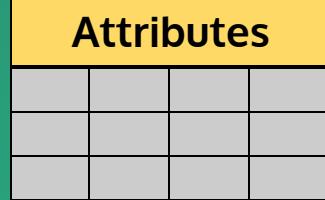
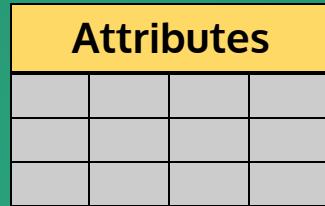
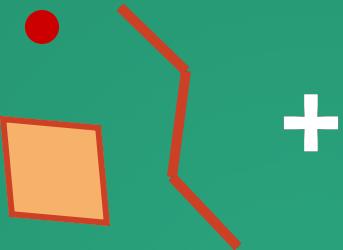


Bringing complex features from extendable GML application schemas into a compact database representation

Felix Kunde



Exchanging Simple Features



Shapefiles

Keyhole Markup Language

GeoJSON

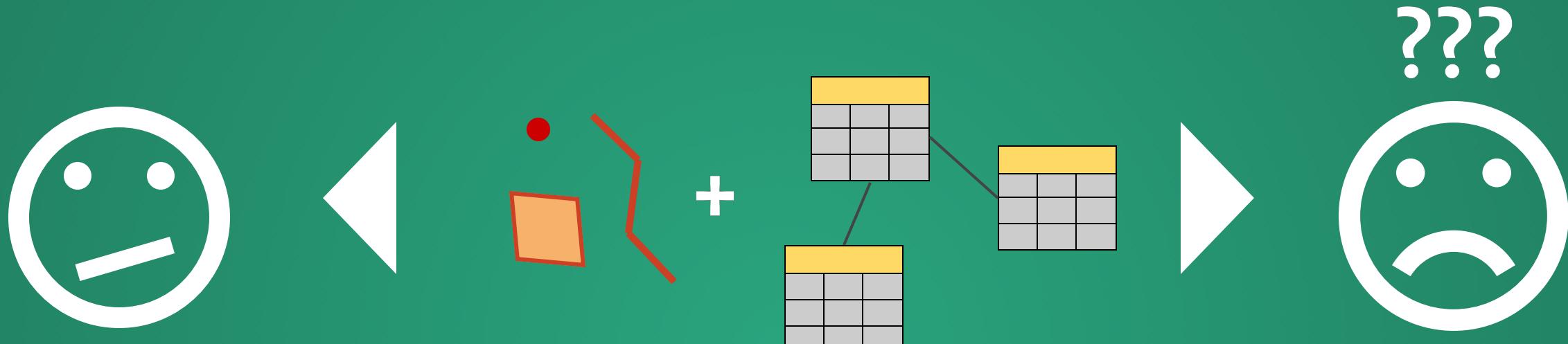
- GIS
- CSV
- GeoDB
- WebGIS
- Web

GeoPackage

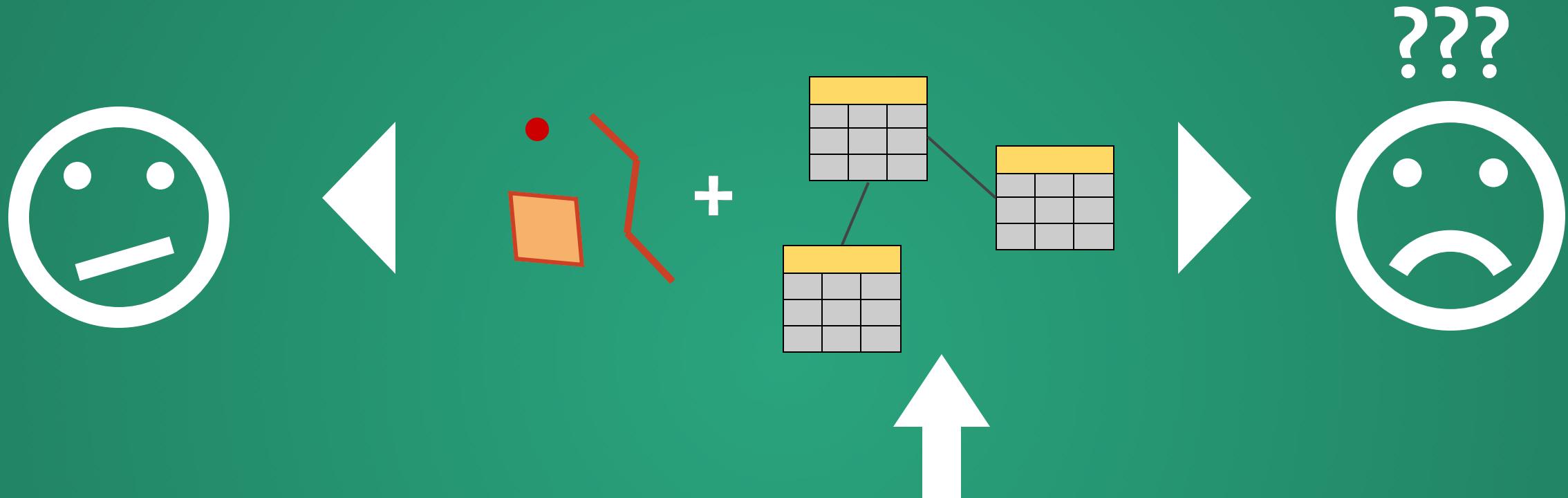
Geography Markup Language

TopoJSON

Exchanging Complex Features



Exchanging Complex Features



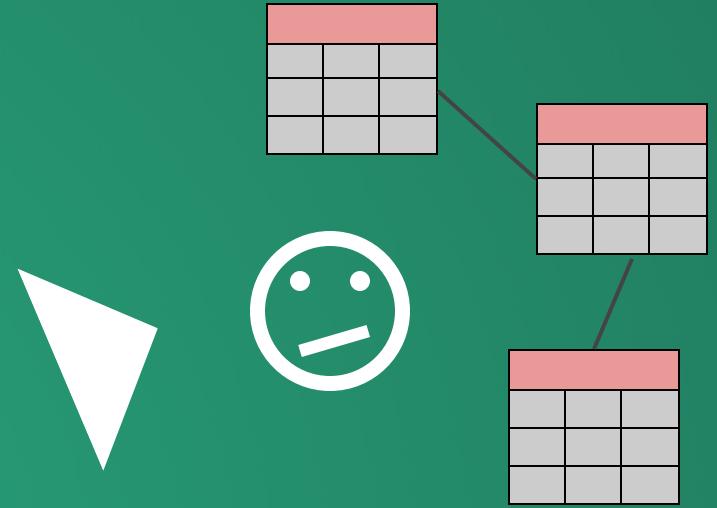
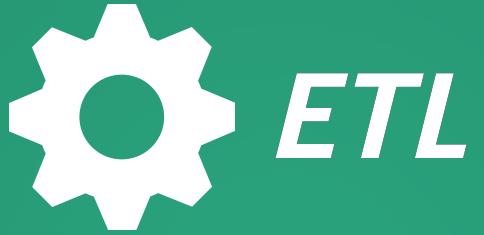
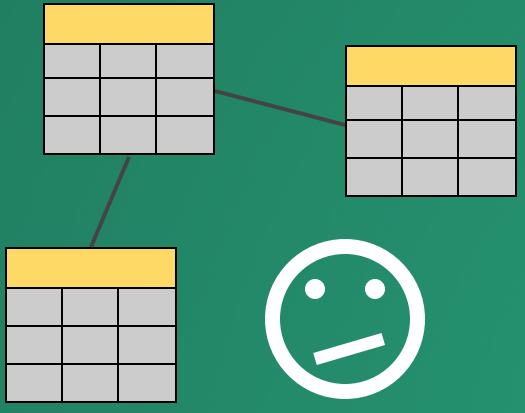
Why do we want that?!

