)
- 5 = ACS 5-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2009 period)
- 6 = PRCS 5-Year sample (available starting with the 2005-2009 period)

**Variable: "SERIAL"**

Name:	SERIAL
Label:	Household serial number
Variable Text:	<p>SERIAL is an identifying number unique to each household record in a given sample. All person records are assigned the same serial number as the household record that they follow. (Person records also have their own unique identifiers - see PERNUM.) A combination of YEAR, DATANUM, and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS; the combination of YEAR, DATANUM, SERIAL, and PERNUM uniquely identifies every person in the database.</p> <p>For 1850-1930, households that are part of a multi-household dwelling can be identified by using the DWELLING and DWSEQ variables. See "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] for further discussion of sampling from within multi-household dwellings.</p>
Concept:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	11
End Position:	18
Width:	8
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>SERIAL is an 8-digit numeric variable which assigns a unique identification number to each household record in a given sample (See PERNUM for the analogous person record identifier). A combination of YEAR, DATANUM, and SERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS; the combination of YEAR, DATANUM, SERIAL, and PERNUM uniquely identifies every person in the database. SERIAL specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>SERIAL Specific Variable Codes</p>

**Variable: "CBSERIAL"**

Name:	CBSERIAL
Label:	Original Census Bureau household serial number
Variable Text:	CBSERIAL is the unique, original identification number assigned to each household record in a given sample by the Census Bureau. All person records are assigned the same serial

	<p>number as the household record that they follow. (The original person record unique identification numbers assigned by the Census Bureau are provided by CBPERNUM.)</p> <p>A combination of YEAR, DATANUM, and CBSERIAL provides a unique identifier for every household in the IPUMS; the combination of YEAR, DATANUM, CBSERIAL, and CBPERNUM uniquely identifies every person in the database.</p>
Concept:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	19
End Position:	31
Width:	13
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>CBSERIAL is an 8-digit numeric variable which assigns a unique identification number to each household record in a given sample (See CBPERNUM for the analogous person record identifier). CBSERIAL specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>CBSERIAL Specific Variable Codes</p>

## Variable: "HHWT"

Name:	HHWT
Label:	Household weight
Variable Text:	<p>HHWT indicates how many households in the U.S. population are represented by a given household in an IPUMS sample.</p> <p>It is generally a good idea to use HHWT when conducting a household-level analysis of any IPUMS sample. The use of HHWT is optional when analyzing one of the "flat" or unweighted IPUMS samples. Flat IPUMS samples include the 1% samples from 1850-1930, all samples from 1960, 1970, and 1980, the 1% unweighted samples from 1990 and 2000, the 10% 2010 sample, and any of the full count 100% census datasets. HHWT must be used to obtain nationally representative statistics for household-level analyses of any sample other than those.</p> <p>Users should also be sure to select one person (e.g., PERNUM = 1) to represent the entire household.</p> <p>For further explanation of the sample weights, see "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] and "Sample Weights" [URL omitted from DDI.]. See also PERWT for a corresponding variable at the person level, and SLWT for a weight variable used with sample-line records in 1940 1% and 1950.</p>

Concept:	Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	32
End Position:	41
Width:	10
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	2
Coder Instructions:	<p>HHWT is a 6-digit numeric variable which indicates how many households in the U.S. population are represented by a given household in an IPUMS sample and has two implied decimals. For example, a HHWT value of 010461 should be interpreted as 104.61. HHWT specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Users should also be sure to select one person (e.g., PERNUM = 1) to represent the entire household when using HHWT.</p> <p>HHWT Specific Variable Codes</p>

### Variable: "STATEFIP"

Name:	STATEFIP
Label:	State (FIPS code)
Variable Text:	<p>STATEFIP reports the state in which the household was located, using the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) coding scheme, which orders the states alphabetically.</p> <p>In the 1980 Urban/Rural sample, STATEFIP identifies state groups that are not available in STATEICP; these state groups (codes 61-68) are only available for that particular sample.</p> <p>See "Geographic Coding and Comparability" [URL omitted from DDI.] for more information on the geographic detail available in particular samples.</p>
Concept:	Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	42
End Position:	43

Width:	2
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

### Categories

Value	Label
99	State not identified
72	Puerto Rico
97	Military/Mil. Reservation
68	Alaska-Hawaii
67	Arizona-New Mexico
66	Utah-Nevada
65	Montana-Idaho-Wyoming
64	Maryland-Delaware
63	Minnesota-Iowa-Missouri-Kansas-Nebraska-S.Dakota-N.Dakota
62	Massachusetts-Rhode Island
61	Maine-New Hampshire-Vermont
55	Wisconsin
56	Wyoming
01	Alabama
02	Alaska
04	Arizona
05	Arkansas
06	California
08	Colorado



09	Connecticut
10	Delaware
11	District of Columbia
12	Florida
13	Georgia
15	Hawaii
16	Idaho
17	Illinois
18	Indiana
19	Iowa
20	Kansas
21	Kentucky
22	Louisiana
23	Maine
24	Maryland
25	Massachusetts
26	Michigan
27	Minnesota
28	Mississippi
29	Missouri
30	Montana
31	Nebraska
32	Nevada
33	New Hampshire
34	New Jersey
35	New Mexico
36	New York

37	North Carolina
38	North Dakota
39	Ohio
40	Oklahoma
41	Oregon
42	Pennsylvania
44	Rhode Island
45	South Carolina
46	South Dakota
47	Tennessee
48	Texas
49	Utah
50	Vermont
51	Virginia
53	Washington
54	West Virginia

**Notes**

Note: Case selection: 37 North Carolina

**Variable: "COUNTYFIP"**

Name:	COUNTYFIP
Label:	County (FIPS code)
Variable Text:	<p>COUNTYFIP identifies the county where the household was enumerated, using the Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) coding scheme.</p> <p>COUNTYFIP codes are state-dependent; they must be combined with state codes (see STATEFIP or STATEICP) to distinguish counties located in different states.</p> <p>Like STATEFIP, COUNTYFIP facilitates merging IPUMS data with data from other sources that use FIPS codes.</p>

Many county boundaries and some county names have changed over time. IPUMS does not impose a uniform county boundary system on the data, so each county listed for a given year in IPUMS should be assumed to have the boundaries that it had in that year.

