



College of Engineering

CS CAPSTONE TECHNOLOGY REVIEW

NOVEMBER 20, 2017

CONNECTBASKET

PREPARED FOR

OSU MIME

DR. CHINWEIKE ESEONU

PREPARED BY

GROUP 39

CONNECTBASKET DEVELOPMENT TEAM

HENRY FOWLER

Abstract

This document describes the three main parts of the ConnectBasket project that Henry Fowler will be responsible for and compares and contrasts different technologies that can be used to implement those parts of the project. The three components of the project covered by this document are the server operating system, web server software, and the database. Three technologies will be compared and analyzed based on criteria for each of the different categories and an explanation will be given for which one is the best choice for this project.

CONTENTS

1	Introduction	2
1.1	Reason for Project	2
1.2	Overview of Project	2
2	Server Operating System	2
2.1	Overview	2
2.2	Criteria	2
2.3	Potential Choices	2
2.3.1	Linux Ubuntu Server	2
2.3.2	Windows Server	3
2.3.3	Solaris	3
2.4	Discussion	3
2.5	Conclusion	3
3	Web Server Software	4
3.1	Overview	4
3.2	Criteria	4
3.3	Potential Choices	4
3.3.1	Apache HTTP	4
3.3.2	Cherokee	4
3.3.3	NGINX	4
3.4	Discussion	5
3.5	Conclusion	5
4	Database	5
4.1	Overview	5
4.2	Criteria	5
4.3	Potential Choices	5
4.3.1	MySQL	5
4.3.2	SQLite	5
4.3.3	Microsoft SQL Server	6
4.4	Discussion	6
4.5	Conclusion	6
	References	7

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Reason for Project

The current software system used by the Oregon State University Veterinary Hospital for communication is out of date and inefficient. Their current process is very slow and manual, with lots of movement around a large hospital and unnecessary printing of papers. For instance, if an owner calls the hospital with a medical question, the receptionist would log the message into the computer, print it out, and physically walk the paper across the hospital to put in a spinning queue. When a doctor or other staff member looks at it, they would write an answer or necessary action on the paper, and physically carry the paper to the next location. Eventually, after it reaches all the necessary staff, it would be returned to the receptionist, who would then call the owner back to provide them with the information they requested, whether that is an answer to a question or to schedule an appointment.

1.2 Overview of Project

This project aims to create a new stand-alone solution, ConnectBasket, that will streamline the communication process in the hospital. In this document, three main components of the project will be examined, looking at three different technologies for each that could be used to implement that component. ConnectBasket will be a web-based application, so it will be important to set up a server with the best operating system for this project. There will also need to be web server software that is compatible with the server operating system and meets all of the requirements of the project. Lastly, the information collected by the application will need to be stored in a database, so it is important for the best option to be used.

2 SERVER OPERATING SYSTEM

2.1 Overview

For this project, there will need to be a server to host the web based services involved in the project. Because servers are mainly used to run applications and do not need to be interacted with frequently by non-technical users, server operating systems focus on the ability to manage resources with little attention being paid to a user interface. There are many different choices of operating systems that can run on a server and this section will analyze three different options and show that one will be the best fit for the project.

2.2 Criteria

The criteria that will be used to choose the best server operating system for this project will be the cost, difficulty of setup, available support, necessary downtime, and amount of maintenance needed. For this project using low cost or free technologies will contribute to keeping the overall budget low. There is a relatively small time window for development of the project, so a fast and easy installation is very important. It will also be important to have to have a low maintenance system that will continue to work after the development team is gone.

2.3 Potential Choices

2.3.1 Linux Ubuntu Server

Ubuntu is a distribution of Linux that is very popular on desktop computers, but also has a server version that is growing in popularity. Unlike the very popular Red Hat Linux distribution, Ubuntu is free. Updates and maintenance

of the code and security of Ubuntu are made by the global community as well as a paid development team. There is twenty four seven support available that can be very important if a quick response is needed to critical errors. Ubuntu is an easy system to setup with an installation that can be completed in as little as fifteen minutes. Like other versions of Linux, Ubuntu Server is very easy to maintain and rarely requires reboots, making it ideal for an application that requires very little downtime [1].

