

## Class Discussion

### Unit 9 Topic 3 Part 1 hyperbola

Standard forms:

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1 \quad (\text{with horizontal transverse axis})$$

$$-\frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} = 1 \quad (\text{with vertical transverse axis})$$

Steps to graph a hyperbola

1. find Center
2. construct the box formed by a and b (with center at h,k)
3. construct the diagonals of the box (the asymptotes)
4. sketch based on the standard forms

Ex 1: find the characteristics of a hyperbola  $\frac{(x-4)^2}{16} - \frac{(y-2)^2}{4} = 1$  .

Ex 2: find the standard form and characteristics of the hyperbola:  $3y^2 - x^2 - 2x - 12y - 1 = 0$