

WELCOME NETWORKING

Cisco Certified Networking Associate(CCNA)

200-301

(6th Class)



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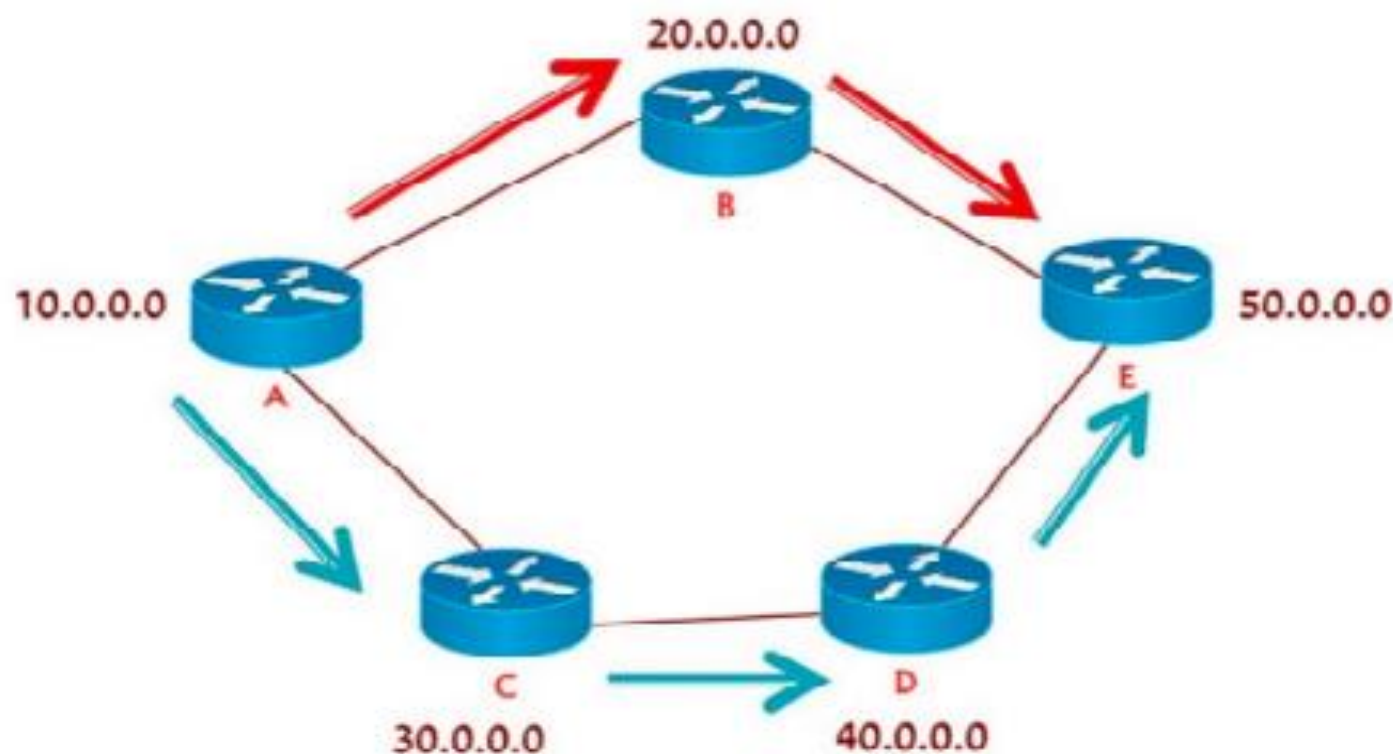
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Routing

- ▶ Forwarding of packets from one network to another network .
- ▶ choosing the best path from the routing table.



