In [1]: import numpy as np
 import pandas as pd
 import seaborn as sns
 from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression

2.0

Out[2]:		male	age	education	currentSmoker	cigsPerDay	BPMeds	prevalentStroke	prevalentHyp
	0	1	39	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0
	1	0	46	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0
	2	1	48	1.0	1	20.0	0.0	0	0
	3	0	61	3.0	1	30.0	0.0	0	1
	4	0	46	3.0	1	23.0	0.0	0	0
	4233	1	50	1.0	1	1.0	0.0	0	1
	4234	1	51	3.0	1	43.0	0.0	0	0
	4235	0	48	2.0	1	20.0	NaN	0	0
	4236	0	44	1.0	1	15.0	0.0	0	0

0

0.0

0.0

0

0

4238 rows × 16 columns

0 52

4237

## In [10]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4238 entries, 0 to 4237
Data columns (total 16 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	male	4238 non-null	int64
1	age	4238 non-null	int64
2	education	4133 non-null	float64
3	currentSmoker	4238 non-null	int64
4	cigsPerDay	4209 non-null	float64
5	BPMeds	4185 non-null	float64
6	prevalentStroke	4238 non-null	int64
7	prevalentHyp	4238 non-null	int64
8	diabetes	4238 non-null	int64
9	totChol	4188 non-null	float64
10	sysBP	4238 non-null	float64
11	diaBP	4238 non-null	float64
12	BMI	4219 non-null	float64
13	heartRate	4237 non-null	float64
14	glucose	3850 non-null	float64
15	TenYearCHD	4238 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(9), int64(7)
memory usage: 529.9 KB

In [11]: df1=df.fillna(value=0)
 df1

## Out[11]:

	male	age	education	currentSmoker	cigsPerDay	BPMeds	prevalentStroke	prevalentHyp
0	1	39	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0
1	0	46	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0
2	1	48	1.0	1	20.0	0.0	0	0
3	0	61	3.0	1	30.0	0.0	0	1
4	0	46	3.0	1	23.0	0.0	0	0
4233	1	50	1.0	1	1.0	0.0	0	1
4234	1	51	3.0	1	43.0	0.0	0	0
4235	0	48	2.0	1	20.0	0.0	0	0
4236	0	44	1.0	1	15.0	0.0	0	0
4237	0	52	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0

4238 rows × 16 columns

```
In [27]: feature matrix=df1.iloc[:,0:15]
         target vector=df1.iloc[:,-1]
In [28]: | feature_matrix.shape
Out[28]: (4238, 15)
In [29]: |target_vector.shape
Out[29]: (4238,)
In [30]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [31]: | fs=StandardScaler().fit_transform(feature_matrix)
In [32]: logr =LogisticRegression()
         logr.fit(fs,target_vector)
Out[32]: LogisticRegression()
In [35]: observation=[[1.4,2.3,5.0,11,12,13,14,15,3,4,5,7,6,7,13]]
In [36]: prediction=logr.predict(observation)
         print(prediction)
         [1]
In [37]: |logr.classes_
Out[37]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
In [38]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][0]
Out[38]: 0.00016936367260200758
In [39]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][1]
Out[39]: 0.999830636327398
In [40]:
         import re
         from sklearn.datasets import load_digits
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [41]: | digits = load digits()
         digits
Out[41]: {'data': array([[ 0., 0., 5., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
                  [0., 0., 0., ..., 10., 0., 0.],
                        0., 0., ..., 16., 9., 0.],
                  [ 0.,
                  [ 0.,
                        0., 1., ..., 6., 0., 0.],
                  [0., 0., 2., ..., 12., 0., 0.],
                  [0., 0., 10., ..., 12., 1., 0.]]),
           'target': array([0, 1, 2, ..., 8, 9, 8]),
           'frame': None,
           'feature_names': ['pixel_0_0',
           'pixel_0_1',
            'pixel_0_2',
           'pixel_0_3',
            'pixel_0_4',
            'pixel_0_5',
            'pixel_0_6',
            'pixel_0_7',
            'pixel_1_0',
            'pixel_1_1',
In [42]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,4))
         for index,(image,label)in enumerate(zip(digits.data[0:5],digits.target[0:5])):
             plt.subplot(1,5,index+1)
             plt.imshow(np.reshape(image,(8,8)))
             plt.title('Number:%i\n' %label,fontsize=15)
               Number:0
                               Number:1
                                               Number:2
                                                               Number:3
                                                                               Number:4
In [45]: |x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(digits.data,digits.target,test_s
In [46]:
         print(x_train.shape)
         print(x_test.shape)
         print(y_train.shape)
         print(y_test.shape)
         (1257, 64)
         (540, 64)
         (1257,)
         (540,)
In [47]: logre=LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000) # if error comes declare max_iter=10000
         logre.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[47]: LogisticRegression(max iter=10000)
```

In [49]: |print(logre.predict(x\_test)) [3 6 2 5 4 3 7 6 7 0 5 3 3 2 5 1 1 0 4 5 2 5 5 4 2 2 4 6 8 6 6 8 9 8 6 5 5 5 2 8 5 6 6 8 7 6 2 2 2 3 4 5 9 5 0 9 1 4 2 6 4 0 3 9 7 2 6 1 9 7 5 7 7 5 3 2 4 8 7 5 7 6 1 1 5 3 5 2 7 1 8 3 1 1 3 5 7 7 9 2 7 6 2 4 1 5 0 3 7 8 3 9 4 2 3 4 9 2 6 0 9 6 4 6 5 0 5 4 4 6 5 6 1 3 9 2 6 2 5 8 6 9 5 3 3 5 7 1 9 1 7 7 7 4 3 1 9 0 0 1 6 1 1 8 4 0 5 9 3 1 3 0 6 7 8 2 2 0 2 3 5 6 4 2 6 6 2 8 4 7 7 4 8 5 2 6 8 4 0 8 3 9 1 0 2 9 4 2 8 0 9 9 5 1 9 4 4 9 4 7 1 3 4 6 9 6 3 2 0 9 8 0 7 7 8 1 1 0 6 0 4 5 6 0 0 8 9 8 6 9 3 2 5 8 7 5 6 3 2 6 6 2 5 7 5 1 9 7 8 4 4 5 7 3 2 8 6 1 2 5 3 8 3 7 0 5 5 3 5 4 3 6 9 5 5 7 9 5 7 4 2 6 3 9 6 1 8 9 6 2 7 9 4 4 2 2 3 1 5 5 0 2 3 5 8 3 8 3 6 1 9 2 3 9 7 6 4 8 4 7 2 3 2 2 2 8 5 0 8 7 3 5 7 2 0 9 0 4 6 4 8 3 9 5 8 5 0 7 5 8 4 6 7 0 0 7 8 8 5 1 2 9 2 9 9 0 3 5 5 5 1 9 3 4 8 9 5 0 0 2 5 6 9 9 7 3 5 1 9 0 8 3 1 4 0 8 2 0 1 4 0 5 2 8 2 9 8 7 0 2 9 3 8 0 0 2 0 4 2 7 1 1 5 9 4 2 8 6 4 5 3 6 6 4 3 9 4 2 8 0 8 1 0 4 6 5 7 7 7 3 9 4 8 0 7 5 9 2 7 9 9 0 0 2 1 7 5 4 9 5 8 0 2 9 1 4 5 8 0 4 2 9 8 5 9 8 9 7 4 6 3 6 9 2 2 2 3 5 8 8 1 9 3 0 3 7 3 7 2 8 0 0 1 5 1 1 3 3 1 0 In [48]: |print(logre.score(x\_test,y\_test)) 0.9685185185185186 In [ ]: