FORTIFY SCA TRANSLATION

Java COOKBOOK

SCA V18.20





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NOTE: This document will not duplicate what is written in the Official documentation.

The official documentation URL:

https://www.microfocus.com/documentation/fortify-static-code-analyzer-and-tools/1820/

# Java Translation Basics

SCA will translate successfully when you have all the Java Source code and do not have to reference any JAR files.

SCA will translate successfully on the command line when you set the CLASSPATH environment variable correctly.

SCA will translate successfully on command line when you set the CLASSPATH with the –cp or –extdirs options correctly

SCA will translate successfully for the following versions:

* Java 5.x
* Java 6x
* Java 7x,
* Java 8x
* Java (including Android) for all of the above versions.

Example:

sourceanalyzer -b myjava8 -source 1.8 -logfile myjava8Translate.log <my java source code directory>

NOTE: The -source option specifies the version of java to translate. This is needed if there are features of a version of java that may have changed from the default 1.8 version. NOTE Java 9 if no longer supported by Oracle.

The –logfile option specifies that the logfile is created with the name given after this option. This can be a full path if you want to place in another directory.

# SCA Java Language Translation Common Errors

There are six common errors with a translation

1. SCA does not support the Java feature or version
2. SCA does not have read access to the files or directory
3. SCA runs out of system resources
4. SCA translate command line option missing or incorrect
5. SCA translate using build tools has some missing references ( JARs)
6. SCA has a bug for that function or feature.

## SCA Log Files Changes in 18.20

NOTE: See Page 115 in the SCA User Guide for more details.

There are now two log files for each translation starting with version 18.20, a sca.log and a log for fortify support called, sca\_FortifySupport.log.

# General Translation Tips

## SCA Translation Log file recommendations

Always use the –debug option and the –clobber-log option to capture any issues with the translation that you may need to resolve or send to Fortify Support. You should have a process to archive log files for each scan by datetime.

NOTE: See Page 115,116 in the SCA User Guide for more details.

**Example**:

sourceanalyzer -debug -clobber-log -b javaapp1 -logfile myTrans.log < my source code directory>

## Recommended Verify your translation.

After a translation has completed you should run the –show-files option and verify that all the files you expected to translate were translated. A file will NOT be scanned for issues, if it does NOT appear in the listing from the -show-files option.

**Example:**

sourceanalyzer –b javaapp1 –show-files

NOTE: In the Appendix is a Shell Script example of how you could get a list of files that were not translated from the source directory. This is a demo example only.

# Java Translation Tips

Problem:

## Translate Java on Command Line Application

NOTE: See pages 24-30 in the user guide for more details.

**Solution**

**Unix/Mac OS/Linux**

sourceanalyzer –b javaapp1 -cp /lib/externalLib.jar:/ lib2/more.jar /src/javaapp1

**Windows**

sourceanalyzer –b javaapp1 -cp C:\lib\externalLib.jar;C:\ lib2\more.jar c:\src\javaapp1

Discussion

Java applications require the source code and any referenced JAR files specified in the environment variable CLASSPATH or on the command line with the –cp option.

NOTE: You can use the –extdirs option to point to directories with JAR files in them.

## Translate Java with Maven without the Plugin

**Example**:

mvn clean

mvn dependency:copy-dependencies -DoutputDirectory=/tmpjars

sourceanalyzer -b mavenDemoWithJars -clean

sourceanalyzer -b mavenDemoWithJars -extdirs /tmpjars srcdir

**Discussion**

The solution above will use the maven copy dependencies option to download all the referenced jar file in the POM.xml to one directory and then set the JAVA CLASSPATH to that directory using the –extdirs option.

NOTE: This is a workaround for some project that may not work with the Maven Plugin. The key goal is to get all the JARs local and set the CLASSPATH for SCA translation.

This approach works when all the JARs versions referenced are at the same level in all the child pom.xml files. There are cases where some child pom.xml use an older version of the same open source library in some of the pom.xml files.

## Translate Java with Maven with the Forify SCA Plugin

Solution

Install the Maven Plugin on all the build systems using Maven.

See Page 75 in the user guide for details on installing the plugin.

**Example**:

mvn install

sourceanalyzer -b mvndemo mvn clean package

**Discussion**

You must run the mvn install before using the plugin to ensure that all the JAR reference files are on the local filesystem.

The Fortify SCA plugin does not support network http file paths in the CLASSPATH for translation.

The Fortify Maven Plugin using the mvn classpath option to build the CLASSPATH. Maven supports network https file paths, but the Fortify SCA plugin does NOT.

### Error Maven Plugin Not Installed

**Example**:

sourceanalyzer -b mvndemo mvn clean package

[INFO] Scanning for projects...

Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/com/fortify/sca/plugins/maven/sca-maven-plugin/maven-metadata.xml

[INFO] ------------------------------------------------------------------------

[INFO] BUILD FAILURE

[INFO] ------------------------------------------------------------------------

[INFO] Total time: 1.503 s

[INFO] Finished at: 2018-11-15T18:04:17-06:00

[INFO] ------------------------------------------------------------------------

[ERROR] Error resolving version for plugin 'com.fortify.sca.plugins.maven:sca-maven-plugin' from the repositories [local (/Users/zacharylewis/.m2/repository), central (https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2)]: Plugin not found in any plugin repository -> [Help 1]

[ERROR]

[ERROR] To see the full stack trace of the errors, re-run Maven with the -e switch.

