TEMA 0: INTRODUCCIÓ

SUMATORIS

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_{i} = a_{1} + a_{2} + \dots + a_{n};$$

$$si \quad n \leq m: \quad \sum_{i=n}^{m} a_{i} = a_{n} + a_{n+1} + \dots + a_{m}$$

$$\sum_{i=n}^{m} f(i) = f(n) + f(n+1) + \dots + f(m)$$

Canvi d'índex: $i' = i + i_o$

Propietats:

$$\sum_{i=n}^{m} (f(i) + g(i)) = \left(\sum_{i=n}^{m} f(i)\right) + \left(\sum_{i=n}^{m} g(i)\right)$$

$$\sum_{i=n}^{m} cf(i) = c\sum_{i=n}^{m} f(i)$$

Casos particulars:

Progressions aritmètiques: $a_1, a_1 + d, a_1 + 2d, a_1 + 3d, a_1 + 4d, \cdots$

 $a_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}, d \text{ nombres reals i: } \quad a_{\scriptscriptstyle i} = a_{\scriptscriptstyle i-1} + d$

 a_1 , d nombres reals i: $a_i = a_1 + (i-1)d$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i = \frac{(a_1 + a_n)}{2} n$$

Progressions geomètriques: $a_1, a_1r, a_1r^2, a_1r^3, a_1r^4, \cdots$

 a_1 , r nombres reals i: $a_i = a_{i-1}r$

 a_1 , r nombres reals i: $a_i = a_1 r^{i-1}$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i = \frac{a_1 - a_n r}{1 - r} = \frac{a_n r - a_1}{r - 1}$$

PRODUCTES

$$si \quad n \le m: \qquad \prod_{i=n}^{m} f(i) = f(n) \cdot f(n+1) \cdot \dots \cdot f(m)$$

Canvi d'índex: $i' = i + i_o$

Propietats:

$$\prod_{i=n}^{m} (f(i) \cdot g(i)) = \left(\prod_{i=n}^{m} f(i)\right) \cdot \left(\prod_{i=n}^{m} g(i)\right)$$

$$\prod_{i=n}^{m} (f(i))^{c} = \left(\prod_{i=n}^{m} f(i)\right)^{c}$$

$$\prod_{i=n}^{m} c \cdot f(i) = c^{m-n+1} \prod_{i=n}^{m} f(i)$$