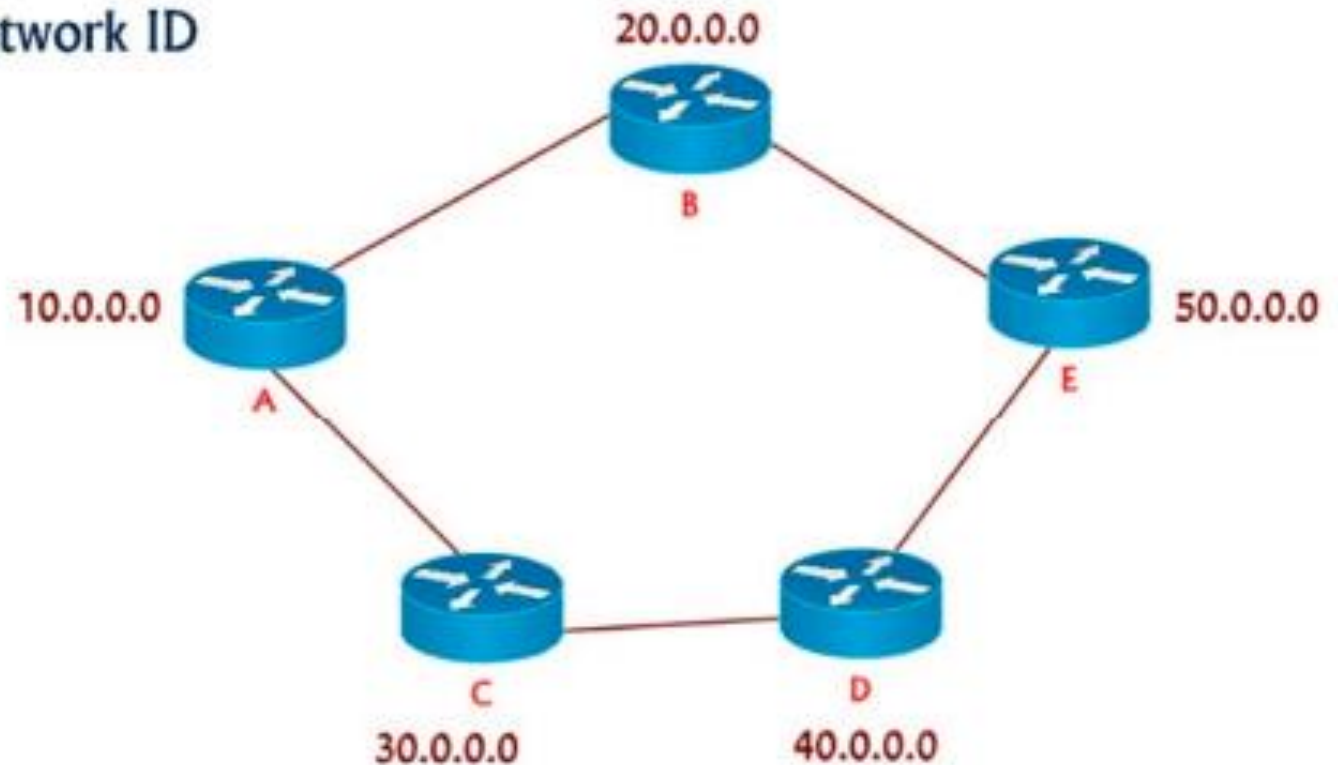
Best path selection is based on the type of routing we are using (static /Dynamic)

Types of Routing

1. Static Routing
2. Default Routing
3. Dynamic Routing

Static Routing

- ▶ Best path is configured manually by Administrator
- ▶ Mandatory need of Destination Network ID
- ▶ It is Secure & fast



