In [1]: import numpy as np
 import pandas as pd
 import matplotlib.pyplot as py
 import seaborn as sns
 from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression

### Out[2]:

	date	BEN	СО	EBE	MXY	NMHC	NO_2	NOx	ОХҮ	O_3	PM10
0	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	NaN	1.39	NaN	NaN	NaN	145.100006	352.100006	NaN	6.54	41.990002
1	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	1.93	0.71	2.33	6.20	0.15	98.150002	153.399994	2.67	6.85	20.980000
2	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	NaN	0.80	NaN	NaN	NaN	103.699997	134.000000	NaN	13.01	28.440001
3	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	NaN	1.61	NaN	NaN	NaN	97.599998	268.000000	NaN	5.12	42.180000
4	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	NaN	1.90	NaN	NaN	NaN	92.089996	237.199997	NaN	7.28	76.330002
											•••
217291	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	4.16	1.14	NaN	NaN	NaN	81.080002	265.700012	NaN	7.21	36.750000
217292	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	3.67	1.73	2.89	NaN	0.38	113.900002	373.100006	NaN	5.66	63.389999
217293	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	1.37	0.58	1.17	2.37	0.15	65.389999	107.699997	1.30	9.11	9.640000
217294	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	4.51	0.91	4.83	10.99	NaN	149.800003	202.199997	1.00	5.75	NaN
217295	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	3.11	1.17	3.00	7.77	0.26	80.110001	180.300003	2.25	7.38	29.240000

217296 rows × 16 columns

### In [3]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 217296 entries, 0 to 217295 Data columns (total 16 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype		
0	date	217296 non-null	object		
1	BEN	66747 non-null	float64		
2	CO	216637 non-null	float64		
3	EBE	58547 non-null	float64		
4	MXY	41255 non-null	float64		
5	NMHC	87045 non-null	float64		
6	NO_2	216439 non-null	float64		
7	NOx	216439 non-null	float64		
8	OXY	41314 non-null	float64		
9	0_3	216726 non-null	float64		
10	PM10	209113 non-null	float64		
11	PXY	41256 non-null	float64		
12	SO_2	216507 non-null	float64		
13	TCH	87115 non-null	float64		
14	TOL	66619 non-null	float64		
15	station	217296 non-null	int64		
dtyp	es: float	64(14), int64(1),	object(1)		

dtypes: float64(14), int64(1), object(1)

memory usage: 26.5+ MB

In [4]: df1=df.fillna(value=0)
 df1

## Out[4]:

	date	BEN	со	EBE	MXY	имнс	NO_2	NOx	ОХҮ	O_3	PM10
0	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	145.100006	352.100006	0.00	6.54	41.990002
1	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	1.93	0.71	2.33	6.20	0.15	98.150002	153.399994	2.67	6.85	20.980000
2	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	103.699997	134.000000	0.00	13.01	28.440001
3	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	0.00	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	97.599998	268.000000	0.00	5.12	42.180000
4	2002- 04-01 01:00:00	0.00	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	92.089996	237.199997	0.00	7.28	76.330002
											•••
217291	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	4.16	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	81.080002	265.700012	0.00	7.21	36.750000
217292	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	3.67	1.73	2.89	0.00	0.38	113.900002	373.100006	0.00	5.66	63.389999
217293	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	1.37	0.58	1.17	2.37	0.15	65.389999	107.699997	1.30	9.11	9.640000
217294	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	4.51	0.91	4.83	10.99	0.00	149.800003	202.199997	1.00	5.75	0.000000
217295	2002- 11-01 00:00:00	3.11	1.17	3.00	7.77	0.26	80.110001	180.300003	2.25	7.38	29.240000

217296 rows × 16 columns

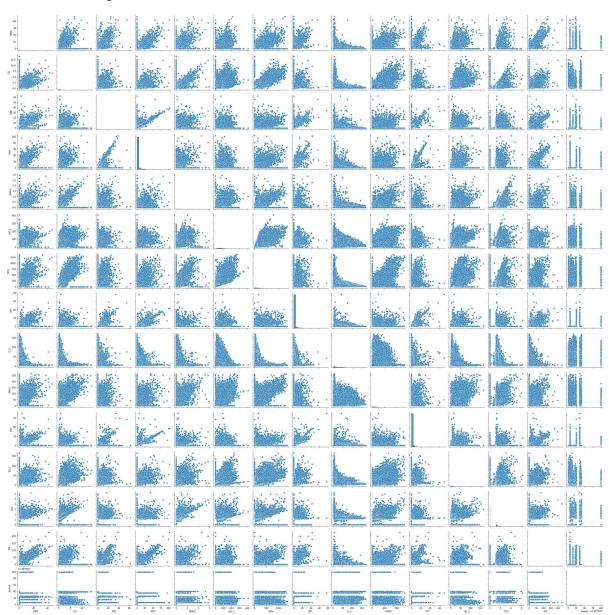
```
In [5]: df1.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 217296 entries, 0 to 217295
        Data columns (total 16 columns):
             Column
                      Non-Null Count
                                       Dtype
         0
             date
                      217296 non-null object
             BEN
         1
                      217296 non-null float64
         2
             CO
                      217296 non-null float64
         3
             EBE
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
         4
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
             MXY
         5
             NMHC
                      217296 non-null
                                       float64
         6
             NO_2
                      217296 non-null float64
         7
             NOx
                      217296 non-null float64
         8
             OXY
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
         9
             0_3
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
         10 PM10
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
         11 PXY
                      217296 non-null float64
         12 SO_2
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
         13 TCH
                      217296 non-null
                                      float64
         14 TOL
                      217296 non-null float64
         15 station 217296 non-null int64
        dtypes: float64(14), int64(1), object(1)
        memory usage: 26.5+ MB
In [6]: df1.columns
Out[6]: Index(['date', 'BEN', 'CO', 'EBE', 'MXY', 'NMHC', 'NO_2', 'NOx', 'OXY', 'O_
        3',
               'PM10', 'PXY', 'SO_2', 'TCH', 'TOL', 'station'],
              dtype='object')
```

