2.1 Matrice d'une famille de vecteurs :

E: un ev. de dinension
$$n \in \mathbb{N}$$
.

B: une base de E . $D = (e_1 ... e_n)$.

Soit $(\nabla_1, ..., \nabla_p)$ une famille de vecteur de E .

Soit $j \in C_1, pD$, $N_j = a_j = c_0$ do $D = c_0$.

 $(a_{1j}, a_{2j}, ..., a_{nj})$

ie: $\nabla_j = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \cdot e_i$.

a natrie (a.i) 1 sisn est apreles $de (r_1, r_0) dans$ mahice On 6 role - Mat (N1, --, 5p) on U2 921 92 p 912

$$E_{X}: E = in^{2}. \quad \mathcal{E} = ((\frac{1}{3}), (\frac{1}{3})) = (e_{1}, e_{2})$$

$$\mathcal{D} = ((\frac{1}{3}), (\frac{1}{3})) = (\frac{1}{4}, f_{2})$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{1} = (\frac{1}{2}) = e_{1} + 2e_{2}$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{2} = (\frac{1}{3}) = -e_{1} + 3e_{2}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{3} + (\mathcal{N}_{1}, \mathcal{N}_{2}, \mathcal{N}_{3}) = (\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3})$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{1} = (1)f_{1} + (3)f_{2}$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{2} = (1)f_{1} + (2)f_{2}$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{2} = (1)f_{1} + (2)f_{2}$$

 $Mat = (N_1, J_2, N_3) = (1$ This on fixe to de din net Down de to
Alors: Pitter to Monday (M) 20 L-3 Mat (30) ent un isonophisme.

Deno: Soit
$$\lambda \in (x, x = \frac{1}{2}x : e; y = \frac{1}{2}y : e;$$

$$(\lambda = (e_1, ..., e_n)).$$

$$(\lambda = (x : + \lambda y) = Mat \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x : + \lambda y) : e;\right)$$

$$= \left(\lambda_1 + \lambda_{y_1} \right) = \left(\lambda_1 + \lambda_{y_2} \right) + \lambda \left(\lambda_1 + \lambda_{y_2} \right)$$

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$$= Mat \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} y : e;\right)$$

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$$= \left(\lambda_1$$

din E = n = n x 1 = di_ Wh. (W). il ceffit de mg. I est sujective. Soil- $M \in \mathcal{U}_{n,1}(\mathcal{U})$, $M = (m_i)$ $a_{i,j}$ $M = (m_i)$ $a_{i,j}$ $M = (m_i)$ $= \varphi \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{i} e_{i} \right)$ Per bie superire, et c'est 2 i sonsphisme.