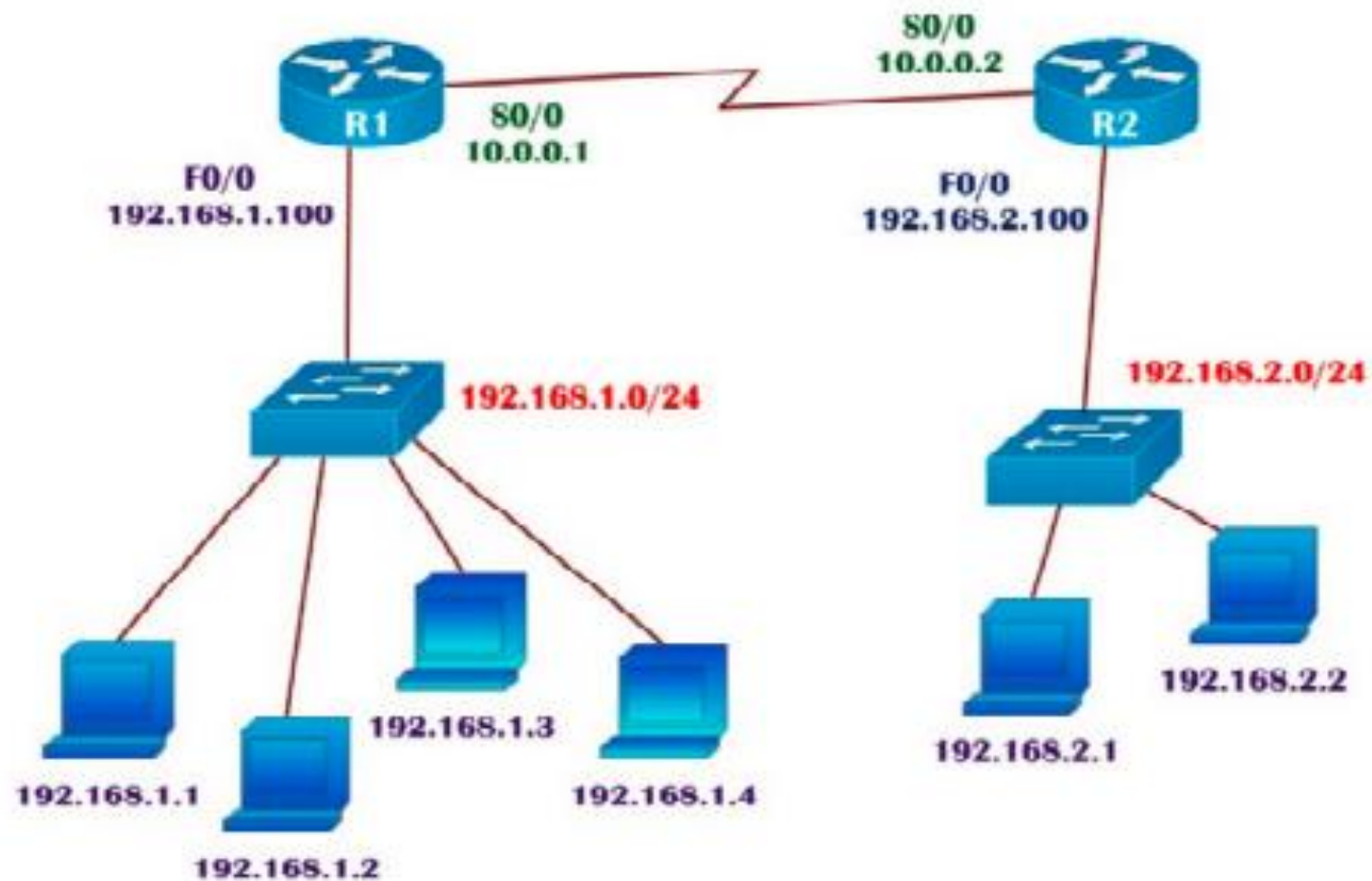
Disadvantages

- Everything to manually
- Used for small network.
- Network change effect complete network.

Configuring Static Route

Router(config)#

ip route <Destination Network ID> <Destination Subnet Mask> <Next-hop IP address >



