

Review Unit 3 (This worksheet bares no grades, but it is your resource to SA3)

Factor Completely

1. $16xy + 4x + 4y + 1$

2. $(x+3)^2 - 3x(x+3)$

3. $(x^4 - 1) + (x-1)(x^3 - 1)$

4. $4x^2 + 12xy + 9y^2 - 8x - 12y - 5$

5. $x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x - 64$

6. $(1-y)^2 + x + y - xy - y^2$

7. $(2x+3)^2 - y(2x+3) - 2y^2$

8. $3(x+1)^2 - 4(y+1)^2 + 4xy + 4x + 4y + 4$

9. $a^3 - a - b + b^3$

10. $a^4 - 2ab^3 + 2a^3b - b^4$

Use long division to find quotients and remainders

11. $(x^3 - 2x + 1) \div (x - x^2)$

12. $(x^4 + 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 7) \div (x^2 + 2x + 1)$

13. $(x^6 - 2x + 2) \div (-x^2 + 2)$

Use synthetic division to find remainders

14. $(3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 5x - 9) \div (2x - 1)$

15. $(4x^4 - 15x^3 + 6x^2 - 7x + 1) \div (x - 2)$

16. $((3x^3 - 2x^2 + 6x + 5) \div (3x - 5))$

Evaluate the function:

$f(x) = x^4 - 3x^2 + 2x^3 - 1$

17. $f(-3)$

18. $f(2)$

19. $f(-\frac{1}{2})$

20. Given $g(x) = 16x^4 + 4ax^3 - 12bx^2 - 5x - 1$

(a) if remainder of $g(x) \div (x-1)$ is 14 and $(x+1)$ is a factor of $g(x)$. Find a and b

(b) verify that $(4x+1)$ is a factor of $g(x)$

(c) use what you learned from (a) and (b) find all zeros for $g(x)$

21. Solve the following equations: assume all unknowns are real numbers.

(a) $4 \cdot 8^{x+1} = 256$

(b) $3^x \cdot 6^{y-2} = 2^{3+2x} \cdot 3^{2y+1}$

(c) $\frac{18^x}{4^y} = 12^{2+4y}$

22. $m(x) = 2x + 1$, $n(x) = x^2 + 2x$

if $\begin{cases} f(x) + 2g(x) = m(x) + n(x) \\ f(x) + 4g(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 5 \end{cases}$

and $h(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x)$

Find

(a) $f(x)$?

(b) $g(x)$?

(c) $h(x)$?

(d) $h(1)$?

(e) $h(2)$?