Cleaner modelling

Data consistency

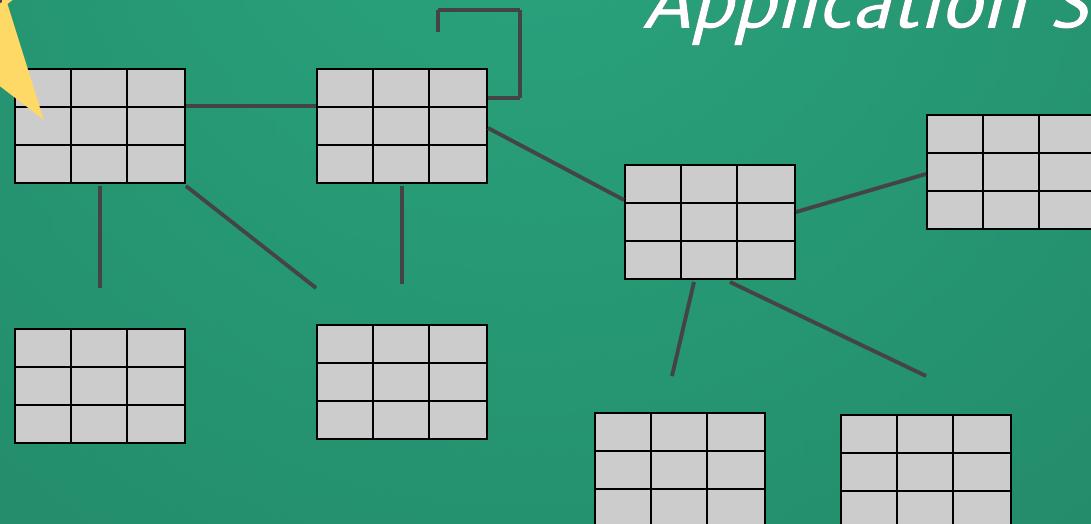
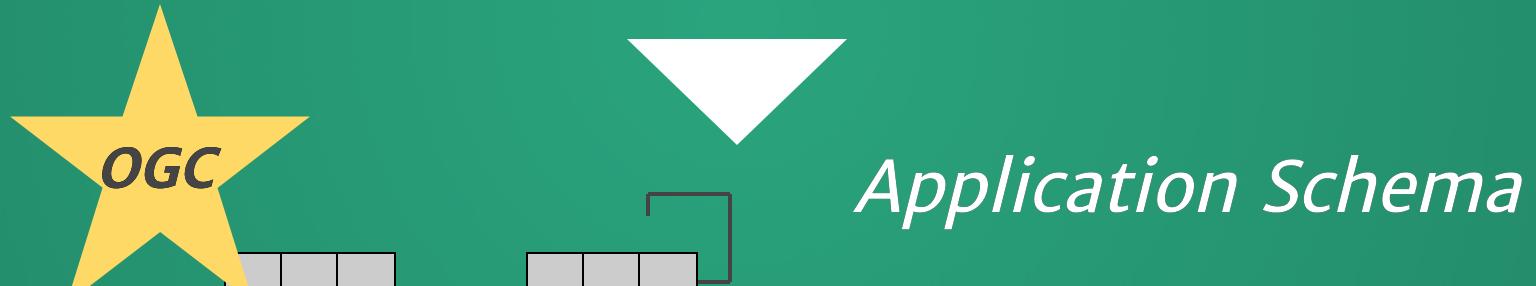
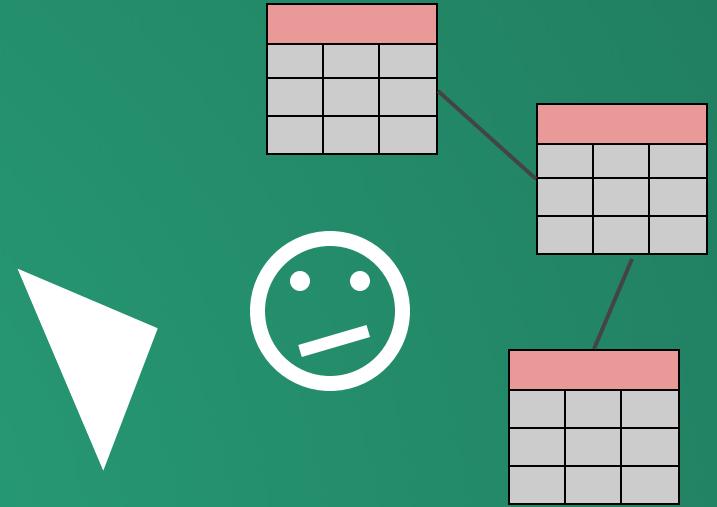
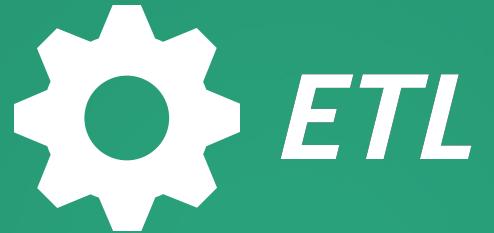
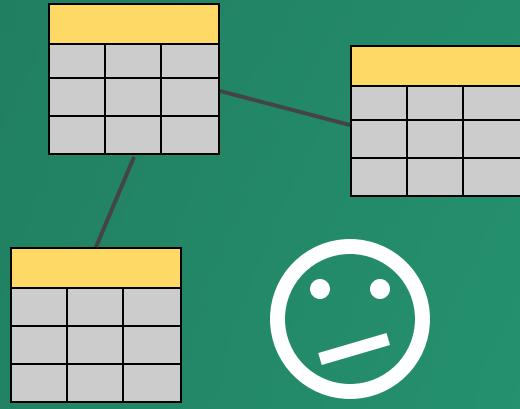
Less redundancy

Talking standard?!

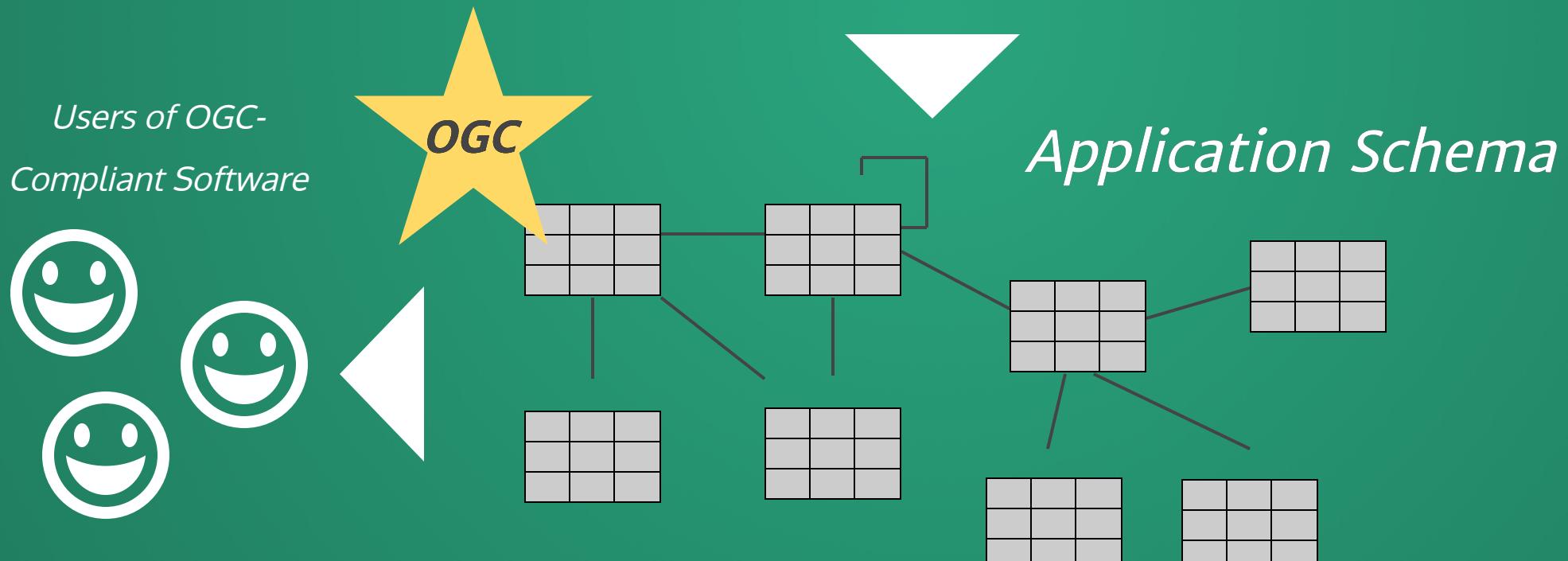
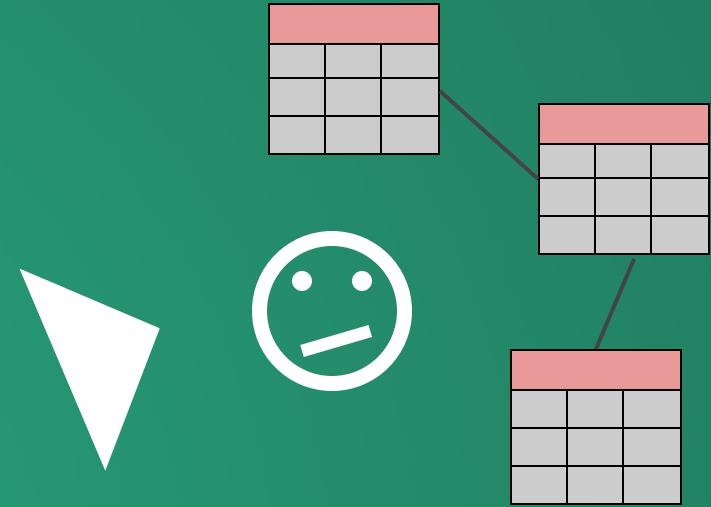
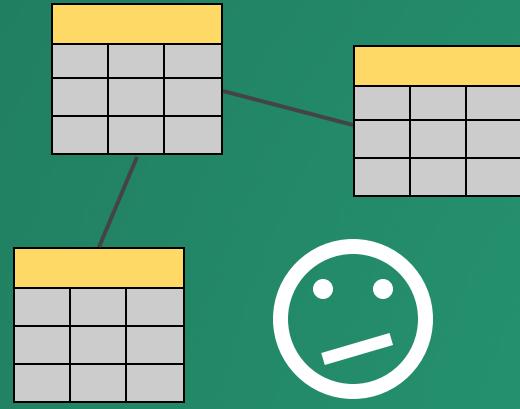


|

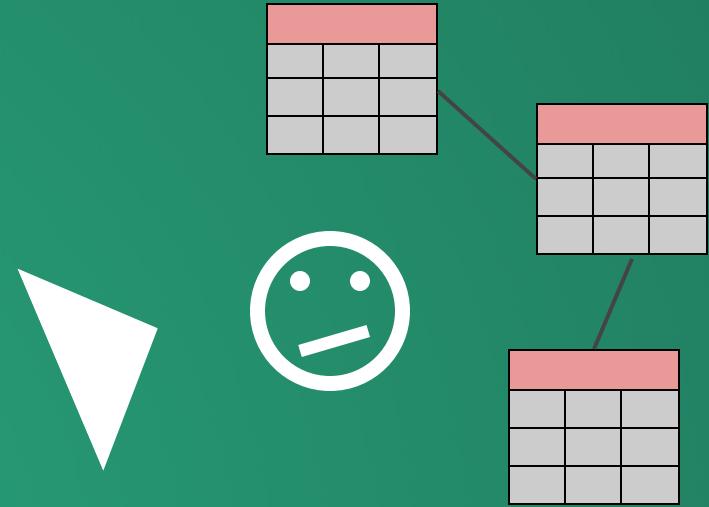
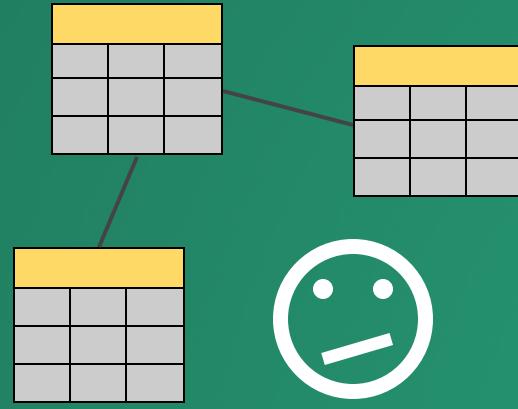
Talking standard?!