Verification before static Routing

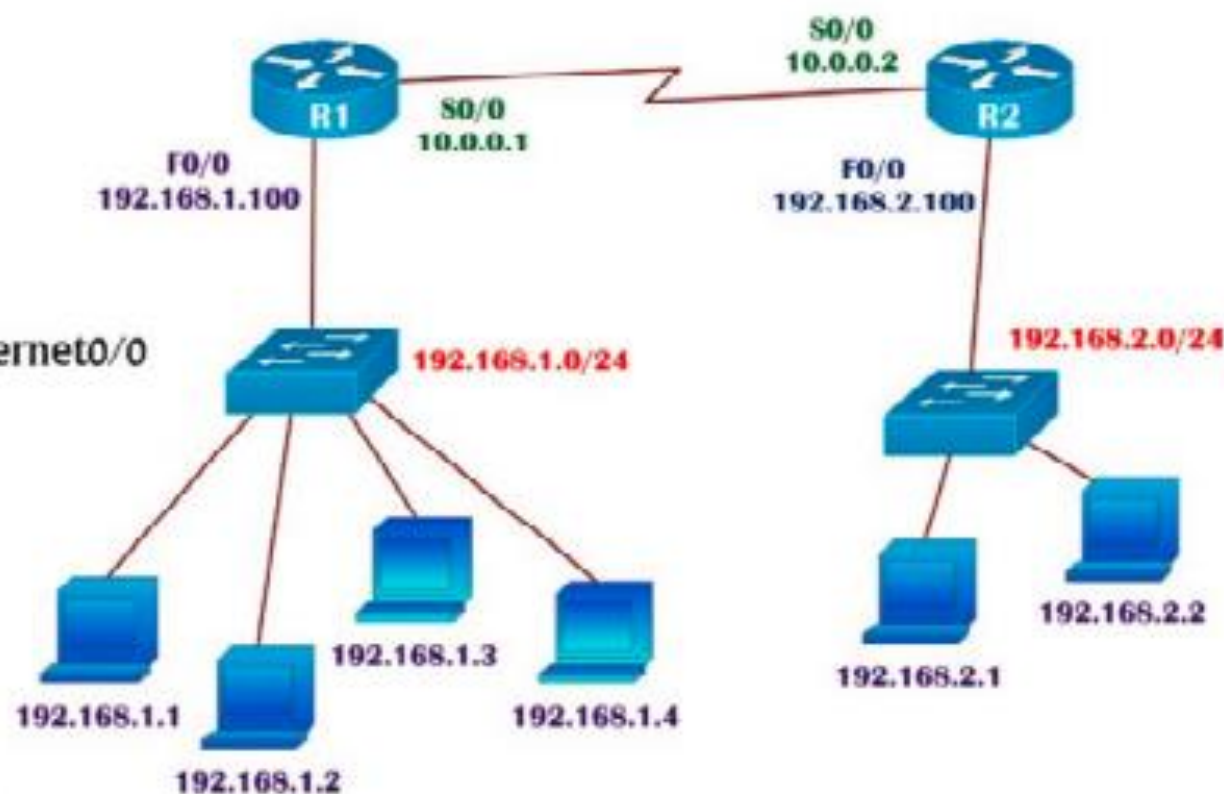
R1#show ip route

- C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0
- C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0

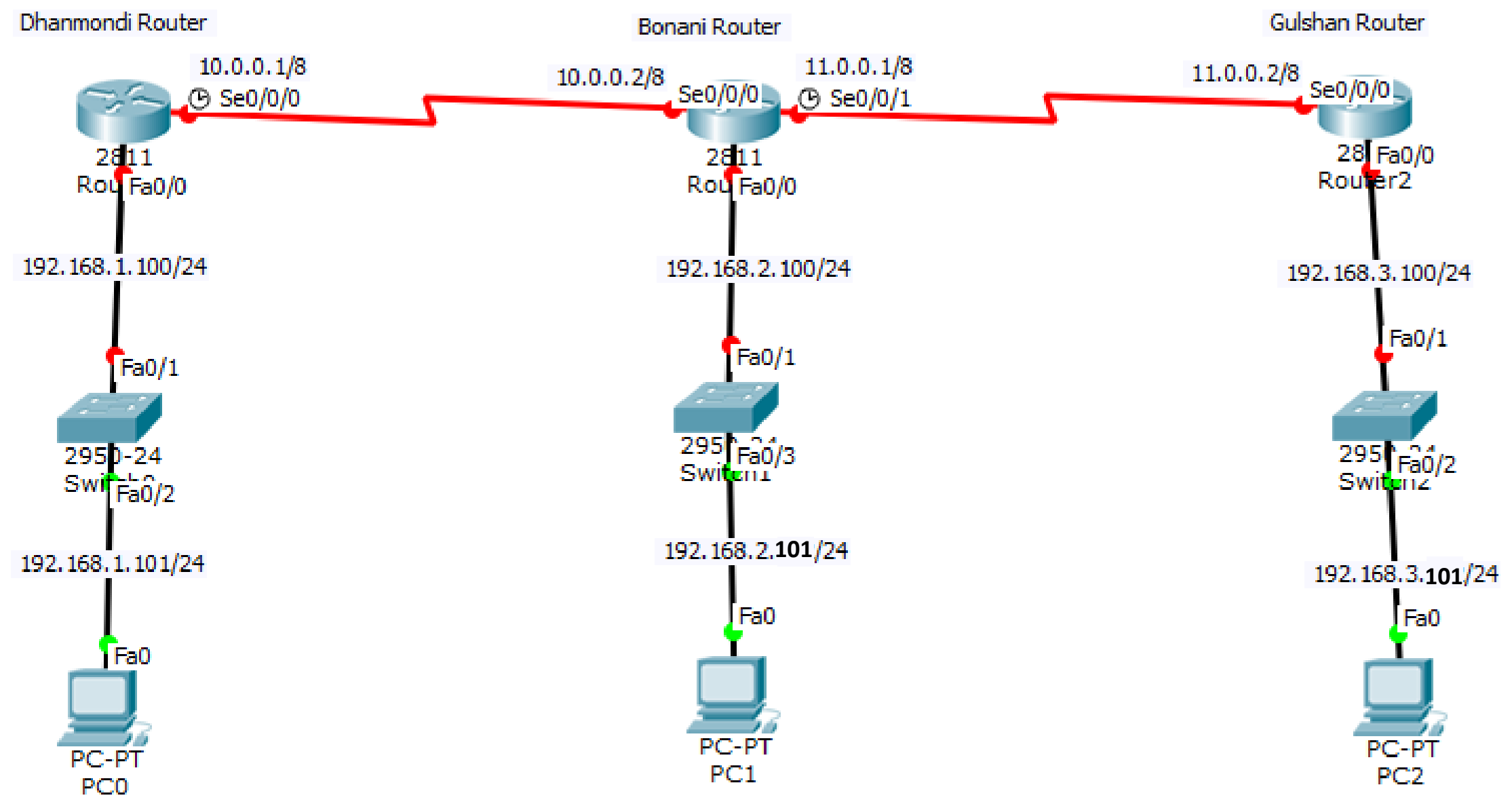
PC>ping 192.168.2.1

Pinging 192.168.2.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.100: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 192.168.1.100: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 192.168.1.100: Destination host unreachable.
Reply from 192.168.1.100: Destination host unreachable.