FIPS codes were first instituted around the time of the 1970 census, so historical counties that were dissolved before then have no FIPS code. COUNTYICP and COUNTYNHG supply codes for the complete history of U.S. county definitions. These alternative variables both use codes based on the 3-digit FIPS scheme with a fourth digit added to distinguish historical counties.

Counties are not identified in public-use microdata from 1950 onwards, so IPUMS instead identifies counties, where possible, from other low-level geographic identifiers. These include State Economic Areas (SEA) in 1950; county groups in 1970 (CNTYGP97) and 1980 (CNTYGP98); and Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMA) from 1990 onwards, including Super-PUMAs (PUMASUPR) in 2000.

COUNTYFIP identifies a county if and only if:  
it was coterminous with a single SEA, county group, or PUMA; or  
it contained multiple SEAs, county groups, or PUMAs, none of which extended into other counties.

Listing of counties identified:  
Identified Counties, 1950-Forward [URL omitted from DDI.]

For municipios, the Puerto Rican statistical equivalent of U.S. counties, see PRCOUNTA (alphabetic version) and PRCOUNTY (numeric version).

Concept:	Geographic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	44
End Position:	46
Width:	3
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>COUNTYFIP is a 3-digit numeric variable that identifies the county where the household was enumerated using the Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) coding scheme.</p> <p>COUNTYFIP codes are state-dependent; they must be combined with state codes (see STATEFIP or STATEICP) to distinguish counties located in different states.</p> <p>COUNTYFIP codes differ from standard FIPS codes in one case: Dade County, Florida, had FIPS code 025 until its name was changed to Miami-Dade County in 1997, with a new FIPS code of 086. COUNTYFIP assigns a code of 086 to Dade County in all samples to be consistent with the Miami-Dade code in later samples.</p> <p>COUNTYFIP-Specific Variable Code 000 = County not identifiable from public-use data (1950-onward)*</p>

\*Counties are not identified in public-use microdata from 1950 onwards, so IPUMS instead identifies counties, where possible, from other low-level geographic identifiers.

Listing of counties identified in IPUMS USA samples, including FIPS and ICPSR codes: Identified Counties, 1950-Forward [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "GQ"

Name:	GQ
Label:	Group quarters status
Variable Text:	<p>GQ classifies all housing units as falling into one of three main categories: households, group quarters, or vacant units. It also identifies fragmentary sample units for 1850-1930 (see below). In all years, the data available about a person and their co-residents depend on whether the person lives in a household or in group quarters. Households are sampled as units, meaning that everyone in the household is included in the sample, and most household-level variables are available. People living in group quarters are generally sampled as individuals; other people in their unit may or may not be included in the sample, and there is no way of linking co-residents' records to one another. If, however, a sampled person in group quarters was living with relatives, the related group was sampled for 1850-1930. Most household-level variables are not available for group quarters or for vacant units.</p> <p>Group quarters are largely institutions and other group living arrangements, such as rooming houses and military barracks. The definitions vary from year to year, but the pre-1940 samples have generally used a definition of group quarters that includes units with 10 or more individuals unrelated to the householder. See the comparability discussion below and "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] for more details about changing definitions of group quarters. Group-quarters types are identified in further detail by GQTYPE and GQFUNDS.</p>
Concept:	Group Quarters Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	47
End Position:	47
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

### Categories

Value	Label
0	Vacant unit
1	Households under 1970 definition

2	Additional households under 1990 definition
3	Group quarters--Institutions
4	Other group quarters
5	Additional households under 2000 definition
6	Fragment

**Variable: "HHINCOME"**

Name:	HHINCOME
Label:	Total household income
Variable Text:	<p>HHINCOME reports the total money income of all household members age 15+ during the previous year. The amount should equal the sum of all household members' individual incomes, as recorded in the person-record variable INCTOT. The persons included were those present in the household at the time of the census or survey. People who lived in the household during the previous year but who were no longer present at census time are not included, and members who did not live in the household during the previous year but who had joined the household by the time of the census or survey, are included. For the census, the reference period is the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, it is the previous 12 months.</p> <p>Note that household income differs from family income, which is reported in FTOTINC. The family income variable only reports the incomes of household members related to the head, while HHINCOME includes the incomes of all household members.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Economic Characteristic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	48
End Position:	54
Width:	7
Variable Format:	numeric

Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>HHINCOME is a 7-digit numeric code which reports the total money income of all household members age 15+ during the previous year. The amount should equal the sum of all household members' individual incomes, as recorded in the person-record variable INCTOT. The persons included were those present in the household at the time of the census or survey. People who lived in the household during the previous year but who were no longer present at census time are not included, and members who did not live in the household during the previous year but who had joined the household by the time of the census or survey, are included. For the census, the reference period is the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, it is the previous 12 months. Note that household income differs from family income, which is reported in FTOTINC. The family income variable only reports the incomes of household members related to the head, while HHINCOME includes the incomes of all household members. HHINCOME specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>HHINCOME Specific Variable Codes 9999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>HHINCOME</p> <p>Census Bottom Code Top Code</p> <p>1980 (US) -\$9,995 \$75,000</p> <p>1980 (PR) - \$50,000</p> <p>1990 (US) \$0 By State*</p> <p>1990 (PR) -\$59,999 -</p> <p>2000 (US) -\$19,998 -</p>

2000 (PR)

-

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ACS

-\$19,998

-

PRCS

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\*Income Bottom and Top Coding, by State: 1990 [URL omitted from DDI.]

**Variable: "FOODSTMP"**

Name:	FOODSTMP
Label:	Food stamp reciprocity
Variable Text:	FOODSTMP indicates whether anyone in the household received Food Stamps (now called the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, or SNAP) at any time in the past 12 months. The Food Stamp Act of 1977 was enacted to increase the food purchasing power of eligible households through the use of coupons to purchase food. The Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) administers the Food Stamp Program/SNAP through state and local welfare offices. The Food Stamp Program/SNAP is the major national income support program which provides benefits to all low-income and low-resource households, regardless of the person's characteristics (e.g., sex, age, disability, etc.). Although all of the ACS questionnaires 2007 and before asked respondents to report the total value of Food Stamps received in the past 12 months, this information is made publicly available only in the ACS and PRCS variable FDSTPAMT, which is available only from 2005-2007.
Concept:	Economic Characteristic Variables -- HOUSEHOLD
Start Position:	55
End Position:	55
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
<b>Categories</b>	

Value	Label
0	N/A
1	No
2	Yes

**Variable: "PERNUM"**

Name:	PERNUM
Label:	Person number in sample unit
Variable Text:	PERNUM numbers all persons within each household consecutively in the order in which they appear on the original census or survey form. When combined with YEAR, DATANUM, and SERIAL, PERNUM uniquely identifies each person within the IPUMS.
Concept:	Technical Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	56
End Position:	59
Width:	4
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	PERNUM is a 4-digit numeric variable which numbers all persons within each household consecutively in the order in which they appear on the original census or survey form. PERNUM specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).

