

# **Building Swift CLIs**

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# WHO WE ARE

2012

Ackee is founded

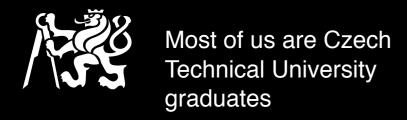
60

Team members

120



Successful projects



# **Tapestry**



#### What it does

Framework template built around SPM

Eases release process with automation

Provides type-safe editable configuration file

A lot of concepts inspired by tuist (Xcode project generation tool)



#### **Template**

```
Tapestry
marekfort@Marek-MacBook-Air ~ $ mkdir MyNewProject
marekfort@Marek-MacBook-Air ~ $ cd MyNewProject/
marekfort@Marek-MacBook-Air MyNewProject $ tapestry init
Muthor name or press enter to use: Marek Fořt >
Email or press enter to use: marek.fort@ackee.cz >
TUsername or press enter to use: marek.fort > fortmarek
Bundle ID or press enter to use: fortmarek.MyNewProject >
Creating library 🕞
Generating project MyNewProjectExample
Success: Package generated V
```



#### Release

```
Terminalizer

(tapestry) $ tapestry release 6.2.4
Updating docs 
Checking Cococapods compatibility...
Checking Carthage compatibility...
Checking SPM compatibility...
Updating version 
Success: Version updated to 6.2.4 

Checking SPM compatibility...

Checking SPM compatibility...

Updating version 
Success: Version updated to 6.2.4 

Success: Version updated to 6.2.4 

Checking SPM compatibility...
```



# **Tapestry config**



#### **Before**

#### Releasing

In this document you'll find all the necessary steps to release a new version of xcodeproj:

- 1. Re-generate the Carthage project with tuist generate (Install Tuist if you don't have it installed already).
- 2. Update Carthage dependencies if they are outdated with bundle exec rake carthage\_update\_dependencies.
- 3. Validate the state of the project by running bundle exec rake release\_check.
- 4. Update the CHANGELOG.md adding a new entry at the top with the next version. Make sure that all the changes in the version that is about to be released are properly formatted.
- 5. Update the version in the xcodeproj.podspec and README.md files.
- 6. Commit, tag and push the changes to GitHub.
- 7. Create a new release on GitHub including the information from the last entry in the CHANGELOG.md.
- 8. Push the changes to CocoaPods: bundle exec pod trunk push ——allow—warnings ——verbose.
- Archive the Carthage framework by running bundle exec rake arhive\_carthage and attach the XcodeProj.framework.zip to the GitHub release.



#### **After**

#### Releasing

In this document you'll find all the necessary steps to release a new version of xcodeproj:

- 1. Run tapestry release version-number (eg tapestry release 7.1.0) (Install tapestry and tuist if you don't have them installed already).
- 2. Create a new release on GitHub including the information from the last entry in the CHANGELOG.md.
- 3. Attach XcodeProj.framework.zip to the GitHub release.

# Swift Package Manager





# Why to Use SPM Libraries in Your Project

- + Eliminate dependencies
- + Closely aligned with Apple's standards
- + Wide range of tools
- Lack of documentation



# CommandRegistry

```
public final class CommandRegistry {
    let parser: ArgumentParser
    var commands: [Command] = []
    init() {
        // SPMUtility's ArgumentParser
        parser = ArgumentParser(commandName: "tapestry", usage: "<command> <options>")
        // Registering our commands
        register(command: InitCommand.self)
        register(command: ReleaseCommand.self)
    func register(command: Command.Type) {
        commands.append(command.init(parser: parser))
    }
    public func run() {
        let processedArguments = Array(ProcessInfo.processInfo.arguments)
        let parsedArguments = try parser.parse(arguments)
        // Find command and run it
        if let command = commands.first(where: { type(of: $0).command == parsedArguments.subparser(parser) }) {
            try command.run(with: arguments)
```



#### Command

```
final class ReleaseCommand: NSObject, Command {
    static var command: String = "release"
    static var overview: String = "Runs release steps defined in `TapestryConfig.swift` file"

let versionArgument: PositionalArgument

    required init(parser: ArgumentParser) {
        let subParser = parser.add(subparser: ReleaseCommand.command, overview: ReleaseCommand.overview)
        versionArgument = subParser.add(positional: "Version", kind: Version.self)
}

func run(with arguments: ArgumentParser.Result) throws {
        guard let version = arguments.get(versionArgument) else { throw ReleaseError.noVersion }
}
```



#### Run

```
import Foundation
import TapestryKit

var registry = CommandRegistry()
registry.run()
```





#### **Errors**

Make errors actionable

Provide enough information for the user to be able to debug if necessary

Make them part of your testing process

Let errors bubble up and handle them at one place

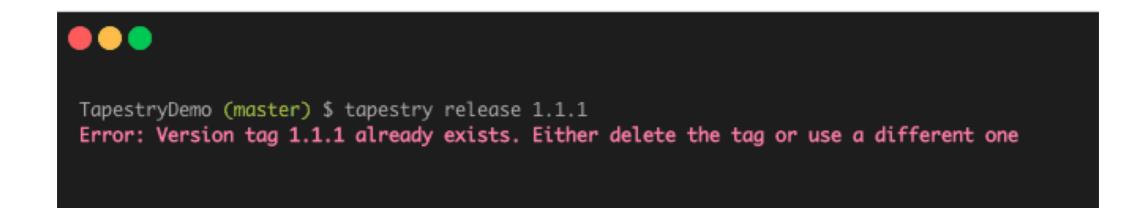


# **Revisiting CommandRegistry**

```
public final class CommandRegistry {
   let parser: ArgumentParser
   var commands: [Command] = []
    init() {
        parser = ArgumentParser(commandName: "tapestry", usage: "<command> <options>")
        register(command: InitCommand.self)
        register(command: ReleaseCommand.self)
    func register(command: Command.Type) {
        commands.append(command.init(parser: parser))
   public func run() {
        do {
            let processedArguments = Array(ProcessInfo.processInfo.arguments)
            let parsedArguments = try parser.parse(processedArguments)
            if let command = commands.first(where: { type(of: $0).command == parsedArguments.subparser(parser) }) {
                try command.run(with: arguments)
        // All errors fall through these two cases
        } catch let error {
            print(error.localizedDescription)
```



## **Error example**





# **Testability**

Dependency injection

Shared dependencies for the most used dependencies

Test for specific errors

WWYC - wrap what you can

Writing tests should be as fun as writing new functionalities

## **System**

```
public final class System: Systeming {
    // Our shared System instance
    public static var shared: Systeming = System()
    public func run(_ arguments: [String]) throws {
        // Leveraging SPMUtility's Process to run command in shell
        let process = Process(arguments: arguments)
        try process.launch()
       let result = try process.waitUntilExit()
        try result.throwIfErrored()
```

#### **Shared test cases**

```
// Shared XCTestCase to subclass
public class TapestryUnitTestCase: XCTestCase {
    public var system: MockSystem!
    public override func setUp() {
        super.setUp()
        // Reinit System for each test case
        system = MockSystem()
        System.shared = system
```



## **Testing specific error**



# **Takeaways**

Use Tapestry to automate release process

SPM libraries as a go-to sophisticated tool for CLI development

Treat errors as a key part of your tool

Ensure good testability to achieve high test coverage

# ackee

Krásní lidé, krásné appky