❖ প্রথমে প্রয়োজনীয় ডিভাইস নিয়ে ক্যাবল সংযোগ করতে হবে। তারপর প্রয়োজনীয় **lapping** করতে হবে।



Step-1: সবার প্রথমে সকল রাউটারের Interface UP করে নিতে হবে।

1. Dhanmondi router

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

2.Bonani Router

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.100 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

3.Gulshan Router

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no

```
Router>enable
```

```
Router#configure terminal
```

```
Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/0
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router(config-if)#interface fastEthernet 0/0
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.100 255.255.255.0
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
```

Step-2: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি রাউটারে প্রবেশ করে Routing Lookup or Static Routing করতে হবে।

1. Dhanmondi router:

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.2**

Router(config)#ip route **11.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 10.0.0.2**

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.2**

2. Bonani router:

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.1**

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 11.0.0.2**

3. Gulshan router:

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 11.0.0.1**

Router(config)#ip route **10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 11.0.0.1**

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 11.0.0.1**

Step-3: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি রাউটারে প্রবেশ করে ip route করে দেখতে হবে যে, প্রতিটি রাউটারে Routing হয়েছে কিনা।

1. Dhanmondi router:

Router#show ip route

```
C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0
S 11.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 10.0.0.2
C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S 192.168.2.0/24 [1/0] via 10.0.0.2
S 192.168.3.0/24 [1/0] via 10.0.0.2
```

এখানে দেখা যাচ্ছে যে, S দিয়ে যা দেখা যাচ্ছে তা হলো Static Routing. আর C দিয়ে Interface ip গুলো দেখানো হয়েছে।

2. Bonani router:

Router#show ip route

```
C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0
C 11.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/1
S 192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 10.0.0.1
C 192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S 192.168.3.0/24 [1/0] via 11.0.0.2
```

3. Gulshan router:

Router#show ip route

```
S 10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via 11.0.0.1
C 11.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0
S 192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 11.0.0.1
S 192.168.2.0/24 [1/0] via 11.0.0.1
C 192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

Step-4: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি কম্পিউটারে প্রবেশ করে IP দিতে হবে।

1. Go to PCO => Click Desktop => Click IP Configuration

IP Address	192.168.1.101
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.1.100
DNS Servers	

পরবর্তীতে IP Address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway (এটি হলো মূলত কম্পিউটার যে পোর্টের মাধ্যমে রাউটারের সাথে সংযুক্ত তার IP) দিয়ে উপরে Cross এ Click দিতে হবে।

2. Go to PC1 => Click Desktop => Click IP Configuration

IP Address	192.168.2.101
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.2.100
DNS Server	

3. Go to PC2 => Click Desktop => Click IP Configuration

IP Address	192.168.3.101
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.3.100

Step-5: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি কম্পিউটারে প্রবেশ করে ping দিয়ে Connectivity Check করতে হবে।

1. Go to PCO => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 192.168.2.101
```

Pinging 192.168.2.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

যদি এইরকম আসে তাহলে আমি অন্য কম্পিউটারের সাথে সংযুক্ত আছি। আর সংযুক্ত না থাকলে Request Time Out আসবে।