2.3.2 Windows Server

The Windows Server operating systems have been very popular with businesses since they first came out. Many tools are provided that will work very well with Windows Server, including Microsoft SQL Server and Internet Information Services. A large number of successful businesses use Windows Server, which means that there are many examples of how to use it as a part of a business. Windows Server is considered by many to be the best server operating system for mission-critical systems, meaning that there is very little downtime required when using Windows Server. Windows Server has built in tools to help improve power efficiency of the server that can help lower power consumption for a company. A virtualization platform is also included with Windows server which can allow for easily migrating the system from one physical machine to another or allowing users to remotely access applications and run them like they were locally installed [2].

2.3.3 Solaris

Solaris is a version of Unix that has been developed as a server operating system. Solaris was created by Sun and they are also responsible for supporting it. This makes Solaris a good operating system for a user who will need a lot of help in setting up their system. Solaris is based off of Unix, which is an operating system that has been around a long time and is trusted by many businesses. A problem with Solaris is that it will not run on many different hardware systems including most HP and IBM systems. Solaris is not free, although there is a version of Solaris that is more similar to Linux and can be obtained for free with optional paid support [3].

2.4 Discussion

Unix, which Solaris is based off of, has been around a long time compared to Windows Server and Linux Ubuntu Server, but is not currently as popular as either of the other two. Linux Ubuntu Server is completely free with optional support packages that can be purchased, in contrast to Windows Server and Solaris which both cost money. All of the operating systems provide key features that make any server operating system useful such as security, support, easy setup. It might be slightly harder to get support when using a Linux system than the other two because Linux isn't owned by anyone.

2.5 Conclusion

The best server operating system to use for this project is Ubuntu Server. Solaris is not free and does not provide as many features as Windows Server or Ubuntu, so it is definitely not the right choice for this project. Windows Server might provide slightly more features than Ubuntu, but all the server will be used for is to host a simple web application, so things like allowing users to run desktop applications remotely are not important for this project. For all of the important features to this project like setup, support, downtime, and maintenance, Windows Server and Ubuntu are not that different and both would be good choices. The main difference is that Ubuntu is free, and for that reason, it is a better choice than Windows Server for this project.

3 WEB SERVER SOFTWARE

3.1 Overview

Web server software is essential to running a website, and allows the content created by developers to be displayed to the end users through a web browser. There are many different options to use and it will be important for this project to have one that meets all of the needs of the project.

3.2 Criteria

The most important factors for this project are a web server software that is well documented and fast to setup, as well as cheap and able to run at fast speeds with relatively little downtime. With the short time period for development, it will be critical to have a web server that is up and running quickly. In addition, a low cost is another factor to consider for this project. The web application will be very important to daily operations of the hospital making small amounts of downtime another factor in evaluation.

3.3 Potential Choices

3.3.1 *Apache HTTP*

The Apache Web Server is very powerful and provides many useful features to its users. It is an open source software, making it free to use and also gives users of this software the ability to modify its source code to meet their needs. Features include a control panel, customizable error messages, authentication schemes, Domain Name Service, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, and File Transfer Protocol. Apache can run on almost any operating system including Windows, MacOS, Linux, and Unix. There is also support for many different programming languages, including PHP and Python, and the ability to have SSL and TSL encryption for websites [4].

3.3.2 *Cherokee*

Cherokee is a high performing web server that runs quickly and is easy to set up. It supports many other technologies, such as PHP and SSL encryption, and can be run on many different operating systems including Linux, Unix, and Windows. Cherokee also provides updates that do not require any downtime. Another important feature of Cherokee is that it provides an easy to use configuration interface called cherokee-admin. Cherokee is also free and has an open source code base that can be modified by anyone who wants to make changes to adjust the system to meet their needs [5].

3.3.3 *NGINX*

NGINX is a system that has been optimized to handle a large number of simultaneous connections. It provides support for PHP and Python as well as email protocols like SMTP, POP3, and IMAP. It is a very fast system that maximizes hardware efficiency. NGINX mainly only supports Linux and Unix based systems, and has very little support for Windows and other operating systems. There is plenty of documentation explaining how to use NGINX and training to learn more about the system. This software is open source and free to use with an optional purchase that includes support [6].

3.4 Discussion

Apache HTTP and NGINX are both widely used web servers compared to Cherokee, which is a much less used product. All three are open source, available for free, and provide many of the same features and support. NGINX doesn't support very many operating systems compared to both Apache and Cherokee, which support almost any operating system.

