

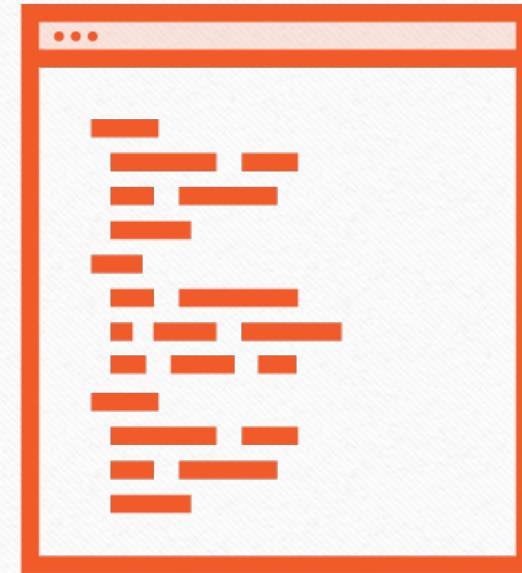
# Automating Infrastructure Deployment



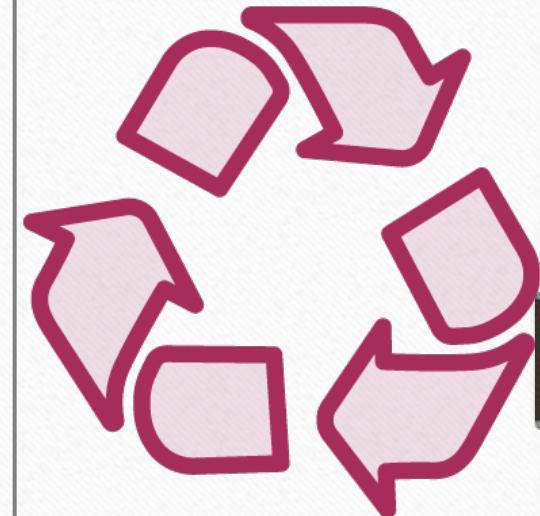
Provisioning  
resources



Planning Updates



Using Source Control



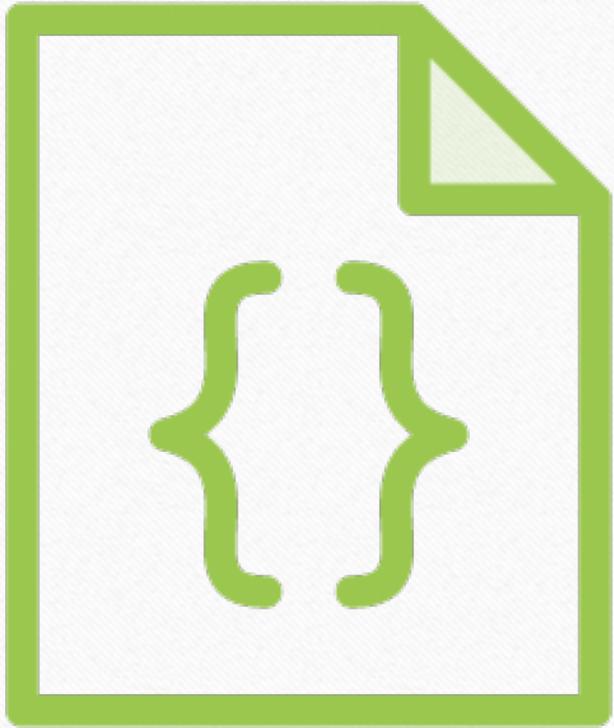
Reusing templates

# Terraform State

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- Terraform must store state about your managed infrastructure and configuration.
  - This state is used by Terraform to map real world resources to your configuration, keep track of metadata, and to improve performance for large infrastructures

# Terraform State



JSON format (Do not touch!)

Resources mappings and metadata Locking

Location

- Local
- Remote: AWS, Azure, NFS, Terraform Cloud

Workspaces

# State file

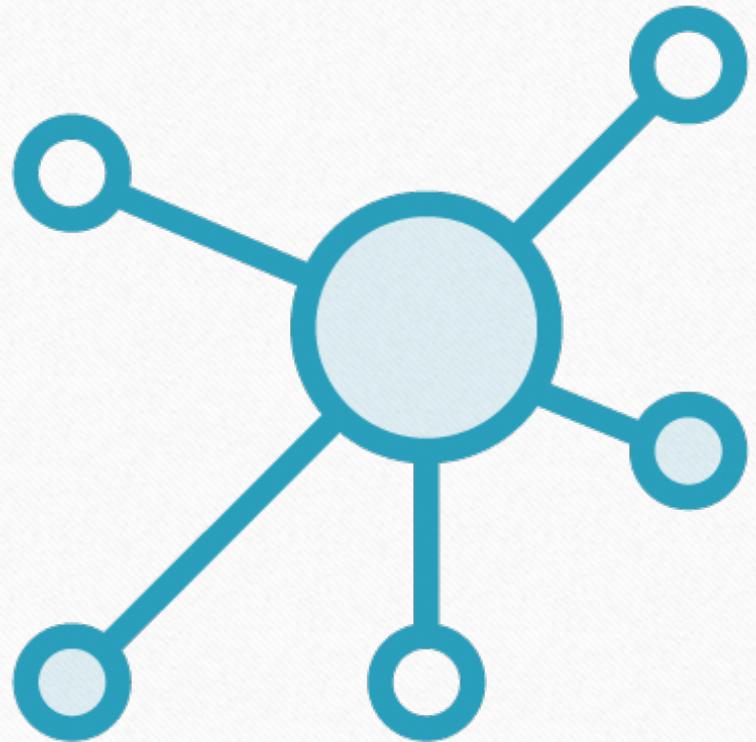
```
{  
  "version": 4,  
  
  "terraform_version": "0.12.5",  
  
  "serial": 30,  
  
  "lineage": "",  
  
  "outputs": {},  
  
  "resources": []  
}
```

# Terraform Plan

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The `terraform plan` command is used to create an execution plan. Terraform performs a refresh, unless explicitly disabled, and then determines what actions are necessary to achieve the desired state specified in the configuration files.

# Terraform Planning



Inspect state

Dependency graph

Additions, updates, and deletions

Parallel execution

Save the plan

# Scenario

## Part1

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- Launch the instances in customized VPC(previous one is launched the default one)

# Adding a VPC

```
resource "aws_vpc" "vpc" {}

resource "aws_internet_gateway" "igw" {}

resource "aws_subnet" "subnet1" {}

resource "aws_route_table" "rtb" {}

resource "aws_route_table_association" "rta-subnet1" {}
```

# Scenario

## Part2

- Launch the instances in multiple available zones to increase availability of the service
- Launch load balancer to balance the load between the instances with public dns name

Summary



Terraform updates and state file

Data sources

Load balancer and security