[ERROR] Re-run Maven using the -X switch to enable full debug logging.

[ERROR]

[ERROR] For more information about the errors and possible solutions, please read the following articles:

[ERROR] [Help 1] http://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/MAVEN/PluginVersionResolutionException

## Maven Errors Multi Module Maven Projects.

The Fortify SCA Maven plugin assumes that all reference JAR files are in the Maven local .m2 directory. All Maven referenced projects should be installed locally in the .m2 maven repository to resolve issues like the following.

### Example Error Message Snippet

…[ERROR] Failed to execute goal on project mavendemo: Could not resolve dependencies for project com….

## Gradle Translation

See Page 75 in the Users Guide for information on Gradle support.

NOTE: Gradle has many tasks and even custom tasks that Fortify SCA may not support.

The supported Gradle tasks for Java is the JAVA related tasks.

### Known SCA Gradle Plugin JAR Reference Issue

The following error is shown with the Gradle plugin because of a bug that should have a patch soon.

sourceanalyzer -b g2 gradle clean build

…

TaskListener registered.

> Task :clean

[error]: Unable to resolve symbol 'Security' at (/Users/zacharylewis/gitdirs/javatips/examples/chp3/gradle1/src/main/java/demo/program.java:10:25)

> Task :compileJava

### Workaround for Gradle Copy Jars

A workaround is to add a tasks called ScaCopyDependencies to copy all dependency JARs to a tmp directory and then call sourceanalyzer with the –cp or –extdirs CLASSPATH setting to the tmp directory JARs.

Example Tasks.

task ScaCopyDependencies(type: Copy) {

from configurations.default

into 'scadependencies'

}

### Example Workaround Commands.

gradle ScaCopyDependencies

export CLASSPATH=mytmpdir/myrefslib.jar

sourceanalyzer –b gradleworkaround src

# Common Errors with Java Translation

The translation of JAVA source code requires that a CLASSPATH be given for all external dependency JAR files. If this is missing you will see errors similar to the following

.

## Invalid CLASSPATH Error Messages:

Example: (program.java:8:31)

[warning]: The following references to Java functions could not be resolved. These functions may be part of classes that could not be found, or there may be a type error at the call site of the given function relative to the function declaration. Please ensure the Java source code can be compiled by a Java compiler.

getExternalFunction

Java Translation with Dependency JAR files.

Java source code that reference dependency JAR files must specify a CLASSPATH to all the referenced JAR files to translate completely. If the CLASSPATH is incorrect or missing then you will see error messages like the following:

### Example Incorrect or missing CLASSPATH

Unable to locate a class for import org.springframework.web.context.request.async.CallableProcessingInterceptorAdapter

logger:com.fortify.frontend.translator.java.JavaResolver marker:USER thread:sourceanalyzer-13

MDC:{class=org.springframework.samples.mvc.async.TimeoutCallableProcessingInterceptor, frontend=JavaFrontEnd, msgId=1216, prefix=[warning]: , severity=WARNING, sourceInfo=TimeoutCallableProcessingInterceptor.java:8:15:1, stderr=true, step=SRC\_PARSE} NDC:[]

[2018-11-13 14:07:42.431 WARN 1216]

## Example Java Translation with CLASSPATH:

Given a directory with Java Source code named srcDirectory and a Java JAR file named mylib.jar then the following command will be translated correctly.

sourceanalyzer -b simplejava -clean

sourceanalyzer -b simplejava simplejava srcDirectory -cp mylib.jar

mvn dependency:copy-dependencies -DoutputDirectory=/tmpjars

sourceanalyzer -b mavenDemoWithJars -clean

sourceanalyzer -b mavenDemoWithJars -extdirs /tmpjars srcdir

# JSP Pages Java Related Common Errors:

JSP Pages are converted to Java code when the translation process is performed.

## JSP releated Classpath Missing JAR Reference

[2018-11-12 09:47:56.346 WARN 12003]

Assuming Java source level to be 1.8 as it was not specified. Note that the default value may change in future versions.

logger:com.fortify.sca.frontend.JavaFrontEnd marker:USER thread:sourceanalyzer-13

MDC:{frontend=JavaFrontEnd, msgId=12003, severity=WARNING, step=SRC\_PARSE} NDC:[]

[2018-11-12 09:47:56.831 WARN 12022]

The class "javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet" could not be found on the classpath, but it was found in the JAR file provided by Fortify in "C:\Program Files\Fortify\Fortify\_SCA\_and\_Apps\_18.20\Core\default\_jars\javax.servlet-api-3.0.1.jar" as a convenience. To ensure consistent translation behavior add the JAR file that contains "javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet" to the classpath given to the translation step. Refer to the documentation about "default JARs" in the SCA User Guide for more information.

logger:com.fortify.messaging.MessageManager marker:USER thread:sourceanalyzer-13

MDC:{class=JSPPAGE.\_.\_jspXSS\_jsp, frontend=JavaFrontEnd, msgId=12022, pass=Resolving, severity=WARNING, sourceInfo=XSS.jsp:1:1, step=SRC\_PARSE, webapp=C:\zacwork\nodejsdemo\demoXss\web} NDC:[]

# SCA Translation Environment Variables

SCA may use certain environment variables for compiled and build tools. The Build commands have certain environment variable requirements that SCA may or may not use. These will be described in the section on translation by the language type i.e “(Java, Maven, etc.)