1. Go to PCO => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

PC>ping 192.168.3.101

Pinging 192.168.3.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

2. Go to PC1 => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

PC>ping 192.168.1.101

Pinging 192.168.1.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

PC>ping 192.168.3.101

Pinging 192.168.3.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

2. Go to PC2 => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 192.168.1.101
```

Pinging 192.168.1.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

PC>ping 192.168.2.101

Pinging 192.168.2.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.101 :

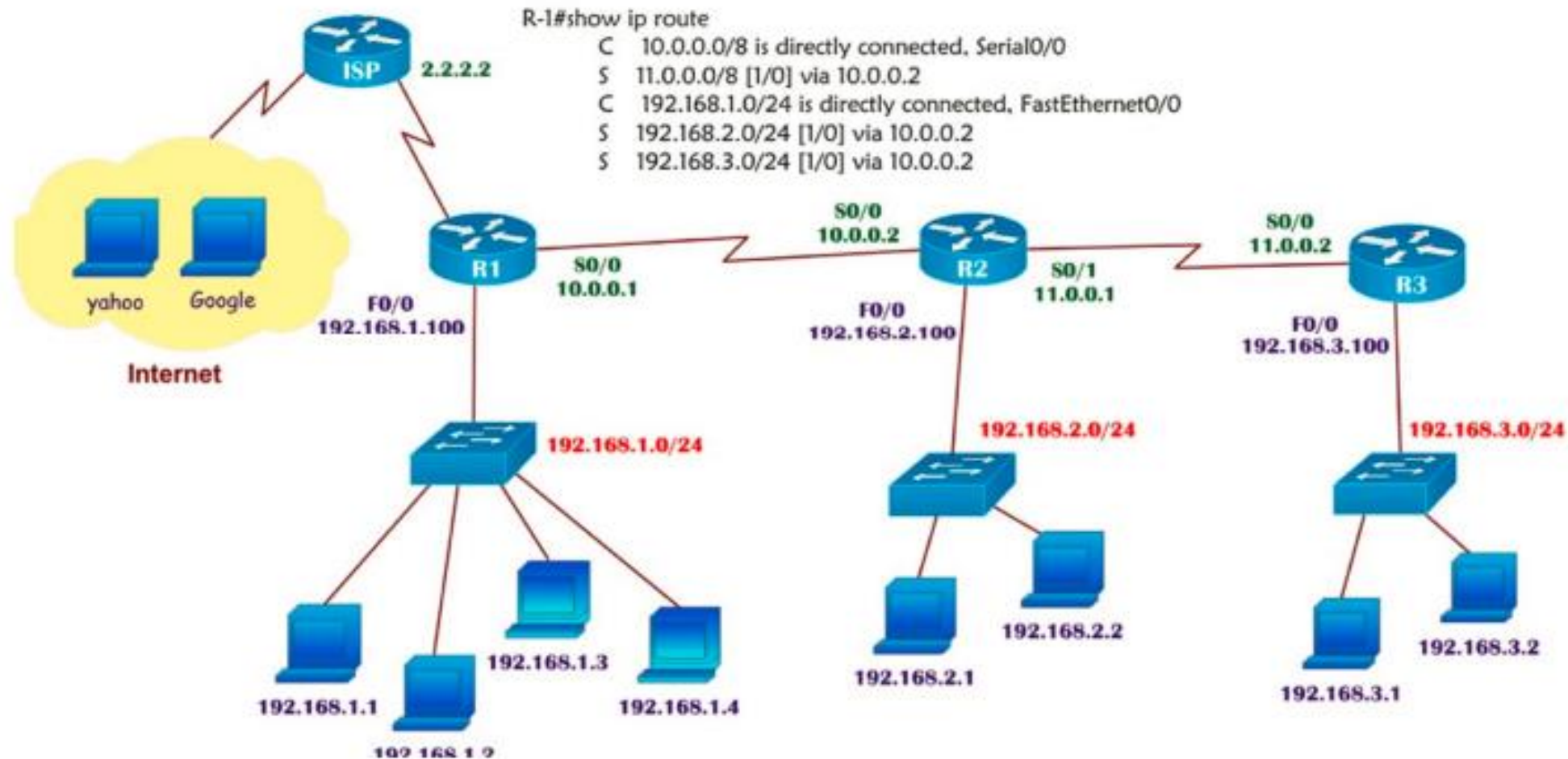
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

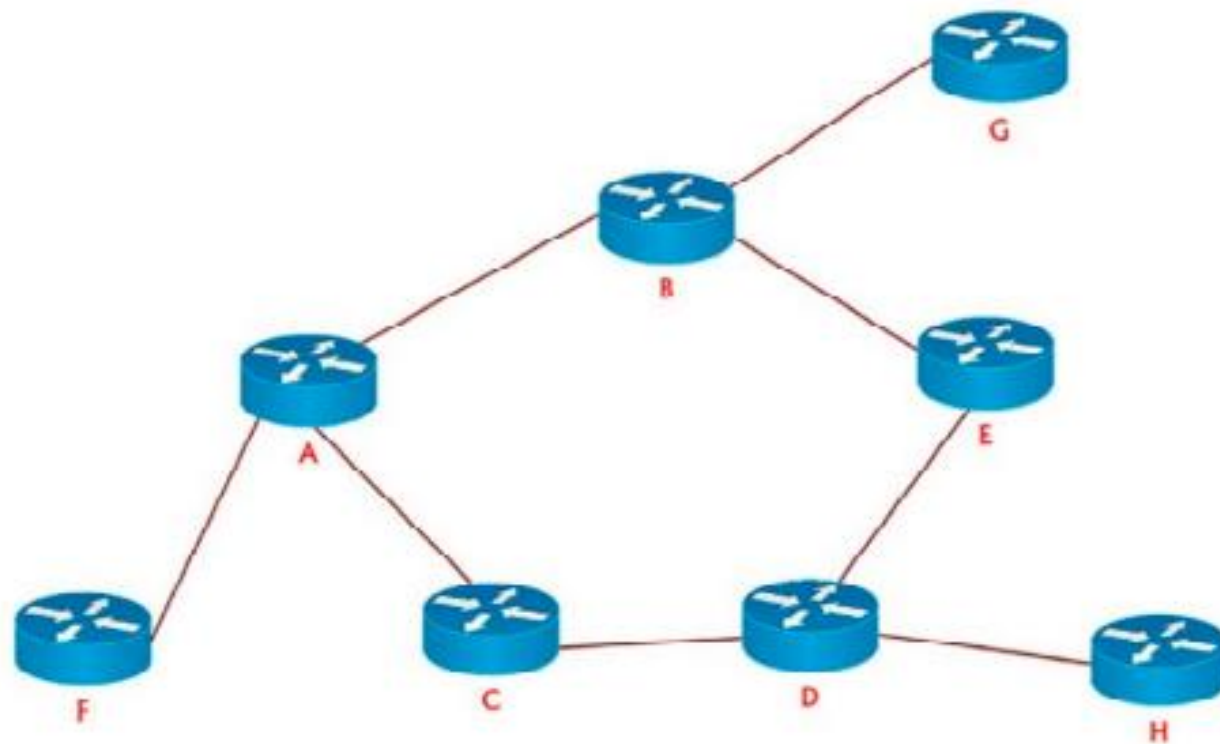
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

Default Routing

Used to route traffic for unknown destinations (internet)