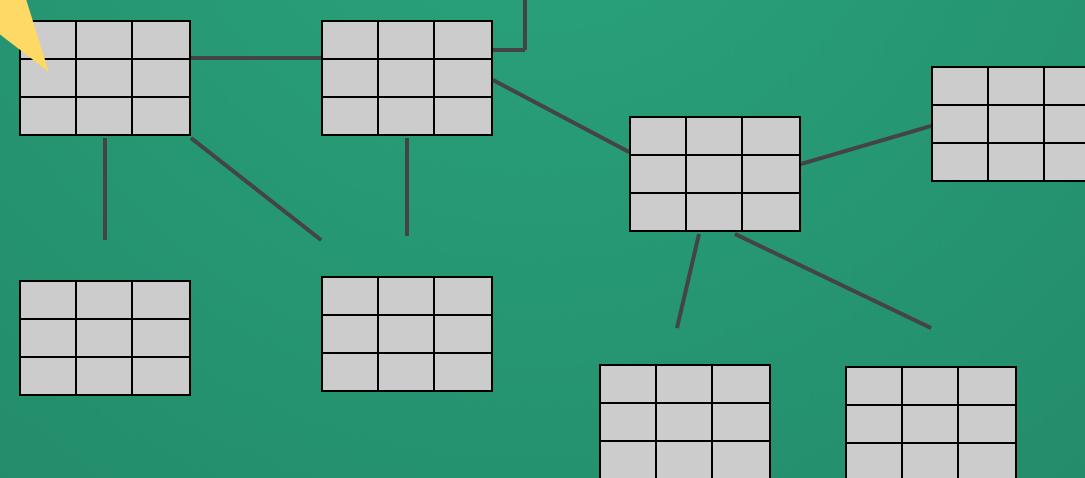
Talking standard?!



Talking standard?!



*Users of OGC-
Compliant Software*



Application Schema



But why?!

- Too complex. I want JSON.
- There's metadata for this.
- Who is using it anyway?
- MVP, hello?! Let's sprint!
- Customer doesn't care...

@potree

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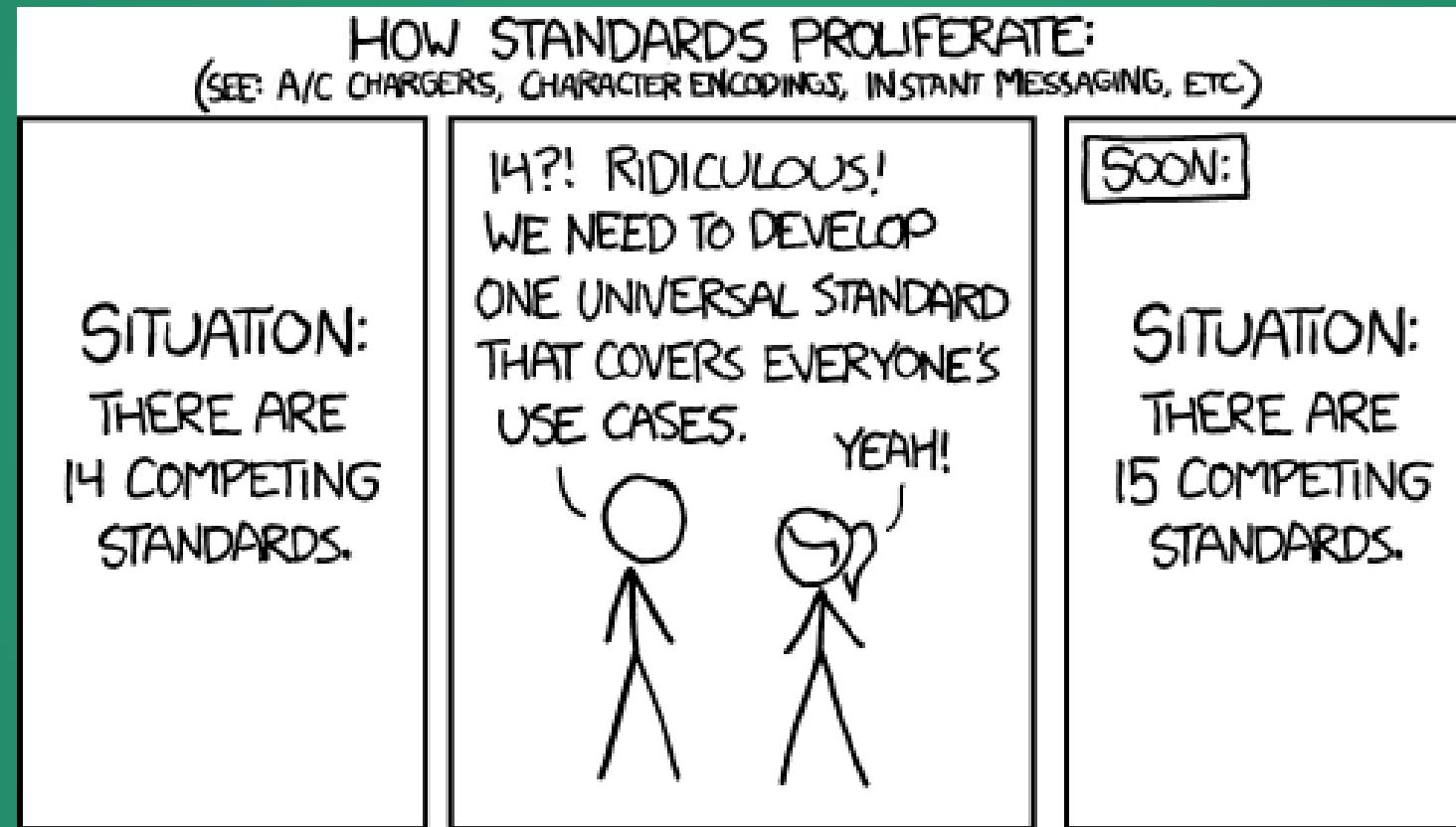
Darum

- Exit data integration hell
- Watch out data producers!
- Yes, there are glitches ... but tests are getting better and easier.
- Protection shield against start ups
- Standardized labeling to use with Machine Learning (just think about it...)

Requirements vs. Standard

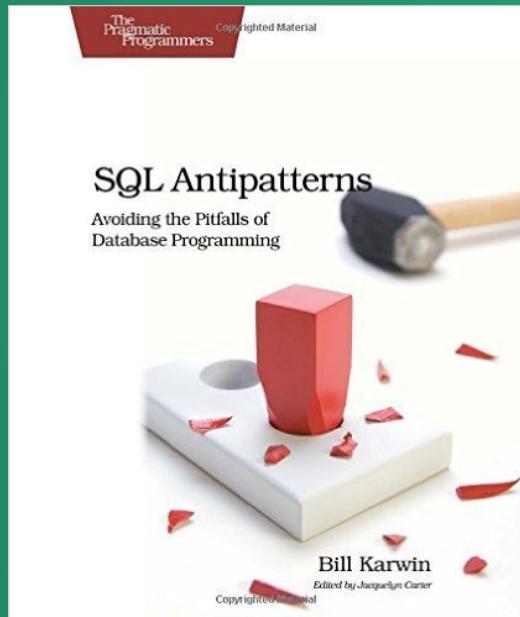
What if the standard doesn't go far enough?