**Variable: "PERWT"**

Name:	PERWT
Label:	Person weight
Variable Text:	PERWT indicates how many persons in the U.S. population are represented by a given person in an IPUMS sample.



	<p>It is generally a good idea to use PERWT when conducting a person-level analysis of any IPUMS sample. The use of PERWT is optional when analyzing one of the "flat" or unweighted IPUMS samples. Flat IPUMS samples include the 1% samples from 1850-1930, all samples from 1960, 1970, and 1980, the 1% unweighted samples from 1990 and 2000, the 10% 2010 sample, and any of the full count 100% census datasets. PERWT must be used to obtain nationally representative statistics for person-level analyses of any sample other than those.</p> <p>For further explanation of the sample weights, see "Sample Designs" [URL omitted from DDI.] and "Sample Weights" [URL omitted from DDI.]. See also HHWT for a corresponding variable at the household level, and SLWT for a weight variable used with sample-line records in 1940 and 1950.</p>
Concept:	Technical Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	60
End Position:	69
Width:	10
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	2
Coder Instructions:	<p>PERWT is a 6-digit numeric variable which indicates how many persons in the U.S. population are represented by a given person in an IPUMS sample and has two implied decimals. For example, a PERWT value of 010461 should be interpreted as 104.61. PERWT specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below if applicable by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>PERWT Specific Variable Codes</p>

## Variable: "AGE"

Name:	AGE
Label:	Age
Variable Text:	<p>AGE reports the person's age in years as of the last birthday.</p> <p>Please see the Comparability section regarding a known Universe issue with AGE and AGEORIG which effects EMPSTAT and LABFORCE for the 2004 ACS Sample.</p>
Concept:	Demographic Variables -- PERSON
Start	70

Position:	
End Position:	72
Width:	3
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

Categories

Value	Label
000	Less than 1 year old
001	1
002	2
003	3
004	4
005	5
006	6
007	7
008	8
009	9
010	10
011	11
012	12
013	13
014	14
015	15
016	16

017	17
018	18
019	19
020	20
021	21
022	22
023	23
024	24
025	25
026	26
027	27
028	28
029	29
030	30
031	31
032	32
033	33
034	34
035	35
036	36
037	37
038	38
039	39
040	40
041	41
042	42

043	43
044	44
045	45
046	46
047	47
048	48
049	49
050	50
051	51
052	52
053	53
054	54
055	55
056	56
057	57
058	58
059	59
060	60
061	61
062	62
063	63
064	64
065	65
066	66
067	67
068	68
069	69

070	70
071	71
072	72
073	73
074	74
075	75
076	76
077	77
078	78
079	79
080	80
081	81
082	82
083	83
084	84
085	85
086	86
087	87
088	88
089	89
090	90 (90+ in 1980 and 1990)
091	91
092	92
093	93
094	94
095	95

096	96
097	97
098	98
099	99
100	100 (100+ in 1960-1970)
101	101
102	102
103	103
104	104
105	105
106	106
107	107
108	108
109	109
110	110
111	111
112	112 (112+ in the 1980 internal data)
113	113
114	114
115	115 (115+ in the 1990 internal data)
116	116
117	117
118	118
119	119
120	120
121	121
122	122

123	123
124	124
125	125
126	126
129	129
130	130
135	135

## Variable: "RACE"

Name:	RACE
Label:	Race [general version]
Variable Text:	<p>With the exception of the 1970-1990 Puerto Rican censuses, RACE was asked of every person in all years. The concept of race has changed over the more than 150 years represented in the IPUMS. Currently, the Census Bureau and others consider race to be a sociopolitical construct, not a scientific or anthropological one. Many detailed RACE categories consist of national origin groups. Beginning in 2000, the race question changed substantially to allow respondents to report as many races as they felt necessary to describe themselves. In earlier years, only one race response was coded.</p> <p>IPUMS offers several variables describing the answer(s) to the race question. RACE provides the full detail given by the respondent and/or released by the Census Bureau; it is not always historically compatible (see comparability discussion below). Users primarily interested in historical compatibility should consider using RACESING, and should consult the race code relationship page, Relationship between RACE and RACESING codes [URL omitted from DDI.], for detail about how the RACE and RACESING codes are related.</p> <p>In addition, specific combinations of major races can be discerned using the following bivariate indicators of whether a particular race group was reported: RACAMIND, RACASIAN, RACBLK, RACOTHER, RACPACIS, and RACWHT. RACNUM indicates the total number of major race groups reported for an individual. The information contained in the bivariate indicators and in RACNUM is integrated into the detailed version of RACE. Users primarily interested in historical comparability should consider using RACESING and/or the accompanying variables PROBAP, PROBAP, PROBBLK, PROBOTH, and PROBWHT. Note that Hispanic origin is assessed through separate questioning (see HISPAN).</p> <p>Prior to 1960, the census enumerator was responsible for categorizing persons and was not specifically instructed to ask the individual his or her race. In 1970 and later years, an individual's race was reported by someone in the household or group quarters. In the 1990 U.S. census, the 2000 U.S. and Puerto Rican censuses, the ACS, and the PRCS respondents were specifically asked what race the person "considers himself/herself" to be, although such self-description was more or less operative since 1960.</p> <p>User Note: Race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980, and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, the 2000-2010 Puerto Rican censuses, and the PRCS.</p>
Concept:	Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON

Start Position:	73
End Position:	73
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

### Categories

Value	Label
1	White
2	Black/African American/Negro
3	American Indian or Alaska Native
4	Chinese
5	Japanese
6	Other Asian or Pacific Islander
7	Other race, nec
8	Two major races
9	Three or more major races

### Variable: "RACED"

Name:	RACED
Label:	Race [detailed version]
Variable Text:	With the exception of the 1970-1990 Puerto Rican censuses, RACE was asked of every person in all years. The concept of race has changed over the more than 150 years represented in the IPUMS. Currently, the Census Bureau and others consider race to be a sociopolitical construct, not a scientific or anthropological one. Many detailed RACE categories consist of national origin groups. Beginning in 2000, the race question changed substantially to allow respondents to report as many races as they felt necessary to describe themselves. In earlier years, only one race response was coded.