3.5 Conclusion

For this project, the best choice of web server software is Apache. It provides all of the features that are necessary for the project, and can run on almost any operating system, where NGINX can not. Cherokee is also a good choice, but is not as widely used and does not have as much support or documentation as Apache.

4 DATABASE

4.1 Overview

A database will be a very important part of this project. User information as well as information about patients will need to be stored in the database. The web application will rely heavily on interaction with the database to provide the features users will need.

4.2 Criteria

Important factors to consider when selecting a database for this project are the cost, speed, compatibility with chosen operating systems and web servers, and ability to provide easy ways to report on the data it holds. As always it will be important to keep the cost of the project low. Users will need to enter information while on phone calls with owners of the patients, so speed will be important as they don't want to waste the time of the person on the phone. Reporting on the data collected will be very important for administrators to evaluate the success of the hospital and the new system.

4.3 Potential Choices

4.3.1 MySQL

MySQL is an open source database management tool that provides many important features. MySQL is known for its excellent data security and is used by many popular websites, including Facebook and Twitter. It provides high performance and excellent scalability that gives it great speeds for any size system and allows it to only take up as much space as needed. MySQL comes with a guarantee of no downtime and can work with almost any operating system and web server [7].

4.3.2 SQLite

SQLite is a relational database management system that is imbedded into the system that is using it. It is a file-based database that interacts directly with the system making it very fast and efficient. The system is easily portable because it is contained in a single file on the system. SQLite uses a slightly modified SQL that has only a few features removed. It does not provide any ability to manage different users access to the database like some other management systems might [8].

4.3.3 *Microsoft SQL Server*

Microsoft SQL Server is a very easy to use and powerful database management system. It provides integration with tools like SQL Server Management Studio and SQL Server Profiler that help users manage their database. There is a lot of support and documentation provided for SQL Server and it is much easier to learn and get help with than many other SQL based products. SQL server is a paid product and purchasing comes with support from Microsoft [9].

4.4 Discussion

SQLite is a slightly less feature rich product compared to MySQL and Microsoft SQL Server. All of these systems can work with many different operating systems and web servers. Microsoft SQL Server is a paid product, in contrast to MySQL and SQLite, which can both be used for free.

4.5 Conclusion

The best database management system for this project is MySQL. The speed of SQLite is better than the other two, but is not worth the tradeoff of lost functionality for this application. Microsoft SQL Server provides slightly more features, documentation, and support than MySQL, but they are not important enough to the project to offset the large cost difference between the two.

REFERENCES

- [1] K. Hess, "Ubuntu server: The linux server operating systems dark horse." <https://www.serverwatch.com/trends/article.php/3870141/Ubuntu-Server-The-Linux-Server-Operating-Systems-Dark-Horse.htm>, 3 2010.
- [2] O. Rist, "Windows server top 5 benefits for todays workforce." <https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/windowsserverexperts/2010/02/08/windows-server-top-5-benefits-for-todays-workforce/>, 2 2010.
- [3] K. Milberg, "When to use solaris vs. linux: Operating system comparison." <http://searchdatacenter.techtarget.com/tip/When-to-use-Solaris-vs-Linux-Operating-system-comparison>, 12 2008.
- [4] D. Sullivan, "Advantages of apache web server." <https://www.techwalla.com/articles/advantages-of-apache-web-server>.
- [5] A. L. Ortega, "Cherokee basics." http://cherokee-project.com/doc/basics_why_cherokee.html.
- [6] A. Leslie, "Nginx vs. apache (pro/con review, uses, & hosting for each)." <http://www.hostingadvice.com/how-to/nginx-vs-apache/>, 7 2017.
- [7] T. Branson, "8 major advantages of using mysql." <https://www.datamation.com/storage/8-major-advantages-of-using-mysql.html>, 11 2016.
- [8] O. Tezer, "Sqlite vs mysql vs postgresql: A comparison of relational database management systems." <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/sqlite-vs-mysql-vs-postgresql-a-comparison-of-relational-database-management-systems>, 2 2014.
- [9] G. Farrar, "Microsoft sql server: Advantages and challenges from the virtualization admins view." <https://turbonomic.com/blog/microsoft-sql-server-advantages-challenges-virtualization-admins-view/>, 8 2016.