Option 1 - DIY



<https://xkcd.com/927/>

Option 2 - Make it fit somehow



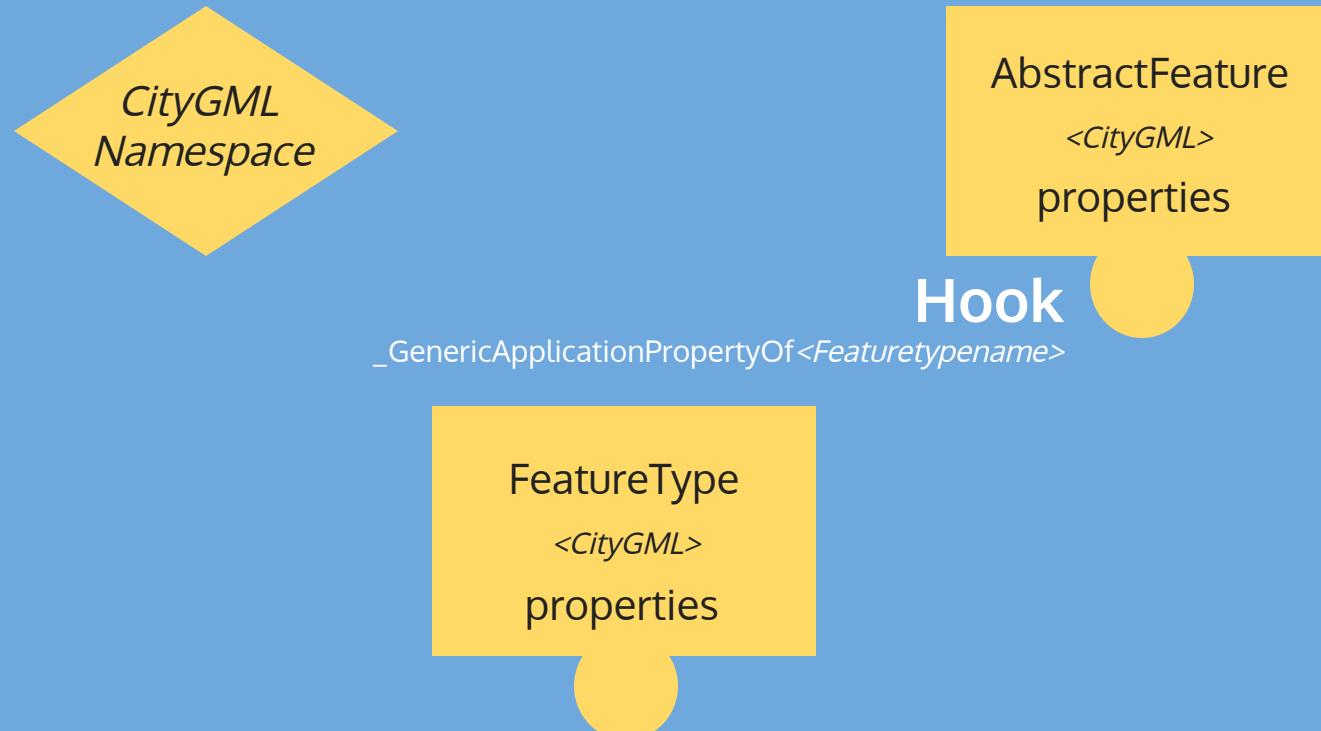
- Use generic classes in case the standard provides them
- Pro: Existing tools can be used
- Con: Cannot validate the semantic content

