Class Constants

It is possible to define <u>constants</u> on a per-class basis remaining the same and unchangeable. The default visibility of class constants is public.

Note:

Class constants can be redefined by a child class.

It's also possible for interfaces to have constants. Look at the <u>interface documentation</u> for examples.

It's possible to reference the class using a variable. The variable's value can not be a keyword (e.g. self,parent and static).

Note that class constants are allocated once per class, and not for each class instance.

Example #1 Defining and using a constant

```
<?php
class MyClass
{
    const CONSTANT = 'constant value';
    function showConstant() {
        echo self::CONSTANT . "\n";
    }
}
echo MyClass::CONSTANT . "\n";
$classname = "MyClass";
echo $classname::CONSTANT . "\n";
$class = new MyClass();
$class->showConstant();
echo $class::CONSTANT."\n";
}>
```

The special ::class constant allows for fully qualified class name resolution at compile time, this is useful for namespaced classes:

Example #2 Namespaced :: class example

```
<?php
namespace foo {
    class bar {
    }
    echo bar::class; // foo\bar
}
</pre>
```

Example #3 Class constant expression example

```
<?php
const ONE = 1;
class foo {
   const TWO = ONE * 2;
   const THREE = ONE + self::TWO;
   const SENTENCE = 'The value of THREE is '.self::THREE;
}
?>
```

Note:

Example #4 Class constant visibility modifiers, as of PHP 7.1.0

```
<?php
class Foo {
    public const BAR = 'bar';
    private const BAZ = 'baz';
}
echo Foo::BAR, PHP_EOL;
echo Foo::BAZ, PHP_EOL;
?>

Output of the above example in PHP 7.1:
bar

Fatal error: Uncaught Error: Cannot access private const Foo::BAZ in ...
```

As of PHP 7.1.0 visibility modifiers are allowed for class constants.