

$$\min_{\{\delta_{\bar{i}j}\}, \{u_j\}} J(\delta_{11}, \dots, \delta_{mk}, u_1, \dots, u_k) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{\bar{i}=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^k \delta_{\bar{i}j} \|x^{(\bar{i})} - u_j\|^2.$$

Step 1: fix  $u_j$ .

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \delta} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{\bar{i}=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^k \|x^{(\bar{i})} - u_j\|^2 \quad \text{且} \quad \sum_{j=1}^k \delta_{\bar{i}j} = 1.$$

$\Rightarrow$  for  $\delta_{\bar{i}j}$ ,  $\bar{i}=1 \sim m$ , 找  $\|x^{(\bar{i})} - u_j\|^2$  最小的令为 1, 其餘为 0.

(分群!), 即  $\delta_{\bar{i}j} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } j = \arg \min_{\bar{g}} \|x_{\bar{i}} - u_{\bar{g}}\|^2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Step 2: fix  $\delta_{\bar{i}j}$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_j} = \frac{\partial}{\partial u_j} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{\bar{i}=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^k \delta_{\bar{i}j} (x^{(\bar{i})} - u_j)(x^{(\bar{i})} - u_j)^T = 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{m} \sum_{\bar{i}=1}^m (u_j - x^{(\bar{i})}) = 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow u_j = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{\bar{i}=1}^m x^{(\bar{i})} \quad (\text{群中心}).$$