## CLASSPATH Environment Variable

SCA will use the environment variable CLASSPATH to resolve the JAR file references in JAVA and JSP translations.

# Changing the default SCA Java JRE in use.

You can remove the SCA OpenJDK Java and specify a JAVA to use that is already installed. To use your installed JAVA, add the environment variable JAVA\_HOME. NOTE: You must the supported Java Version Java 1.8.x.

NOTE: Fortify includes the OpenJDK 1.8 when it is installed. You can rename the SCA Installed JRE directory or remove if you want to use the local version of java that may include security updates. This SCA JRE directory is found in your installed location.

## Linux/Unix/Mac OS Example

"C:\Program Files\Fortify\Fortify\_SCA\_and\_Apps\_18.20\jre\bin\java.exe" -version

openjdk version "1.8.0\_181"

OpenJDK Runtime Environment (Zulu 8.31.0.1-win64) (build 1.8.0\_181-b02)

OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (Zulu 8.31.0.1-win64) (build 25.181-b02, mixed mode)

## Example Windows:

set JAVA\_HOME=C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_131

Example Unix/Linux

EXPORT JAVA\_HOME=C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_131

# Appendix

## Example Verify a Translation Script.

#

# Find all Files that could be translated by Fortify

#

# Description

# This Script will read the fortify sca properties file and find all the supported types and

# Search the directory for all files that match supported file types by extension and

# compare against the Build ID List of file translated

#

function checktranslation()

{

#echo "DEBUG: checking: $fileext"

for filesrc in `find . -name "\*${fileext}"`

do

basepath=`echo $filesrc | cut -c3-`

grep $basepath ${TMPFILE} > foo

if [ $? = 0 ];

then

foo=foo

else

echo "SCA Source File Not Translates: ($filesrc)"

fi

done

}

TMPFILE="`pwd`/scaTranslated.tmp"

SCACMD=`which sourceanalyzer `

SCAConfigDir=`echo ${SCACMD} | sed 's;bin/sourceanalyzer;Core/config;'`

FortifyConfigFile="${SCAConfigDir}/fortify-sca.properties"

BUILDID=$1

SOURCEDIR=$2

if [ $# -gt 1 ];

then

if [ ! -d ${SOURCEDIR} ];

then

echo "ERROR: Source not found ! Verify it exists and is readable"

exit 1

fi

if [ -r "$FortifyConfigFile" ];

then

$SCACMD -b ${BUILDID} -show-files > ${TMPFILE}

cd ${SOURCEDIR}

# Set File Extension Type for supported Translation languages.

scafileext=`grep com.fortify.sca.DefaultFileTypes $FortifyConfigFile`

cnt=1

fileext=`echo ${scafileext} | cut -d= -f2 | cut -d, -f1 `

while true

do

cnt=`expr $cnt + 1`

if [ "$fileext" != "" ];

then

# Find All potential files that can be translated

checktranslation

fileext=`echo ${scafileext} | cut -d\, -f${cnt}`

else

exit 0

fi

done

else

echo "ERROR: Fortify Config File not Found at: ($FortifyConfigFile)"

echo "Verify that sourceanalyzer is install and in your PATH . "

exit 2

fi

else

echo "Usage: verifyTranalation.sh <SCA BUILD ID> <Source Code Dir>"

exit 99

fi

## Example Simple Java Translation Script

#

# This Simple Script to translate java source code by creating the CLASSPATH from all

# JARs files found in the source code directory tree.

#

#

SCAVALID=`which sourceanalyzer`

if [ $? -ne 0 ];

then

echo "ERROR: sourceanalyzer is missing from your bin PATH directories."

echo "FIX: set the PATH to the location of the installed bin directory for sourceanalyzer"

exit 99

fi

if [ $# -gt 1 ];

then

BUILD\_ID=$1

SOURCE\_DIR=$2

CLASSPATH=${SOURCE\_DIR}:

for jarfile in `find ${SOURCE\_DIR} -name "\*.jar" `

do

CLASSPATH="${CLASSPATH}:${jarfile}:"

done

sourceanalyzer -b ${BUILD\_ID} -clean

sourceanalyzer -b ${BUILD\_ID} -verbose -logfile ${BUILD\_ID}.log -debug -cp ${CLASSPATH} ${SOURCE\_DIR}

sourceanalyzer -b ${BUILD\_ID} -make-mobile

sourceanalyzer -b ${BUILD\_ID} -export-build-session ${BUILD\_ID}.mbs

else

echo "usage translateJava.sh <BUILD ID> <Source Directory>"

exit 1

fi