IPUMS offers several variables describing the answer(s) to the race question. RACE provides the full detail given by the respondent and/or released by the Census Bureau; it is not always historically compatible (see comparability discussion below). Users primarily interested in historical compatibility should consider using RACESING, and should consult the race code relationship page, Relationship between RACE and RACESING codes [URL omitted from DDI.], for detail about how the RACE and RACESING codes are related.

In addition, specific combinations of major races can be discerned using the following bivariate indicators of whether a particular race group was reported: RACAMIND, RACASIAN, RACBLK, RACOTHER, RACPACIS, and RACWHT. RACNUM indicates the total number of major race groups reported for an individual. The information contained in the bivariate indicators and in RACNUM is integrated into the detailed version of RACE. Users primarily interested in historical comparability should consider using RACESING and/or the accompanying variables PROBAI, PROBAPI, PROBBLK, PROBOTH, and PROBWHT. Note that Hispanic origin is assessed through separate questioning (see HISPAN).

Prior to 1960, the census enumerator was responsible for categorizing persons and was not specifically instructed to ask the individual his or her race. In 1970 and later years, an individual's race was reported by someone in the household or group quarters. In the 1990 U.S. census, the 2000 U.S. and Puerto Rican censuses, the ACS, and the PRCS respondents were specifically asked what race the person "considers himself/herself" to be, although such self-description was more or less operative since 1960.

User Note: Race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980, and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, the 2000-2010 Puerto Rican censuses, and the PRCS.

Concept: Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON

Start Position: 74

End Position: 76

Width: 3

Variable Format: numeric

Implied Decimal Places: 0

### Categories

Value	Label
100	White
110	Spanish write_in
120	Blank (white) (1850)
130	Portuguese

140	Mexican (1930)
150	Puerto Rican (1910 Hawaii)
200	Black/African American/Negro
210	Mulatto
300	American Indian/Alaska Native
302	Apache
303	Blackfoot
304	Cherokee
305	Cheyenne
306	Chickasaw
307	Chippewa
308	Choctaw
309	Comanche
310	Creek
311	Crow
312	Iroquois
313	Kiowa
314	Lumbee
315	Navajo
316	Osage
317	Paiute
318	Pima
319	Potawatomi
320	Pueblo
321	Seminole
322	Shoshone

323	Sioux
324	Tlingit (Tlingit_Haida, 2000/ACS)
325	Tohono O Odham
326	All other tribes (1990)
328	Hopi
329	Central American Indian
330	Spanish American Indian
350	Delaware
351	Latin American Indian
352	Puget Sound Salish
353	Yakama
354	Yaqui
355	Colville
356	Houma
357	Menominee
358	Yuman
359	South American Indian
360	Mexican American Indian
361	Other Amer. Indian tribe (2000,ACS)
362	2+ Amer. Indian tribes (2000,ACS)
370	Alaskan Athabaskan
371	Aleut
372	Eskimo
373	Alaskan mixed
374	Inupiat
375	Yup'ik
379	Other Alaska Native tribe(s) (2000,ACS)

398	Both Am. Ind. and Alaska Native (2000,ACS)
399	Tribe not specified
400	Chinese
410	Taiwanese
420	Chinese and Taiwanese
500	Japanese
600	Filipino
610	Asian Indian (Hindu 1920_1940)
620	Korean
630	Hawaiian
631	Hawaiian and Asian (1900,1920)
632	Hawaiian and European (1900,1920)
634	Hawaiian mixed
640	Vietnamese
641	Bhutanese
642	Mongolian
643	Nepalese
650	Other Asian or Pacific Islander (1920,1980)
651	Asian only (CPS)
652	Pacific Islander only (CPS)
653	Asian or Pacific Islander, n.s. (1990 Internal Census files)
660	Cambodian
661	Hmong
662	Laotian
663	Thai
664	Bangladeshi

665	Burmese
666	Indonesian
667	Malaysian
668	Okinawan
669	Pakistani
670	Sri Lankan
671	Other Asian, n.e.c.
672	Asian, not specified
673	Chinese and Japanese
674	Chinese and Filipino
675	Chinese and Vietnamese
676	Chinese and Asian write_in
677	Japanese and Filipino
678	Asian Indian and Asian write_in
679	Other Asian race combinations
680	Samoan
681	Tahitian
682	Tongan
683	Other Polynesian (1990)
684	1+ other Polynesian races (2000,ACS)
685	Guamanian/Chamorro
686	Northern Mariana Islander
687	Palauan
688	Other Micronesian (1990)
689	1+ other Micronesian races (2000,ACS)
690	Fijian
691	Other Melanesian (1990)

692	1+ other Melanesian races (2000,ACS)
698	2+ PI races from 2+ PI regions
699	Pacific Islander, n.s.
700	Other race, n.e.c.
801	White and Black
802	White and AIAN
810	White and Asian
811	White and Chinese
812	White and Japanese
813	White and Filipino
814	White and Asian Indian
815	White and Korean
816	White and Vietnamese
817	White and Asian write_in
818	White and other Asian race(s)
819	White and two or more Asian groups
820	White and PI
821	White and Native Hawaiian
822	White and Samoan
823	White and Guamanian
824	White and PI write_in
825	White and other PI race(s)
826	White and other race write_in
827	White and other race, n.e.c.
830	Black and AIAN
831	Black and Asian

832	Black and Chinese
833	Black and Japanese
834	Black and Filipino
835	Black and Asian Indian
836	Black and Korean
837	Black and Asian write_in
838	Black and other Asian race(s)
840	Black and PI
841	Black and PI write_in
842	Black and other PI race(s)
845	Black and other race write_in
850	AIAN and Asian
851	AIAN and Filipino (2000 1%)
852	AIAN and Asian Indian
853	AIAN and Asian write_in (2000 1%)
854	AIAN and other Asian race(s)
855	AIAN and PI
856	AIAN and other race write_in
860	Asian and PI
861	Chinese and Hawaiian
862	Chinese, Filipino, Hawaiian (2000 1%)
863	Japanese and Hawaiian (2000 1%)
864	Filipino and Hawaiian
865	Filipino and PI write_in
866	Asian Indian and PI write_in (2000 1%)
867	Asian write_in and PI write_in
868	Other Asian race(s) and PI race(s)