Option 3 - Join SWG

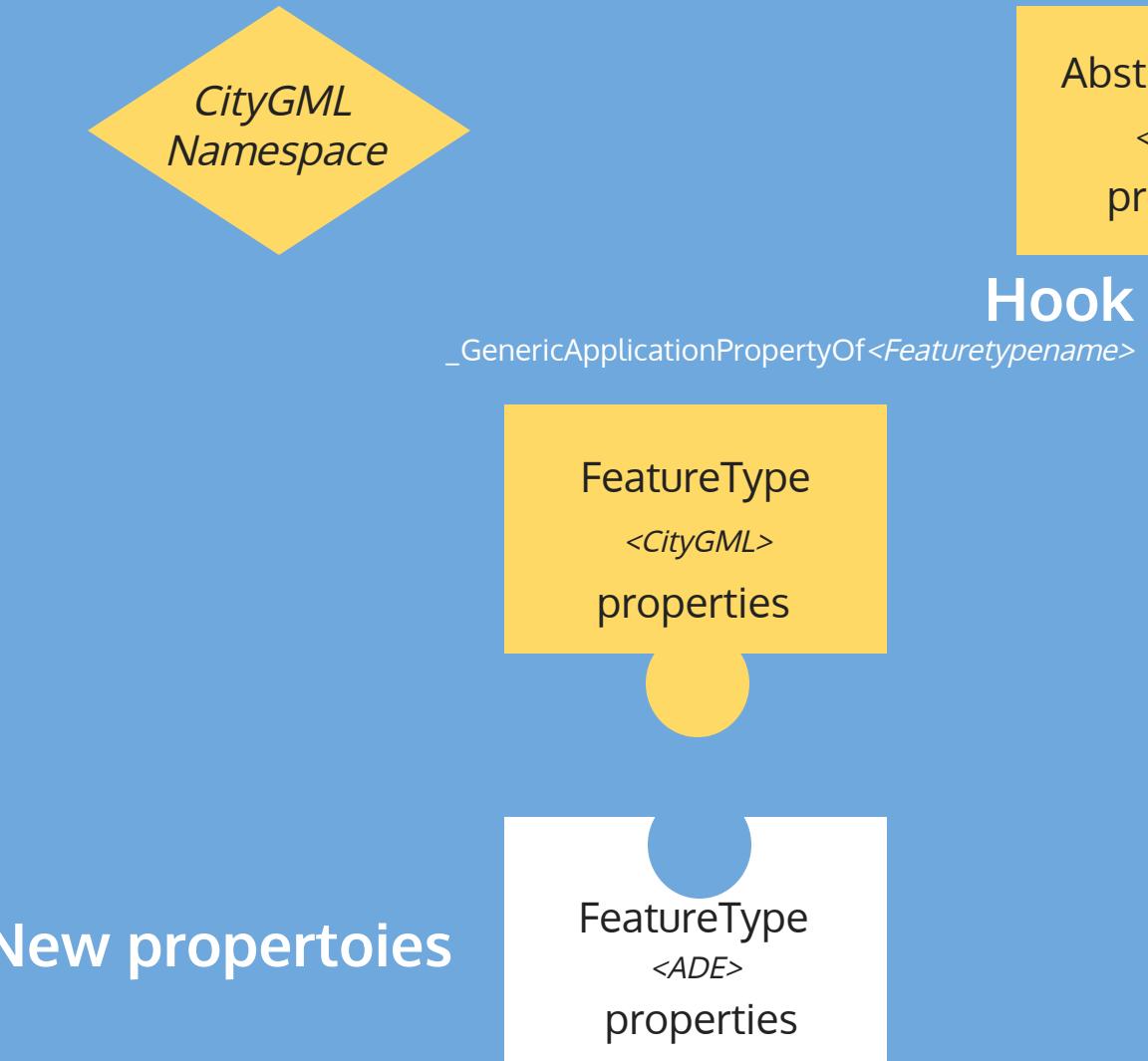


<http://dilbert.com/strip/2011-08-02>

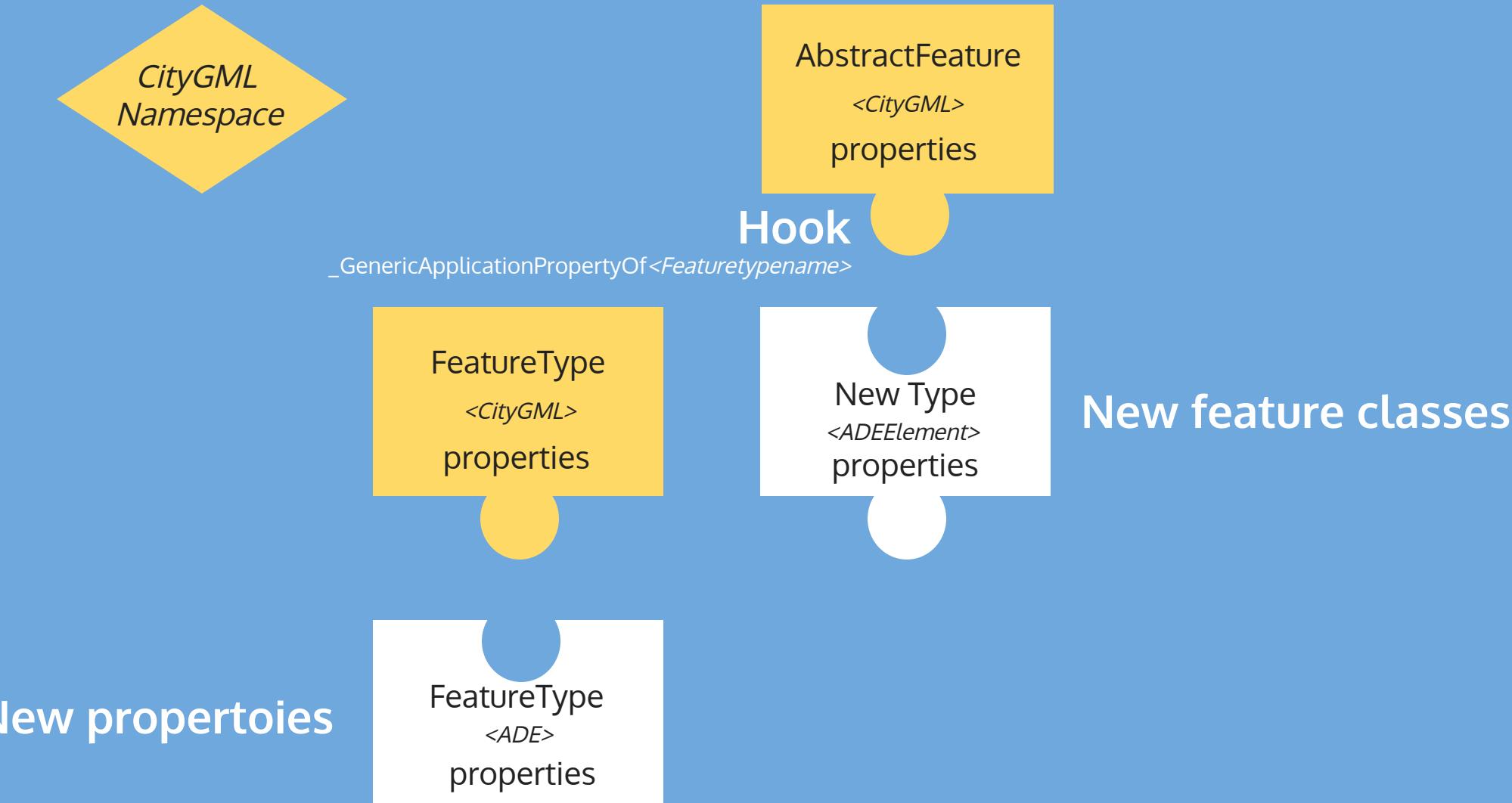
Option 4 - Get hooked



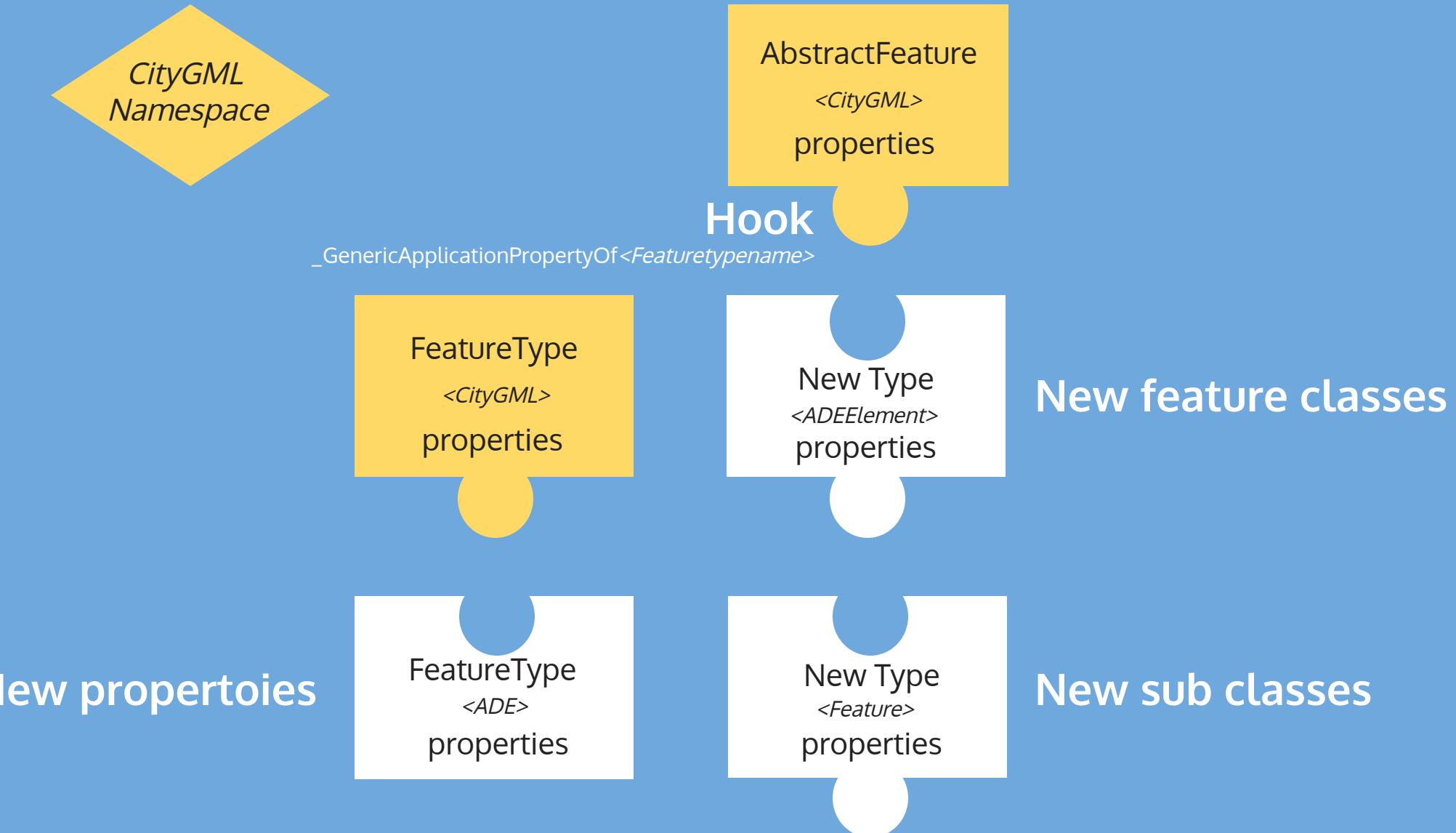
Option 4 - Get hooked



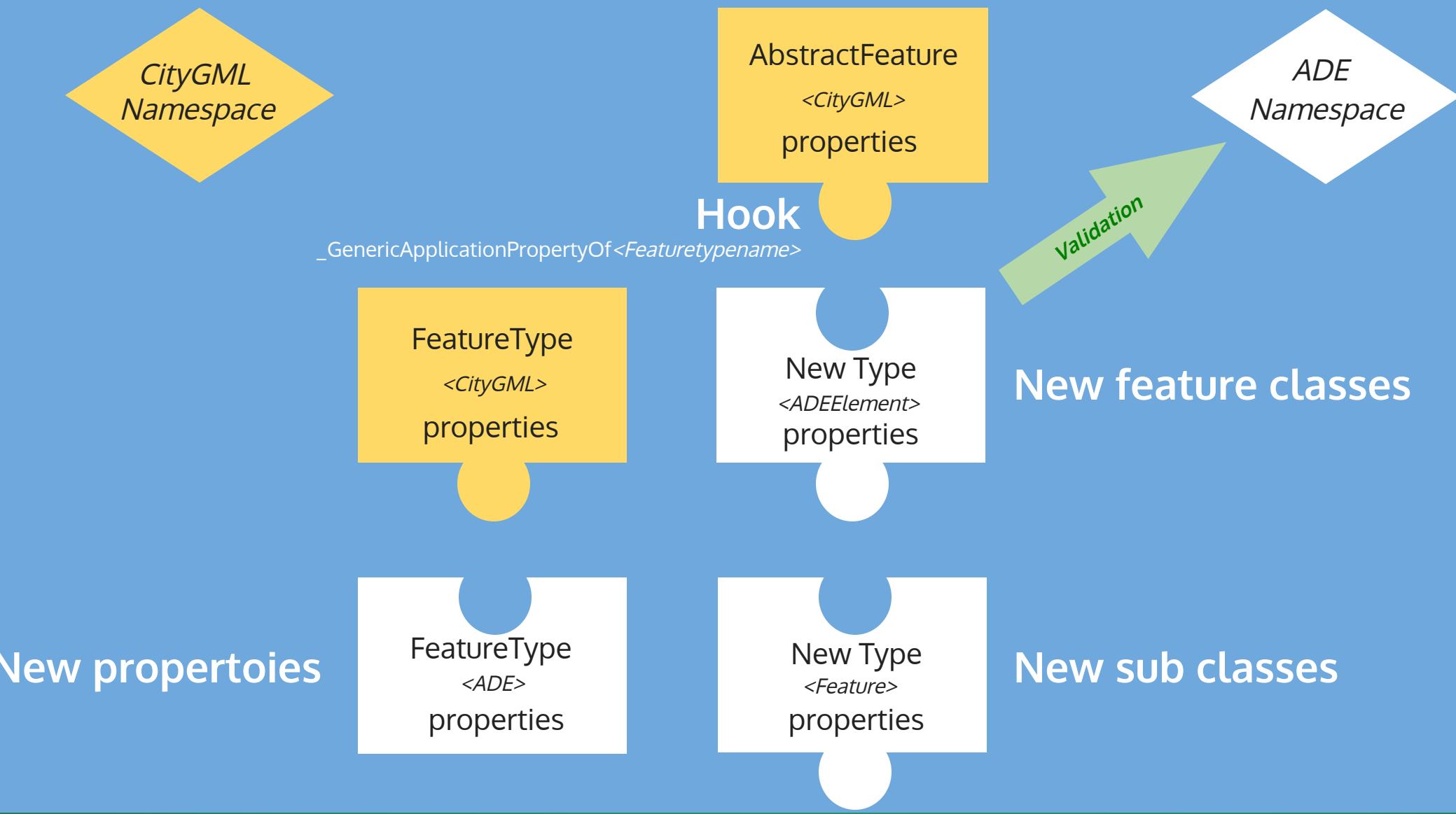
Option 4 - Get hooked

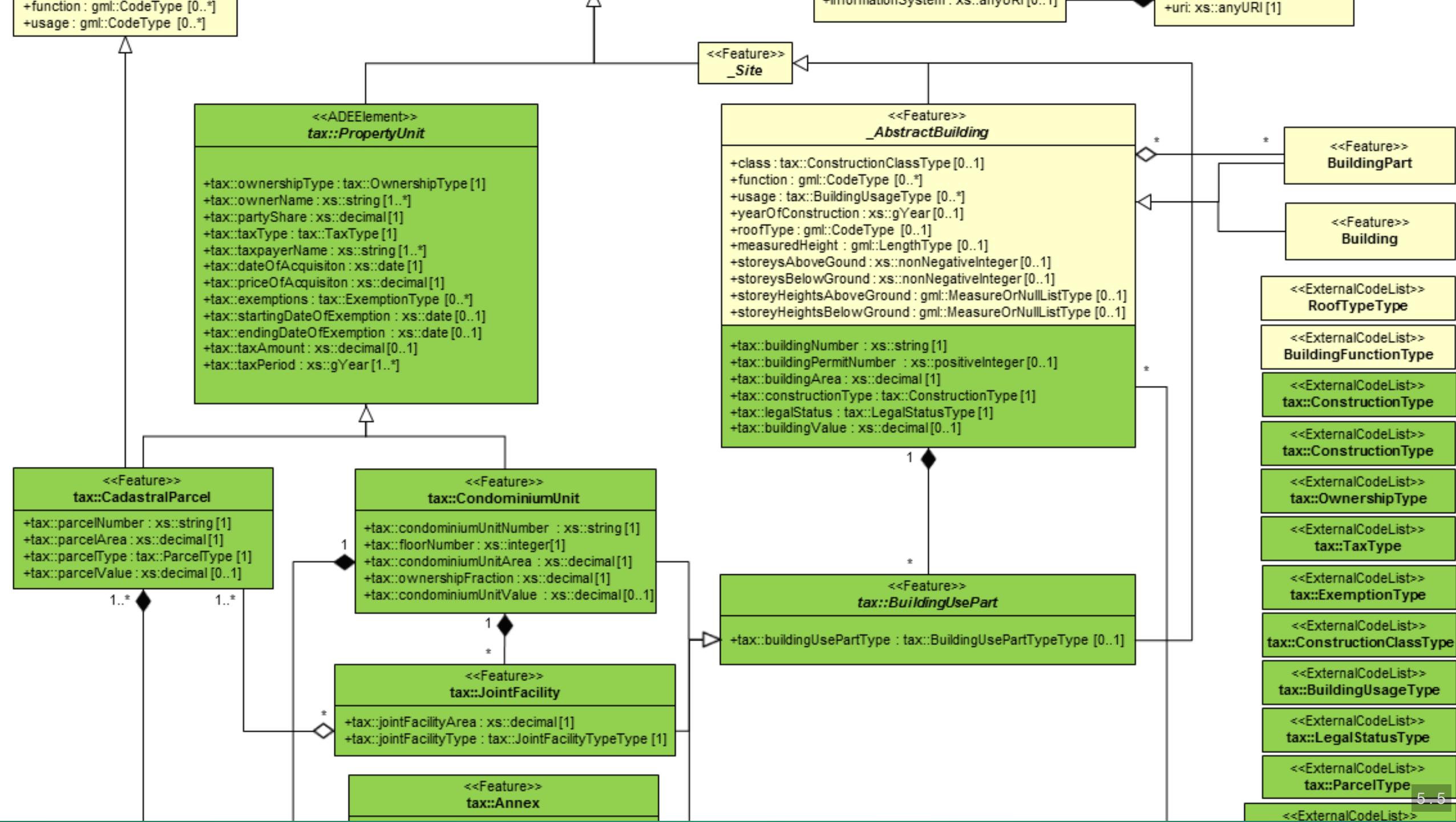


Option 4 - Get hooked



Option 4 - Get hooked





So what about the database?

Objekt <-> Relational

- Oooold topic (impedence mismatch) ...
- One table for each class and complex type etc.?
- Mapping of hierachies and inheritance?
