# Feuille d'exercice n° 18 : Analyse asymptotique - correction

## Exercice 14

**1)** 0

**2**)  $\frac{1}{6}$ 

**3)** e e -1

**4)** e<sup>-1</sup>

**5**)  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

**6**)  $\frac{a^3}{b^3}$ 

**7**) −1

8)  $-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ 

**9**) √e

**10)**  $\frac{1}{\pi}$ 

**11)** 1

12)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8x^3}$ 

**13**)  $\frac{x^2}{2}$ 

**14)**  $-\frac{3}{2}\left(x-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ 

**15**) -*x* 

Exercise 15 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2 - 1}{\ln x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{x^2}{\ln(\cos x)} + \frac{2}{x^2} \sin^2 x \right) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\ln(\sin^2 x)}{(\frac{\pi}{2} - x)^2} = -\frac{16 \ln 2}{\pi^2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\ln(\sin^2 x)}{(\frac{\pi}{2} - x)^2} = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{\ln(\sin^2 x)}{(\frac{\pi}{2} - x)^2} = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \to +\infty} \sin \frac{1}{x} \tan \left( \frac{2\pi x}{4x + 3} \right) = \frac{8}{3\pi}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} \ln x \tan(\ln(1 + x)) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} (\ln x)^{\tan \frac{\pi x}{2e}} = e^{-\frac{2}{\pi}}$$

# Exercice 17

1) 
$$\ln(\cos x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{12}x^4 - \frac{1}{45}x^6 + o(x^6)$$

**2)** 
$$\tan(x) = x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + o(x^5)$$

3) 
$$\sin(\tan(x)) = x + \frac{1}{6}x^3 - \frac{1}{40}x^5 + o(x^5)$$

4) 
$$(\ln(1+x))^2 = x^2 - x^3 + \frac{11}{12}x^4 + o(x^4)$$

**5)** 
$$\exp(\sin(x)) = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + o(x^3)$$

**6)** 
$$\sin^6(x) = x^6 - x^8 + o(x^9)$$

### Exercice 18

1) 
$$\sqrt{x+1} = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{8x^{3/2}} + o\left(\frac{1}{x^{3/2}}\right)$$
;

2) 
$$x \ln(x+1) - (x+1) \ln x = 1 - \ln(x) - \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{3x^2} + o\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$$
;

**3)** 
$$\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)^x = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{e^1}{x} + \frac{11}{24} \frac{e}{x^2} + o\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$$
;

**4)** Arctan 
$$x = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{3x^3} + o\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right)$$
.

# Exercice 19

1) 
$$\frac{\arctan x - x}{\sin x - x} = 2 - \frac{11}{10}x^2 + o(x^2)$$
;

2) 
$$\ln \sin x = \ln(\sqrt{2}/2) + (x - \pi/4) - (x - \pi/4)^2 + \frac{2}{3}(x - \pi/4)^3 + o((x - \pi/4)^3)$$
;

3) 
$$(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{11}{24}x^2 - \frac{7}{16}x^3\right) + o(x^3)$$
;

**4)** 
$$x(\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x^4 + 1}} - x\sqrt{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8x^2} + o\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right).$$

#### Exercice 22

1) 
$$\sqrt[3]{x^3 + x^2} - \sqrt[3]{x^3 - x^2} = x\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{x}}\right) = 1 + \frac{1}{8x^3} + o(1/x^3).$$

2) 
$$\ln(\sqrt{1+x}) = \frac{1}{2}\ln x + \frac{1}{2x} + o(1/x)$$
.

## Exercice 23

1) a) 
$$\frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{1+x}} = 1 - \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^2}{8} - \frac{x^3}{16} + \frac{49x^4}{384} + o(x^4)$$

**b)** 
$$\frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{\cos x} = 1 + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{3x^2}{8} + \frac{5x^3}{16} + \frac{41x^4}{384} + o(x^4)$$

c) 
$$\frac{\ln(1+x)}{\cos x} = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{5x^3}{6} - \frac{x^4}{2} + o(x^4)$$

d) 
$$\frac{1+\cos x}{2+\sin x} = 1 - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x^3}{12} - \frac{x^4}{16} + o(x^4)$$

e) 
$$\frac{\sin(x/2)}{e^{2x}} = \frac{x}{2} - x^2 + \frac{47x^3}{48} - \frac{5x^4}{8} + o(x^4)$$

f) 
$$\frac{\ln(1+x)}{2-\cos x} = x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^4)$$

**2)** a) 
$$\frac{\sin(2x - \pi/4)}{\cos x} = 1 + 3(x - \frac{\pi}{4}) + \frac{3}{2}(x - \frac{\pi}{4})^2 + \frac{3}{2}(x - \frac{\pi}{4})^3 + \frac{19}{8}(x - \frac{\pi}{4})^4 + o((x - \frac{\pi}{4})^4)$$

**b)** 
$$\frac{\cos(x-1)}{\ln(1+x)} = \frac{1}{\ln 2} - \frac{1}{2(\ln 2)^2}(x-1) + \frac{1}{\ln 2} \left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8\ln 2} + \frac{1}{4(\ln 2)^2} \right) (x-1)^2 + o((x-1)^2)$$

c) 
$$\frac{e^{x-1}}{\ln x} = \frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{11}{12}(x-1) + \frac{3}{8}(x-1)^2 + \frac{71}{720}(x-1)^3 + \frac{41}{1440}(x-1)^4 + o((x-1)^4)$$

### Exercice 24

- **1)** e −1
- **2**)  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 3)  $-\frac{\bar{e}}{2}$
- 4)  $\frac{1}{12}$
- **5**)  $-\frac{1}{6}$
- 6)  $-\frac{1}{2}$