869	Japanese and Korean (ACS)
880	Asian and other race write_in
881	Chinese and other race write_in
882	Japanese and other race write_in
883	Filipino and other race write_in
884	Asian Indian and other race write_in
885	Asian write_in and other race write_in
886	Other Asian race(s) and other race write_in
887	Chinese and Korean
890	PI and other race write_in:
891	PI write_in and other race write_in
892	Other PI race(s) and other race write_in
893	Native Hawaiian or PI other race(s)
899	API and other race write_in
901	White, Black, AIAN
902	White, Black, Asian
903	White, Black, PI
904	White, Black, other race write_in
905	White, AIAN, Asian
906	White, AIAN, PI
907	White, AIAN, other race write_in
910	White, Asian, PI
911	White, Chinese, Hawaiian
912	White, Chinese, Filipino, Hawaiian (2000 1%)
913	White, Japanese, Hawaiian (2000 1%)
914	White, Filipino, Hawaiian



915	Other White, Asian race(s), PI race(s)
916	White, AIAN and Filipino
917	White, Black, and Filipino
920	White, Asian, other race write_in
921	White, Filipino, other race write_in (2000 1%)
922	White, Asian write_in, other race write_in (2000 1%)
923	Other White, Asian race(s), other race write_in (2000 1%)
925	White, PI, other race write_in
930	Black, AIAN, Asian
931	Black, AIAN, PI
932	Black, AIAN, other race write_in
933	Black, Asian, PI
934	Black, Asian, other race write_in
935	Black, PI, other race write_in
940	AIAN, Asian, PI
941	AIAN, Asian, other race write_in
942	AIAN, PI, other race write_in
943	Asian, PI, other race write_in
944	Asian (Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese); and Native Hawaiian or PI; and Other
949	2 or 3 races (CPS)
950	White, Black, AIAN, Asian
951	White, Black, AIAN, PI
952	White, Black, AIAN, other race write_in
953	White, Black, Asian, PI
954	White, Black, Asian, other race write_in
955	White, Black, PI, other race write_in
960	White, AIAN, Asian, PI

961	White, AIAN, Asian, other race write_in
962	White, AIAN, PI, other race write_in
963	White, Asian, PI, other race write_in
964	White, Chinese, Japanese, Native Hawaiian
970	Black, AIAN, Asian, PI
971	Black, AIAN, Asian, other race write_in
972	Black, AIAN, PI, other race write_in
973	Black, Asian, PI, other race write_in
974	AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in
975	AIAN, Asian, PI, Hawaiian other race write_in
976	Two specified Asian (Chinese and other Asian, Chinese and Japanese, Japanese and other Asian, Korean and other Asian); Native Hawaiian/PI; and Other Race
980	White, Black, AIAN, Asian, PI
981	White, Black, AIAN, Asian, other race write_in
982	White, Black, AIAN, PI, other race write_in
983	White, Black, Asian, PI, other race write_in
984	White, AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in
985	Black, AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in
986	Black, AIAN, Asian, PI, Hawaiian, other race write_in
989	4 or 5 races (CPS)
990	White, Black, AIAN, Asian, PI, other race write_in
991	White race; Some other race; Black or African American race and/or American Indian and Alaska Native race and/or Asian groups and/or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander groups
996	2+ races, n.e.c. (CPS)

### Variable: "HISPAN"

Name:	HISPAN
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Label:	Hispanic origin [general version]
Variable Text:	<p>HISPAN identifies persons of Hispanic/Spanish/Latino origin and classifies them according to their country of origin when possible. Origin is defined by the Census Bureau as ancestry, lineage, heritage, nationality group, or country of birth. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race; see RACE for a discussion of coding issues involved. Users should note that race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980 and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, and in the 2000 and 2010 Puerto Rican census and the PRCS. However, questions assessing Spanish/Hispanic origin were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses prior to 2000.</p> <p>The HISPAN general code covers country-of-origin classifications common to all years; the detailed code distinguishes additional groups and subgroups. See HISPRULE for details on how country of origin information was assigned prior to 1980.</p>
Concept:	Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	77
End Position:	77
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

### Categories

Value	Label
0	Not Hispanic
1	Mexican
2	Puerto Rican
3	Cuban
4	Other
9	Not Reported

### Variable: "HISPAND"

Name:	HISPAND
-------	---------

Label:	Hispanic origin [detailed version]
Variable Text:	<p>HISPAN identifies persons of Hispanic/Spanish/Latino origin and classifies them according to their country of origin when possible. Origin is defined by the Census Bureau as ancestry, lineage, heritage, nationality group, or country of birth. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race; see RACE for a discussion of coding issues involved. Users should note that race questions were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses of 1970, 1980 and 1990. They were asked in the 1910 and 1920 Puerto Rican censuses, and in the 2000 and 2010 Puerto Rican census and the PRCS. However, questions assessing Spanish/Hispanic origin were not asked in the Puerto Rican censuses prior to 2000.</p> <p>The HISPAN general code covers country-of-origin classifications common to all years; the detailed code distinguishes additional groups and subgroups. See HISPRULE for details on how country of origin information was assigned prior to 1980.</p>
Concept:	Race, Ethnicity, and Nativity Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	78
End Position:	80
Width:	3
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

### Categories

Value	Label
000	Not Hispanic
100	Mexican
102	Mexican American
103	Mexicano/Mexicana
104	Chicano/Chicana
105	La Raza
106	Mexican American Indian
107	Mexico
200	Puerto Rican

300	Cuban
401	Central American Indian
402	Canal Zone
411	Costa Rican
412	Guatemalan
413	Honduran
414	Nicaraguan
415	Panamanian
416	Salvadoran
417	Central American, n.e.c.
420	Argentinean
421	Bolivian
422	Chilean
423	Colombian
424	Ecuadorian
425	Paraguayan
426	Peruvian
427	Uruguayan
428	Venezuelan
429	South American Indian
430	Criollo
431	South American, n.e.c.
450	Spaniard
451	Andalusian
452	Asturian
453	Castillian