- De-/Normalization (Avoiding JOINS)?
- Extendable XML schema: Map once vs. map often

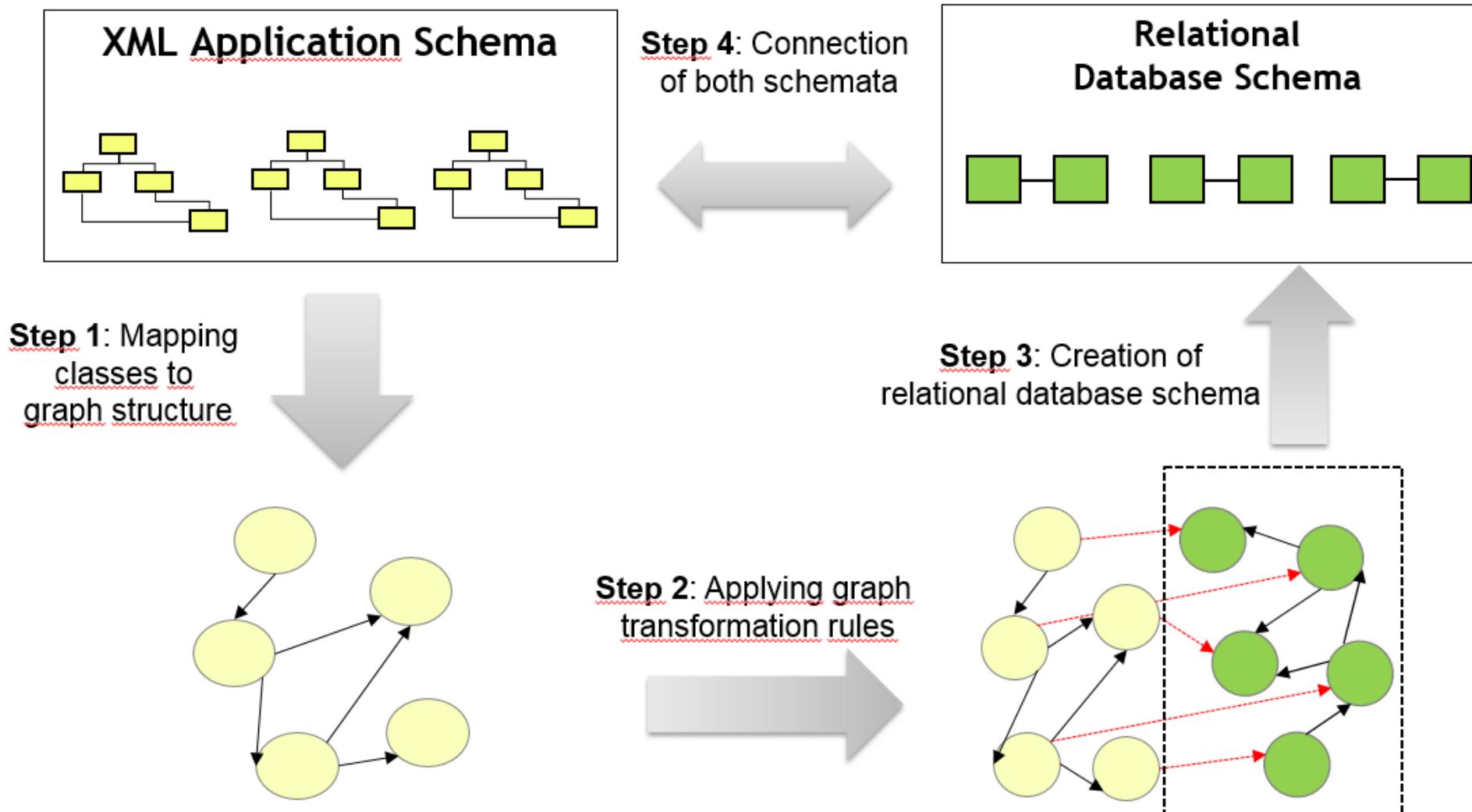
3D City Database

- UML classes edited manually
- Database schema edited manually
- ~ 60 table for CityGML v2.0
- Hard-coded Im/Exporter in Java
- WFS-to-SQL using an XML config file
- **New:** Extendable by arbitrary CityGML ADEs
- Repo: github.com/3dcitydb
- hub.docker.com/r/tumgis/3dcitydb-postgis

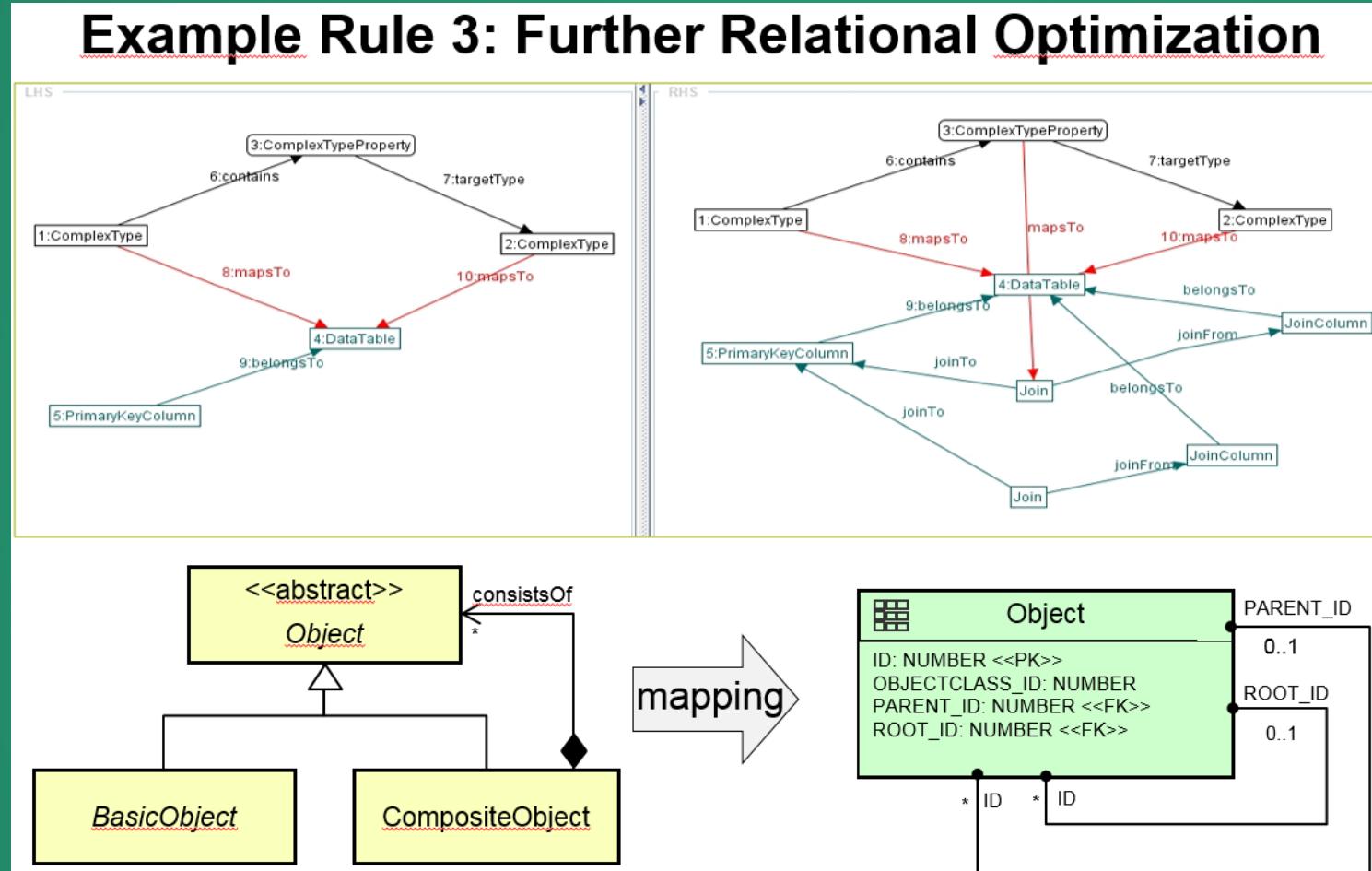


Workflow of Model Transformation using GTS

http://www.dgpf.de/src/tagung/jt2017/proceedings/proceedings/papers/30_DGPF2017_Yao_Kolbe.pdf



