Classification of Vibrations Forced vibration: If the disturbing force do not act during the period of vibration, it is called free vibration. If the disturbing force acts at periodical interval during the vibration of the elastic body, it is called forced vibration. Free vibrations are again classified into 2 types. Longitudinal, Transverse and Torsional vibrations. If the vibration takes place along the axis of the vibrating body, then the vibration is known as longitudinal vibration eg: Vibration of a spring mass system. If the vibration takes place perpendicular to the axis of the body, then it is known as transverse vibration eg: vibration of a simple pendulum Torseonal vibration refers to the motion of a shaft in which the shaft is twisted about its axis first in one direction and then released.