454	Catalonian
455	Balearic Islander
456	Gallego
457	Valencian
458	Canarian
459	Spanish Basque
460	Dominican
465	Latin American
470	Hispanic
480	Spanish
490	Californio
491	Tejano
492	Nuevo Mexicano
493	Spanish American
494	Spanish American Indian
495	Meso American Indian
496	Mestizo
498	Other, n.s.
499	Other, n.e.c.
900	Not Reported

### Variable: "HINSCAID"

Name:	HINSCAID
Label:	Health insurance through Medicaid
Variable Text:	<p>HINSCAID indicates whether, at the time of interview, persons were covered by Medicaid, Medical Assistance, or any other kind of government-assistance plan for those with low incomes or a disability.</p> <p>For a summary of health insurance variables in the ACS/PRCS, see the IPUMS health insurance page [URL omitted from DDI.].</p>

Concept:	Health Insurance Variables -- PERSON						
Start Position:	81						
End Position:	81						
Width:	1						
Variable Format:	numeric						
Implied Decimal Places:	0						
<b>Categories</b>							
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th><th>Label</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Has insurance through Medicaid</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>No insurance through Medicaid</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Value	Label	2	Has insurance through Medicaid	1	No insurance through Medicaid
Value	Label						
2	Has insurance through Medicaid						
1	No insurance through Medicaid						

**Variable: "SCHOOL"**

Name:	SCHOOL
Label:	School attendance
Variable Text:	SCHOOL indicates whether the respondent attended school during a specified period.
Concept:	Education Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	82
End Position:	82
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
<b>Categories</b>	

Value	Label
0	N/A
1	No, not in school
2	Yes, in school
9	Missing

**Variable: "EMPSTAT"**

Name:	EMPSTAT
Label:	Employment status [general version]
Variable Text:	EMPSTAT indicates whether the respondent was a part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- and, if so, whether the person was currently unemployed. The second digit preserves additional related information available for some years but not others. See LABFORCE for a dichotomous variable that identifies whether a person participated in the labor force or not and is available for all years in the IPUMS.
Concept:	Work Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	83
End Position:	83
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

**Categories**

Value	Label
0	N/A
1	Employed
2	Unemployed



3

Not in labor force

**Variable: "EMPSTATD"**

Name:	EMPSTATD
Label:	Employment status [detailed version]
Variable Text:	EMPSTAT indicates whether the respondent was a part of the labor force -- working or seeking work -- and, if so, whether the person was currently unemployed. The second digit preserves additional related information available for some years but not others. See LABFORCE for a dichotomous variable that identifies whether a person participated in the labor force or not and is available for all years in the IPUMS.
Concept:	Work Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	84
End Position:	85
Width:	2
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

**Categories**

Value	Label
00	N/A
10	At work
11	At work, public emerg
12	Has job, not working
13	Armed forces
14	Armed forces--at work
15	Armed forces--not at work but with job

20	Unemployed
21	Unemp, exper worker
22	Unemp, new worker
30	Not in Labor Force
31	NILF, housework
32	NILF, unable to work
33	NILF, school
34	NILF, other

### Variable: "WKSWORK2"

Name:	WKSWORK2
Label:	Weeks worked last year, intervalled
Variable Text:	<p>WKSWORK2, like WKSWORK1, reports the number of weeks that the respondent worked for profit, pay, or as an unpaid family worker during the previous year. For the census, the reference period is the previous calendar year; for the ACS, the reference period is the previous 12 months. WKSWORK2 differs from WKSWORK1 in that responses are given in intervals (1-13 weeks, 14-26 weeks, and so on), instead of the precise number of weeks. This is because the 1960 and 1970 samples recorded weeks worked only in intervals. For the other years contained in WKSWORK2 (the 1940-1950 and 1980-2000 censuses, the ACS, and the PRCS), the exact number of weeks worked is recorded in WKSWORK1.</p> <p>For further discussion, see the WKSWORK1 variable description. See EMPSTAT for definitions of key labor force and employment terminology.</p>
Concept:	Work Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	86
End Position:	86
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
<b>Categories</b>	

Value	Label
0	N/A
1	1-13 weeks
2	14-26 weeks
3	27-39 weeks
4	40-47 weeks
5	48-49 weeks
6	50-52 weeks

### Variable: "WRKLSTWK"

Name:	WRKLSTWK
Label:	Worked last week
Variable Text:	<p>WRKLSTWK indicates whether or not persons did any work during the previous week either for pay or profit. Even if respondents only worked one hour, helped without pay in a family business or farm for 15 hours or more, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces, they were instructed to answer "yes" to this question. Conversely, housework, school work, and unpaid volunteer work were not counted as work.</p> <p>User Note: This variable is based on the same question as the variable EMPSTAT, however WRKLSTWK is a separate PUMS variable in the dataset. The variables are slightly different, as EMPSTAT is a recoded variable and WRKLSTWK is not recoded. People who were in the universe for WRKLSTWK but did not respond to the question were placed in a separate "Not Reported" category.</p>
Concept:	Work Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	87
End Position:	87
Width:	1
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0

**Categories**

Value	Label
0	N/A
1	Did not work
2	Worked
3	Not Reported

**Variable: "INCTOT"**

Name:	INCTOT
Label:	Total personal income
Variable Text:	<p>INCTOT reports each respondent's total pre-tax personal income or losses from all sources for the previous year. The censuses collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months. Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation:</p> <p>Users studying change over time must adjust for inflation. Consumer Price Index adjustment factors for the appropriate years can be found in the CPI99 variable.</p> <p>The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p> <p>For a more complete discussion of the use of these factors to adjust for inflation, users may wish to see the IPUMS-CPS note on adjusting dollar amount variables for inflation. [URL omitted from DDI.]</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	88
End Position:	94
Width:	7
Variable Format:	numeric

Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>INCTOT is a 7-digit numeric code reporting each respondent's total pre-tax personal income or losses from all sources for the previous year. INCTOT specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCTOT Specific Variable Codes</p> <p>-009995 = -\$9,900 (1980)  -000001 = Net loss (1950)  0000000 = None  0000001 = \$1 or break even (2000, 2005-onward ACS and PRCS)  9999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>INCTOT</p> <p>Census Bottom Code Top Code</p> <p>1950 Net loss \$10,000</p> <p>1960 -\$9,900 \$25,000</p> <p>1970 -\$9,900 \$50,000</p> <p>1980 -\$9,990 \$75,000</p> <p>1990 -\$19,998 \$400,000*</p> <p>2000 -\$20,000 \$999,998</p> <p>ACS -\$19,998 -</p>