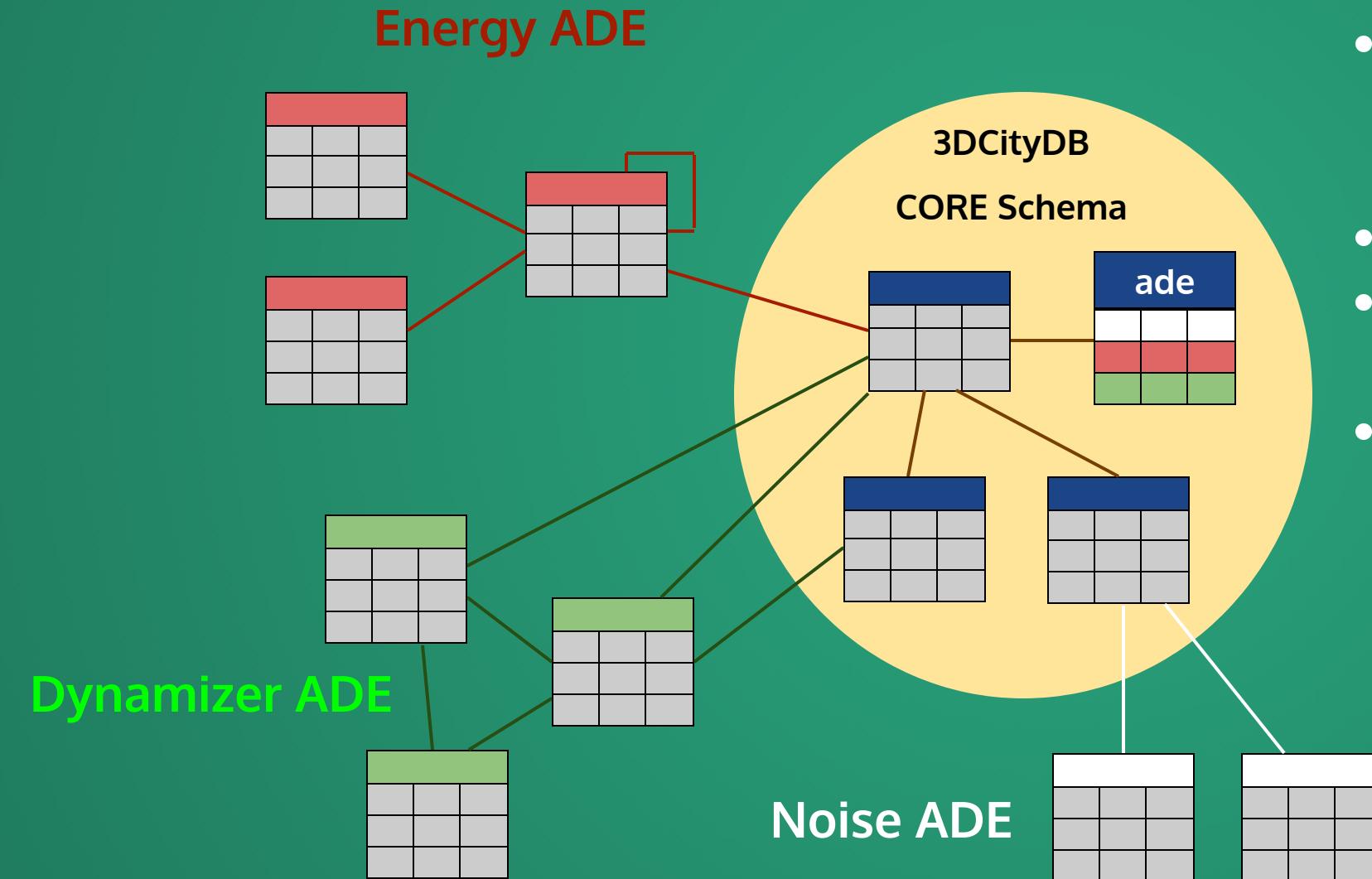
Atributed Graph Grammar



Homepage: <http://www.user.tu-berlin.de/o.runge/agg/index.html>

Repo(?): <https://github.com/de-tu-berlin-tfs/Henshin-Editor/tree/master/de.tub.tfs.agg>

ADE Management



- Automatic mapping into tables and generation of stored procedures*
- Core schema isn't changed
- Class extensions are stored in new tables
- Some implementation still required for enabling imports and exports

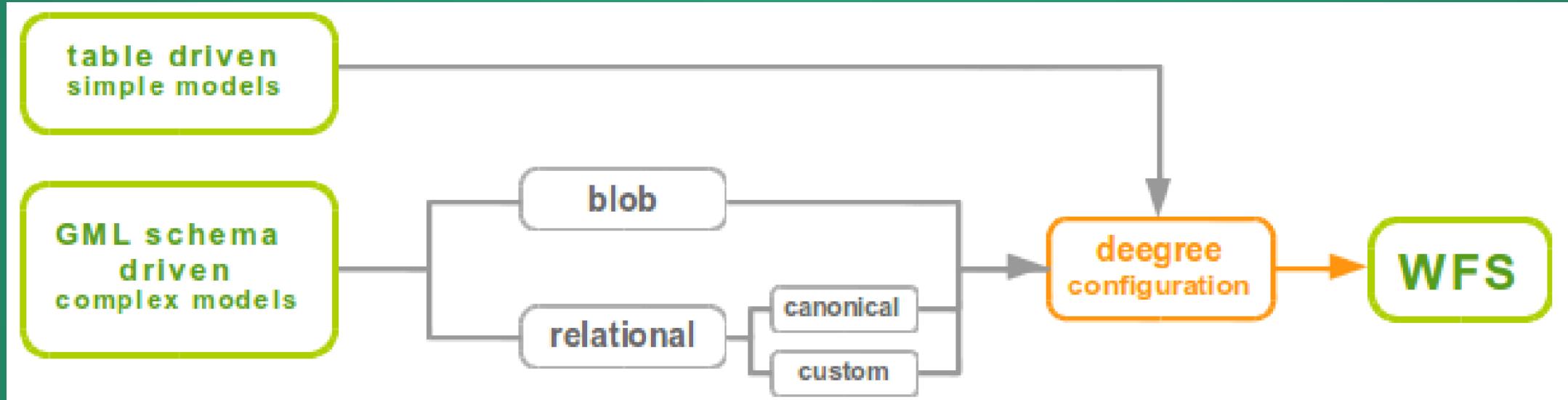
deegree Feature Store

- One-time mapping via CLI (v3.4+)
- CityGML = 422 tables (maybe more)
- BLOB-Mode for faster exports
- Configurable mapping (XML)
- Support for more GMLAS (XPlan Toolbox, AIXM)
- PostGIS, Oracle, MS-SQL and (soon) GeoPackage

Docs:

<http://download.deegree.org/documentation/3.3.0/html/features.html#application-schemas>

deegree Feature Store



Stenger 2017, FOSSGIS Passau

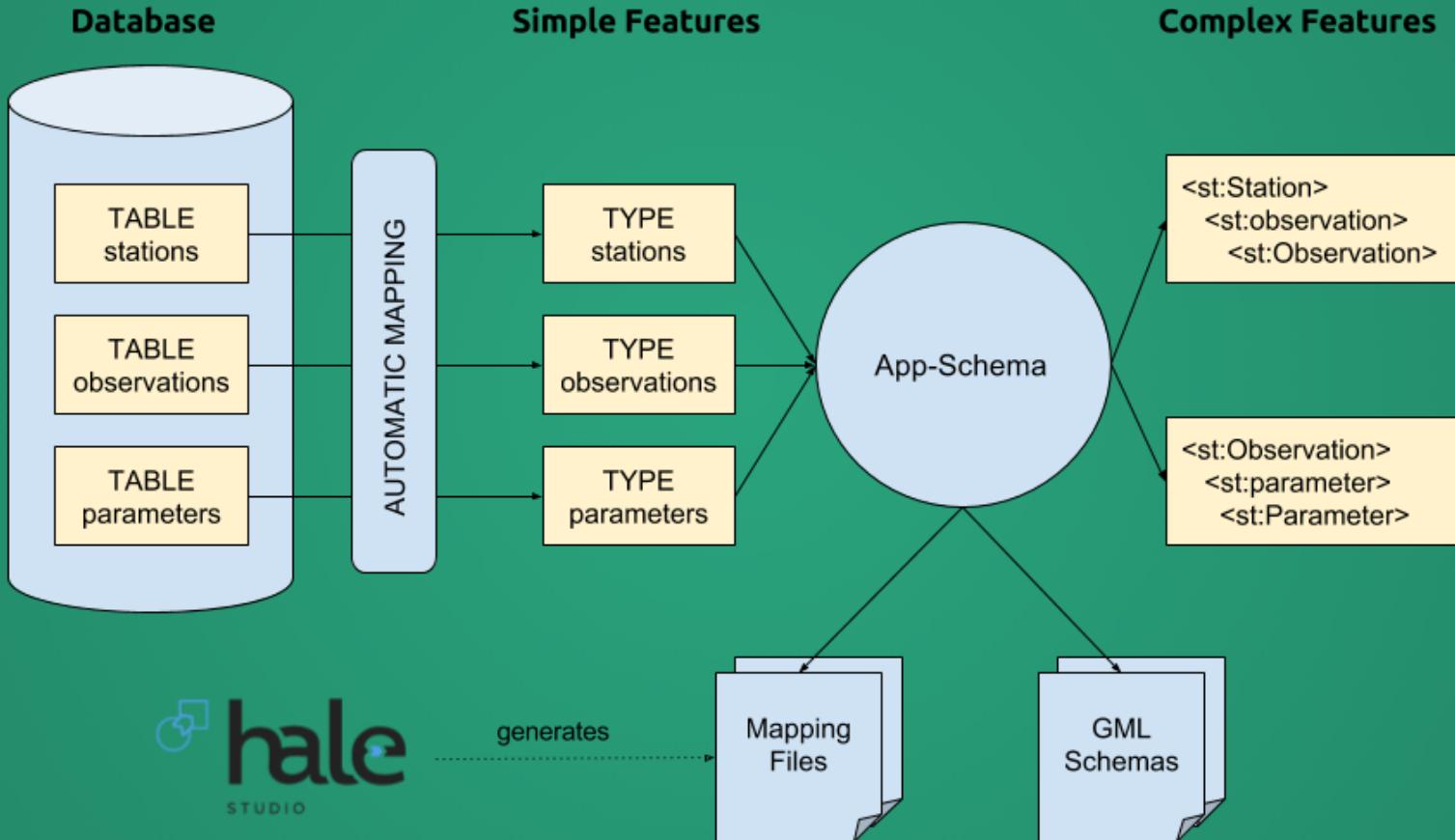
CLI interface: <https://github.com/lat-lon/deegree-cli-utility>