Also can be used at end locations.(optional)



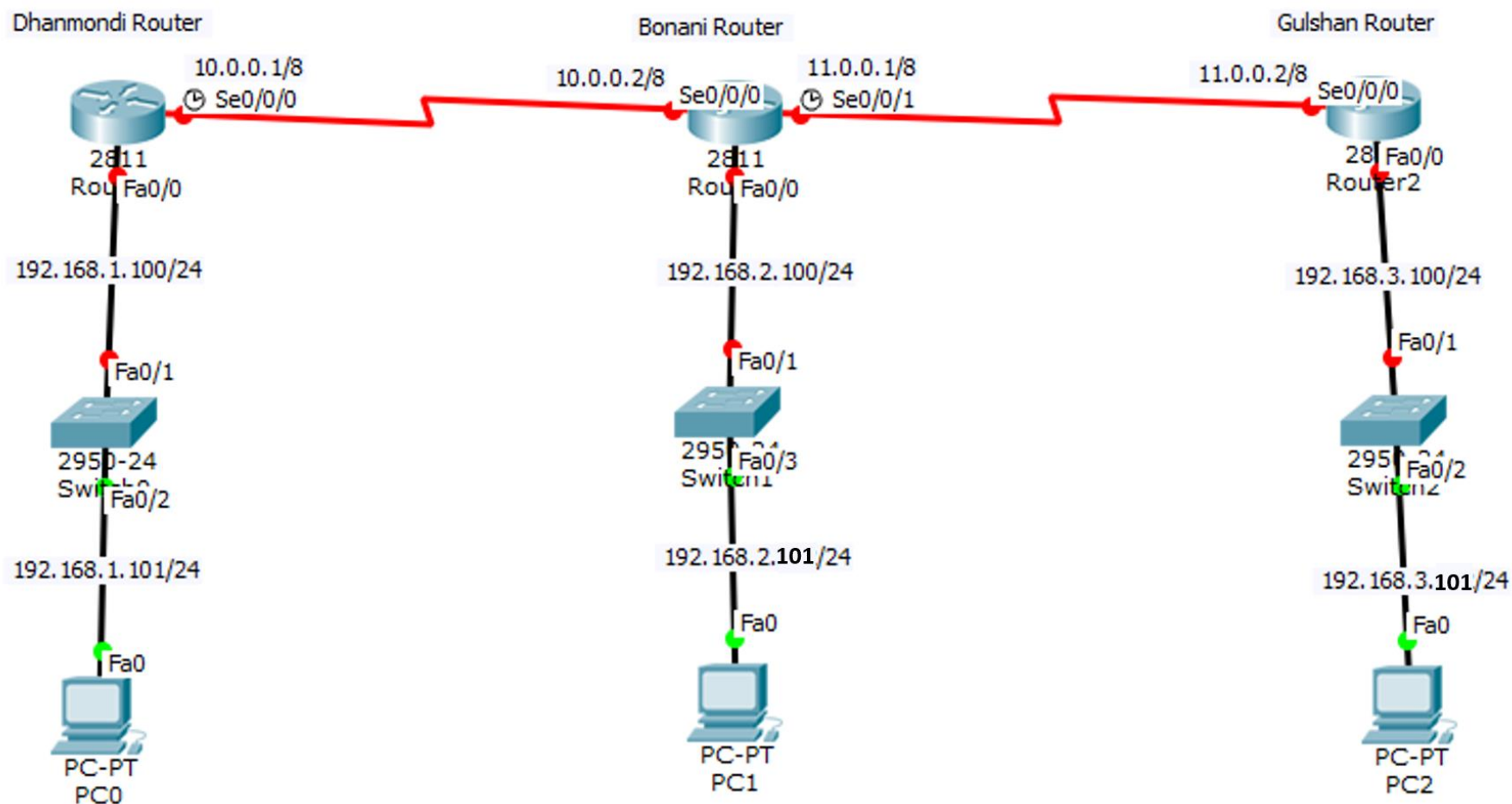
Default Routing (contd)

- ▶ It is the last preferred routing
- ▶ Default routes help in reducing the size of your routing table.
- ▶ `R-1(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.2`

LAB: Verifying Default Route

Task:

- ▶ Design topology
- ▶ Basic IP addressing (up up)
- ▶ R1 and R3 configured with default routes (common next-hop for all destinations)
- ▶ R2 using static routing



Step-1: সবার প্রথমে সকল রাউটারের Interface UP করে নিতে হবে।

1. Dhanmondi router

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.100 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

2.Bonani Router

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.100 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

3.Gulshan Router

Continue with configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no