PRCS  
-\$19,998  
-

\*Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above \$400,000.  
Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "FTOTINC"

Name:	FTOTINC
Label:	Total family income
Variable Text:	<p>FTOTINC reports the total pre-tax money income earned by one's family (as defined by FAMUNIT) from all sources for the previous year. For the census samples, the reference period is the previous calendar year; for the ACS/PRCS, it is the previous 12 months.</p> <p>For 1950-1980, the amounts represent the midpoints of \$10, \$100, or other intervals used by each year's sample, not exact dollar amounts. 1990 gives exact dollar amounts. For the 2000 census, the ACS and the PRCS, FTOTINC is the sum of several income variables, each of which is rounded as follows:</p> <p>No income \$0</p> <p>\$1 - \$7 \$4</p> <p>\$8 - \$999 rounded to nearest \$10</p> <p>\$1,000 - \$49,999 rounded to nearest \$100</p> <p>\$50,000 or more rounded to nearest \$1000</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON

Start Position:	95
End Position:	101
Width:	7
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>FTOTINC is a 7-digit numeric code reporting the total pre-tax money income earned by one's family (as defined by FAMUNIT) from all sources for the previous year. FTOTINC specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>FTOTINC Specific Variable Codes  -000001 = Net loss (1950)  0000000 = No income (1950-2000, ACS/PRCS)  9999998 = Not ascertained (1950)  9999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 90px; }</pre> <p>FTOTINC</p> <p>Census  Bottom Code  Top Code</p> <p>1950  Net loss  \$10,000</p> <p>1960  -\$9,990  \$25,000</p> <p>1970  -\$9,990  \$50,000</p> <p>1980  -\$9,995  \$75,000</p>

1990  
By State\*  
By State\*

2000  
-\$59,999  
-

ACS  
-  
-

PRCS  
-  
-

\*Income Bottom and Top Coding, by State: 1990 [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "INCWAGE"

Name:	INCWAGE
Label:	Wage and salary income
Variable Text:	<p>INCWAGE reports each respondent's total pre-tax wage and salary income - that is, money received as an employee - for the previous year. The censuses collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months. Sources of income in INCWAGE include wages, salaries, commissions, cash bonuses, tips, and other money income received from an employer. Payments-in-kind or reimbursements for business expenses are not included. See the comparability discussion below for further information.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	102
End Position:	107
Width:	6
Variable Format:	numeric



Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>INCWAGE is a 7-digit numeric code reporting each respondent's total pre-tax wage and salary income - that is, money received as an employee - for the previous year. INCWAGE specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCWAGE Specific Variable Codes  999999 = N/A  999998 = Missing</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 85px; }</pre> <p>INCWAGE</p> <p>Census Top Code</p> <p>1940 \$5,001</p> <p>1950 \$10,000</p> <p>1960 \$25,000</p> <p>1970 \$50,000</p> <p>1980 \$75,000</p> <p>1990 \$140,000*</p> <p>2000 \$175,000**</p> <p>ACS (2000-2002) \$200,000**</p> <p>ACS (2003-onward) 99.5th Percentile in State**</p> <p>PRCS (2005-onward) 99.5th Percentile in State**</p>

\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year (i.e. For Census Year 1990, any observed value greater than the Top Code value of \$140,000 was coded as the median value greater than \$140,000 within that observation's state.).

\*\* Higher amounts are coded as the state means of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "INCBUS00"

Name:	INCBUS00
Label:	Business and farm income, 2000
Variable Text:	<p>INCBUS00 reports each respondent's net pre-income-tax self-employment income from a business, professional practice, or farm, for the previous calendar year. The 2000 census collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months.</p> <p>The figure is the amount earned after subtracting business expenses from gross receipts. It includes any money earned working for one's own concern(s). No distinction was made between incorporated and unincorporated businesses.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	108
End Position:	113
Width:	6
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	INCBUS00 is a 6-digit numeric variable reporting each respondent's net pre-income-tax self-employment income from a business, professional practice, or farm, for the previous

calendar year. INCBUS00 specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided by Census year (and data sample if specified).

User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).

#### INCBUS00 Specific Variable Codes

000001 = \$1 or break even (2000, 2005-2007 ACS)

999999 = N/A

```
* .indent {
text-indent: 10px;
}
```

```
* .lrgindent {
text-indent: 85px;
}
```

#### INCBUS00

Census  
Bottom Code  
Top Code

2000  
-\$10,000  
\$126,000\*

ACS (2000)  
-\$9,999  
\$75,000\*

ACS (2001)  
-\$9,999  
\$76,000\*

ACS (2002)  
-\$9,999  
\$78,751\*

ACS(2003-onward)  
-\$9,999  
99.5th Percentile in State\*

PRCS (2005-onward)  
-\$9,999  
99.5th Percentile in State\*

\*Higher amounts are expressed as the state means of values above these cutoffs.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 2000 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]

### Variable: "INCINVST"

Name:	INCINVST
Label:	Interest, dividend, and rental income

Variable Text:	<p>INCINVST reports how much pre-tax money the respondent received or lost during the previous year in the form of income from an estate or trust, interest, dividends, royalties, and rents received.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	114
End Position:	119
Width:	6
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>INCINVST is a 6-digit numeric variable reporting how much pre-tax money the respondent received or lost during the previous year in the form of income from an estate or trust, interest, dividends, royalties, and rents received. INCINVST specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCINVST Specific Variable Codes            -09995 = -\$9,900 (1980)            000001 = \$1 or break even (2000, ACS, PRCS)            999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 85px; }</pre>

## INCINVST

Census  
Bottom Code  
Top Code

1980  
-\$9,990  
\$75,000

1990  
-\$9,999  
\$40,000\*

2000  
-\$10,000  
\$50,000\*\*

ACS (2000-2002)  
-\$9,999  
\$60,000\*\*

ACS (2003-onward)  
-\$9,999  
99.5th Percentile in State\*\*

ACS (2005-onward)  
-\$9,999  
99.5th Percentile in State\*\*

\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year (i.e. For Census Year 1990, any observed value greater than the Top Code value of \$40,000 was coded as the median value greater than \$40,000 within that observation's state.).