### Out[7]:

_		BEN	СО	EBE	MXY	NMHC	NO_2	NO_2 NOx		O_3	PM10	PXY
_	0	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	145.100006	352.100006	0.00	6.54	41.990002	0.00
	1	1.93	0.71	2.33	6.20	0.15	98.150002	153.399994	2.67	6.85	20.980000	2.53
	2	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	103.699997	134.000000	0.00	13.01	28.440001	0.00
	3	0.00	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	97.599998	268.000000	0.00	5.12	42.180000	0.00
	4	0.00	1.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	92.089996	237.199997	0.00	7.28	76.330002	0.00
	217291	4.16	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	81.080002	265.700012	0.00	7.21	36.750000	0.00
	217292	3.67	1.73	2.89	0.00	0.38	113.900002	373.100006	0.00	5.66	63.389999	0.00
	217293	1.37	0.58	1.17	2.37	0.15	65.389999	107.699997	1.30	9.11	9.640000	0.94
	217294	4.51	0.91	4.83	10.99	0.00	149.800003	202.199997	1.00	5.75	0.000000	5.52
	217295	3.11	1.17	3.00	7.77	0.26	80.110001	180.300003	2.25	7.38	29.240000	3.35

In [8]: sns.pairplot(df2)

Out[8]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x20a881eaa90>

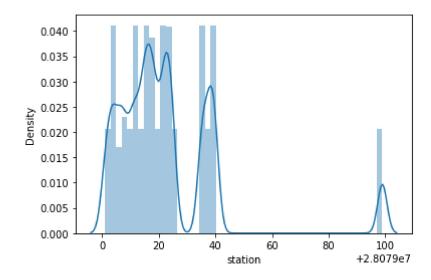


```
In [9]: sns.distplot(df2['station'])
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: Fut ureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a futu re version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='station', ylabel='Density'>



In [24]: from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split
x\_train,x\_test,y\_train,y\_test = train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.3)

# linear

```
In [12]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [13]: lr=LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[13]: LinearRegression()

```
In [14]: coeff =pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=["Co-efficient"])
coeff
```

#### Out[14]:

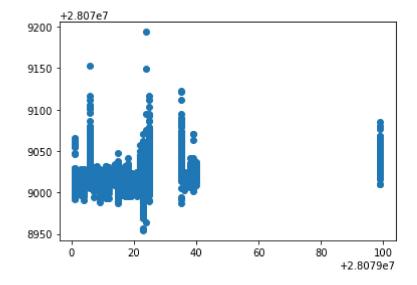
Co-efficient
2.833498
4.218625
-1.896436
0.996361
-11.596930
<b>-</b> 0.044724
-0.038944
-0.014382
0.032646
4.152622
-0.108335
6.355155
-0.418133
-2.160064

```
In [15]: print(lr.intercept_)
```

28079023.010687977

```
In [16]: prediction =lr.predict(x_test)
    py.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x20aa0591eb0>



```
In [17]: |print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
         0.13971016103643064
In [18]: print(lr.score(x_train,y_train))
         0.1377927917601448
         Ridge
In [19]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [20]: rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
         rr.fit(x train,y train)
Out[20]: Ridge(alpha=10)
In [21]: rr.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[21]: 0.13971942807063387
         Lasso
In [22]: la=Lasso(alpha=10)
         la.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[22]: Lasso(alpha=10)
In [23]: la.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[23]: 0.05961311096197963
         elasticnet
In [24]: | from sklearn.linear_model import ElasticNet
         en=ElasticNet()
         en.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[24]: ElasticNet()
In [25]: print(en.coef_)
         [ 0.52192221 0.06008224 -0.
                                               0.79420303 0.
                                                                      -0.05650403
          -0.0175735 -0.01514683 0.04193206 0.86416339 -0.09613152 1.46701895
          -0.02315909 0.
                                 ]
```