Geoserver app-schema

- Separate extension to Geoserver
- Database schema must already exist
- 1:n relationships: *Feature Chaining* and *Joining*
- n:m relationships: *Denormalized Views*
- Use **Hale** to create the mapping and export as GeoServer *app-schema*
- PostGIS, Oracle, MongoDB, SolR

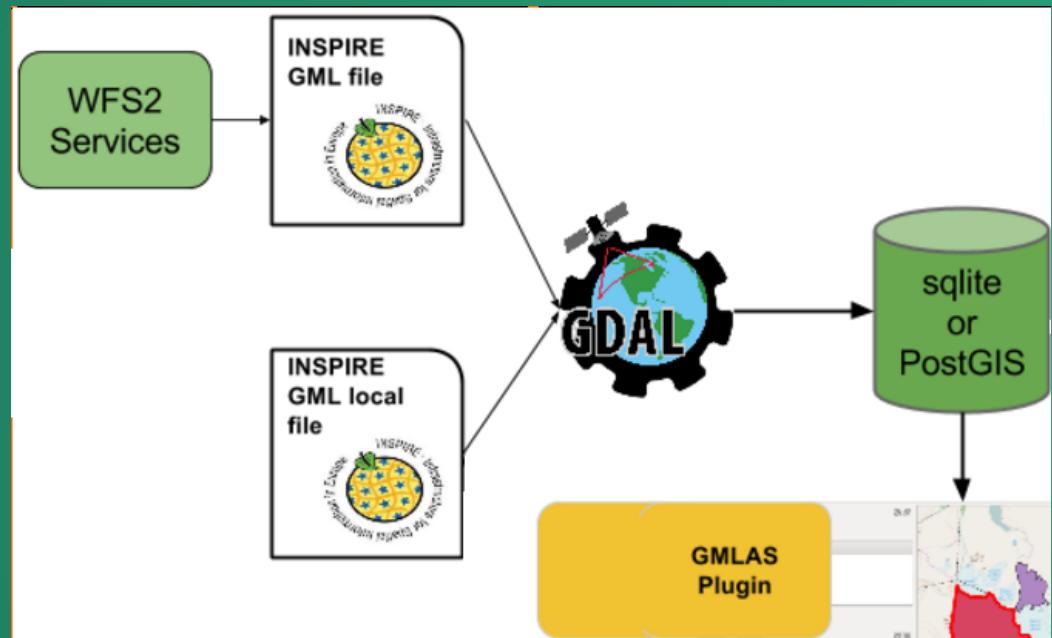
Docs: <http://docs.geoserver.org/latest/en/user/data/app-schema/tutorial.html>

Geoserver app-schema



Tutorial: https://geoserver.geo-solutions.it/edu/en/complex_features/index.html

BRGM QGIS GMLAS Toolbox



- Based on **GDAL GMLAS** driver
- Very generic, not much to configure
- CityGML = 1412 tables
- Modes: Create, Update, Append, Overwrite
- PostGIS, SQLite

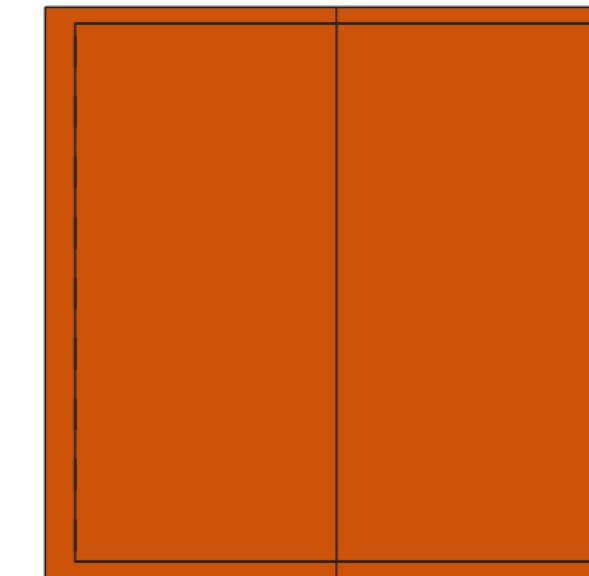
GDAL: http://www.gdal.org/drv_gmlas_mapping_examples.html

BRGM: https://github.com/BRGM/gml_application_schema_toolbox



layer

- layer
- bldg_window__generiapplicproperofcityobject_generiattribuset
 - bldg_window (lod4multisurface)
 - bldg_window
 - bldg_wallsurface_opening
 - bldg_wallsurface_name
 - bldg_wallsurface_metadataproperty
 - bldg_wallsurface_generalizesto
 - bldg_wallsurface_externalreference_externalreference
 - bldg_wallsurface (lod4multisurface)
 - bldg_wallsurface (lod3multisurface)
 - bldg_wallsurface
 - bldg_wallsurfac__generiapplicproperofcityobject_uriatribute
 - bldg_wallsurfac__generiapplicproperofcityobject_intattribute
 - bldg_wallsurfac__generiapplicproperofcityobject_appearance
 - bldg_wallsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_dateattribute
 - bldg_wallsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_stringattribute
 - bldg_wallsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_measurattribute
 - bldg_wallsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_generiattribset
 - bldg_wallsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_doubleattribute
 - bldg_roofsurface_opening
 - bldg_roofsurface_name
 - bldg_roofsurface_metadataproperty
 - bldg_roofsurface_generalizesto
 - bldg_roofsurface_externalreference_externalreference
 - bldg_roofsurface (lod4multisurface)
 - bldg_roofsurface (lod3multisurface)
 - bldg_roofsurface
 - bldg_roofsurfac__generiapplicproperofcityobject_uriatribute
 - bldg_roofsurfac__generiapplicproperofcityobject_intattribute
 - bldg_roofsurfac__generiapplicproperofcityobject_appearance
 - bldg_roofsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_dateattribute
 - bldg_roofsurfa__generiapplicproperofcityobject_stringattribute



GML App Schema Toolbox

[Download](#) [Convert](#) [Export](#) [Help](#)
[Load layer list](#)

707 layer(s) found:

- powerdistributionsystem (0)
- powerdistributionsystem_distributes (0)
- powerdistributionsystem_externalreference_externalreference (0)
- powerdistributionsystem_generalizesto (0)
- powerdistributionsystem_installedin (0)

 Filter by extent

xmin,ymin,xmax,ymax,EPSG:srs_id

Miscellaneous options

- Create OGR metadata tables
- Create null constraints
- Convert to linear geometry
- Skip failures

Swap coordinates

Language en

Target database

 SQLite PostgreSQL

Database pg_brgm

Schema public

 Source SRS Ungültige Projektion

 Reprojeto to EPSG:28992 - Amersfoort / RD New
 Write mode Create Update Append Overwrite[Convert](#)[Load and configure layers](#)

More OS solutions

UML to DB schema:

ShapeChange: <https://github.com/ShapeChange>

xmi2db: <https://github.com/pkorduan/xmi2db>

ili2db: <https://github.com/claeis/ili2db>

ETL:

stetl: <https://github.com/geopython/stetl>

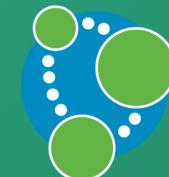
You know more? Please, tell me!

NoSQL

- Schemaless = support for extendable GMLAS out-of-the-box
- Fast I/O, ideal as application state, e.g. **GeoRocket** (MongoDB)
- **Not** relational vs. NoSQL, relational **AND** NoSQL
- Existing research: MongoDB, BaseX, Neo4j, ArangoDB



mongoDB®



Conclusion

- Customizable mapping with graphs
- Still a very complex topic
- But entrance barrier is getting lower
- ADEs: More independence, more reliable
- What is the right tool?
 - CityGML? > 3DCityDB
 - GML to DB? > GDAL
 - GML to DB + WFS > deegree
 - DB to GML > HALE + Geoserver
 - Just storage > NoSQL

That's it. Questions?

Felix Kunde

Beuth Hochschule

@FlxKu

Slides: https://slides.com/fxku/gmlas_db_foss4g