\*\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state means of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]

**Variable: "INCRETIR"**

Name:	INCRETIR
Label:	Retirement income
Variable Text:	<p>INCRETIR reports how much pre-tax retirement, survivor, and disability pension income, other than Social Security, the respondent received during the previous year. The censuses collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months. Only these broad categories were mentioned on the forms for the 2000 census, the ACS and the PRCS. In 1990, the form specifically mentioned income from annuities, IRAs, and KEOGH plans, and listed all possible sources of pension and disability income (government, employer, union, and the military).</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p>

	User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	120
End Position:	125
Width:	6
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>INCRETIR is a 6-digit numeric code reporting how much pre-tax retirement, survivor, and disability pension income, other than Social Security, the respondent received during the previous year. INCRETIR specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCRETIR Specific Variable Codes 999999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 85px; }</pre> <p>INCRETIR</p> <p>Census Top Code</p> <p>1990 \$30,000*</p> <p>2000 \$52,000**</p>

ACS (2000)

\$41,000\*

ACS (2001)

\$42,000\*

ACS (2002)

\$44,953\*

ACS (2003-onward)

99.5th Percentile in State\*\*

PRCS (2005-onward)

99.5th Percentile in State\*\*

\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year (i.e. For Census Year 1990, any observed value greater than the Top Code value of \$30,000 was coded as the median value greater than \$30,000 within that observation's state.).

\*\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state means of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "INCOTHER"

Name:	INCOTHER
Label:	Other income
Variable Text:	<p>INCOTHER is a residual variable reporting how much of each respondent's total money income (or losses), as recorded in the IPUMS variable INCTOT, came from sources not included in the other IPUMS person-record income variables (INCWAGE, INCBUSFM, INCBUS, INCBUS00, INCFARM, INCSS, INCSUPP, INCWELFR, INCINVST, and INCRETIR). The censuses collected information on such income during the preceding calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON
Start Position:	126
End Position:	130
Width:	5

Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>INCOTHER is a 5-digit numeric "residual" variable reporting how much of each respondent's total money income (or losses), as recorded in the IPUMS variable INCTOT, came from sources not included in the other IPUMS person-record income variables (INCWAGE, INCBUSFM, INCBUS, INCBUS00, INCFARM, INCSS, INCSUPP, INCWELFR, INCINVST, and INCRETIR). INCSS specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCOTHER Specific Variable Codes  -0001 = Net loss (1950)  99999 = N/A</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }  * .lrgindent { text-indent: 70px; }</pre> <p>INCOTHER</p> <p>Census  Bottom Code  Top Code</p> <p>1950  Net loss  \$10,000</p> <p>1960  -\$9,900  \$25,000</p> <p>1970  -\$9,900  \$50,000</p> <p>1980  \$0  \$75,000</p> <p>1990  \$0  \$20,000*</p> <p>2000</p>



\$0  
\$37,800\*\*

ACS (2000)  
\$0  
\$16,126\*\*

ACS (2001)  
\$0  
\$24,636\*\*

ACS (2002)  
\$0  
\$25,000\*\*

ACS (2003-onward)  
\$0  
99.5th Percentile in State\*\*

PRCS (2005-onward)  
\$0  
99.5th Percentile in State\*\*

\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year (i.e. For Census Year 1990, any observed value greater than the Top Code value of \$20,000 was coded as the median value greater than \$20,000 within that observation's state.).

\*\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state means of values above the listed Top Code value for that specific Census year.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 - present [URL omitted from DDI.]

## Variable: "INCEARN"

Name:	INCEARN
Label:	Total personal earned income
Variable Text:	<p>INCEARN reports income earned from wages or a person's own business or farm for the previous year. The censuses collected information on income received from these sources during the previous calendar year; for the ACS and the PRCS, the reference period was the past 12 months. The value of INCEARN is the total for the IPUMS variables INCWAGE, INCBUS, and INCFARM (for 1990) and for INCWAGE and INCBUS00 (for the 2000 census, the ACS, and the PRCS). Note that these components of INCEARN are themselves already Top coded. See those variables for further discussion. Because the universe for those variables is age 16+, all persons under age 16 have a value of 0 for INCEARN.</p> <p>Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See INCTOT for Consumer Price Index adjustment factors). The exception is the ACS/PRCS multi-year files, where all dollar amounts have been standardized to dollars as valued in the final year of data included in the file (e.g., 2007 dollars for the 2005-2007 3-year file). Additionally, more detail may be available than exists in the original ACS samples.</p> <p>User Note: ACS respondents are surveyed throughout the year, and amounts do not reflect calendar year dollars. While the Census Bureau provides an adjustment factor (available in ADJUST), this is an imperfect solution. See the ACS income variables note [URL omitted from DDI.] for further details.</p>
Concept:	Income Variables -- PERSON

Start Position:	131
End Position:	137
Width:	7
Variable Format:	numeric
Implied Decimal Places:	0
Coder Instructions:	<p>INCEARN is a 7-digit numeric variable reporting income earned from wages or a person's own business or farm for the previous year. INCEARN specific variable codes for missing, edited, or unidentified observations, observations not applicable (N/A), observations not in universe (NIU), top and bottom value coding, etc. are provided below by Census year (and data sample if specified).</p> <p>User Note: Amounts are expressed in contemporary dollars, and users studying change over time must adjust for inflation (See Description).</p> <p>INCEARN Specific Variable Codes  0000000 = No earnings  0000001 = \$1 or break even (2000, 2005-2007 ACS and PRCS)</p> <pre>* .indent { text-indent: 10px; }</pre> <pre>* .lrgindent { text-indent: 85px; }</pre> <p>INCEARN</p> <p>Census  Bottom Code  Top Code</p> <p>1990  -\$19,996  \$284,000*</p> <p>2000  -\$10,000  See Constituent Variables</p> <p>ACS  -\$9,999  See Constituent Variables</p> <p>PRCS  -\$9,999  See Constituent Variables</p>

\* Higher amounts are expressed as the state medians of values above \$284,000.

Values Exceeding Top codes, by State: 1990 [URL omitted from DDI.]