```
In [26]: |print(en.intercept_)
         28079025.64837437
In [27]:
         print(en.predict(x_test))
         [28079022.98173612 28079021.18830581 28079020.94239793 ...
          28079040.90115401 28079016.84820627 28079026.37385159]
In [28]: | print(en.score(x_test,y_test))
         0.10679846191048736
         logistic
 In [8]: | feature_matrix=df2.iloc[:,0:14]
         target_vector=df2.iloc[:,-1]
 In [9]: feature_matrix=df2[['BEN', 'CO', 'EBE', 'MXY', 'NMHC', 'NO_2', 'NOx', 'O_3','PN
         y=df2['station']
In [10]: | feature_matrix.shape
Out[10]: (217296, 14)
In [11]: target vector.shape
Out[11]: (217296,)
In [12]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [13]: | fs=StandardScaler().fit transform(feature matrix)
In [14]: logr =LogisticRegression()
         logr.fit(fs,target_vector)
         C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:
         763: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
         STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
         Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
             https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html (https://sciki
         t-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html)
         Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
             https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regres
         sion (https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-regr
         ession)
           n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
Out[14]: LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [15]: observation=[[1.4,2.3,5.0,11,12,13,14,15,4,5,7,6,7,13]]
In [16]: prediction=logr.predict(observation)
         print(prediction)
         [28079099]
In [17]: logr.classes_
Out[17]: array([28079001, 28079003, 28079004, 28079006, 28079007, 28079008,
                28079009, 28079011, 28079012, 28079014, 28079015, 28079016,
                28079017, 28079018, 28079019, 28079021, 28079022, 28079023,
                28079024, 28079025, 28079035, 28079036, 28079038, 28079039,
                28079040, 28079099], dtype=int64)
In [18]: logr.score(fs,target_vector)
Out[18]: 0.9224836168176128
In [19]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][0]
Out[19]: 0.0
In [20]: logr.predict_proba(observation)[0][1]
Out[20]: 0.0
         random forest
In [21]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn.tree import plot tree
In [22]: x=df2.drop('station',axis=1)
         y=df2['station']
In [25]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.70)
In [26]: rfc=RandomForestClassifier()
         rfc.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[26]: RandomForestClassifier()
In [27]: parameters = {'max_depth':[1,2,3,4,5],
                      'min_samples_leaf':[5,10,15,20,25],
                       'n estimators':[10,20,30,40,50]}
In [28]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
```

```
In [29]: grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=rfc,param_grid=parameters,cv=2,scoring='ad
         grid_search.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[29]: GridSearchCV(cv=2, estimator=RandomForestClassifier(),
                      param_grid={'max_depth': [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
                                   'min_samples_leaf': [5, 10, 15, 20, 25],
                                   'n_estimators': [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]},
                      scoring='accuracy')
In [30]: |grid_search.best_score_
Out[30]: 0.46224765294225933
In [31]: | rfc_best =grid_search.best_estimator_
In [32]:
         py.figure(figsize=(80,50))
         plot_tree(rfc_best.estimators_[5],feature_names=x.columns,filled=True)
Out[32]: [Text(2317.846153846154, 2491.5, 'BEN <= 0.08\ngini = 0.96\nsamples = 41186
         \nvalue = [2613, 2648, 2619, 2168, 2497, 320, 2540, 2737, 2575\n2576, 2686,
         2622, 2476, 2383, 2628, 2641, 2616, 2607\n2667, 2543, 2591, 2678, 2659, 272
         0, 2751, 2627]'),
          Text(1373.5384615384614, 2038.5, 'CO <= 0.685\ngini = 0.943\nsamples = 285
         22\nvalue = [2613, 2648, 2619, 16, 2497, 320, 2540, 2737, 2575\n2576, 44, 2
         622, 2476, 2383, 2628, 2641, 155, 10, 179\n41, 72, 2678, 2659, 2720, 2751,
         25]'),
          Text(686.7692307692307, 1585.5, 'NMHC <= 0.005\ngini = 0.939\nsamples = 17
         000\nvalue = [778, 1645, 1812, 16, 1245, 83, 935, 2041, 1386, 767\n32, 200
         8, 1895, 1726, 1675, 1960, 106, 10, 146, 37\n57, 1910, 930, 1801, 1893, 1
         9]'),
          Text(343.38461538461536, 1132.5, 'CO <= 0.205\ngini = 0.919\nsamples = 125
         54\nvalue = [778, 1645, 1812, 16, 70, 2, 935, 10, 1269, 767, 18\n2008, 189
         5, 56, 1675, 1960, 106, 9, 9, 37, 24\n1910, 930, 1801, 90, 4]'),
          Text(171.69230769230768, 679.5, 'TCH <= 1.205\ngini = 0.886\nsamples = 222
         7\nvalue = [59, 137, 428, 16, 20, 2, 22, 10, 508, 77, 2, 291\n575, 53, 58,
         658, 20, 9, 3, 12, 14, 134, 177\n223, 25, 2]'),
          Text(85.84615384615384, 226.5, 'gini = 0.884\nsamples = 2169\nvalue = [59,
```

# conclusion

The bestfit model is Logistic Regression with score of 0.9224836168176128

```
In [ ]:
```