```
Router>enable
```

```
Router#configure terminal
```

```
Router(config)#interface serial 0/0/0
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.2 255.0.0.0
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
```

```
Router(config-if)#interface fastEthernet 0/0
```

```
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.100 255.255.255.0
```

```
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
Router(config-if)#exit
```

Step-2: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি রাউটারে প্রবেশ করে Routing Lookup or Static or Dynamic Routing করতে হবে।

1. Dhanmondi router: (Dynamic Routing)

Router(config)#ip route **0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.2**

2. Bonani router: (Static Routing)

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.0.0.1**

Router(config)#ip route **192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 11.0.0.2**

3. Gulshan router: (Dynamic Routing)

Router(config)#ip route **0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 11.0.0.1**

Step-3: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি রাউটারে প্রবেশ করে ip route করে দেখতে হবে যে, প্রতিটি রাউটারে Routing হয়েছে কিনা।

1. Dhanmondi router:

```
Router#show ip route
```

```
C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
```

```
C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

```
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 10.0.0.2
```

এখানে দেখা যাচ্ছে যে, S* দিয়ে যা দেখা যাচ্ছে তা হলো Dynamic Routing. আর C দিয়ে Interface ip গুলো দেখানো হয়েছে।

2. Bonani router:

Router#show ip route

```
C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0
C 11.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/1
S 192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 10.0.0.1
C 192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S 192.168.3.0/24 [1/0] via 11.0.0.2
```

3. Gulshan router:

Router#show ip route

```
C 11.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C 192.168.3.0/24 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 11.0.0.1
```

Step-4: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি কম্পিউটারে প্রবেশ করে IP দিতে হবে।

1. Go to PCO => Click Desktop => Click IP Configuration

IP Address	192.168.1.101
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.1.100
DNS Servers	

পরবর্তীতে IP Address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway (এটি হলো মূলত কম্পিউটার যে পোর্টের মাধ্যমে রাউটারের সাথে সংযুক্ত তার IP) দিয়ে উপরে Cross এ Click দিতে হবে।

2. Go to PC1 => Click Desktop => Click IP Configuration

IP Address	192.168.2.101
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.2.100
DNS Server	

3. Go to PC2 => Click Desktop => Click IP Configuration

IP Address	192.168.3.101
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.3.100

Step-5: পরবর্তীতে প্রতিটি কম্পিউটারে প্রবেশ করে ping দিয়ে Connectivity Check করতে হবে।

1. Go to PCO => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 192.168.2.101
```

Pinging 192.168.2.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

যদি এইরকম আসে তাহলে আমি অন্য কম্পিউটারের সাথে সংযুক্ত আছি। আর সংযুক্ত না থাকলে Request Time Out আসবে।

1. Go to PCO => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

PC>ping 192.168.3.101

Pinging 192.168.3.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

2. Go to PC1 => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

```
PC>ping 192.168.1.101
```

Pinging 192.168.1.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

PC>ping 192.168.3.101

Pinging 192.168.3.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.3.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.3.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

2. Go to PC2 => Click Desktop => Click Command Prompt

PC>ping 192.168.1.101

Pinging 192.168.1.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.1.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

PC>ping 192.168.2.101

Pinging 192.168.2.101 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.101: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=0ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.2.101 : bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.101 :

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 6ms.

Thank
you

